

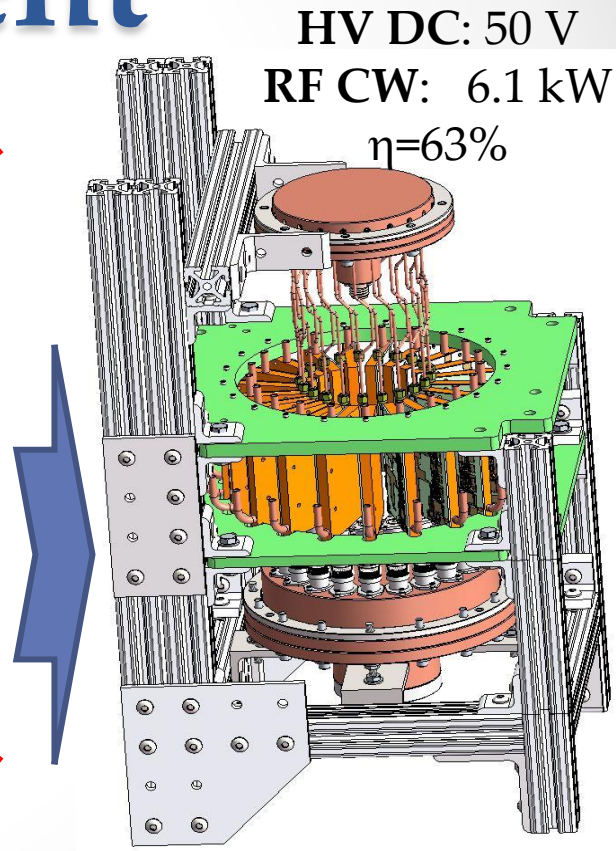
# GaN Class F Power Amplifier for Klystron Replacement

**Phase II completed ~02/10/2018**

Principal investigator:  
**Alexei V Smirnov**



HV DC: 11.6 kV  
RF CW: 8 kW,  $\eta \approx 33\%$

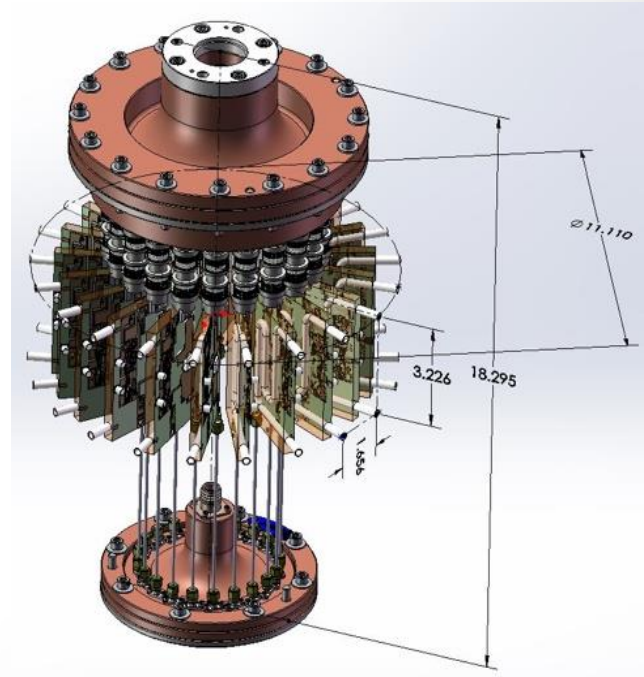
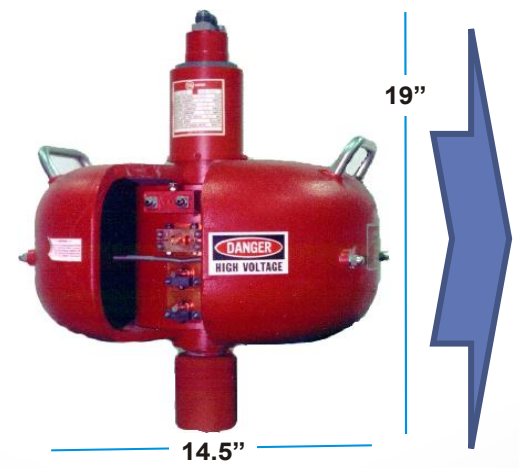
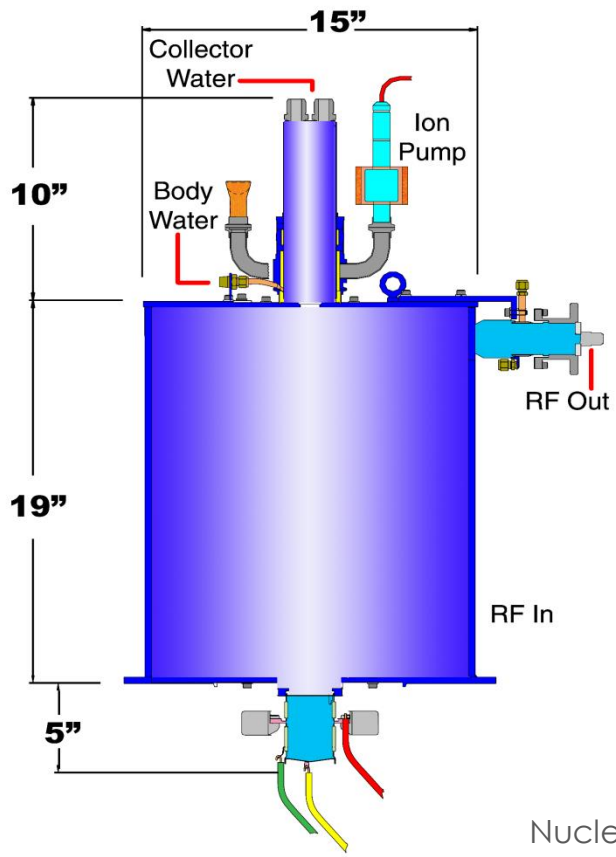


PM: Michelle Shinn

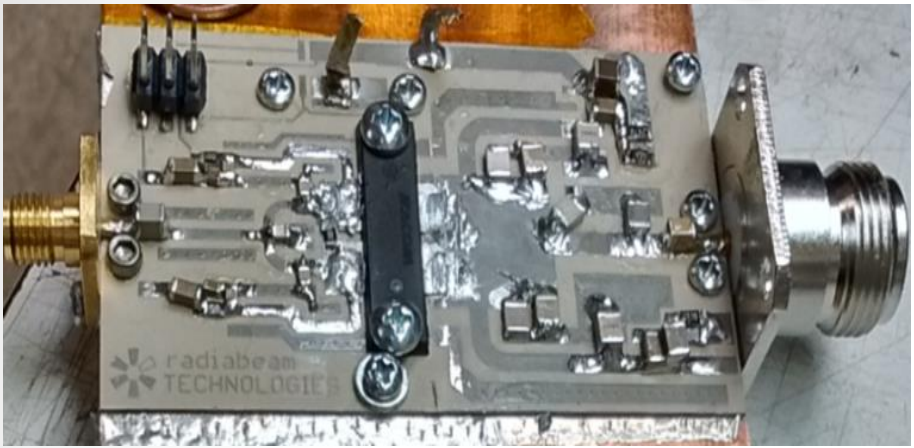
# The GOAL

To develop a prototype and test a CW, all-solid-state, 1.497 GHz power amplifier specialized as space-compatible replacement of the VKL7811 klystron with ~16"×16" footprint (and ~19" height) at >60% efficiency and ~1.5-2 W drive power.

**33% ⇒ >60%  
efficiency**



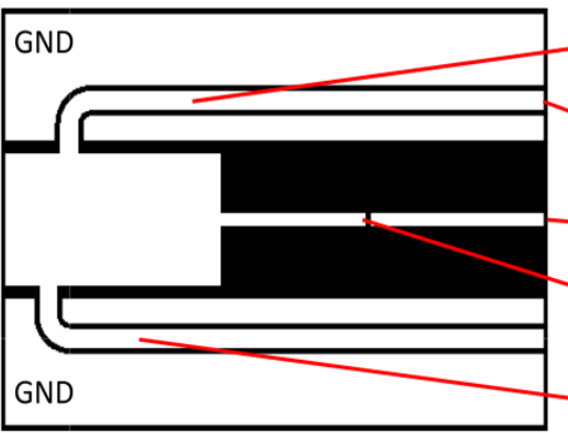
# NPT2024 & Pallets: Testing & Tweaking



25 NPT2024 MACOM transistors were purchased and tested using different boards.



Tweaking method is developed to maximize efficiency and minimize harmonics



- Slide a shunting cap along this stub to gnd to reject at  $2F_0$
- Feed DC in this line
- RF output
- DC blocking cap goes here
- Slide a shunting cap along this stub to gnd to reject at  $3F_0$

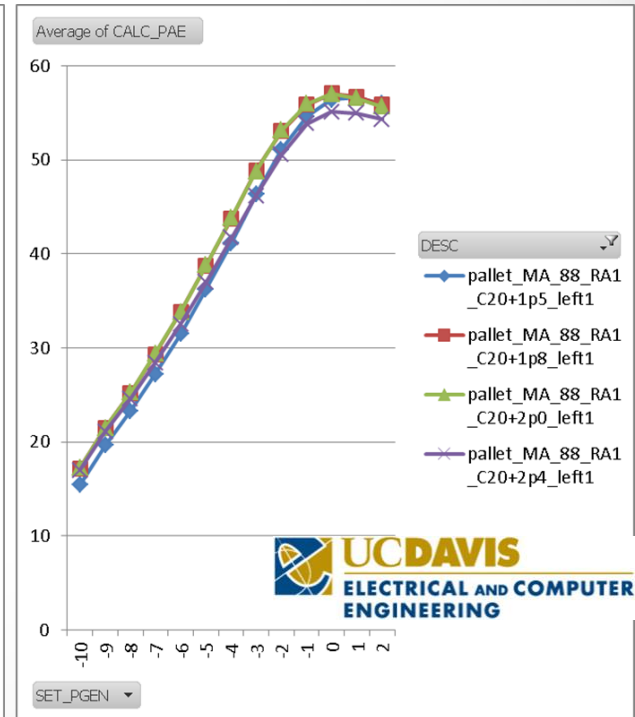
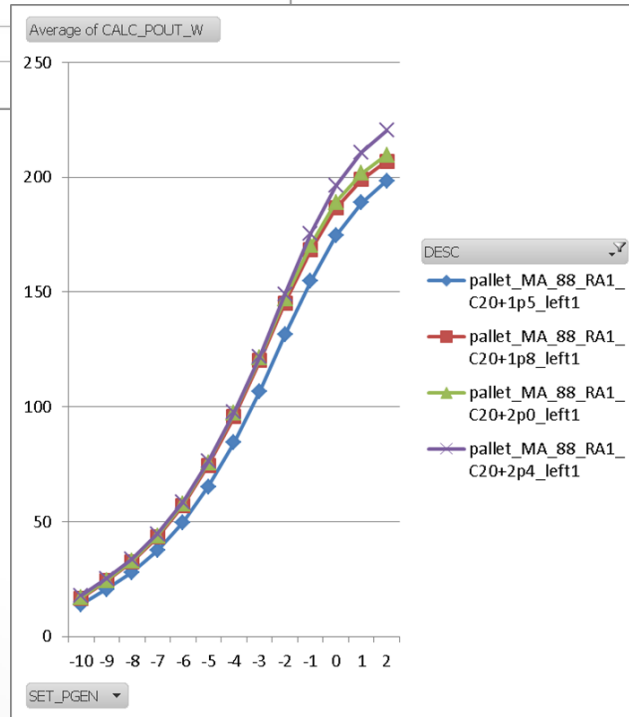
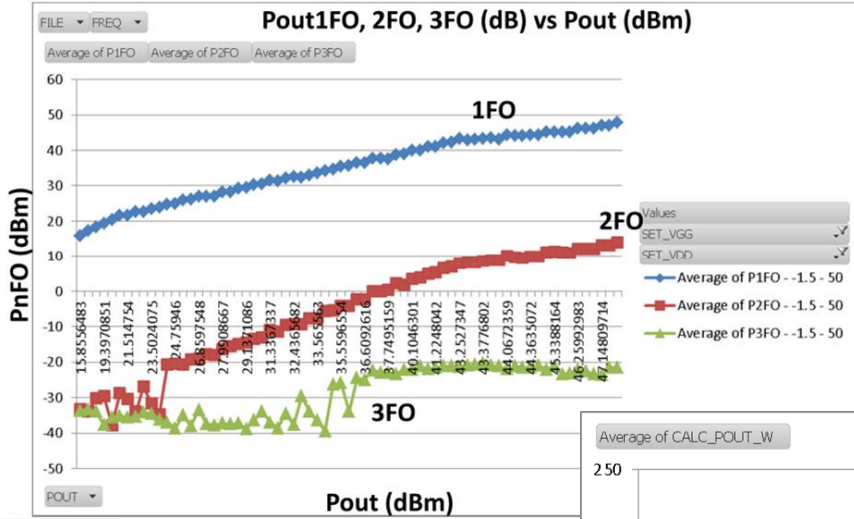


Add a shunt cap (hard to see)

# NPT2024 Pallet Tweaking

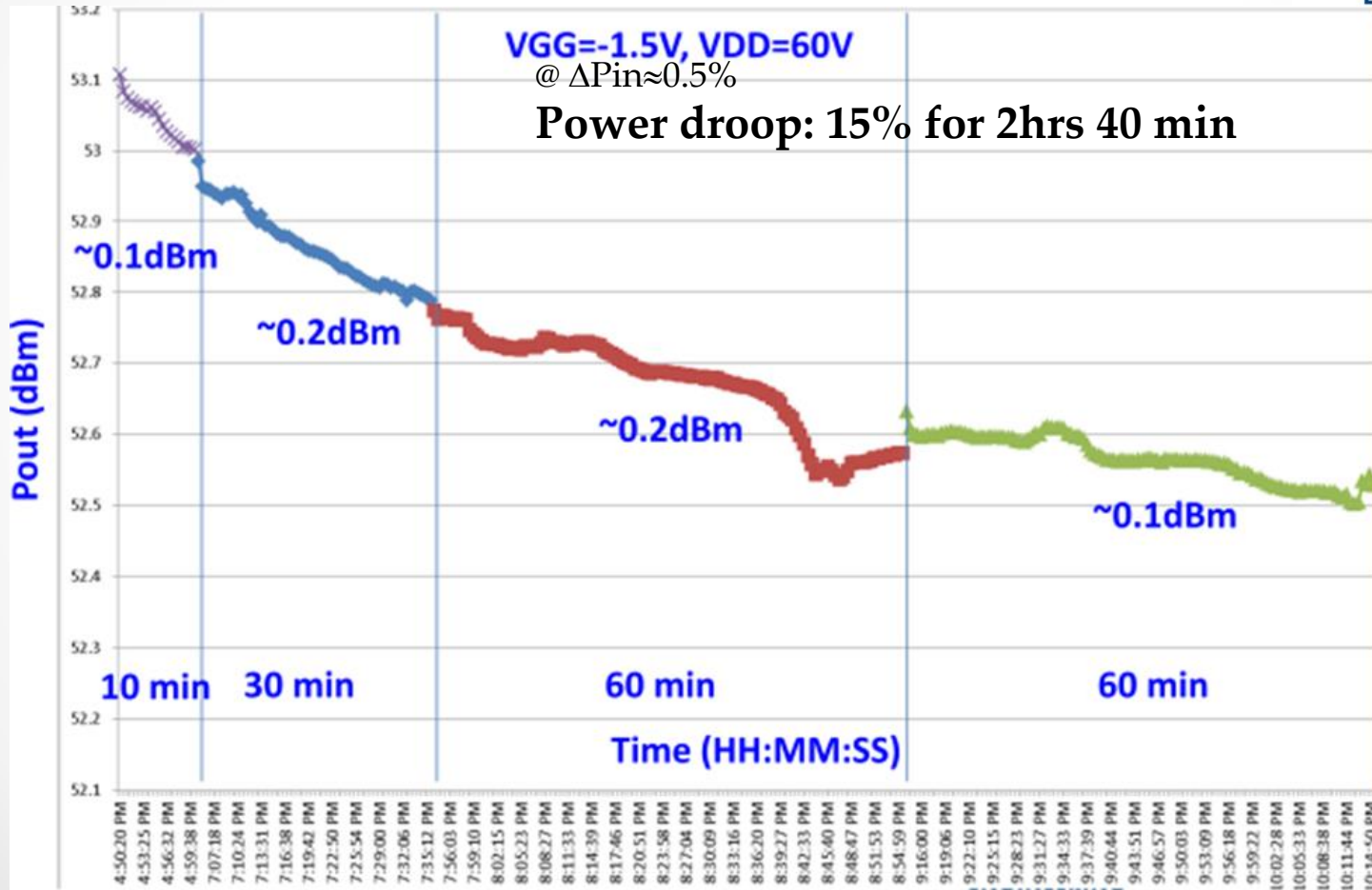
- NPT2024\_88: VGG=-1.5V, VDD=50V
- Harm suppression average: P2fo < -30dBc, Pout3fo < -70dBc
- → A bit better than MACOM\_TB especially 3FO

2<sup>nd</sup> harmonic is suppressed below -30 dB,  
and 3<sup>rd</sup> harmonic below -70 dB

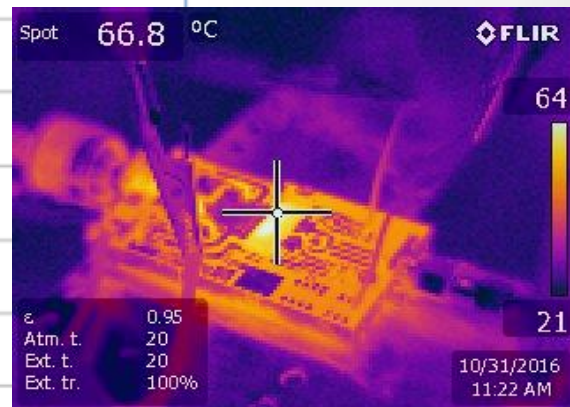
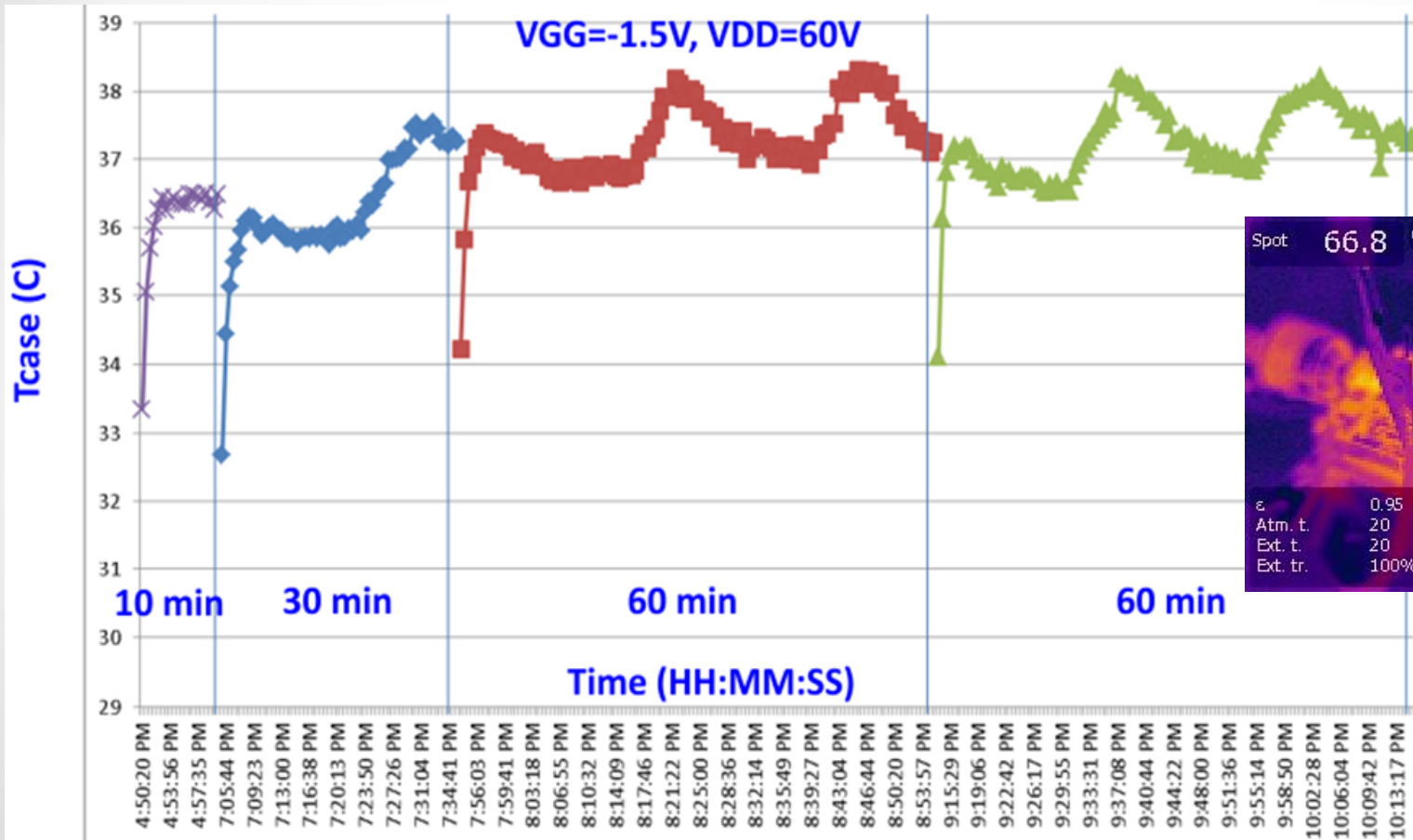


Power increase: ~10%  
Efficiency: by ~3%

# NPT2024: Power droop



# Thermal instability



# Conclusion on NPT2024

- Low power, gain and efficiency;
- Poor reproducibility and degradation;
- High failure rate (>25% failed);
- Performance spread (15% saturated power stdev)
- Thermal instability.

**Available GaN power MOSFETS are not sufficient for the CW application**

**⇒ Better CW power transistors are required.**

# MicroSemi 65010GN

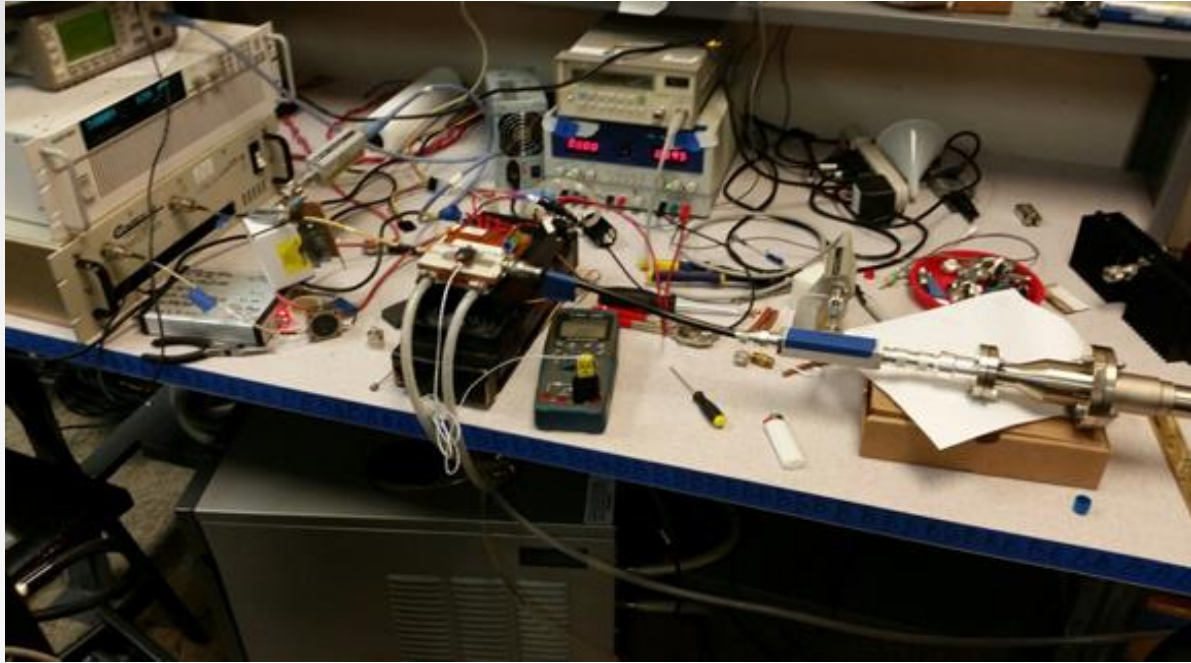
**MOSFET design approach: integrated heat management, matching and power scalability**

**A novel GaN MOSFET has been developed specifically for this project:**

- **Very low thermal impedance ( $<0.35^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$ ).**
  - **High gain  $\sim 17\text{dB}$ .**
  - **High power:  $\sim 300\text{W}$  at  $52\text{ V}$ .**
  - **$>250\text{ V}$  breakdown voltage.**
  - **$>3\text{ GHz}$  cutoff frequency.**
  - **Very low quiescent current.**
- Enables switching mode operation.



# 65010GN Durability



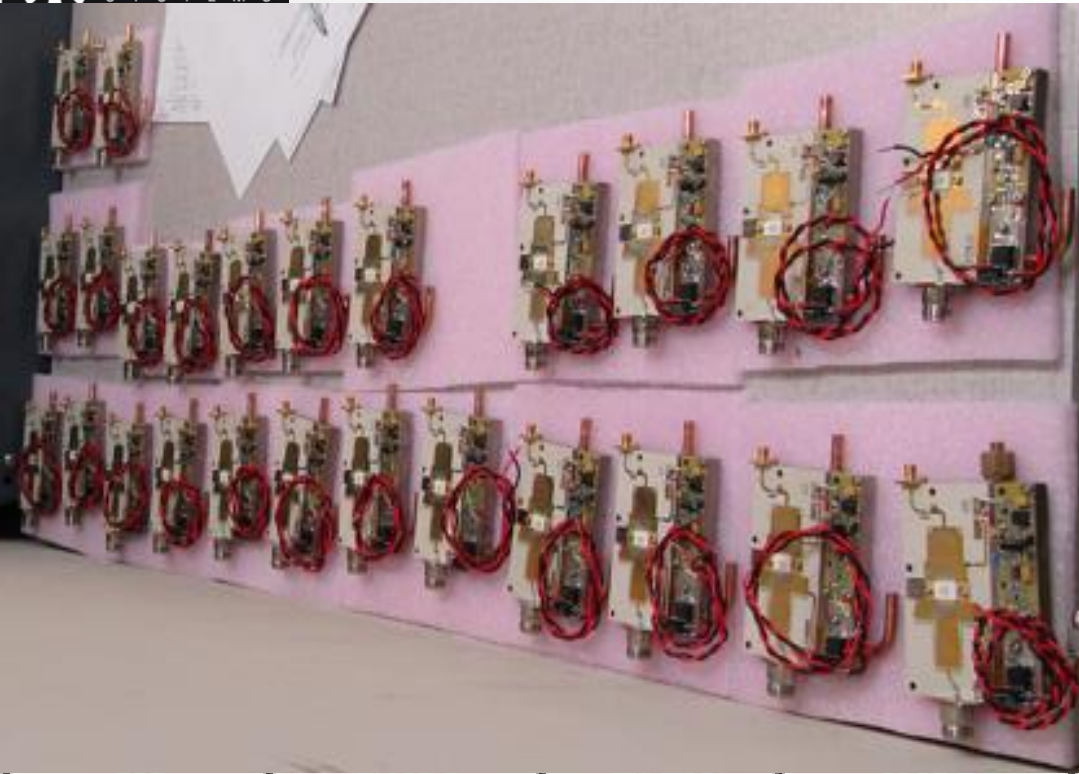
No any degradation, power droop, or instability found for several days run!

Measured at  
~1.5GHz

Long run measurements of the 65010GN MicroSermi Demo Module

date	time	Input, W	PM_out, dBm	Output, W	Gain, dB	Id, A	Pd, W	T, thermocouple, C	T_chip, C
Sep 08	14:40	4.20	13.35	216.27	17.12	6.95	347.50	27.10	52.00
	15:10	4.15	13.25	211.35	17.07	6.90	345.00	27.10	52.00
	16:00	4.14	13.18	207.97	17.01	6.90	345.00	27.10	52.00
Sep 09	16:00	4.00	13.15	206.54	17.13	6.80	340.00	27.30	52.00
Sep 10	17:00	4.01	13.10	204.17	17.07	6.70	335.00	27.40	52.00
Sep 11	12:00	3.91	13.01	199.99	17.09	6.70	335.00	27.30	52.00

The best ever achieved long-run CW stability and durability without failures vs. other MOSFETS: NPT2024, CGHV14250, QPD1016.



# 26 × 65010GNA Pallets

Relative pallet-to-pallet standard deviation is 6.4% for saturated power and 1.6% for the gain (dB).

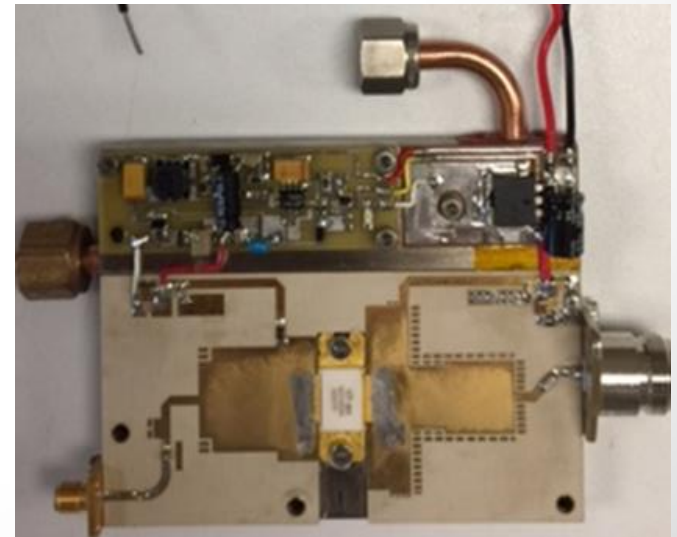
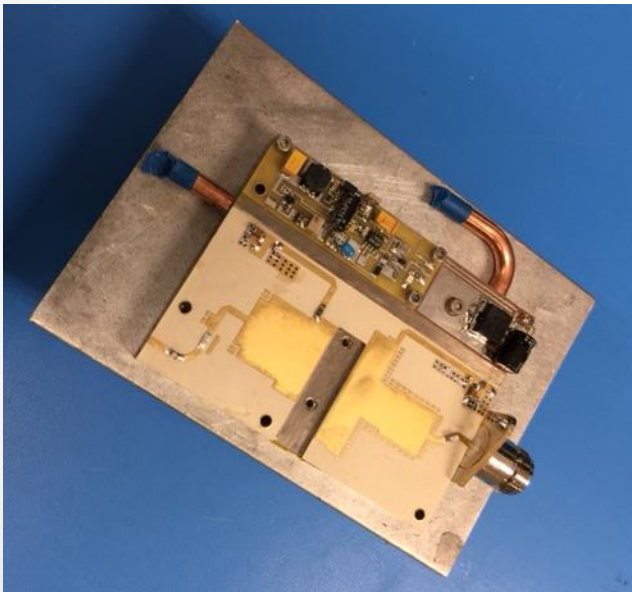
Power St. deviatiaon	18.34349	0.27124535	Gain st dev.	Average eff.	63%
Averaged power	284.9	17.0	Av. Gain		

- Maximum power and drain efficiency: 309 W and 66%
- The lowest idle (at no RF) DC power consumption (**1.1% vs. >13%** for the best QPD1016 Qorvo transistor);
- High *power added efficiency* (PAE up to 64%);
- Highest saturated CW gain (17 dB vs. ~11 dB for QPD1016);
- Lowered source temperature (few degrees vs. QPD1016).

# 65010GNA Pallet Design

Pallet dimensions:  
L=4" × W=3"  
and Thickness = .250"

Plug-and-play power module:  
no other bias or drain  
control/protection/driving  
circuitry is needed due to the  
IGBT heat management  
solution

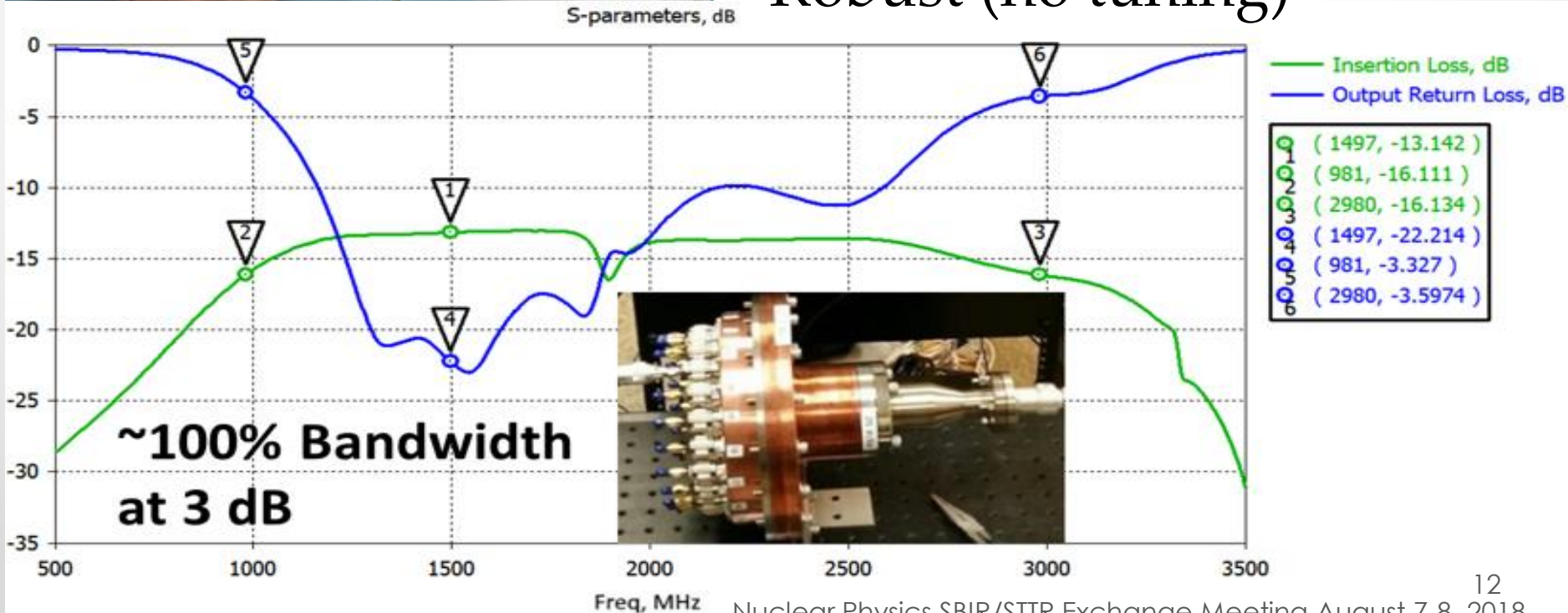


# Novel “wiggling” type combiner



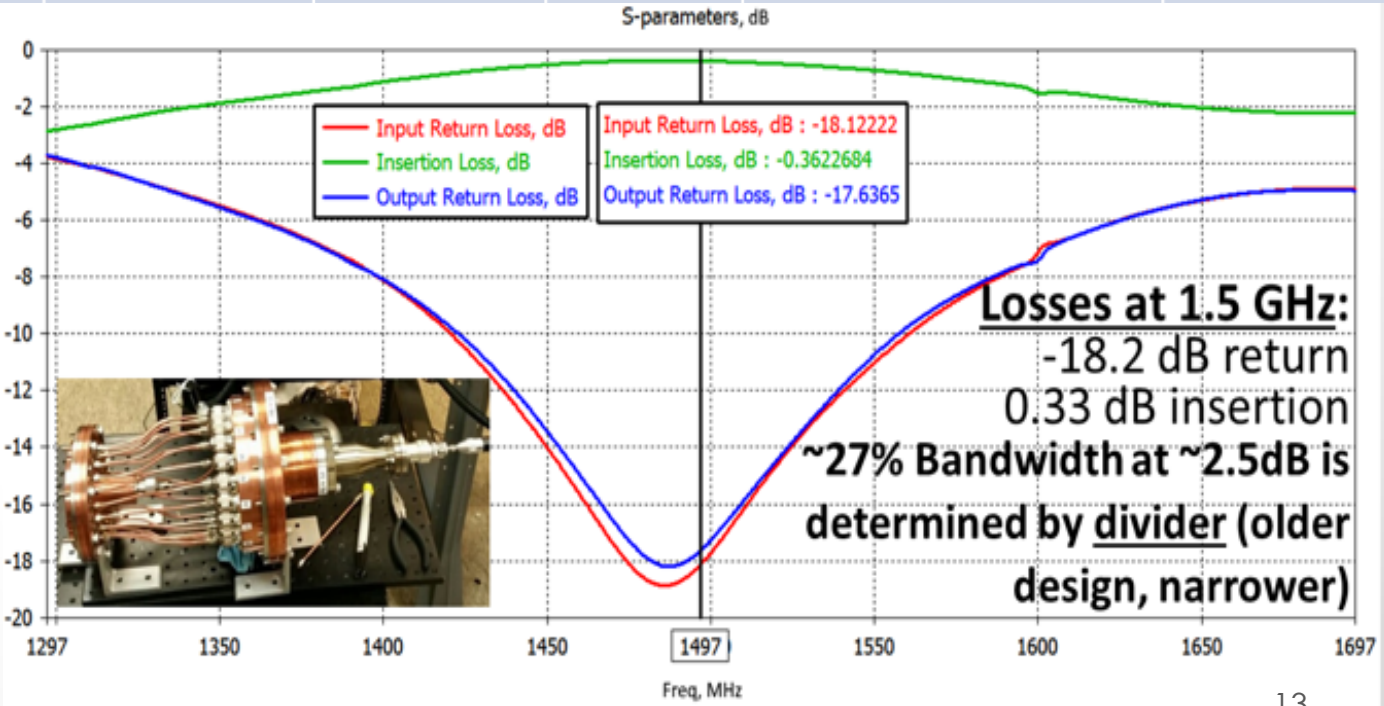
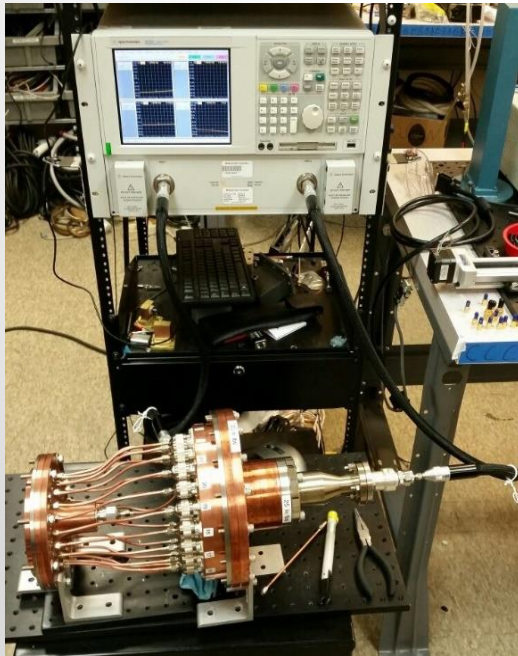
- Ultra-wideband
- Ultra-low loss
- High power
- Compact
- Robust (no tuning)

*NIMA 870, 2017, p. 55*



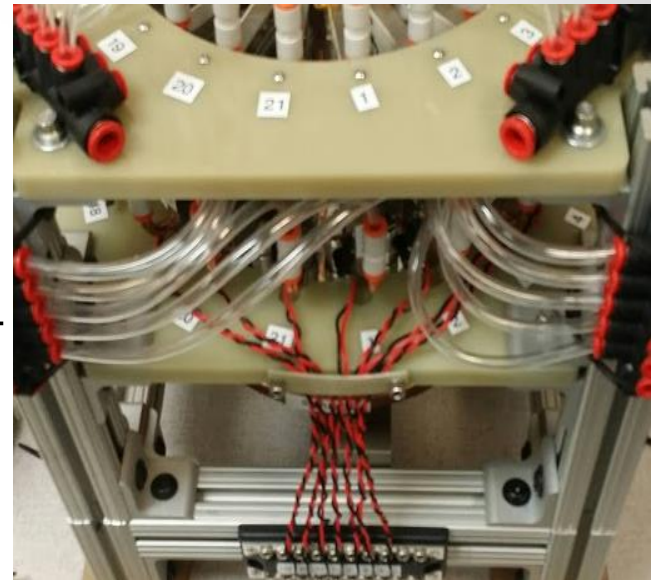
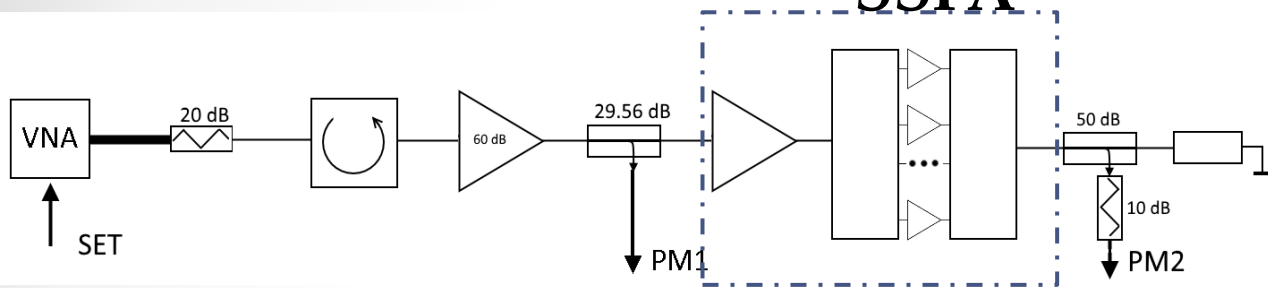
# Combiner & Divider performance

at ~1.5GHz	Insertion loss	Return loss	Isolation		Way-way rms inhomogeneity	
			Max	Min	Power	Phase
<b>Divider</b>	0.082 dB	-21 dB	26.8 dB	22.5 dB	1.5%	0.37°
<b>Combiner</b>	0.091 dB	-22.3 dB	24.9 dB	10.5 dB	1.45%	0.52°

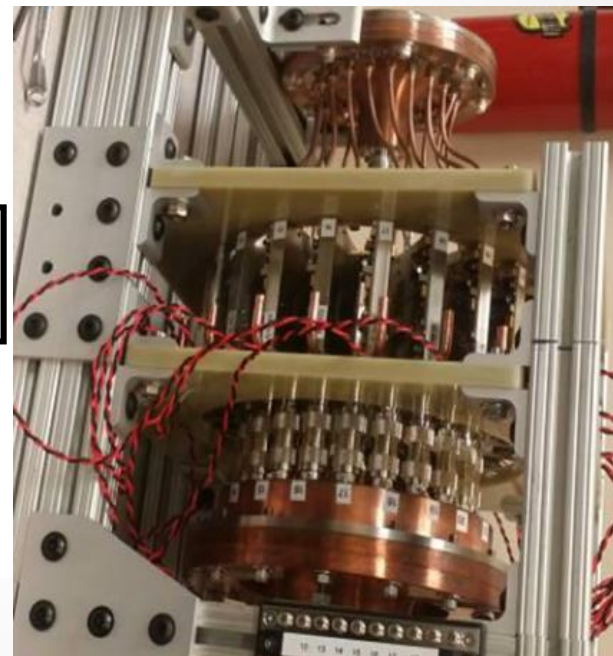
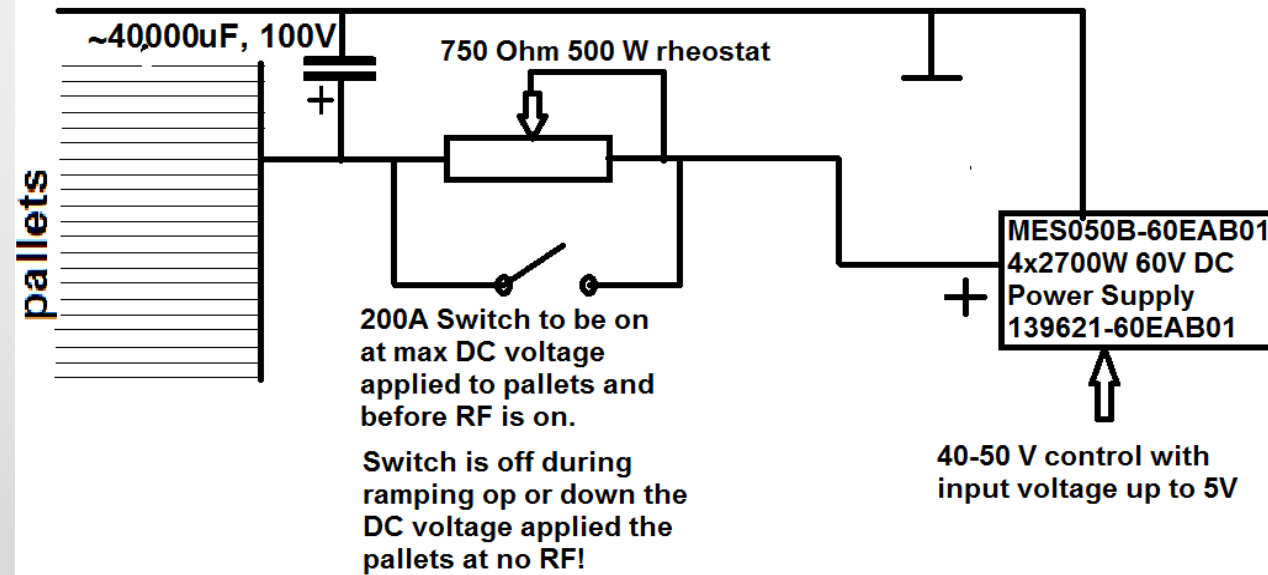


# SSPA Assembly & Networks

## RF measurement scheme

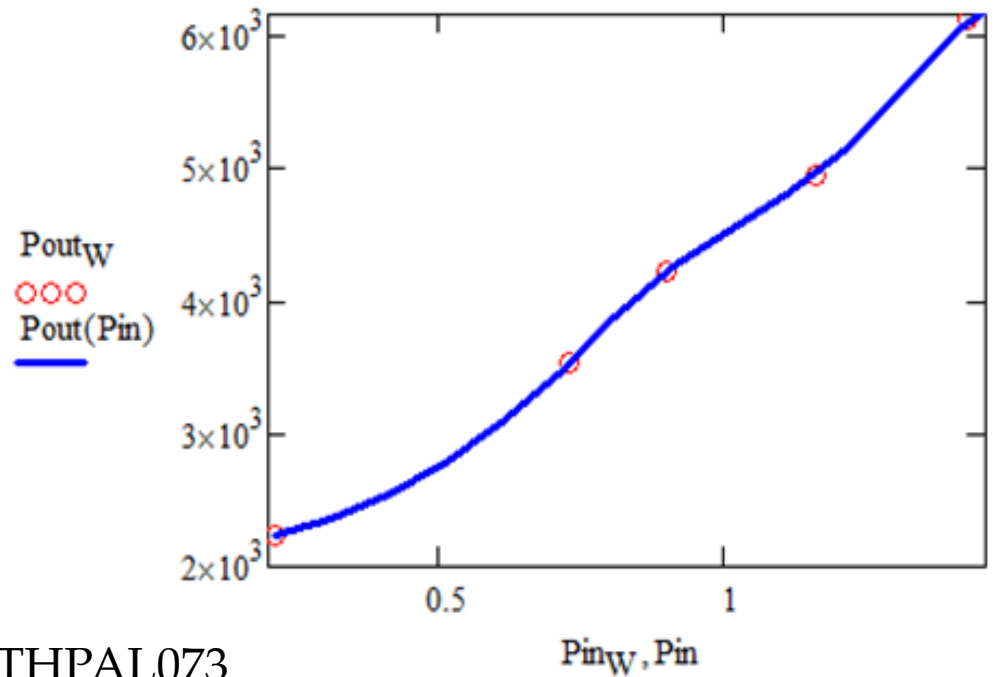
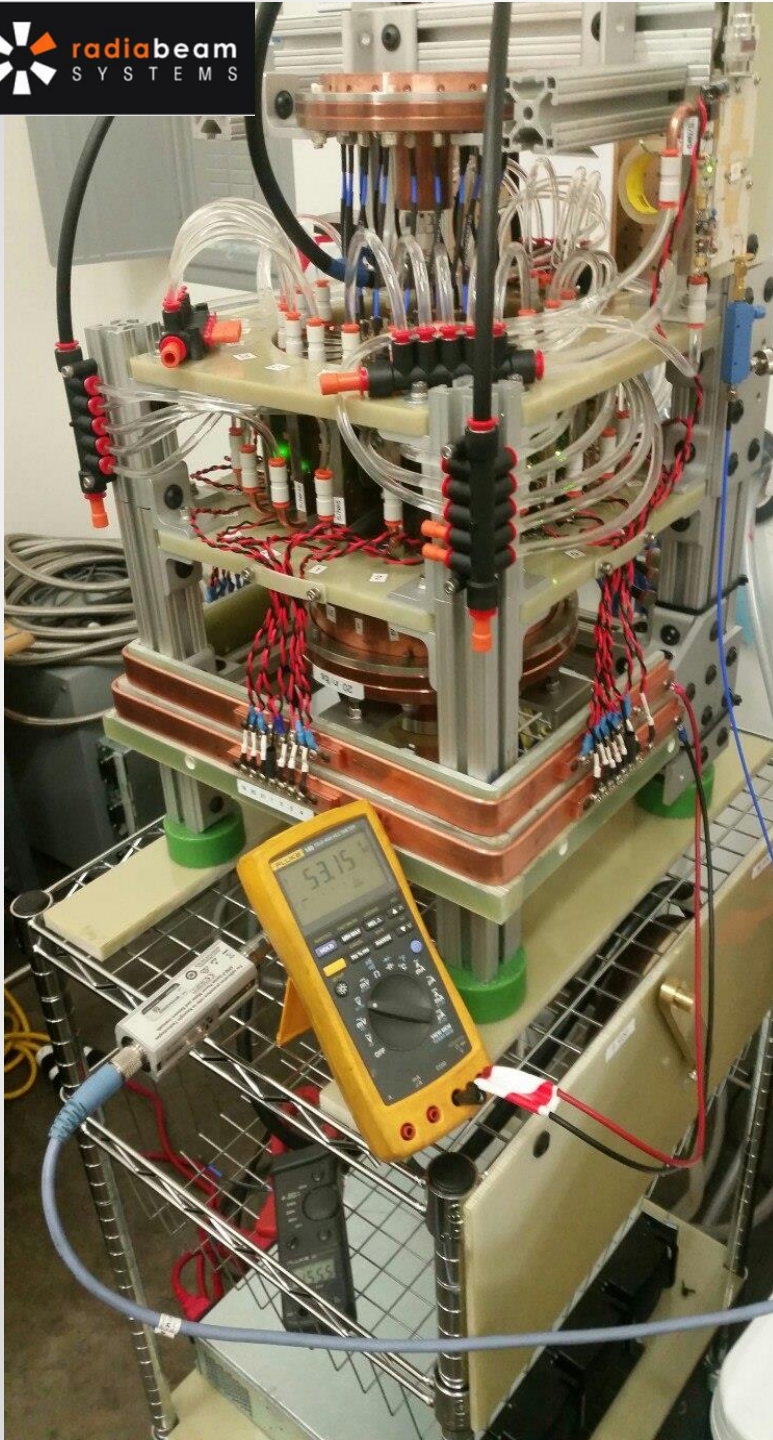


## Electrical scheme



# SSPA power

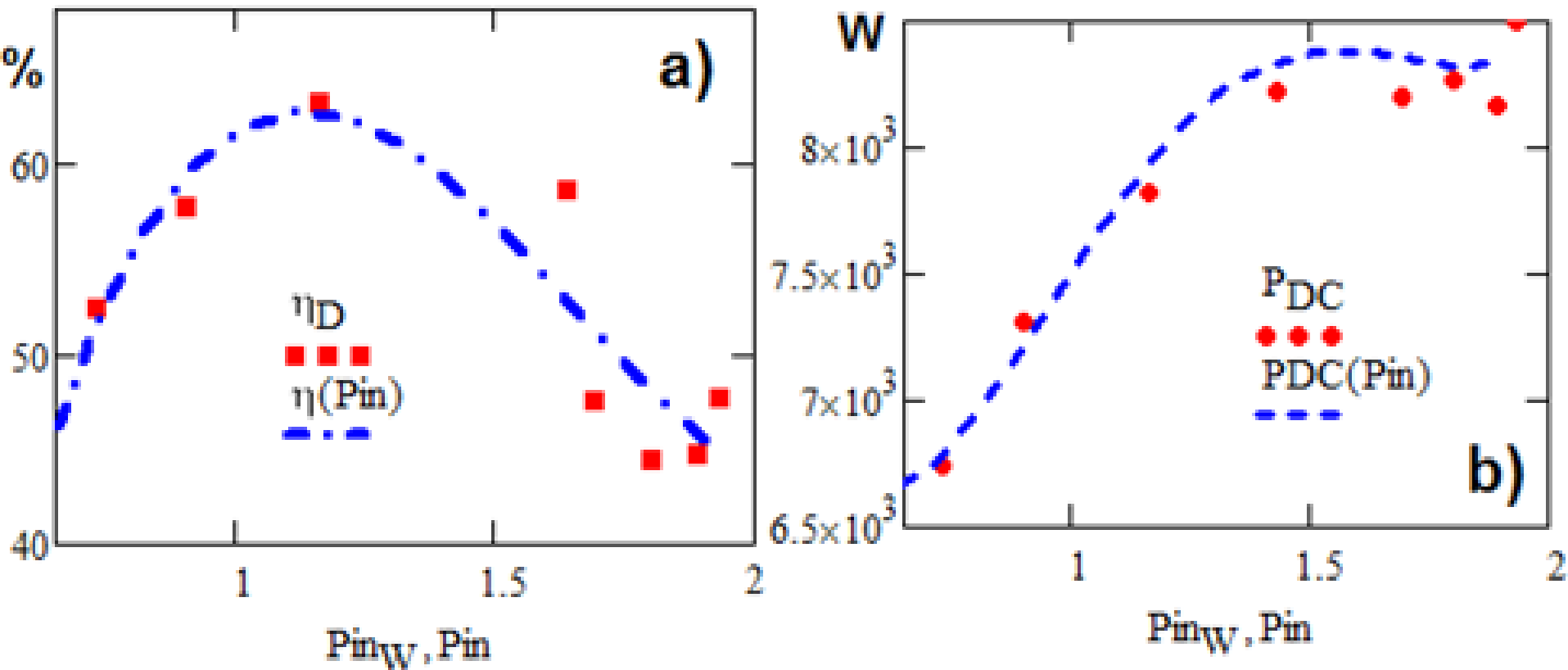
SSPA body  
dimensions:  
~13.5" × 14.5" × 19"



THPAL073  
in IPAC'18  
Proceedings

**Gain measured: 33-38 dB**

# Drain efficiency and DC power consumption



**63% drain efficiency is achieved!**



# Project outlines

- The SSPA dimensions and gain fit well the klystron.
- The SSPA max efficiency exceeds almost twice that for klystron.
- The  $3\text{W}/\text{in}^3$  power density achieved at 100% duty exceeds much the CPI's VSS3605 SSPA (10% duty,  $\eta=35\%$ )
- The quiescent SSPA current is only 0.84% of the full power current vs.  $\sim 100\%$  for klystron.
- The novel 65010GNA pallets offer excellent capabilities for upgrade to enhance both power  $>370\text{W}$  and efficiency  $>70\%$ .
- Almost perfect (as simulated) combiner-divider efficiency is measured at high power.

# Market opportunities

- **Jefferson Lab Electron-Ion Collider (JLEIC).**
- **Material processing and microwave chemistry.**
- **Radars and directed energy applications (defense).**
- **CW compact accelerators: UHF-L-band Rhodotrons (DHS).**

## Interest expressed

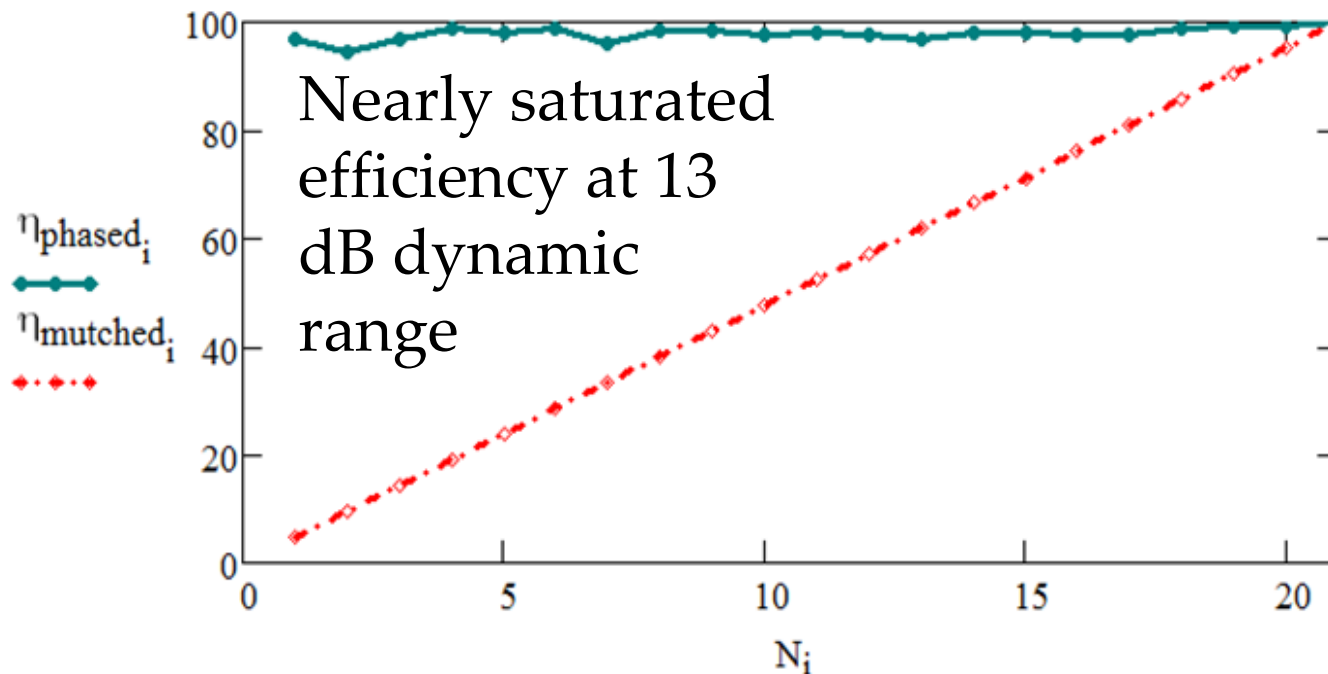
- **JLab**
- **CPI**
- **Navy**
- **Lambda Technologies**
- **RF components vendors (ANATECH)**

# Project outcomes

- 65010GNA to be modified to increase power and efficiency taking advantage of MicroSemi proprietary power-scalable technology enabling 275V breakdown  $\Rightarrow$  higher drain voltage  $\sim 120V$ .
- Need accommodation to Jlab environment: harmonics, water temperature, wide dynamic range of power, phase stability.
- Develop broadband version of the SSPA for commercial applications (to include 1.3 GHz).
- Novel opportunity for efficiency enhancement in wide dynamic range.

# Novel opportunity for efficiency enhancement in wide dynamic range

Combining efficiency vs. N of ports employed



# Acknowledgements

## Great team and collaborators

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*Rick Nelson,* Jefferson Lab.

*Victor Khodos,* Physical Optics Corporation, CA, Torrance