Jefferson Lab 12 GeV UPGRADE

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Thomas Jefferson National Accelerator Facility

NSAC Meeting Washington, DC February 26, 2010



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OUTLINE

- Existing Jefferson Lab Facility
- Scientific Opportunities
- Jefferson Lab in 12 GeV Era
- Project Cost & Schedule
- Construction Highlights & Status
- Summary





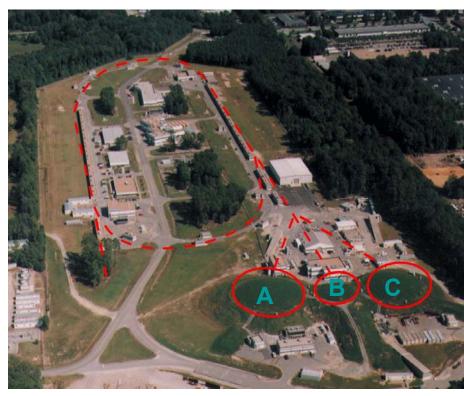


>1300 active member international user community engaged in exploring quark-gluon structure of matter.



Superconducting electron accelerator provides 100% duty factor beams of unprecedented quality, with high polarization at energies up to 6 GeV.

Newport News, VA



CEBAF's delivery of beam with unique properties to three experimental halls simultaneously. Each hall offers complementary capabilities.





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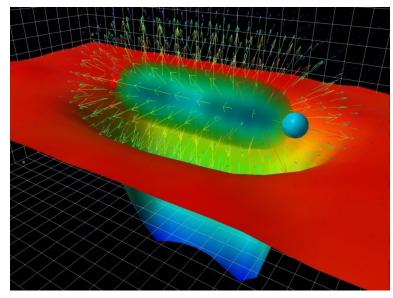


Highlights of the 12 GeV Science Program

- Explore the physical origins of quark confinement (GlueX)
- New and revolutionary access to the spin and flavor structure of the proton and neutron
- Discovering the quark structure of nuclei
- Probe potential new physics through high precision tests of the Standard Model



Gluonic Excitations and the Origin of Confinement

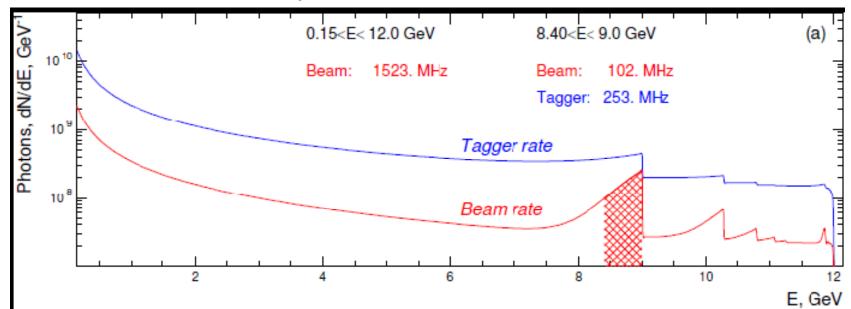


Does confinement occur through formation of stringlike flux tubes between quarks? Test this via spectrum of gluonic excitations of exotic mesons.

With the 12 GeV CEBAF, a linearly polarized photon beam, and the GlueX detector, JLab will be <u>uniquely poised</u> to:

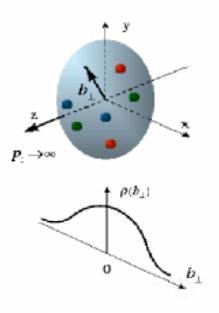
- discover these states,
- map out their spectrum, and

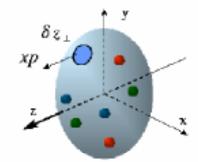




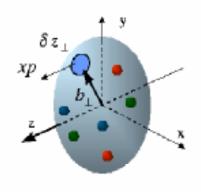
FOM (P² N γ) peaks for M=2.5 GeV and E₀=12 GeV

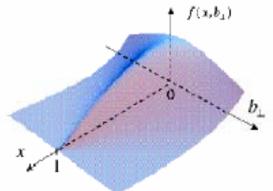
New, comprehensive view of hadronic structure





 $f(\mathbf{x})$





Elastic Scattering

transverse quark distribution in Coordinate space

DIS

longitudinal quark distribution in momentum space

GPDs

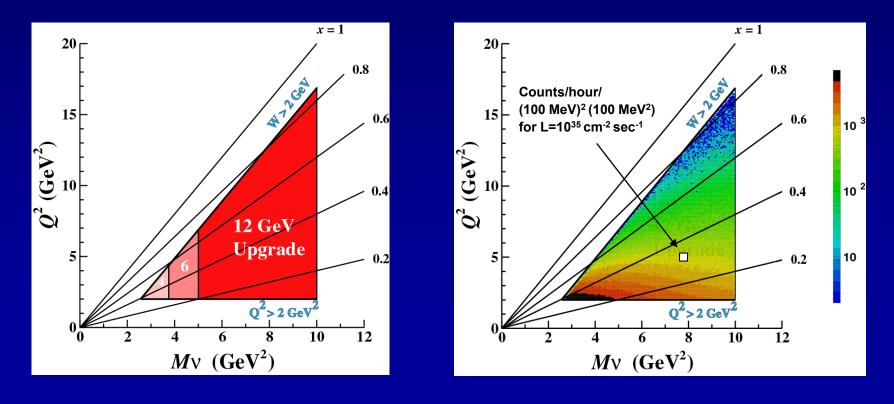
The fully-correlated Quark distribution in both coordinate and momentum space

GPDs connect the charge and parton distribution

Quark Structure of Nuclei

- (Nucleons and Pions) or (Quarks and Gluons)?
- Not a simple convolution of free nucleon structure with Fermi motion
- In nuclear deep-inelastic scattering, we look directly at the quark structure of nuclei

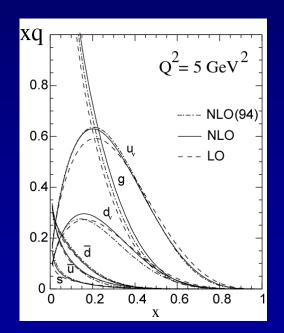
12 GeV Upgrade Provides Substantially Enhanced Access to the DIS Regime with enough luminosity to reach the high-Q², high-x region!



Measuring High-x Structure Functions

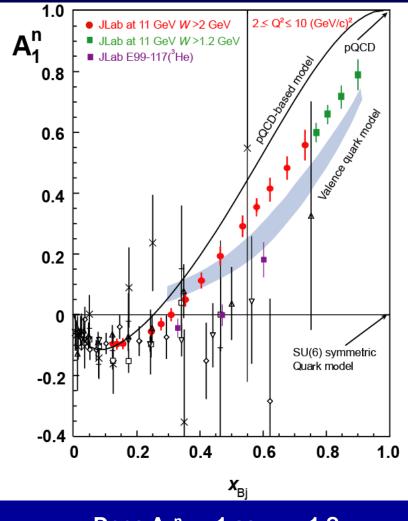
REQUIRES:

- High beam polarization
- High electron current
- High target polarization
- Large solid angle spectrometers



12 GeV will access the regime (x > 0.3), where valence quarks dominate

Neutron polarization asymmetry



Does $A_1^n \rightarrow 1$ as $x \rightarrow 1$?

Defining 12 GeV PHYSICS Program

Four Reviews: Program Advisory Committees (PAC) 30, 32, 34, 35

• 2006 through 2010

• Recent Charge:

- Review proposals that will use base equipment for 12 GeV Upgrade
 - in top half of priority list for first 5 years of 12 GeV Operations
- Review proposals that will require major new apparatus
- Results:
 - 32 experiments approved
 - 13 conditionally approved

Exciting slate of experiments for 4 Halls planned for initial five years of operation!

• Future Plans:

- 12 GeV PACs (a) Proposals, (b) Ranking)





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12 GeV SCIENCE CATEGORIES

- The Hadron spectra as probes of QCD (GlueX and heavy baryon and meson spectroscopy)
- The transverse structure of the hadrons (Elastic and transition Form Factors)
- The longitudinal structure of the hadrons (Unpolarized and polarized parton distribution functions)
- The 3-D structure of the hadrons (Generalized Parton Distributions and Transverse Momentum Distributions)
- Hadrons and cold nuclear matter (Medium modification of the nucleons, quark hadronization, N-N correlations, hypernuclear spectroscopy, few-body experiments)
- Low-energy tests of the Standard Model and Fundamental Symmetries (Møller, PVDIS, PRIMEX,)

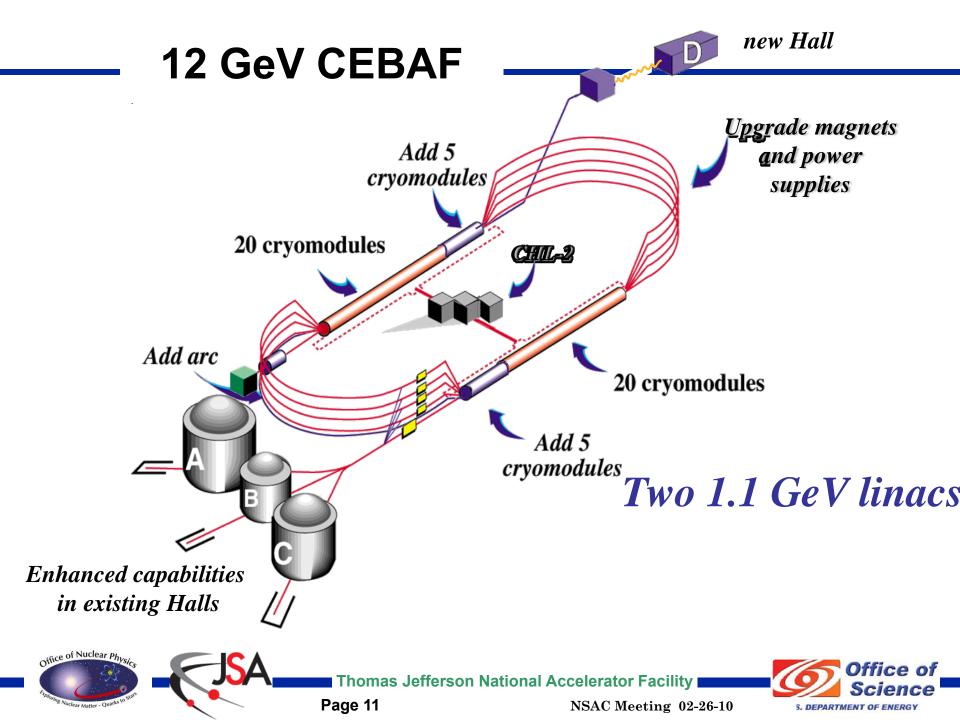




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Hall D Complex – Civil Site Plan



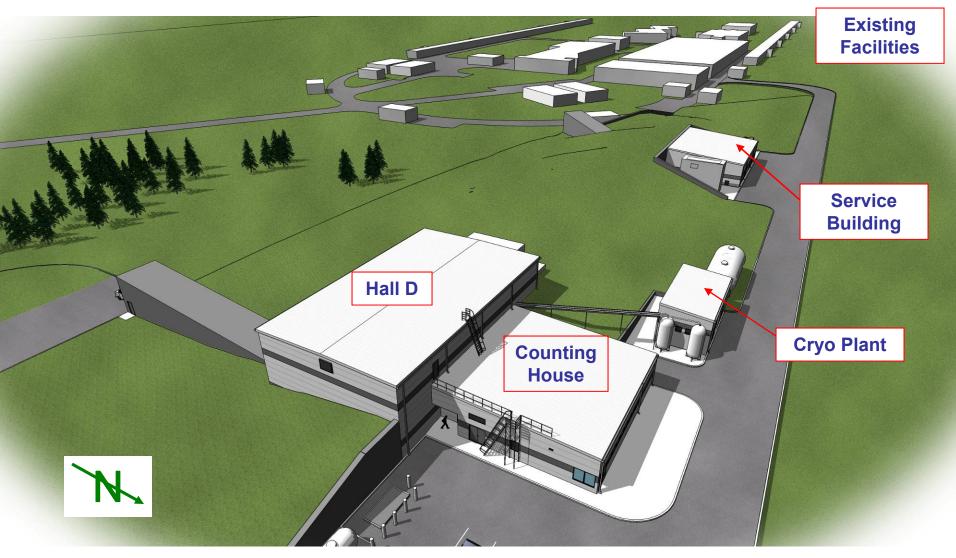


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Rendering of Hall D Complex – Overhead View



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Acceleration & Beam Transport



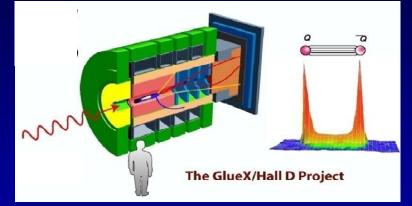
- Eight cavities are packaged into each cryomodule
 - 42 cryomodules in CEBAF today
 - 10 new ones will be added - high-performance, quadruple the gradient
- Each cavity has dedicated microwave source • 338 in CEBAF today
 - 80 new ones will be added
- Duplicate the existing cryogenics plant

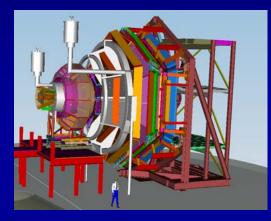
- Upgrade or replace existing recirculation & transport elements - 357 major Dipoles (1-3m long)
 - 730 Quads (30x30x30cm)
 - >2000 power supplies
 - >700 beam diagnostics Re-use almost all – >5 km of vacuum line New Arc 10 32 major dipoles (4m long) – 40 quads (35x30x30cm) office of Nuclear Phy
 - 81 power supplies
 32 beam diagnostics
 - 0.3 km of vačuum line



12 GeV Scientific Capabilities

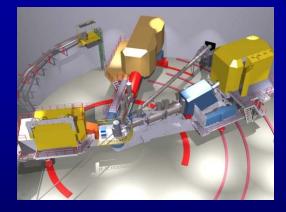
Hall D – exploring origin of confinement by studying exotic mesons

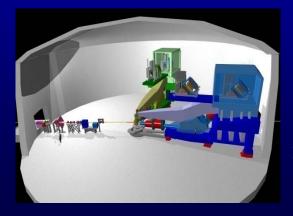




Hall B – understanding **nucleon structure** via generalized parton distributions

Hall C – precision determination of valence quark properties in nucleons and nuclei





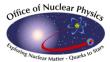
Hall A – short range correlations, form factors, hypernuclear physics, future **new experiments (e.g. PV and Moller)**

SCOPE OF 12 GeV UPGRADE

Parameter	Present JLab	Upgraded JLab
Number of Halls	3	4
Number of passes Halls A/B/C	5 (for max energy)	5 (for max energy)
Max Energy to Halls A/B/C	up to ~6 GeV	up to ~11 GeV
Number of passes to Hall D	New Hall	5.5
Energy to Hall D	New Hall	12 GeV
Current – Hall A & C	max ~180 µA combined	max ~85 µA combined (higher at lower energy)
Current – Hall B & D	(B) Up to 5 µA max	(B, D) Up to ∼5 µA max each
Central Helium Liquefier (CHL)	4.5 kW	9 kW
# of cryomodules in LINACS	40	50
Accelerator energy per pass	1.2 GeV	2.2 GeV

Routinely provide beam polarization of ~85% now, same in 12 GeV era

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DOE CRITICAL DECISION SCHEDULE

CD-0 Mission Need	MAR-2004 (A)
CD-1 Preliminary Baseline Range	FEB-2006 (A)
CD-2 Performance Baseline	NOV-2007 (A)
CD-3 Start of Construction	SEP-2008 (A)
CD-4A Accelerator Project Completion and Start of Operations	DEC-2014

~15 months into 5.5 year construction period

CD-4 split to ease transition into operations phase



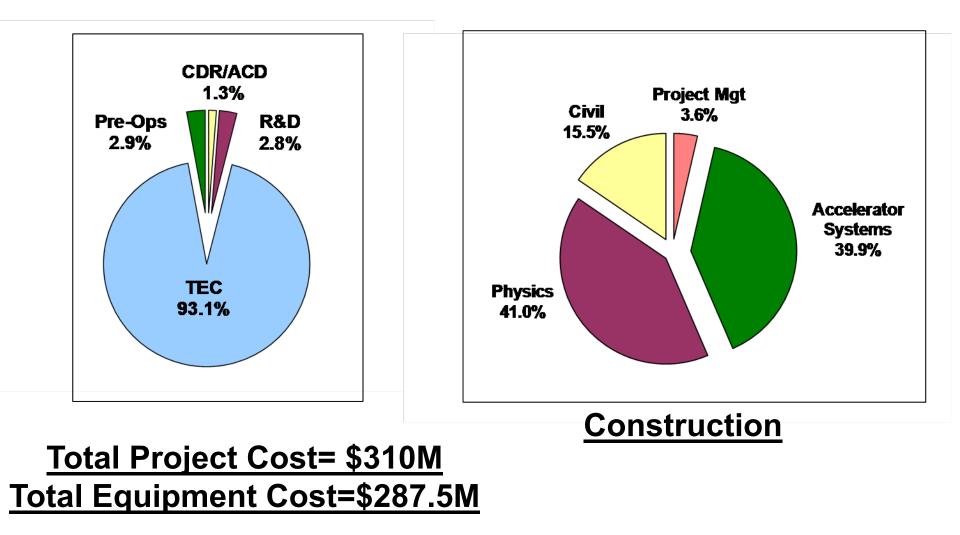


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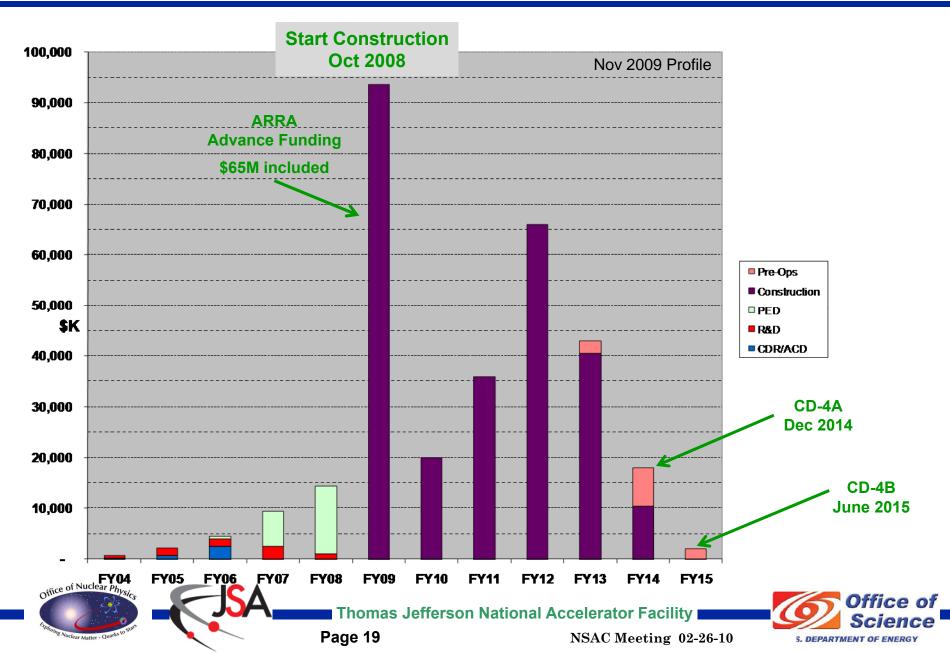
12 GeV TPC and Construction



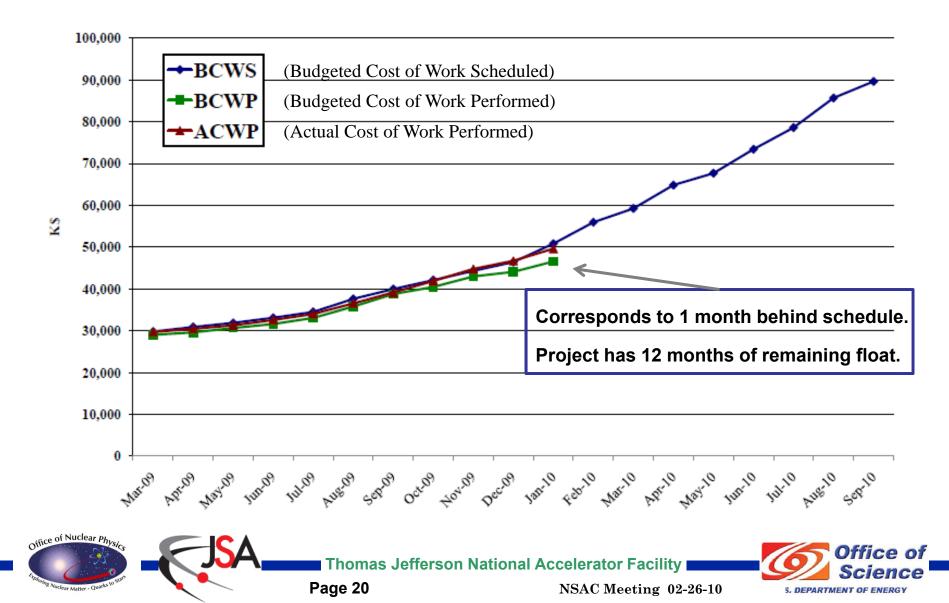




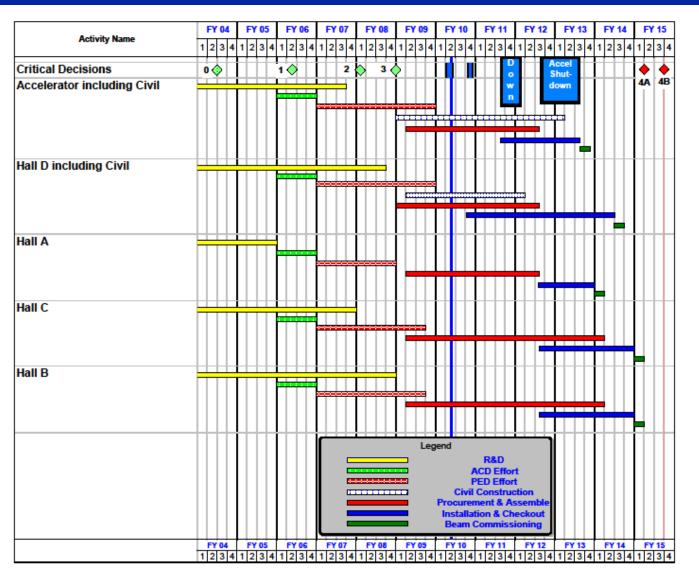
12 GeV - \$310M Total Project Cost



12 GeV Total Project Performance



12 GeV UPGRADE SCHEDULE



- 6-month installation May-Oct 2011
- 12-month installation May 2012-May 2013
- Hall A commissioning start October 2013
- Hall D commissioning start April 2014
- Halls B and C commissioning start October 2014
- Project Completion June 2015



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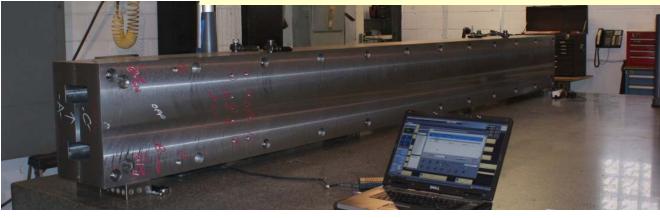
CONSTRUCTION HIGHLIGHTS

Accelerator Major Procurements:

- cryomodule cavities ; beam transport magnets ; helium refrigerator

- Accelerator Installation Start: Dec '09 to Jan '10
 - <u>Prep work</u>:
 - RF zones
 - baseplates
 - stands
 - alignment

Core of 4m Dipole Magnet at Vendor



Beam Transport Quadrupole Magnets at JLab





CONSTRUCTION HIGHLIGHTS

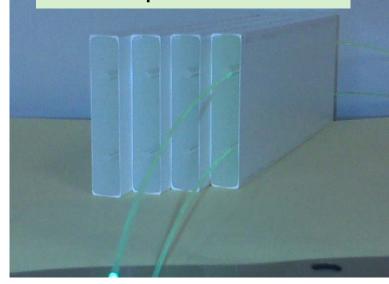
PHYSICS EQUIPMENT

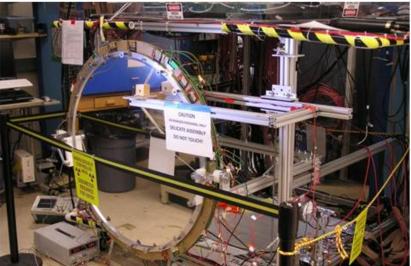
- Major contracts awarded:
 - 3 superconducting spectrometer magnets
 - Hall D Barrel Calorimeter detector construction (Univ of Regina)
- Major contracts in progress
 - Hall C Horizontal Bend spectrometer magnet (MSU NSCL)
 - Hall D Central Drift Chamber (Carnegie Mellon)
 - Hall D Forward Calorimeter (Indiana University)
 - Hall B Drift Chambers (Old Dominion; Idaho State)



PHYSICS EQUIPMENT CONSTRUCTION

Hall B – PCAL Test Extrusions w/ Optical Fibers





Hall D – Forward Drift Chamber in Test Stand



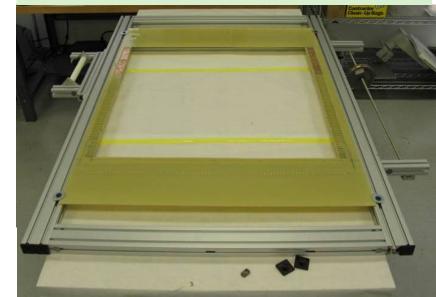
PHYSICS EQUIPMENT CONSTRUCTION







Hall C – Wire Stringing Jig for Drift Chamber



CONSTRUCTION HIGHLIGHTS

PHYSICS EQUIPMENT

Strong university User involvement

Two NSF MRI grants

- Hall B pre-shower calorimeter detector
 - William&Mary, James Madison, Norfolk State, Ohio Univ
- Hall C detectors
 - William&Mary, James Madison, Hampton Univ, NCA&T

International contributions/collaborators

- Hall C lead glass: NIKHEF and Yerevan
- Hall D: Univ of Regina (Canada); Santa Maria (Chile)



Hall B CLAS12 International Collaborators

COUNTRY	INSTITUTION	FOCUS
UK	Edinburgh Univ	Software
UK	Glasgow Univ	Central Detector
France	Grenoble Univ	Central Detector
France	Orsay – IN2P3	Central n Detector
France	CEA Saclay	Central Tracker
Italy	Bari	Future RICH
Italy	Catania	tbd
Italy	Frascati & Fermi Ctr	Central n Detector
Italy	Genoa	Central n Detector
Italy	ISS/Rome	Future RICH
Italy	Rome Tor Vergata	Central n Detector
Russia	ITEP	Magnets
Russia	Moscow State HEP & SINP	Silicon Tracker
Korea	Kyungpook Nat'l Univ	CD TOF
Armenia	Yerevan Physics Institute	Central Tracker

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as of September 2009



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Civil Construction: Hall D Complex 2009-2010





12 GeV Upgrade

An exciting scientific opportunity

- Explore the physical origins of quark confinement (GlueX)
- New access to the spin and flavor structure of the proton and neutron
- Discovering the quark structure of nuclei
- Probe potential new physics through high precision tests of the Standard Model
- Cost effective plan re-uses most of existing facility
- Strong User community involvement
 - NSF MRI funding to universities for detector elements
 - Strong international collaborations
- Project performance within DOE thresholds
- Construction is well underway !
 - Accelerator commissioning will start May 2013
 - Hall commissioning starts Oct 2013 through Oct 2014
 - Project completion by June 2015



