NSF Nuclear Physics Overview for NSAC



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Allena K Opper

- NSF Support for Nuclear Physics in FY16
- Highlights
- Announcements
 - Solicitations
 - Other funding opportunities
- Physics Division Personnel

Budget Trends – NSF Nuclear Physics



FY15 Fundamental Symmetries: + \$1.32M for $0\nu\beta\beta$

MRI: competes each year; one-time acquisition/development funds

Mid-scale: ad hoc competition; design and construction funds; FY16 = nEDM & MUSE

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Budget Trends – NSF Nuclear Physics







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¹²C(α , γ)¹⁶O & Stellar Helium Burning

• ${}^{12}C(\alpha, \gamma){}^{16}O$ determines ${}^{12}C{}^{:16}O$ in the universe



- building blocks of organic life & fuel for stars in later stages
- Comprehensive *R*-matrix analysis to fit unprecedented amount of experimental nuclear physics data \rightarrow
 - constrain the ${}^{12}C(\alpha, \gamma){}^{16}O$ cross section

Star

investigate uncertainties stemming from data and model



Constraints on Neutron Capture Rates – Key to Modeling Stellar Explosions



- Nuclear physics & structure → element abundances from stellar events
- Need reaction rates(esp. those far from stability) to test r-process models
- Color = uncertainty of neutron-capture rates.



- New technique: γ-ray calorimetry developed by MSU and Univ of Oslo with SuN detector at NSCL used to extract ⁶⁹Ni(n,γ)⁷⁰Ni.
- Uncertainty now ~ 2-3 (dark blue band) achievable for rare isotopes far from stable
- Accurate rates allow model comparisons.
 With error of 2-3 dark green band is possible





S.N. Liddick, A. Spyrou et al., Phys. Rev. Lett 116, 242502 (2016) http://physics.aps.org/synopsis-for/10.1103/PhysRevLett.116.242502

New Results Indicate Past Assumptions Key for Astrophysical Models Incorrect

• β-delayed neutron emission is important for r-process nucleosynthesis.



- β-decay intensity of ⁷⁰Co studied using Total Absorption Spectroscopy
- Strong γ-ray emission was observed above the neutron threshold.
- A. Spyrou, S.N. Liddick, et al.,Phys. Rev. Lett 117, 142701 (2016)

- Neutron emission weaker than previously thought
- This particular case can only be explained using shell model calculations & mismatch between populated states in ⁷⁰Ni and the neutron daughter ⁶⁹Ni.
- *Hindered* neutron emission is likely to divert the reaction flow from the projected path and → shift the final abundance distribution.



Experiment used the SuN detector at NSCL





Unexpected yemission above neutron threshold

Nature of 0⁺ States in Deformed Nuclei

- The O⁺ states in deformed nuclei = fundamental excitations but have remained an enigma for several decades
- Full understanding of this nature requires measurement of nuclear lifetimes
- Campaign using Doppler Shift Attenuation following (n, n' γ) @ Univ. of Kentucky measured lifetimes:
 - 58 levels in ¹⁶²Dy
 - Several crucial 0⁺ states in 160 Gd \rightarrow identified 2-phonon $\gamma\gamma$ vibration in the 3rd 0+ band



C. Casarella, S.R. Lesher, A. Aprahamian et al.

¹⁶²Dy 156**Gd** 12 178Hf N_{0⁺} 148 152 156 160 164 168 172 176 180 А top-down side-view γ -vibration



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Fast-neutron-induced Background Near *Q* value for 0vββ







- Completed nuclear structure studies of ⁷⁶Ge and ⁷⁶Se \rightarrow constrain theoretical calculations of 0v $\beta\beta$ matrix element
- <u>If $0\nu\beta\beta$ is observed</u>, this matrix element is required to determine the neutrino mass.
- Also performed similar measurements on ¹³⁶Xe (for the EXO experiment) and ¹³⁰Te (for CUORE).



B.P. Crider *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C 92, 034310 (2015) S. Mukhopadhyay *et al*. Phys. Rev. C, submitted

Hall D Triplet Polarimeter

 $P\cos(\phi - \phi_0)$

100

- Uses triplet photoproduction process to measure photon beam polarization
 - Triplet production: pair production on an atomic electron
 - Polarization in photon beam yields asymmetry in recoil atomic electron distribution
- Double-sided silicon strip detector, vacuum housing, beryllium target, and custom electronics





sPHENIX EMCal

- Tungsten powder-scintillating fiber calorimeter
- April 2016 test beam with 1D projective modules: preliminary energy resolution better than required 15%/ VE
 - \circ $\,$ Paper in final preparation
- First 2D projective modules built at
 IUIC
 - o Test at FNAL in Jan 2017







Illinois sPHENIX Group at Fermilab





Constraining the Low x Gluon Helicity Distribution with Dijets in \sqrt{s} = 500 GeV p+p Collisions







Additional data from 2013 and 2015 \rightarrow reduce uncertainty by ~ ½

- Di-jet A_{LL} plotted vs M_{inv}/ \sqrt{s} , which is ~ $\sqrt{x_1x_2}$ at L.O., for data taken at \sqrt{s} = **200** and **510** GeV
- 510 GeV data extend to lower x where Δg(x) is not as well constrained, while 200 GeV data give better precision at mid to high x.
- The **510** data were released this year & highlighted in the RHIC Cold QCD plan.





Prad Experiment (JLab Hall B)

- PRad to address the "Proton Radius Puzzle"
 - novel hydrogen gas flow windowless target (funded by NSF MRI award: PHY-1229153);
 - HyCal calorimeter refurbished and tested;
 - GEM large-size detectors constructed and tested
 - integrated high-speed DAQ system developed and tested;
- PRad acquired data from May 13 to June 21, 2016.
 - data taking at 1.1 GeV and 2.2 GeV
- Major accomplishments so far:
 - ✓ 2x10⁺¹⁸ (H atoms/cm²) areal density in hydrogen gas flow target achieved;
 - ✓ lowest Q² data set (~10⁻⁴ GeV/C²) have been collected for the first time in ep-scattering experiments;
 - separation of Moller and ep-events at very low scattering angles demonstrated
- Data analysis is in progress, first physics results are expected in 2017.







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EXO-200 Phase-II Operation



After a two year hiatus due to February 2014 fire and radiation leak at the WIPP site, EXO-200 successfully re-commissioned its major systems and started its Phase-II Operation.

- Enriched liquid xenon fill completed on 1/31/2016.
- Initial data shows that the detector reached excellent xenon purity and ultralow internal Rn level shortly after restart.



Progress in Ba tagging for nEXO

Neutrinoless Double Beta Decay ($0\nu\beta\beta$) of Xe¹³⁶:

Barium Tagging: identify barium daughter at $0\nu\beta\beta$ decay site for **complete** background elimination

Recent Progress

Image of ≤ 1 Ba atom in SXe in a laser beam:



Grab Ba in SXe on cold probe



Extract probe and count Ba in SXe on end of probe (0 or 1)



Extraction of SXe ice on probe from LXe under nEXO conditions (169K):





Solicitation for NSF Physics Division Investigator-Initiated Research Projects 16-566



All proposals submitted to the Division of Physics programs must go through this solicitation.

- Deadlines:
 - October 26, 2016 for Particle Astrophysics
 - November 11, 2016 for Experimental Nuclear Physics & Theoretical Nuclear Physics
 - February 1, 2017 for Accelerator Science
- Contains text on Midscale Instrumentation
- Follow Grant Proposal Guide (GPG)
 <u>http://www.nsf.gov/pubs/policydocs/pappguide/nsf15001/gpg_index.jsp</u>
- Follow the GPG checklist
- Follow instructions that are specific to this solicitation ...

NSF Physics Division:



Investigator-Initiated Research Projects (16-566)

- Proposals to the Nuclear Physics Program for schools, workshops and conferences, must be submitted through this solicitation.
 - Priority will be given to schools.
 - Broad scope that serves a wide nuclear physics community
 - Involvement of under-represented groups
 - Contact me!
- However: Research at Undergraduate Institutions (RUI) proposals should be submitted through the RUI solicitation (14-579) by the deadlines in this PHY solicitation according to the closest disciplinary match.

Career Awards



- Solicitation: 15-555
- Must include excellent research proposal as well as excellent educational plan
- There are eligibility requirements: e.g., must be assistant professor, untenured
- 5 year wards, \$400,000 minimum
- Proposal deadline: July 23, 2015
- PECASE nominees are chosen from CAREER winners
- Contact program officer for information/advice ahead of time (budget, scope)

Major Research Instrumentation (MRI) NSF 15-504



FY16

- Physics received 34 proposals, NP received 10 proposals, 2 funded
- Development of a Separator for Capture Reactions (SECAR) Phase 2, MSU, PI = H Schatz, \$1,500k
- Development of the Fast Interaction Trigger Detector for the ALICE Experiment at the LHC, California Polytechnic State and Chicago State University, PIs = J Klay and A Harton, \$369k

FY17

• New solicitation pending!

AGEP GR Supplements



- Available to PIs at AGEP or AGEP Legacy
 Institutions
 https://www.nsf.gov/mps/broadening_participation/index.jsp
- Graduate Student Eligibility
 - Emphasis placed on under-represented groups
 - Not currently supported by federal government (NSF, DOE, NIH, ...)
 - US Citizen, US National, or US Permanent Resident
- Stipend, tuition, benefits, and IDC (~\$60k)
- Renewable up to two times
 See me and DCL 16-125 for more information

NSF/MPS/Physics Personnel

- France Cordova Director
- Fleming Crim Associate Director for MPS
- Denise Caldwell Physics Division Director
- Brad Keister Deputy Division Director
- Bogdan Mihaila Nuclear Theory Program Director
- Allena Opper Expt'l Nuclear Physics Program Director
- Ken Hicks has returned to his home institution
 - new rotator will start in January



http://www.nsf.gov/pubs/2015/phy15001/phy15001.jsp?org=PHY http://www.nsf.gov/careers/rotator/index.jsp

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For the latest updates, check out

http://www.nsf.gov/div/index.jsp?div=PHY

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Backup Slides

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