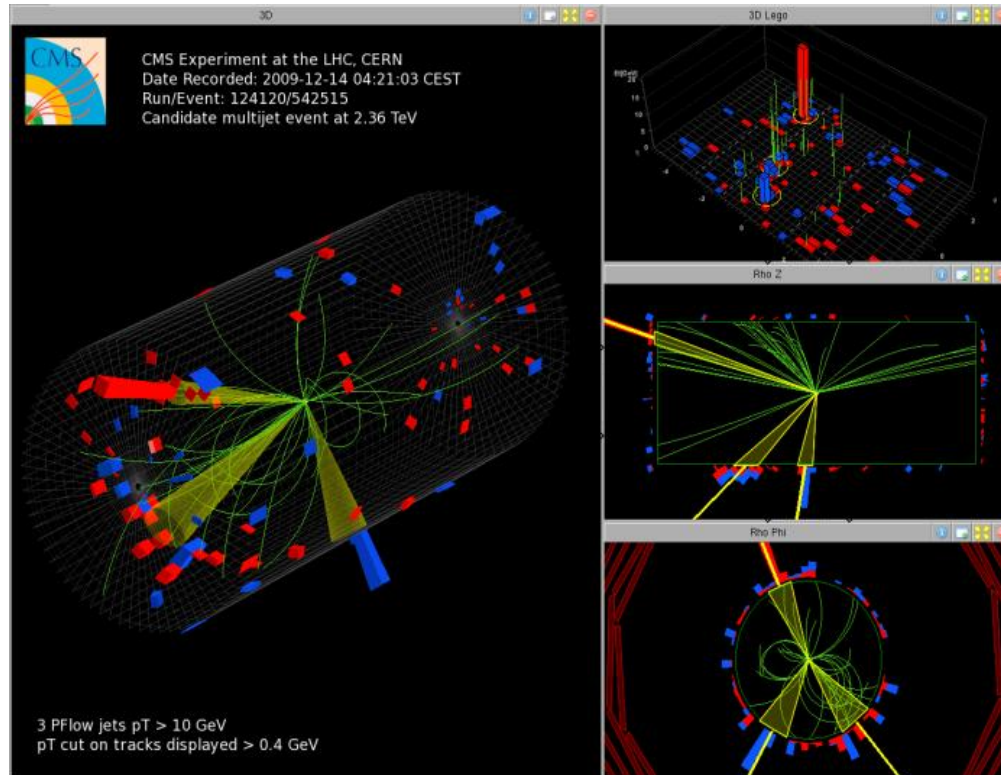


Status of the LHC Detectors



Talk to March 11, 2010 Meeting of HEPAP

J. Butler

Fermilab/CMS

Outline

- General observations
- ATLAS
- CMS
- ALICE
- LHCb
- Prospects and Conclusions

ATLAS and CMS have very large U.S. involvement relative to ALICE and LHCb. I will spend more time on them.

General Status - Preparation

- All 4 experiments had >97% of all installed channels working
- Detectors did extensive cosmic runs
- The detector simulations were done in great detail and were tuned with input from test bench, test beam, and cosmic runs
- Computing systems, reconstruction software, and analysis systems were exercised at “full scale” in several “challenges”

General Status - Execution

- In November and December of 2009, there were collisions in all four interaction regions
- All four experiments recorded good data at
 - 0.45 TeV x 0.45 TeV; and
 - 1.18 TeV x 1.18 TeV
- All experiments were ready with their tools for reconstructing and analyzing this early data
 - to understand the detectors; and
 - to extract whatever physics can be learned
- These efforts have already led to publication of results

Estimated Luminosities and Events Collected

Luminosity at 0.9 TeV (approximate)

ALICE 9.5 μb^{-1}

ATLAS 12 . μb^{-1} (stable) 19 μb^{-1} (total)

CMS 9.5 μb^{-1} (quiet or stable) 16 μb^{-1} (total)

LHCb 6.7 μb^{-1} (stable)

Event collection at 0.9 TeV and 2.136 TeV

ALICE: ~470k (360K B on, 100K B off,
10K B rev)

ATLAS: ~540k (of which 220k not nominal
fields)

CMS: ~410k (of which 60k not nominal field)

LHCb: ~320k (of which ~3k with dipole off)

At 2.136 TeV:

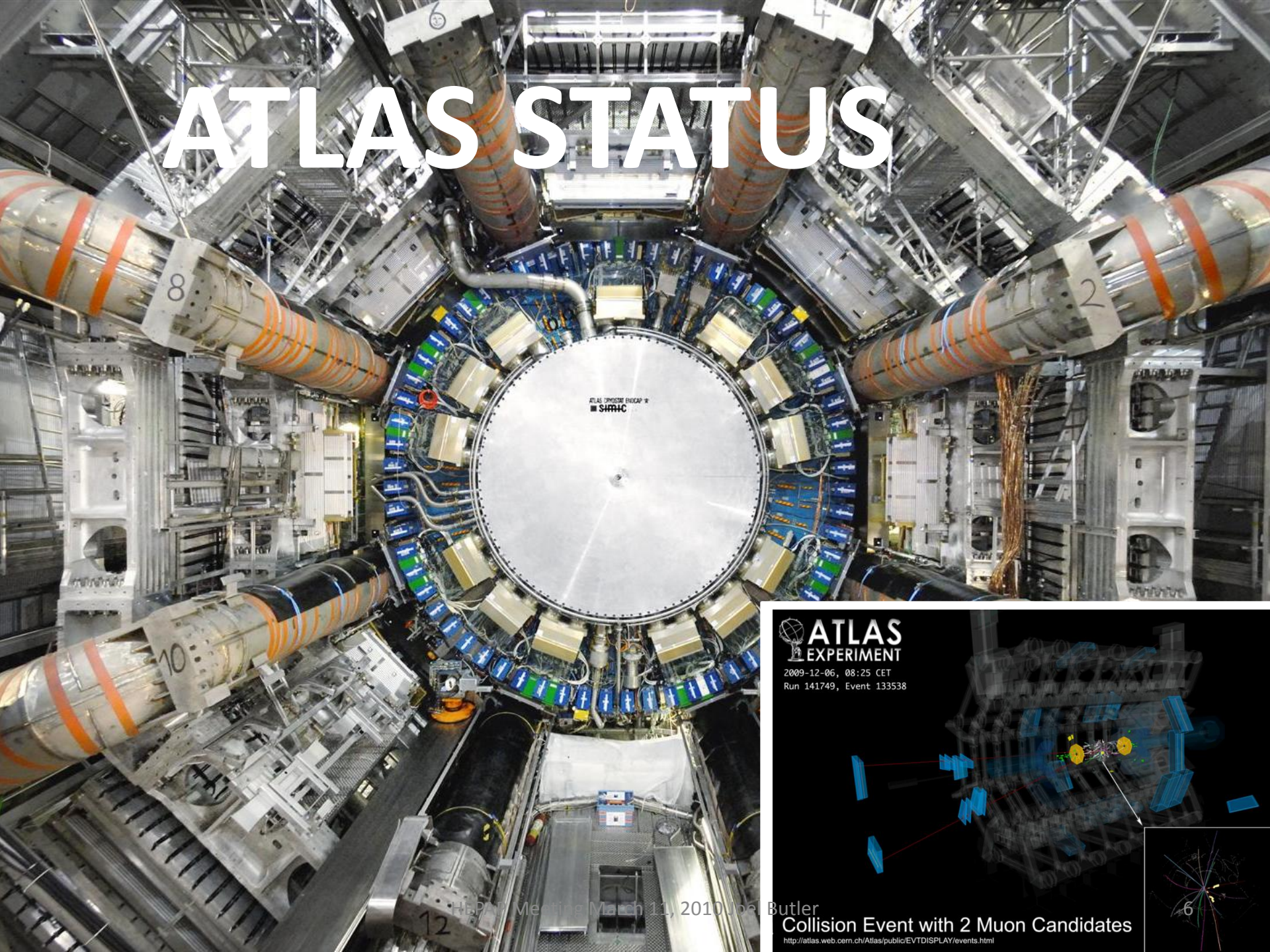
ALICE: 30K events

ATLAS: 34K events, $\sim 1 \mu\text{b}^{-1}$

CMS: 17K events, $\sim 0.6 \mu\text{b}^{-1}$

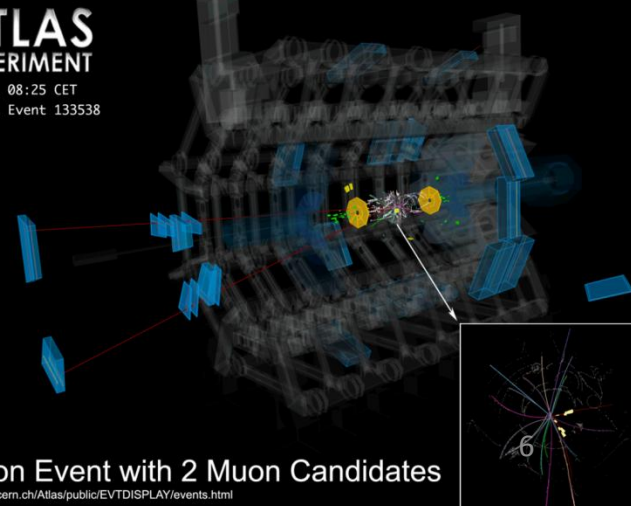
LHCb: 40K events

ATLAS STATUS



ATLAS
EXPERIMENT

2009-12-06, 08:25 CET
Run 141749, Event 133538



HEP Meeting March 11, 2010 Joe Butler

Collision Event with 2 Muon Candidates

<http://atlas.web.cern.ch/Atlas/public/EVTDISPLAY/events.html>

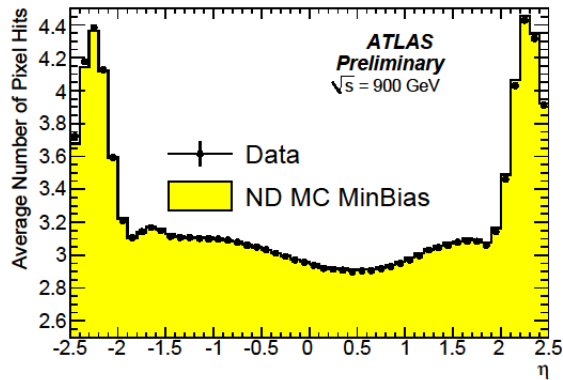
ATLAS Status

- Impressive startup on Nov 23, 2009 – over 97% channels operational
- Excellent overall performance with remarkably good understanding of detector for this stage – in agreement often within 1% of Monte Carlo
- First physics – plots from “Minimum Bias” 900 GeV running released by collaboration

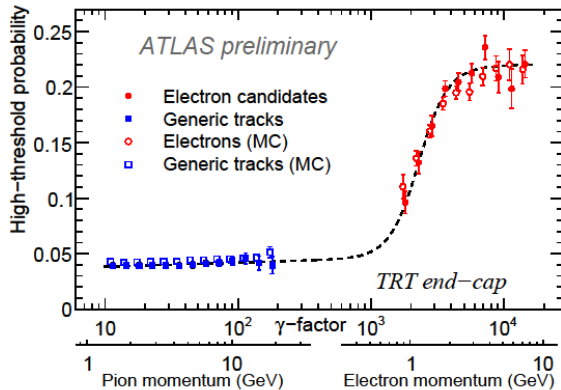
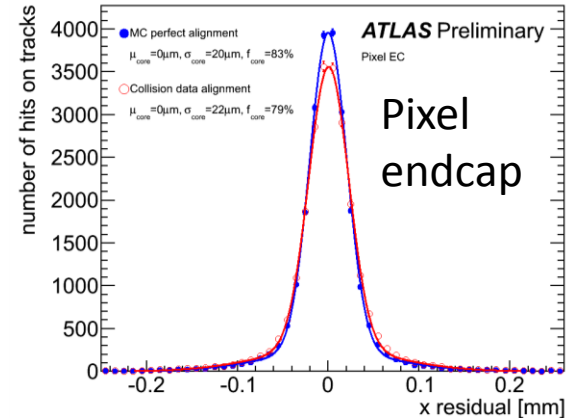
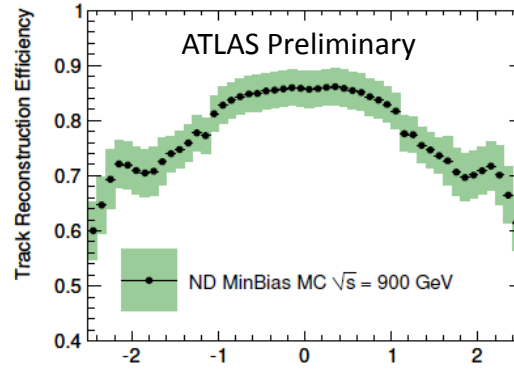
Subdetector	Channel count	~Operational Fraction
Pixels	80M	97.5%
SCT Silicon Strips	6.3M	99.3%
TRT Transition Radiation Tracker	350k	98.2%
Lar EM Calorimeter	170k	98.6%
Tile Calorimeter	9800	98.0%
Hadronic endcap Lar Calorimeter	5600	99.9%
Forward Lar Calorimeter	3500	100%
LVL1 Calorimeter Trigger	7160	99.5%
MDT Muon Drift Tubes	350k	99.7%
CSC Cathode Strip Chambers	31k	98.5%
RPC Barrel Muon Trigger	370k	99.5%
TGC Endcap Muon Trigger	320k	100%

Inner Detector

- Pixel, SCT, and TRT performing well with beam and in excellent agreement with Monte Carlo

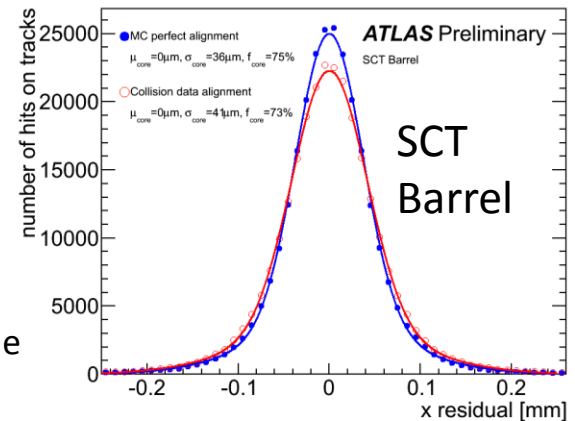


Pixel hits vs η agree well with MC, used to obtain tracking efficiency in MB paper



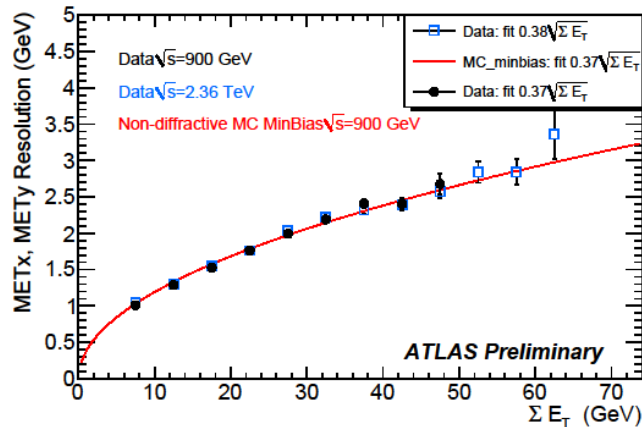
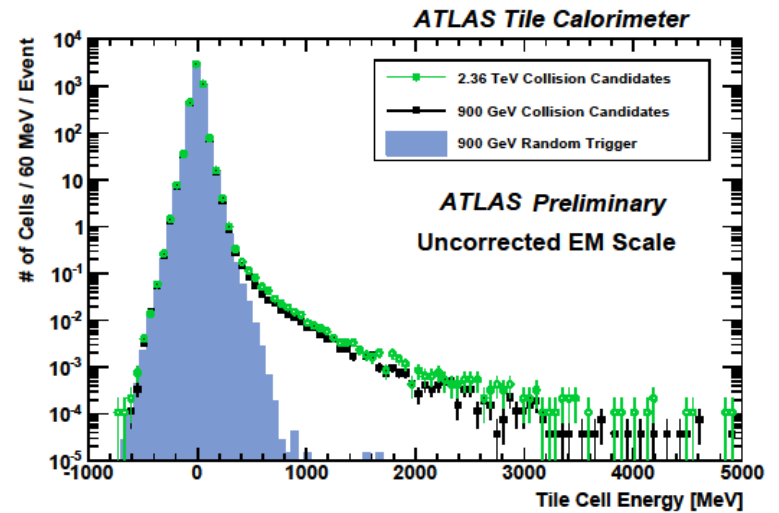
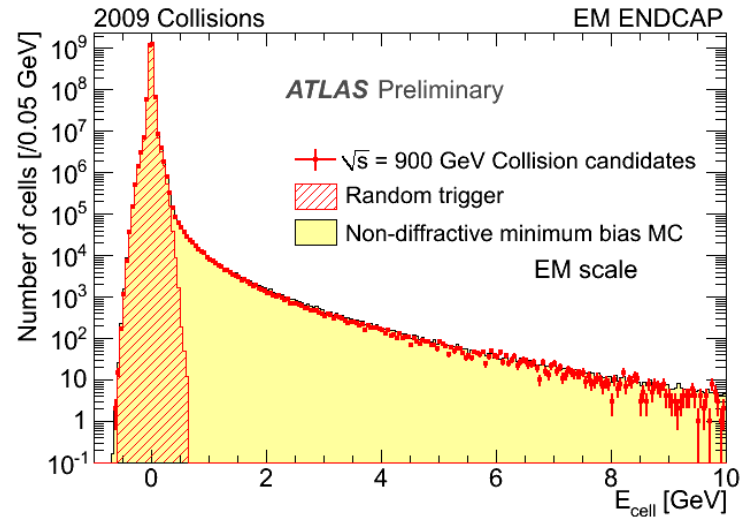
Onset of transition radiation in TRT as predicted

Measured resolutions in Pixel and SCT approaching expectations (red = data, blue = MC)



Calorimeters

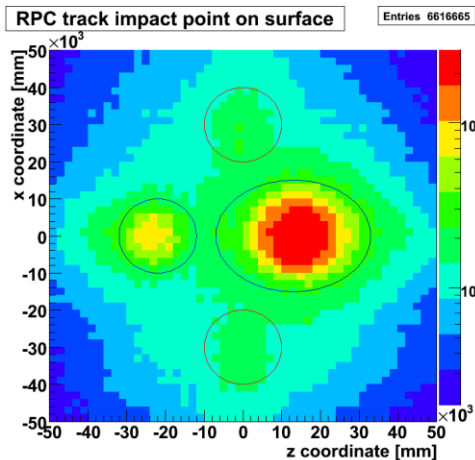
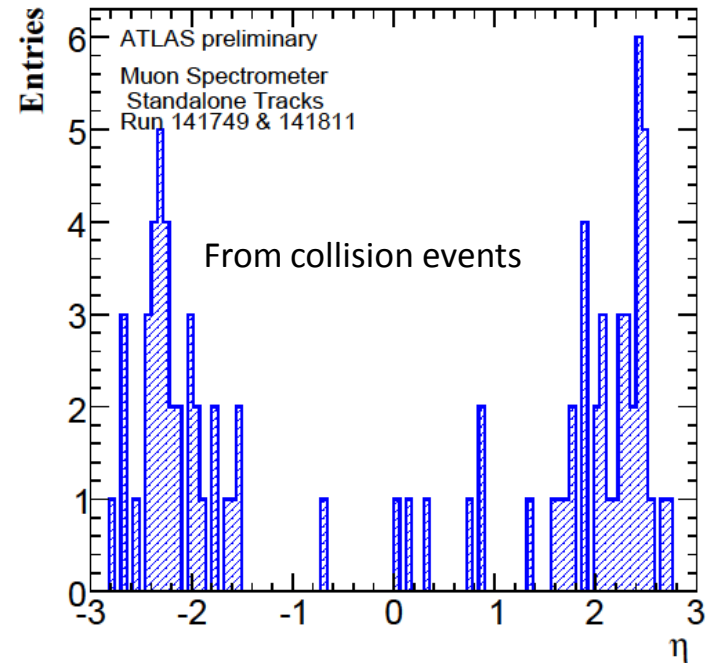
- LAr calorimeter cell energy distributions for 900 GeV collisions very well described by MC
- Similarly for Tile calorimeter, where 900 GeV and 2.36 TeV data are shown



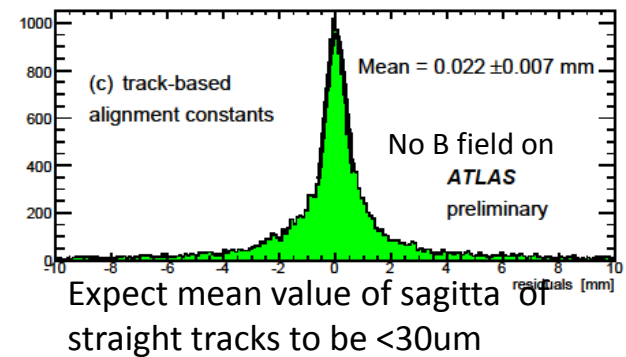
Missing E_T looks quite good for this early stage – both 900 GeV and 2.36 TeV min bias data compared to MC

Muon System

- Not many muons yet from collisions
 - Handfuls of candidates show expected η distribution
- Cosmics used for alignment, continually improving

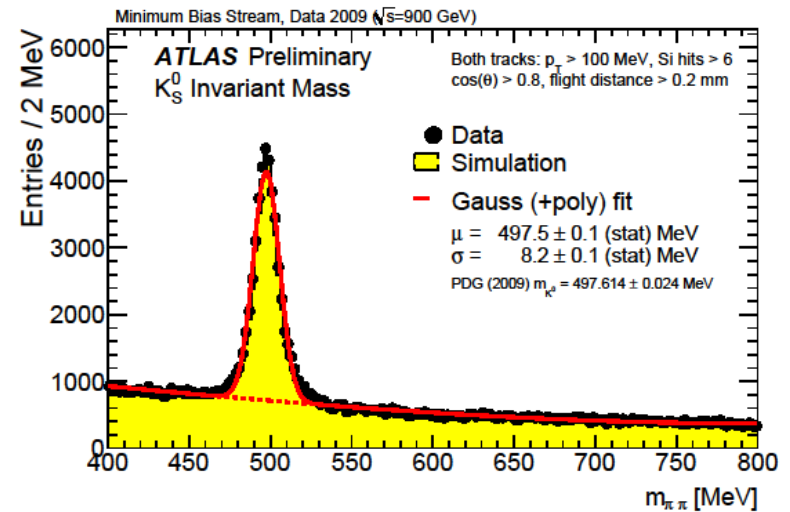
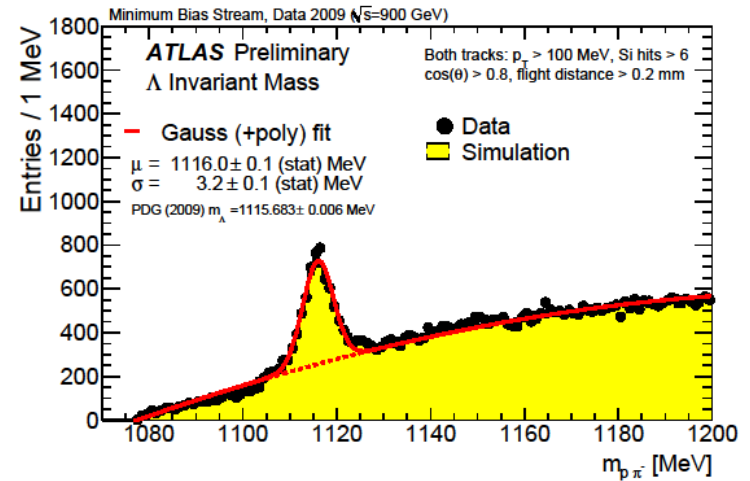
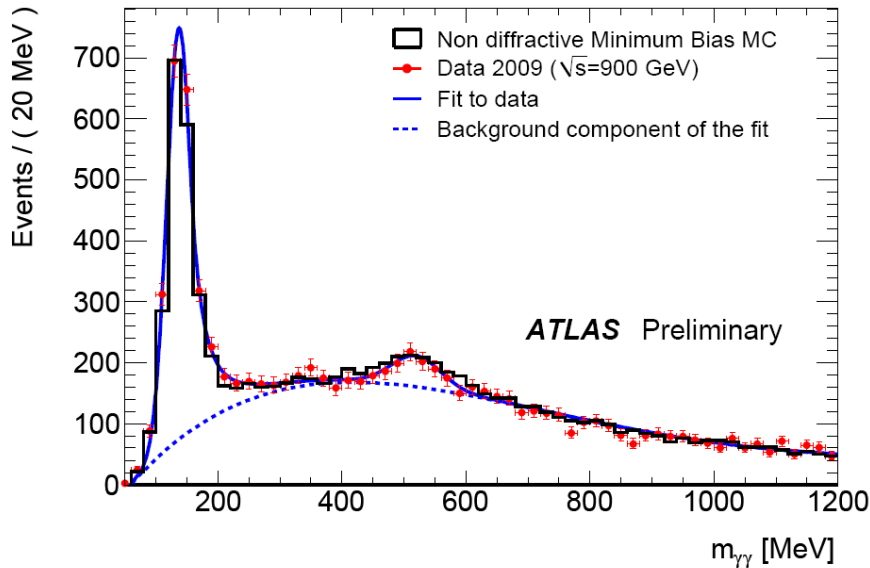


Cosmic distribution shows the shafts



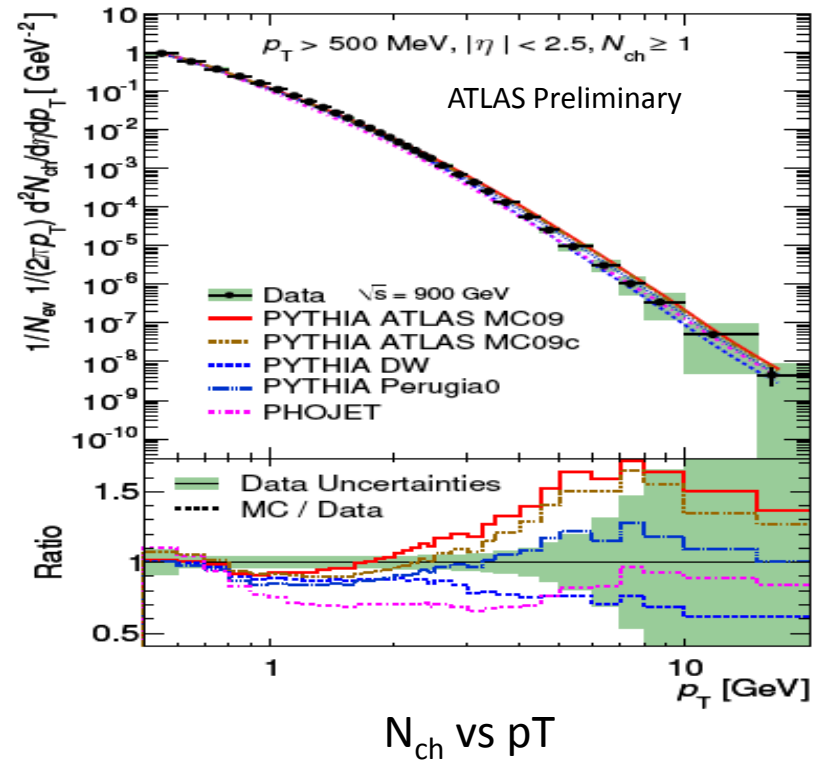
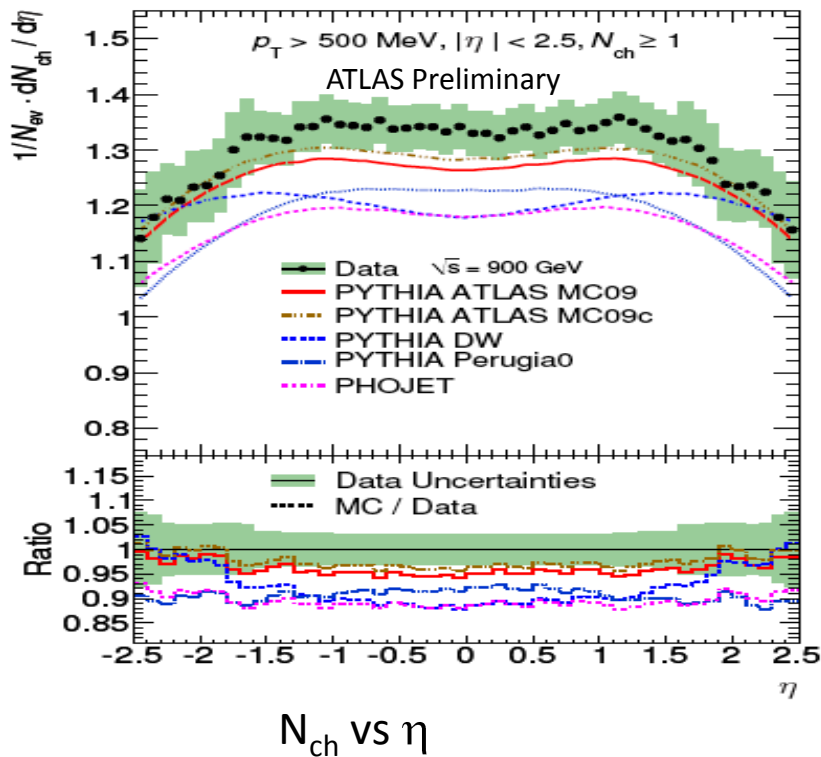
Finding particles

- Where expected...
 - $\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ (not yet corrected for dead material)
 - $K_s^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$
 - $\Lambda^0 \rightarrow p^+\pi^-$



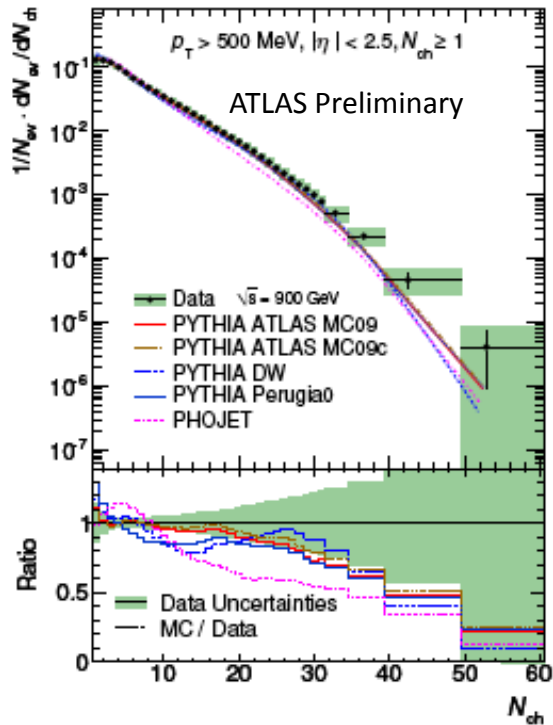
First Physics – Minimum Bias distributions

- Min Bias trigger (MBTS), primary charged particles $N_{ch} \geq 1$, $|\eta| < 2.5$, $p_T > 500 \text{ MeV}$

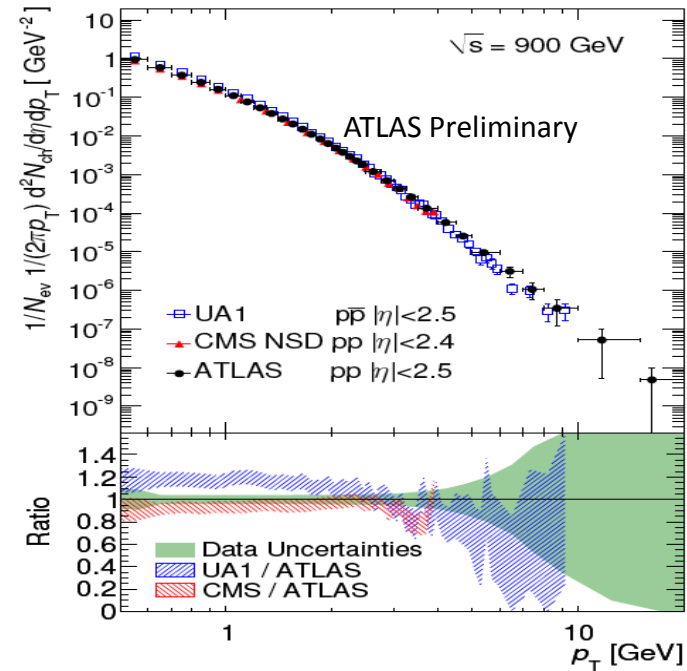
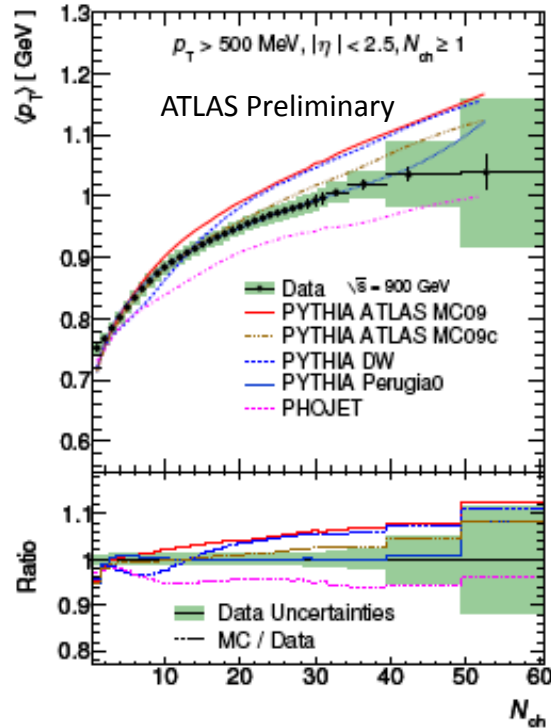


More Min Bias Distributions

Charged particle density

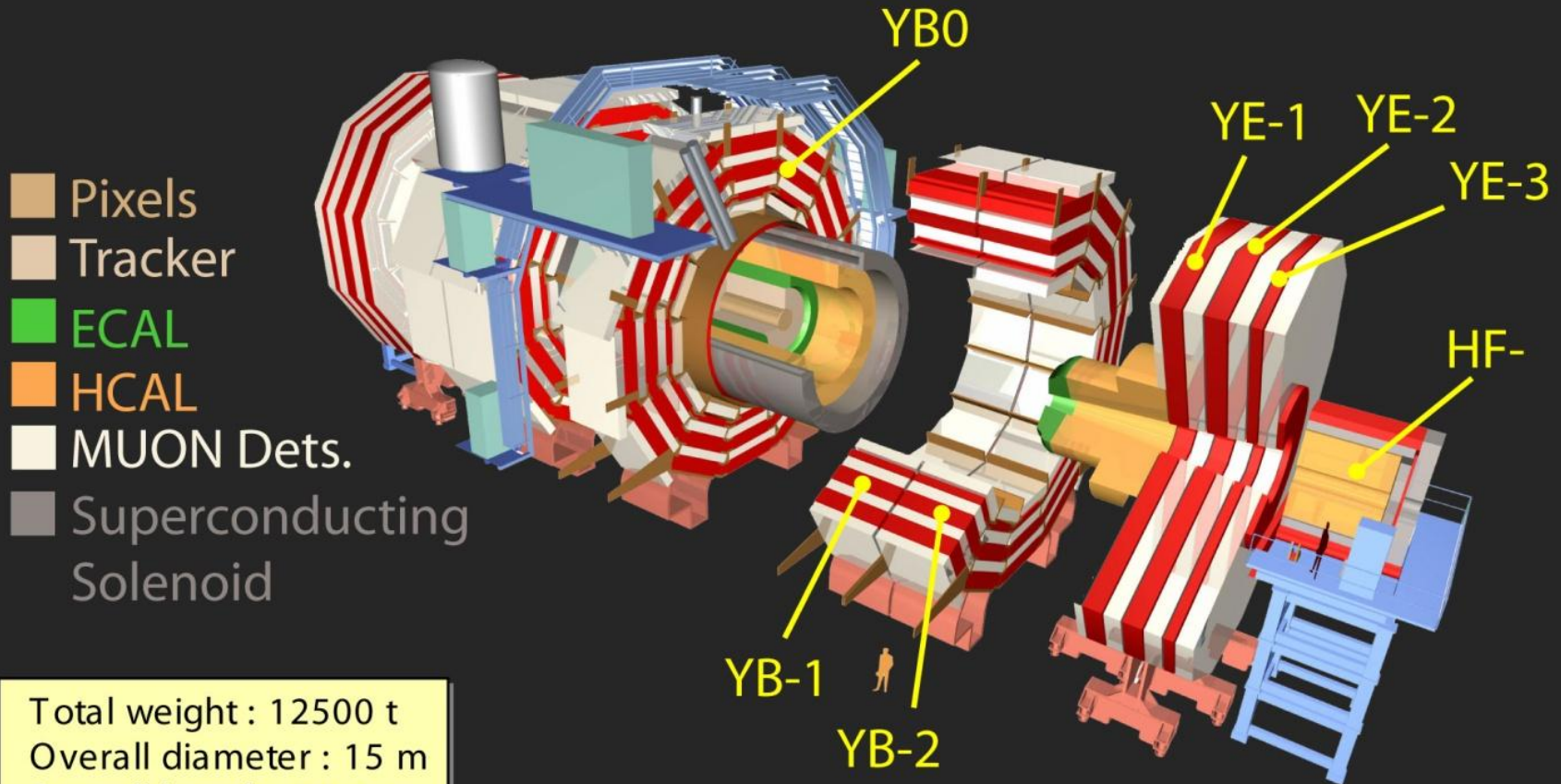


Average transverse momentum vs N_{ch}



p_T spectrum of charged particle multiplicities shows agreement with CMS, and can constrain models

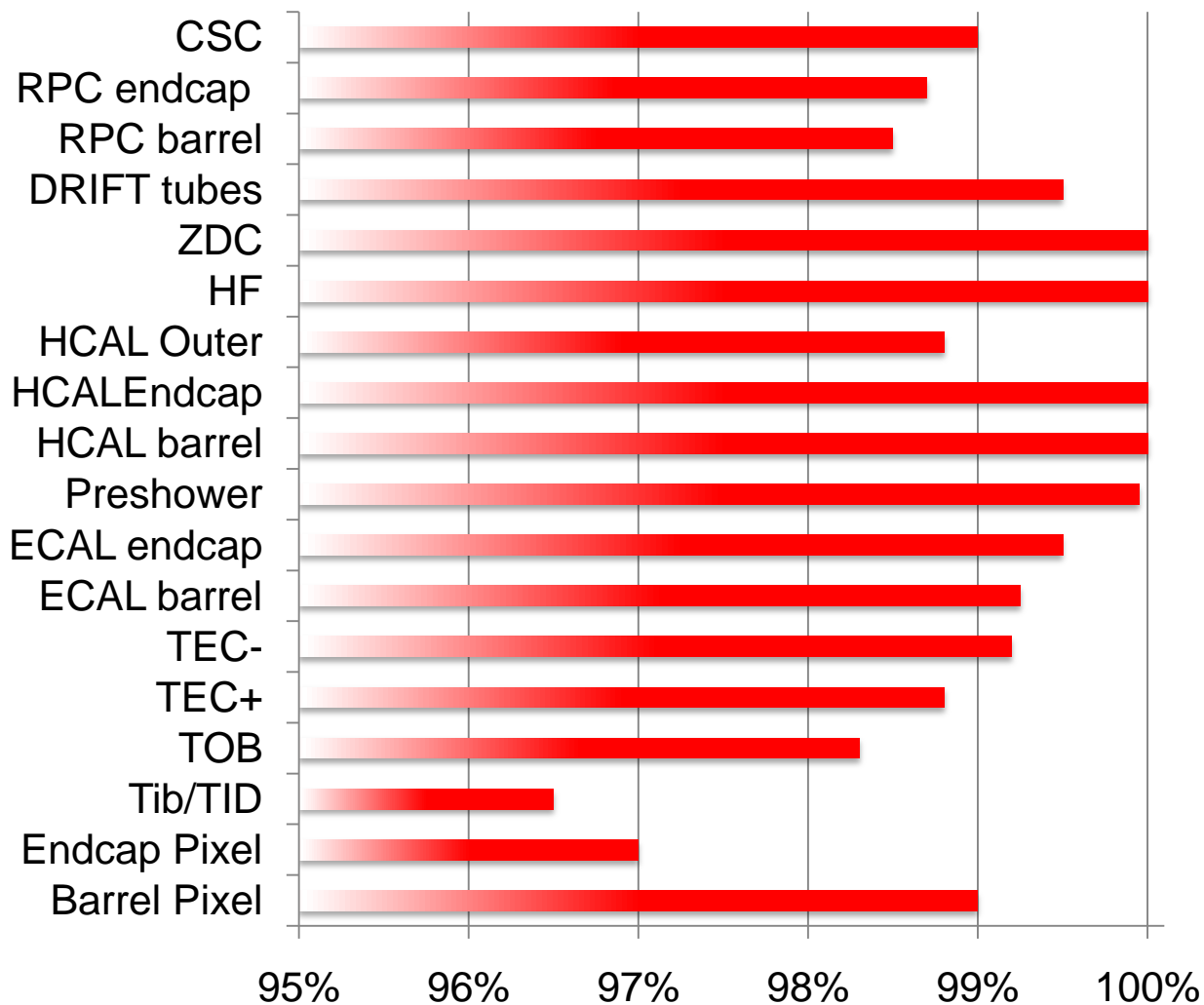
Status of CMS



Total weight : 12500 t
Overall diameter : 15 m
Overall length : 21.6 m
Magnetic field : 4 Tesla

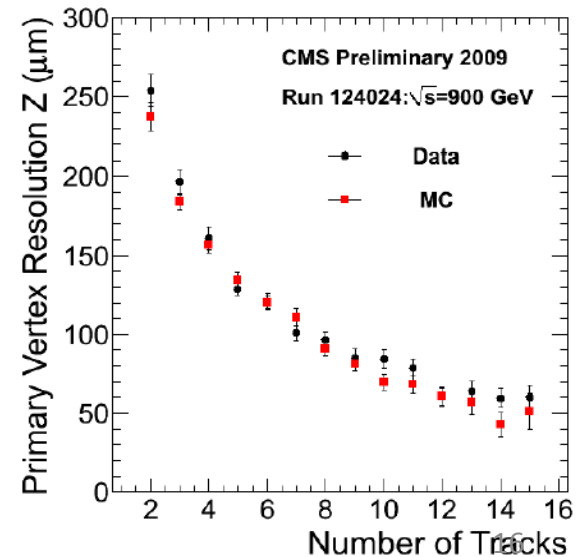
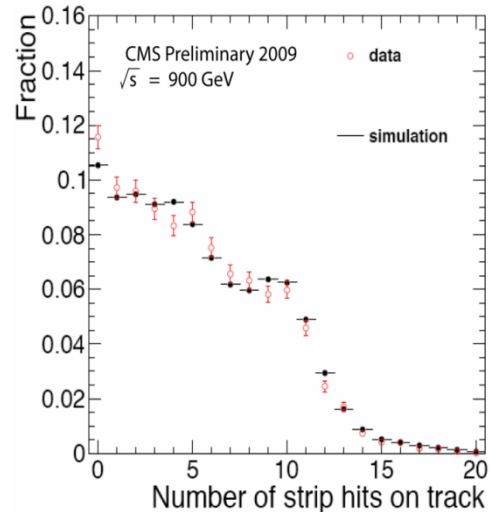
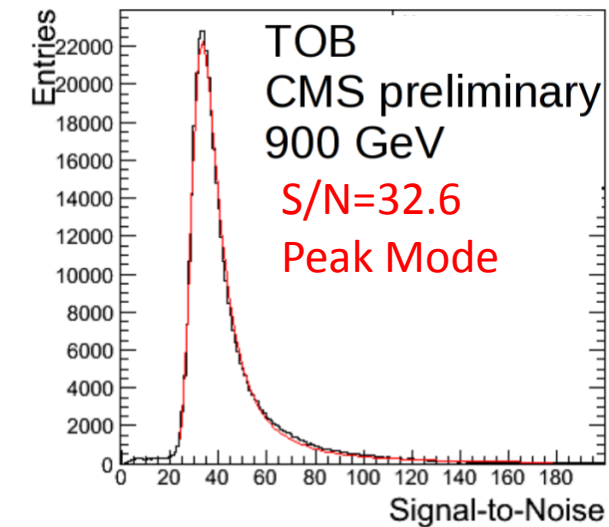
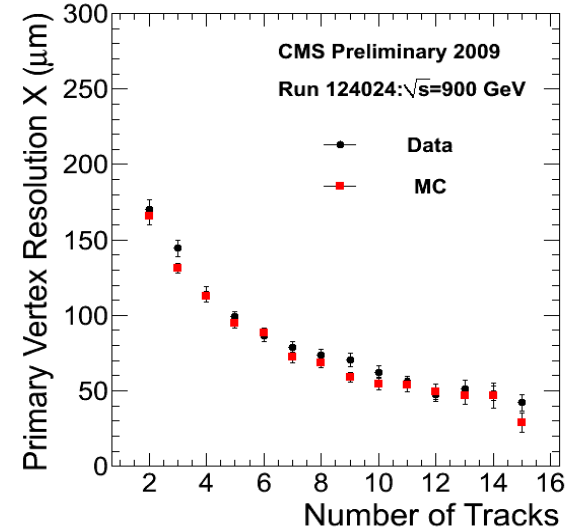
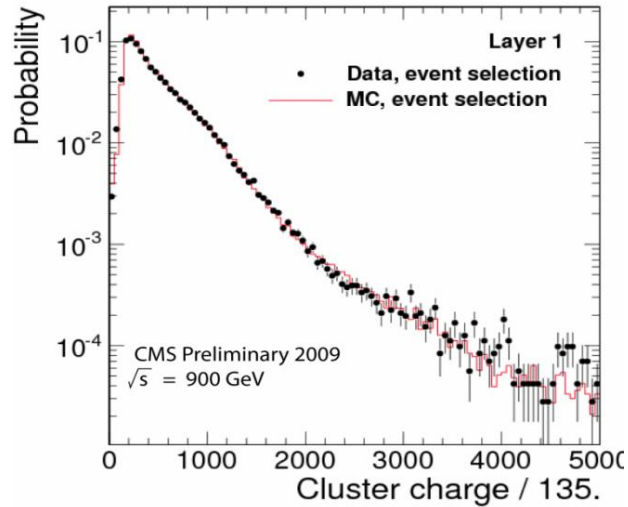
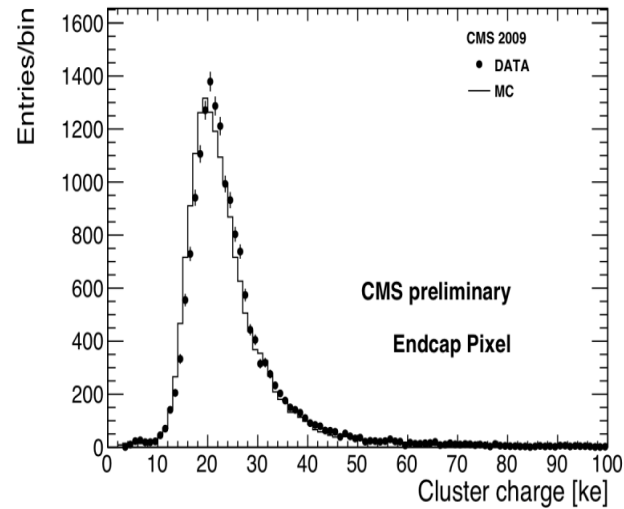
<http://cms.cern.ch>

Operational Fraction

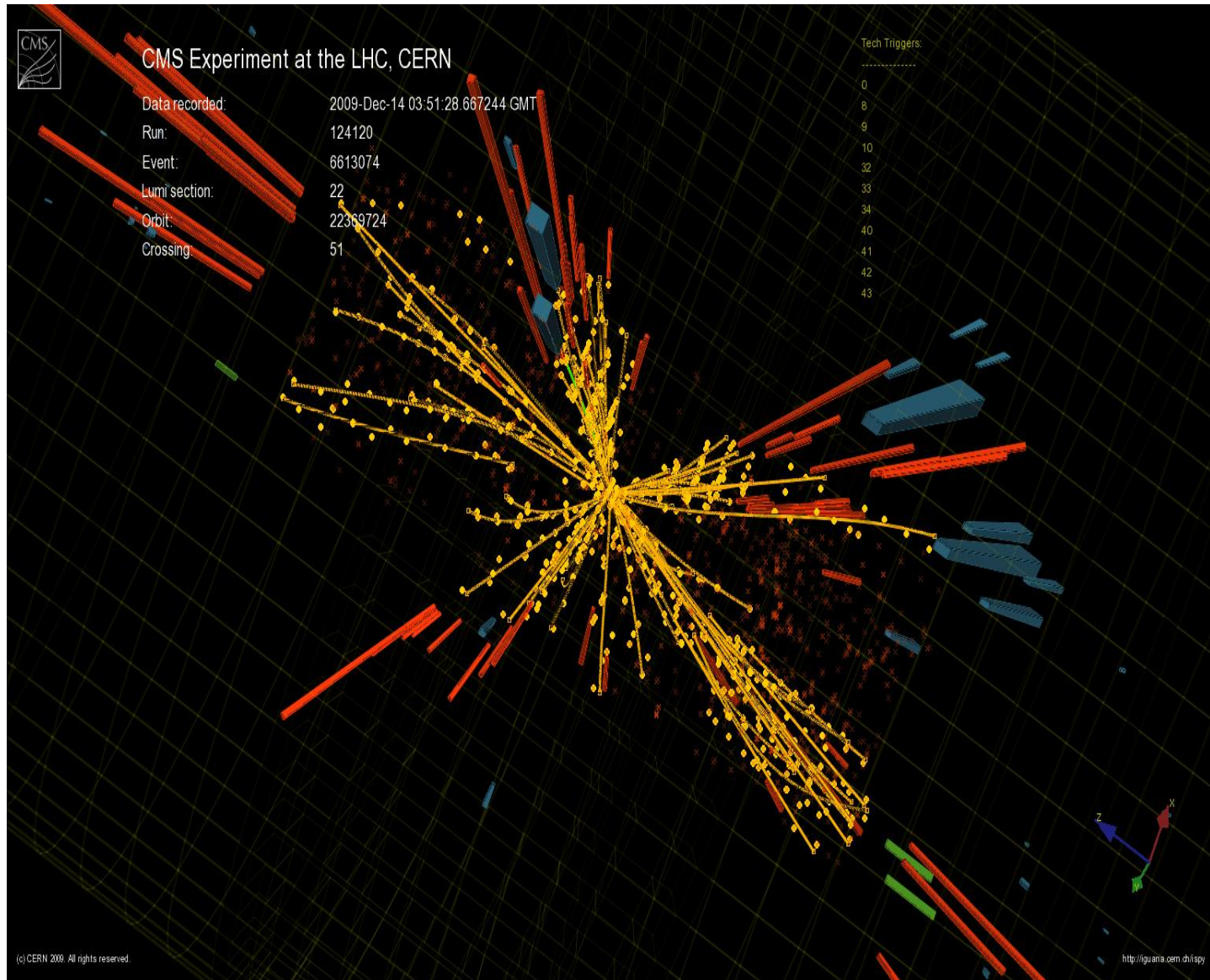


Silicon Strips and Pixels

Excellent agreement data and Monte Carlo simulations

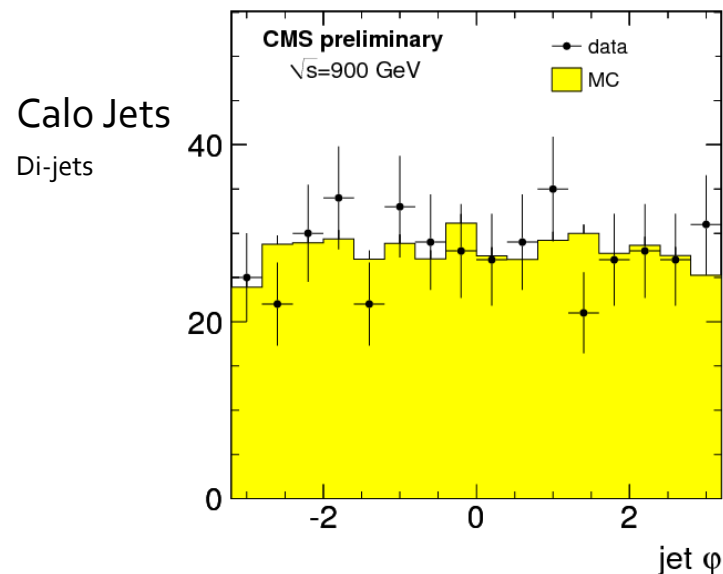
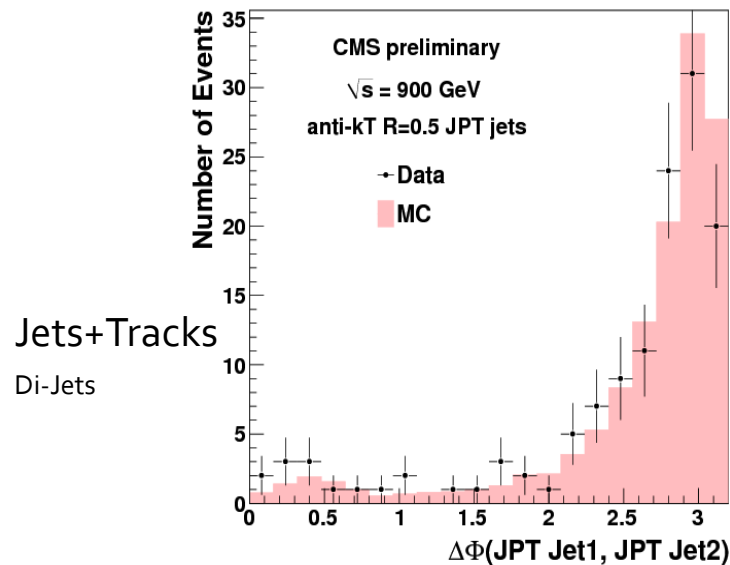
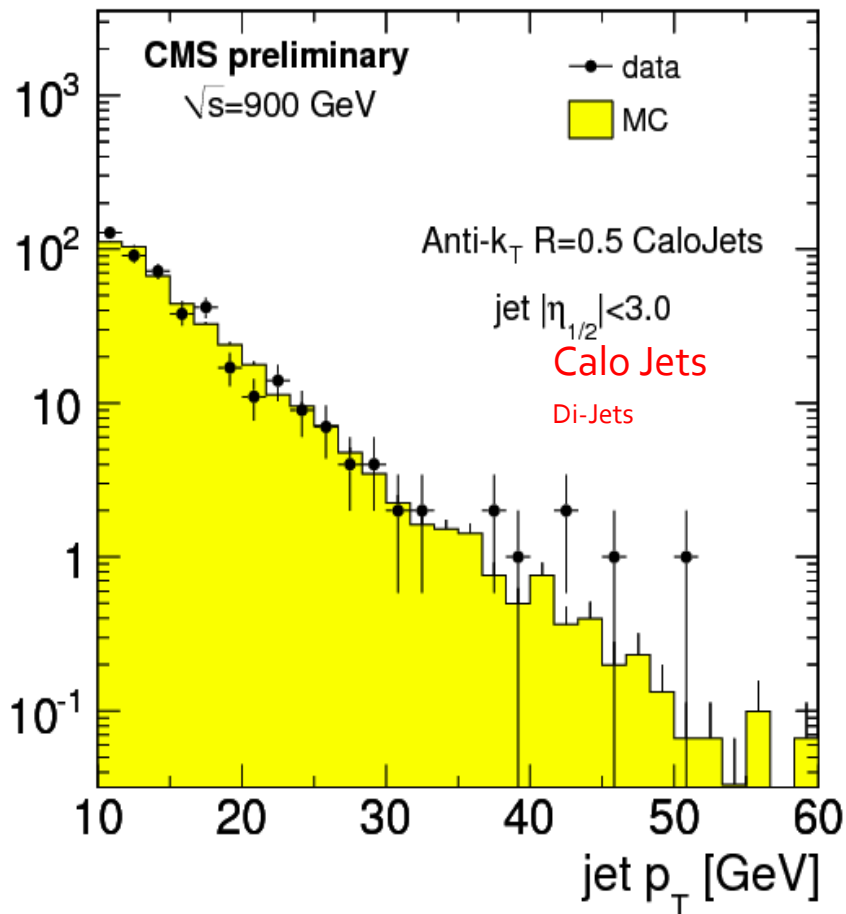


Calo performance: spectacular jets at 2.36 TeV

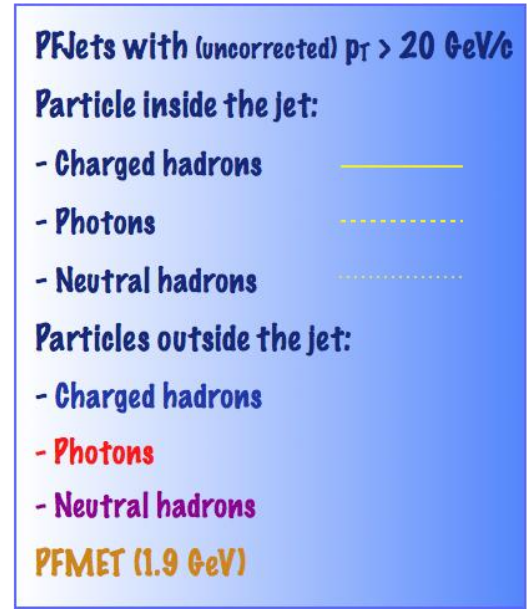
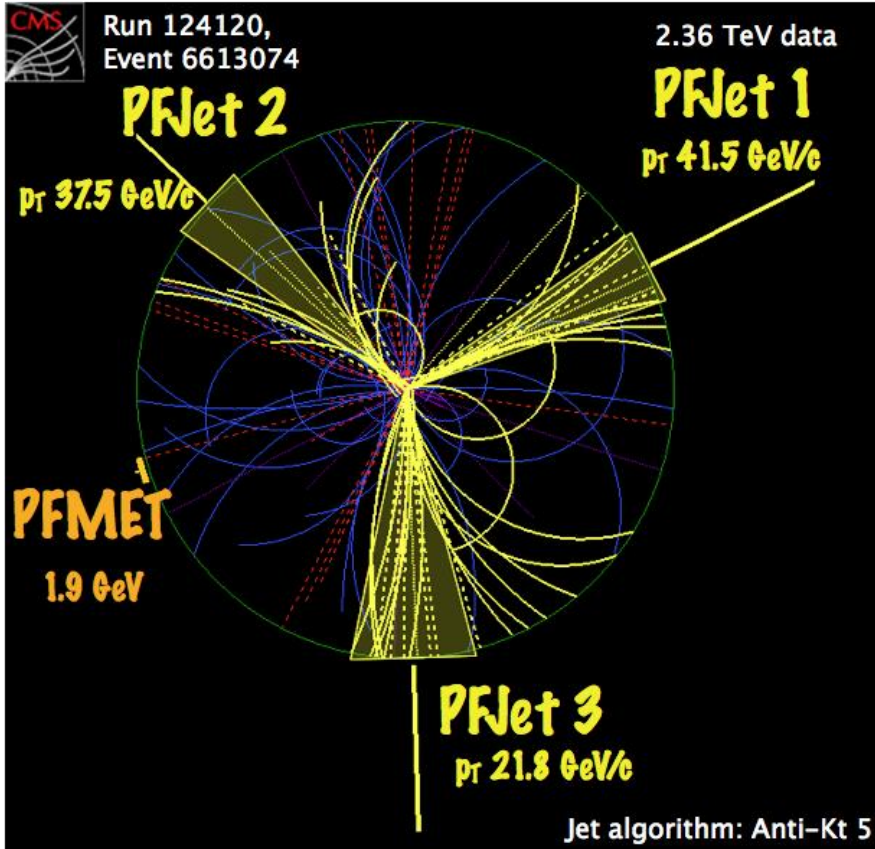


Calorimetry performance: di-jets

Good agreement between data and Monte Carlo on the p_T and angular distributions of di-jets

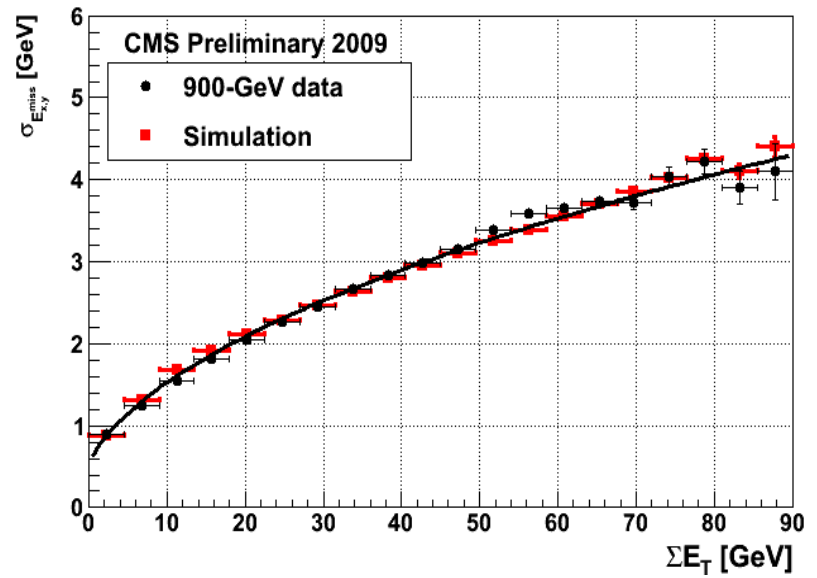


Particle Flow: multi jet event @ 2.36 TeV

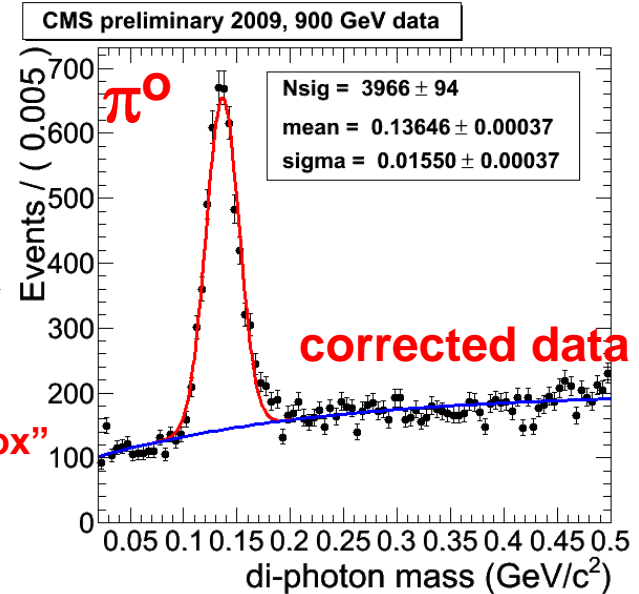
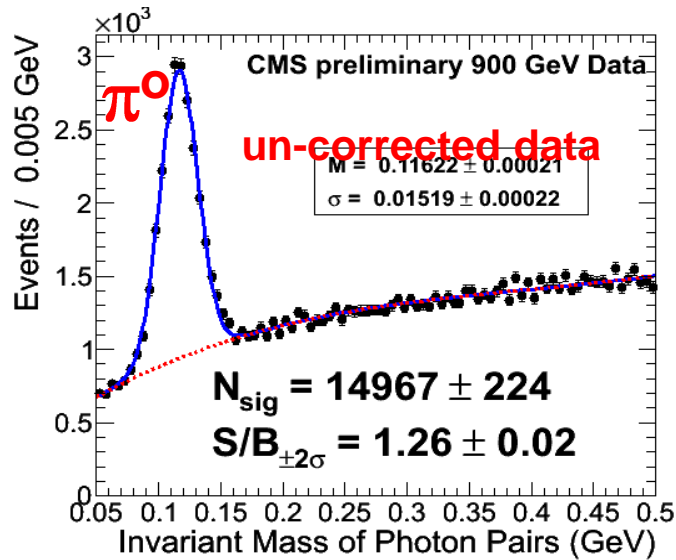


$$\sigma(E_{x,y}^{\text{miss}}) = a \oplus b \sqrt{\sum E_T}$$

a = 0.55 GeV
b = 45 % (PFlow)

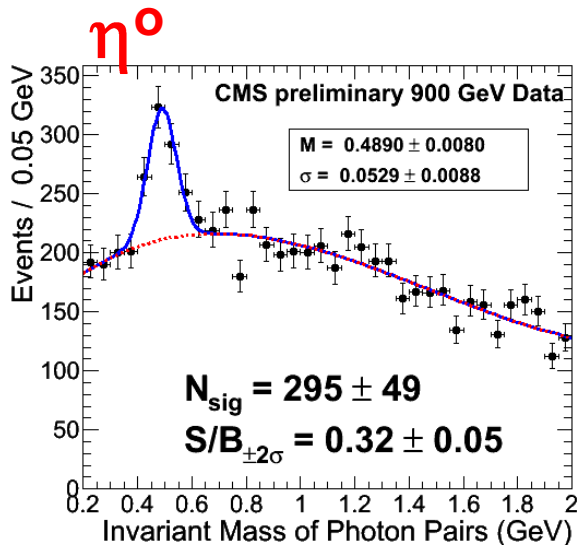


Reconstructing resonances: π^0 and η^0

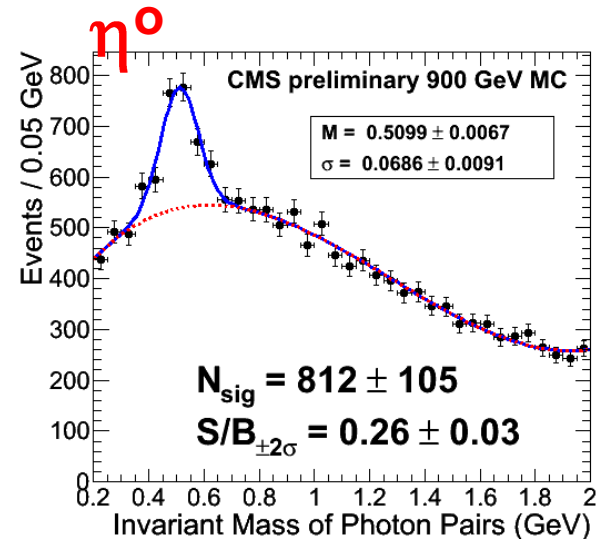


π^0 mass with
 “out-of-the-box”
 Monte Carlo
 correction
 factors.

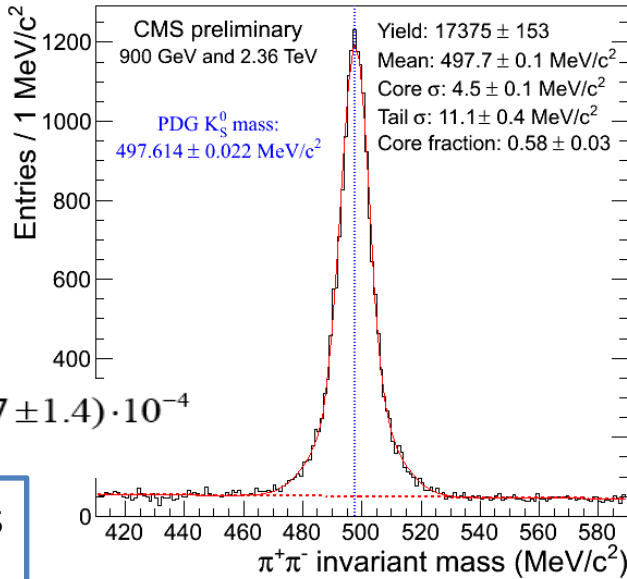
D
A
T
A



M
C

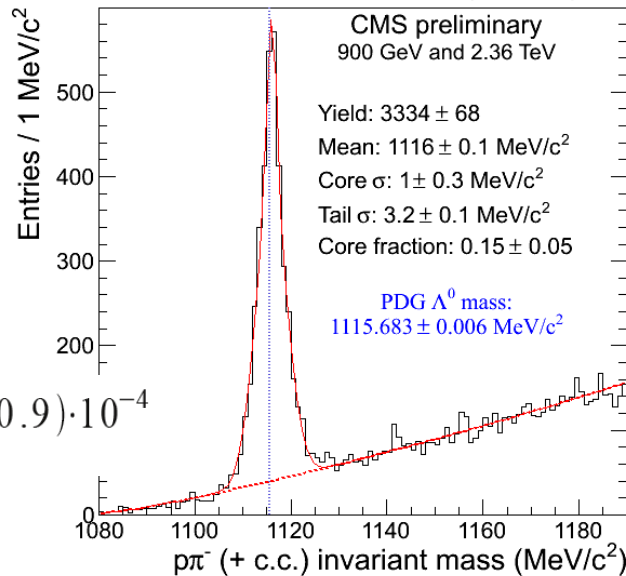


K_s^0 , Λ^0 , Ξ^\pm Reconstruction



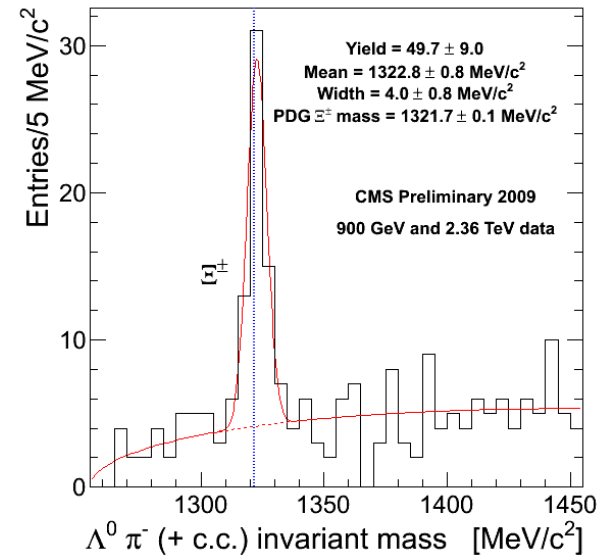
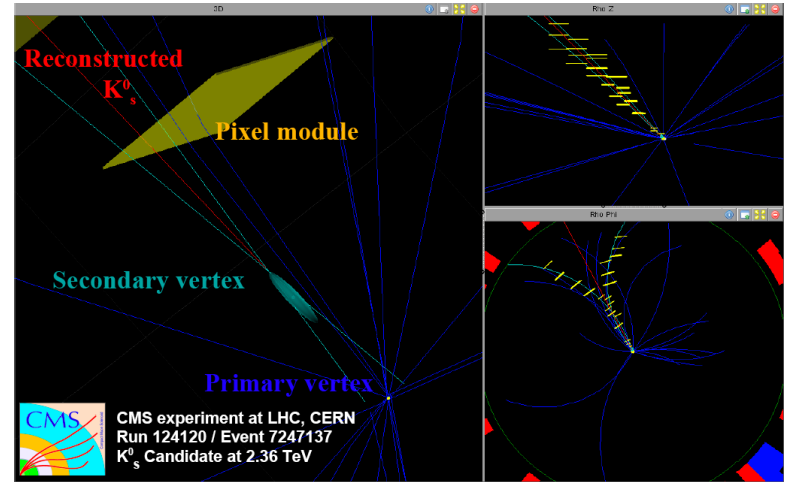
$$\frac{m}{m_{PDG}} = 1 - (0.7 \pm 1.4) \cdot 10^{-4}$$

For lifetimes
see backup
slides

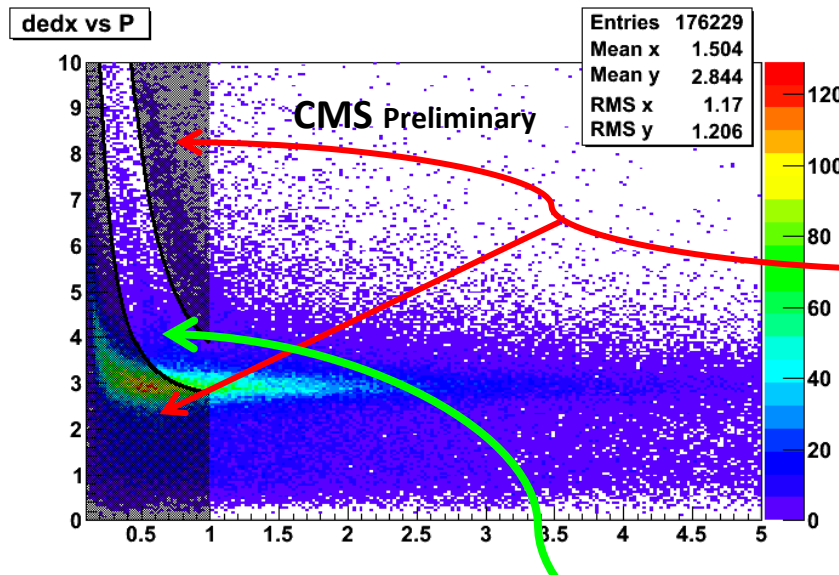


$$\frac{m}{m_{PDG}} = 1 + (1.9 \pm 0.9) \cdot 10^{-4}$$

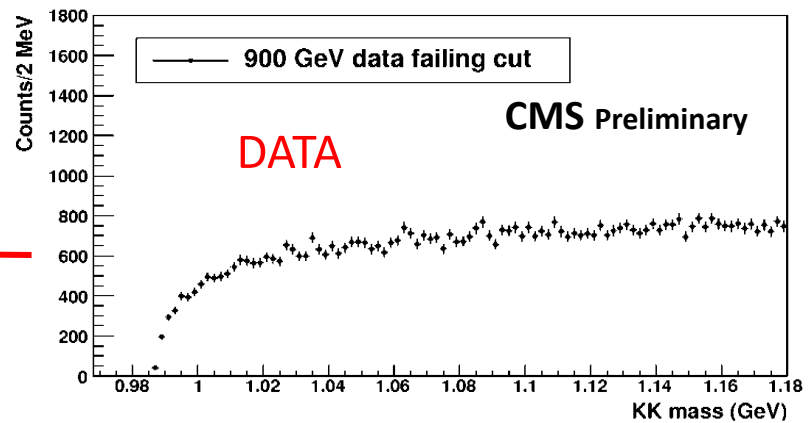
K_s^0 candidate event at 2.36 TeV



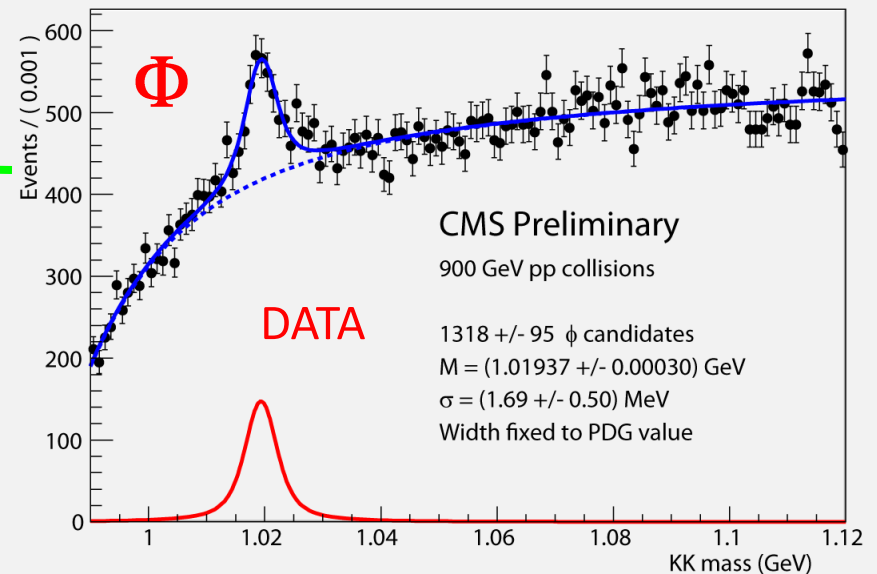
$\Phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-$ using dE/dx



- Event selection.
- Rejection of low P tracks ($< 1\text{ GeV}$) with dE/dx incompatible with the hypothesis of a charged K (light band).
- Invariant mass reconstruction in the two regions



$\phi \rightarrow KK$ candidates

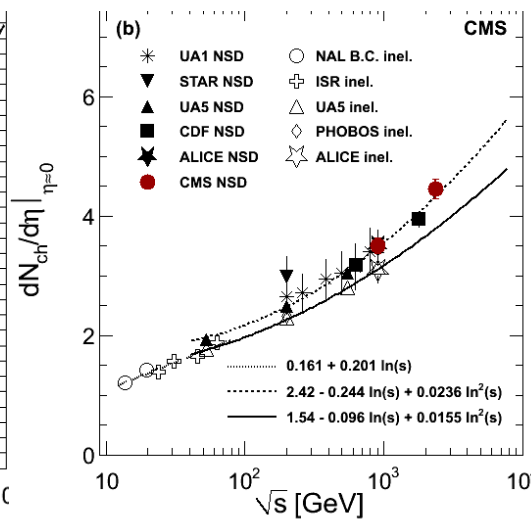
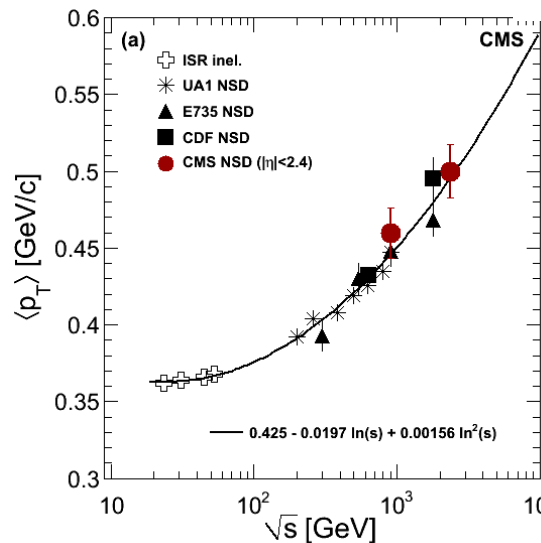
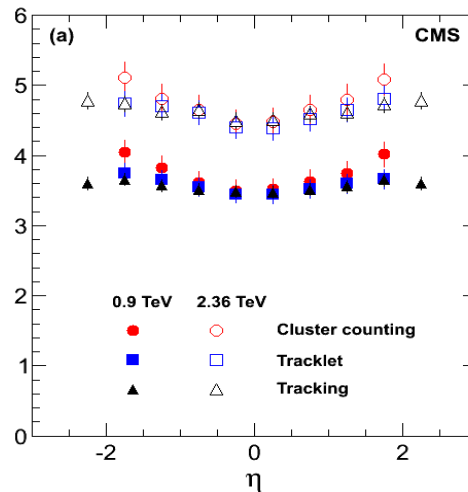
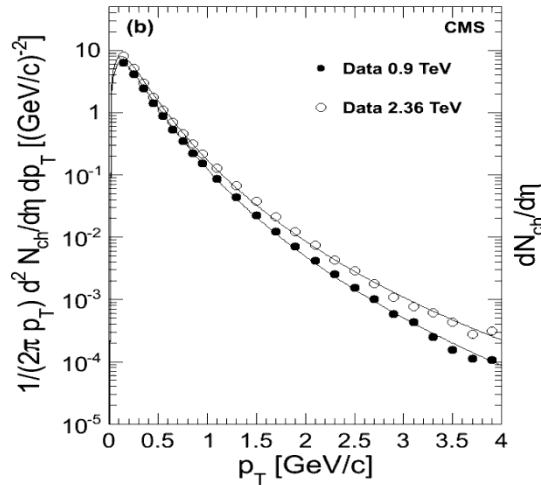


and the first CMS paper on LHC data

Transverse momentum and pseudorapidity distributions of charged hadrons at $\sqrt{s} = 900$ and 2360 GeV

submitted to JHEP on February 3-rd, accepted for publication on February 7-th

*<http://dx.doi.org/10.1007/JHEP02%282010%29041>



- Complete analysis with three different methods to control better systematics.

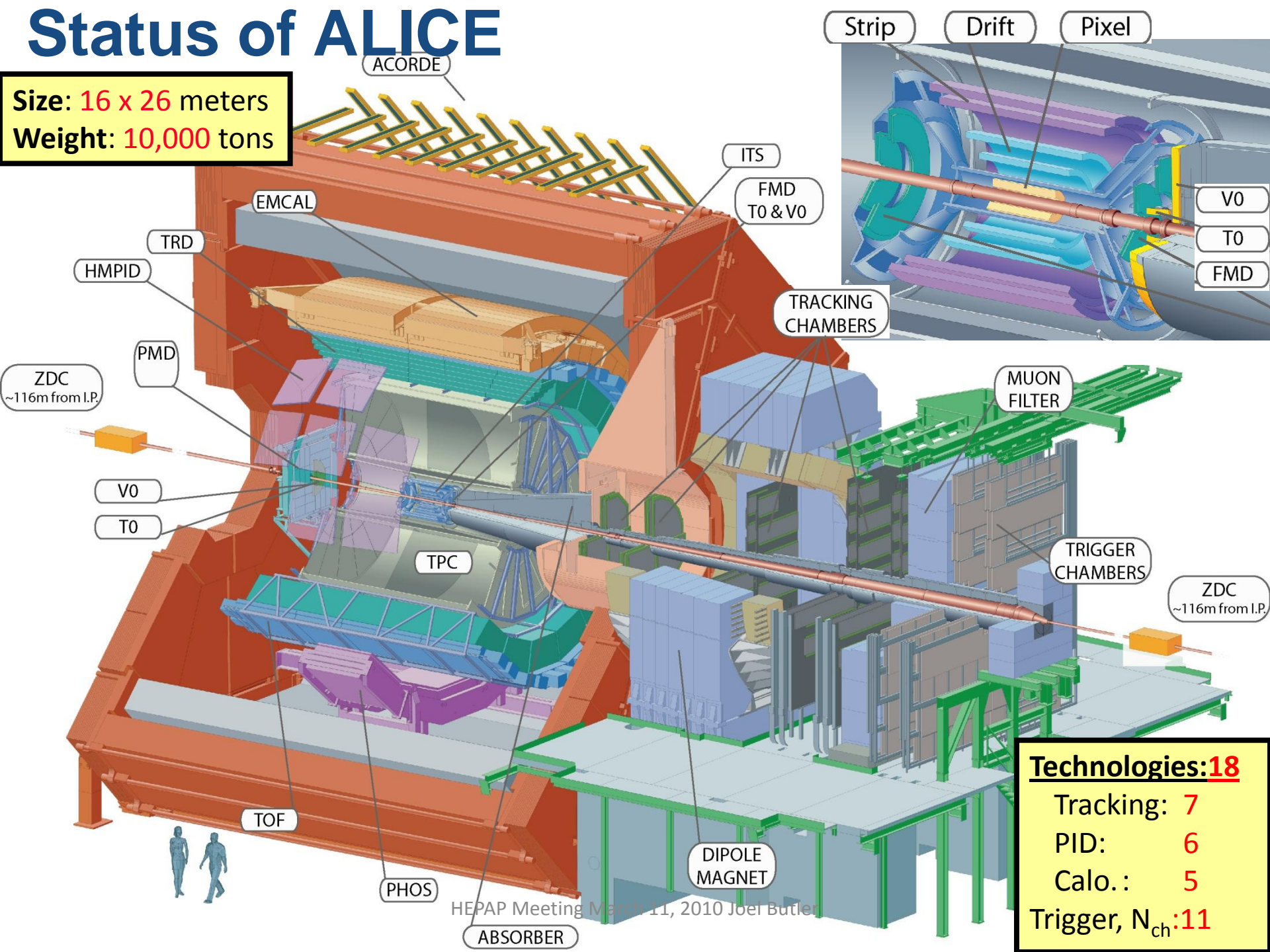
- Another confirmation of the excellent tracker performance and good MC description of pixel and strips.

- Important test of our capability to produce high quality physics results in a timely manner.

- First detailed look at minimum bias and underlying event to prepare for high luminosity and HI running.

Status of ALICE

Size: 16 x 26 meters
Weight: 10,000 tons

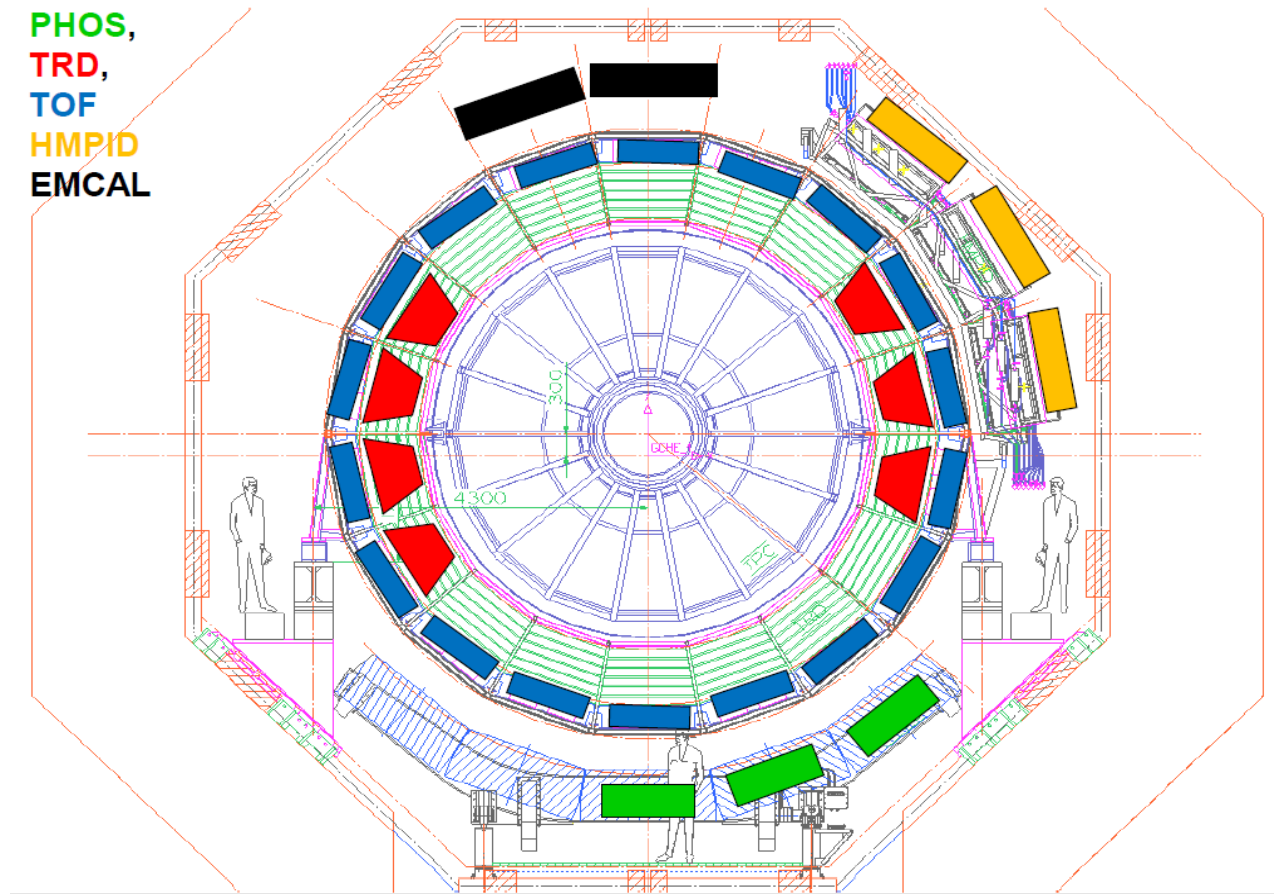


Technologies: 18
 Tracking: 7
 PID: 6
 Calo.: 5
 Trigger, N_{ch} : 11

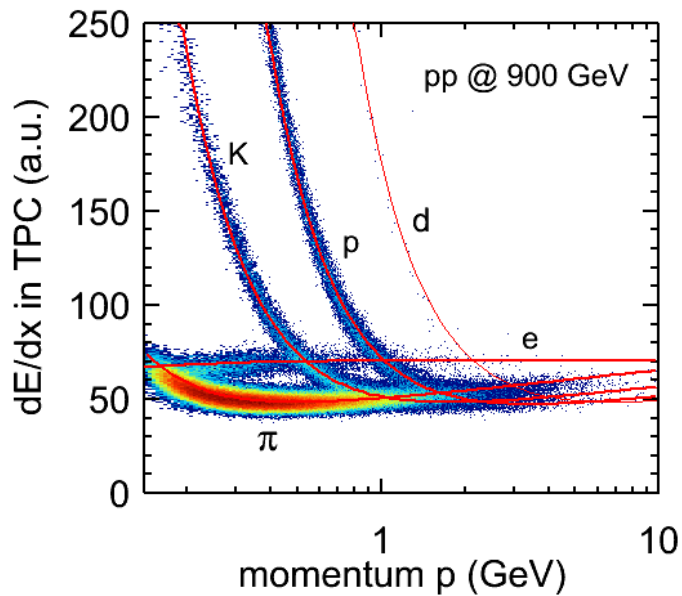
Completion Status

Complete: ITS, TPC, TOF, HMPID, Muon, Vo, To, FMD, PMD, ZDC

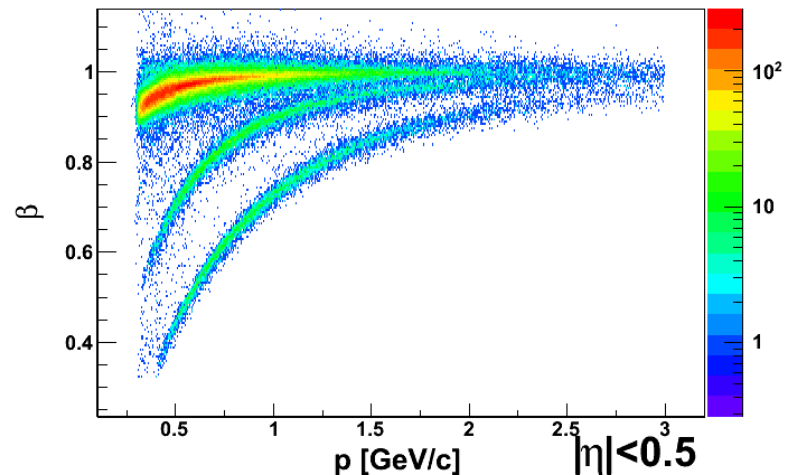
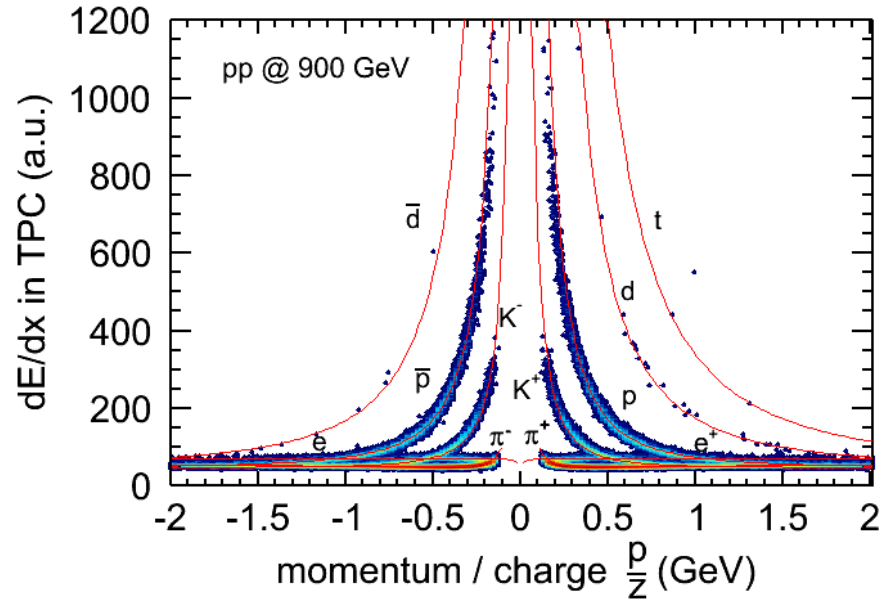
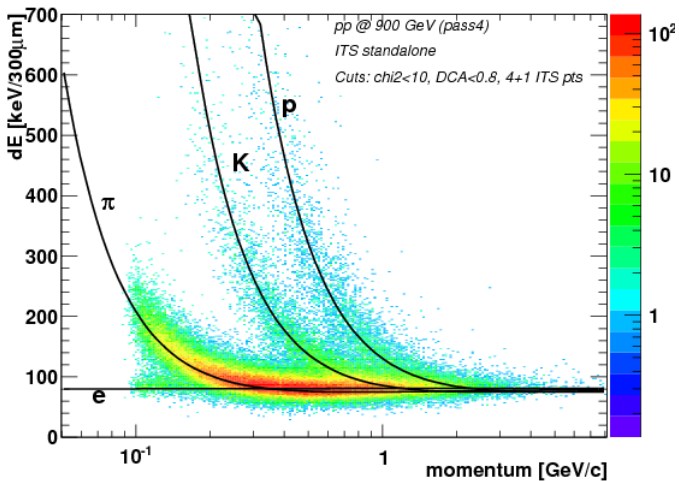
Partial: TRD (7/18), EMCAL(4/12), PHOS (3/5), HLT (60%)



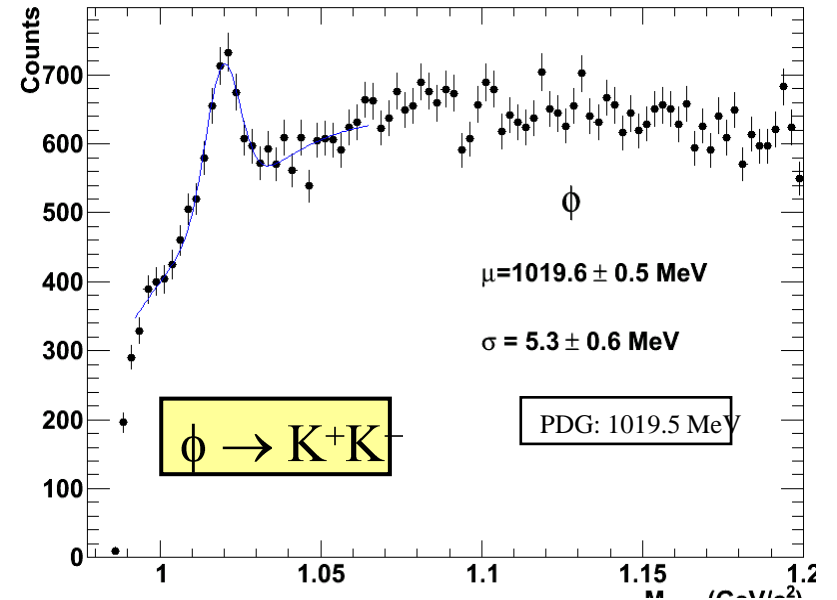
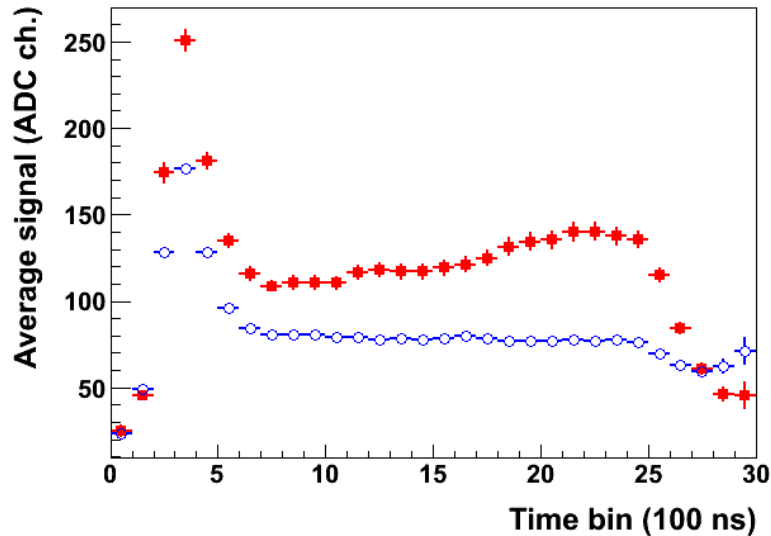
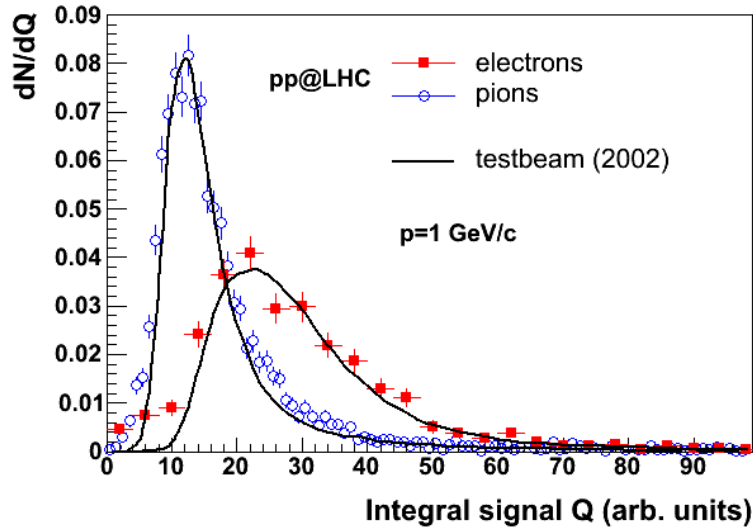
Particle Identification



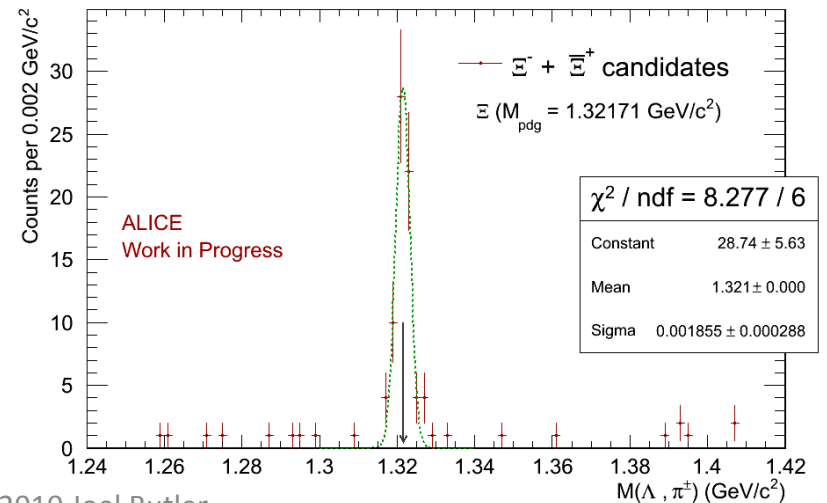
dEdX distribution (ITS signal, truncated mean) Entries 148725



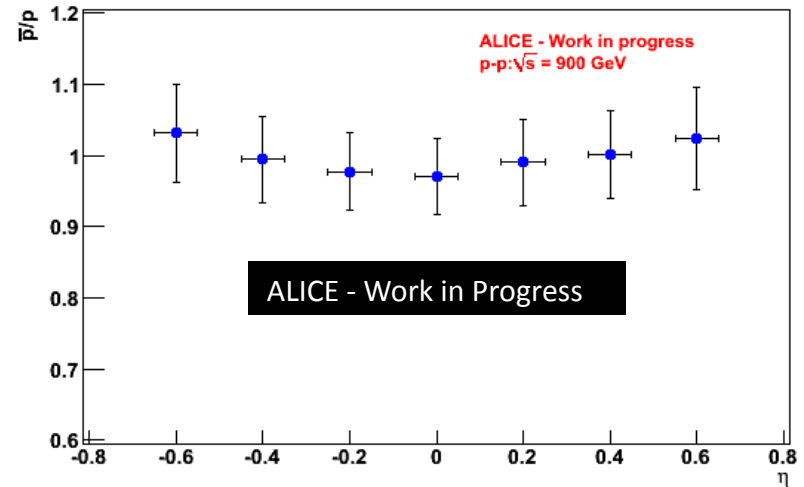
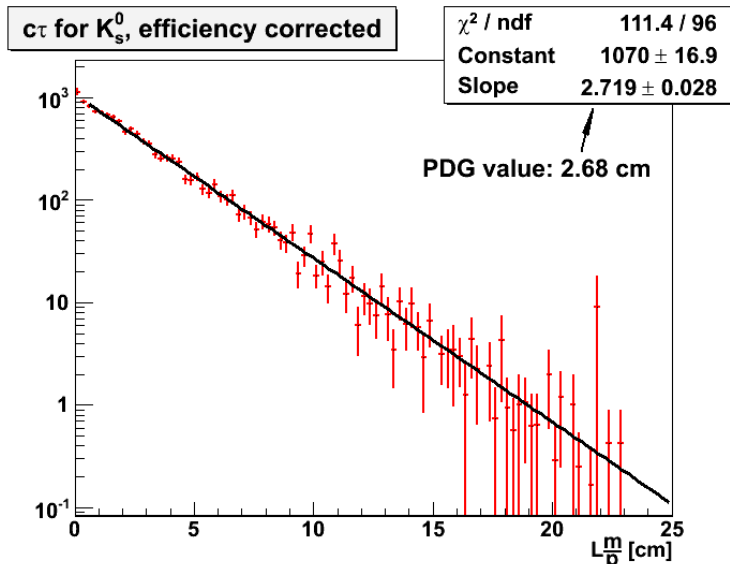
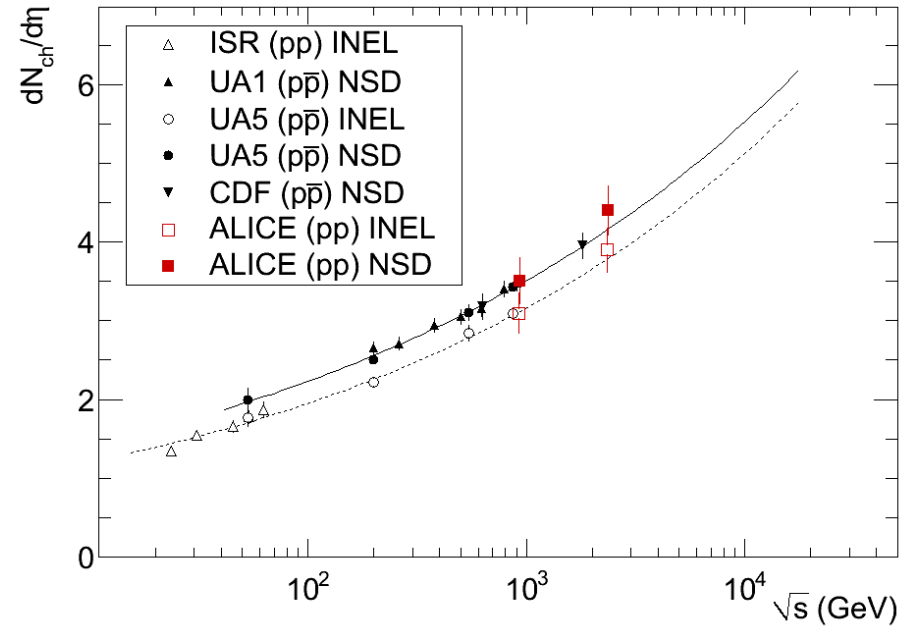
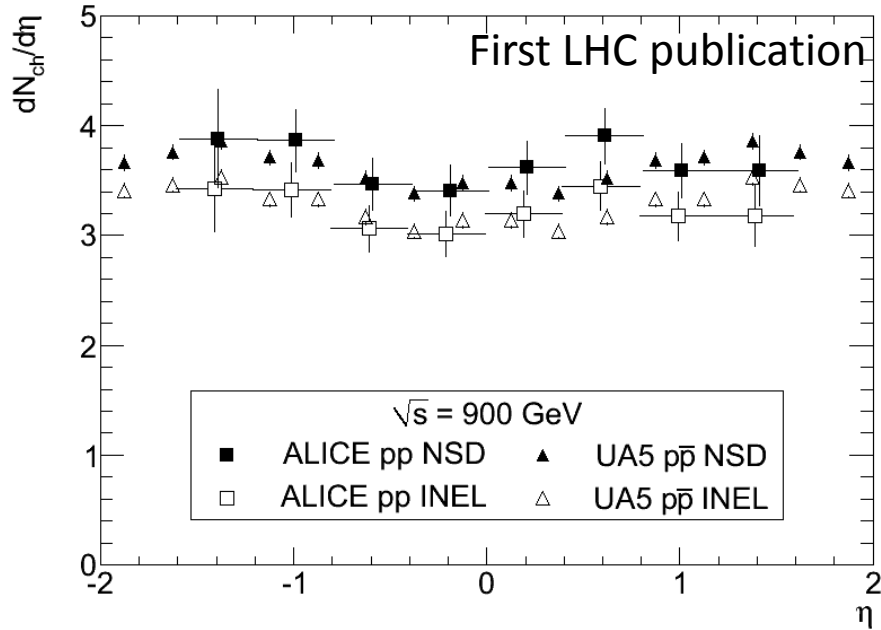
Transition Radiator and Tracking



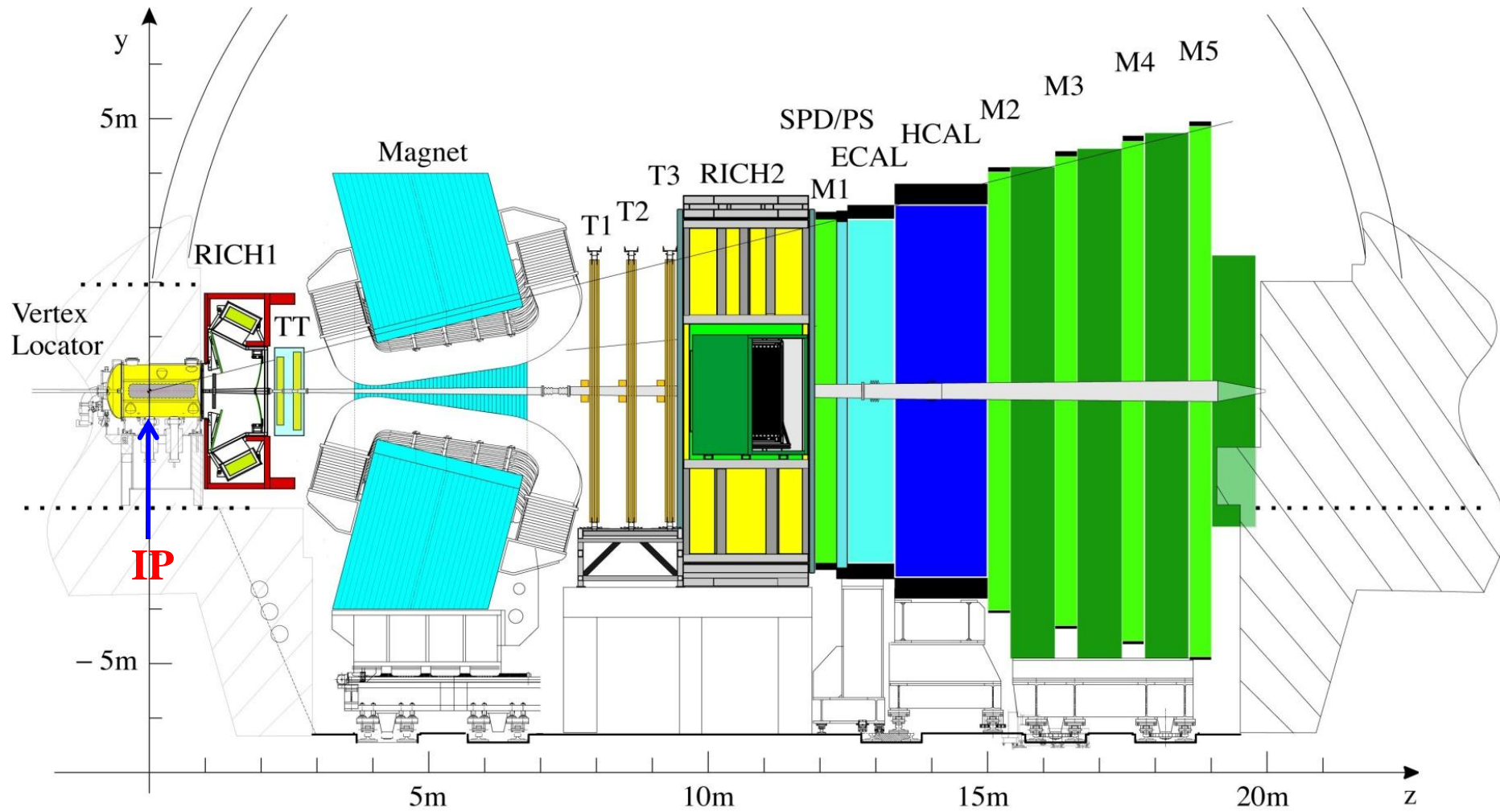
ALICE data, p-p at 900 GeV



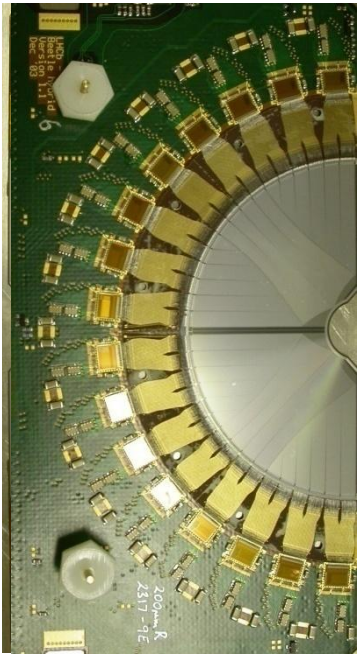
Some ALICE Physics Results



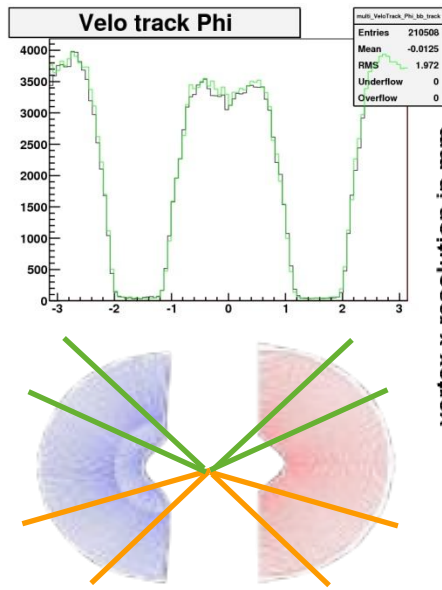
Status of LHCb



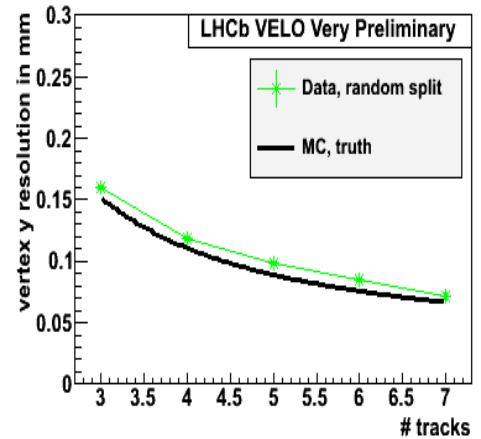
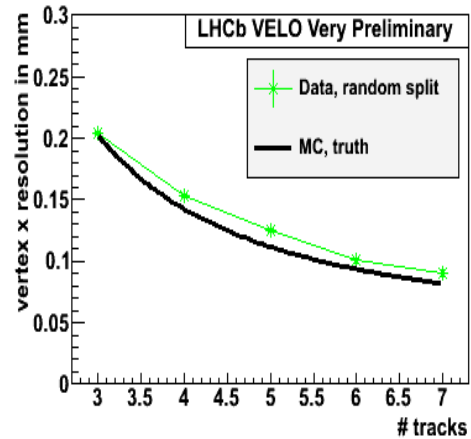
Tracking, K_S and Λ masses



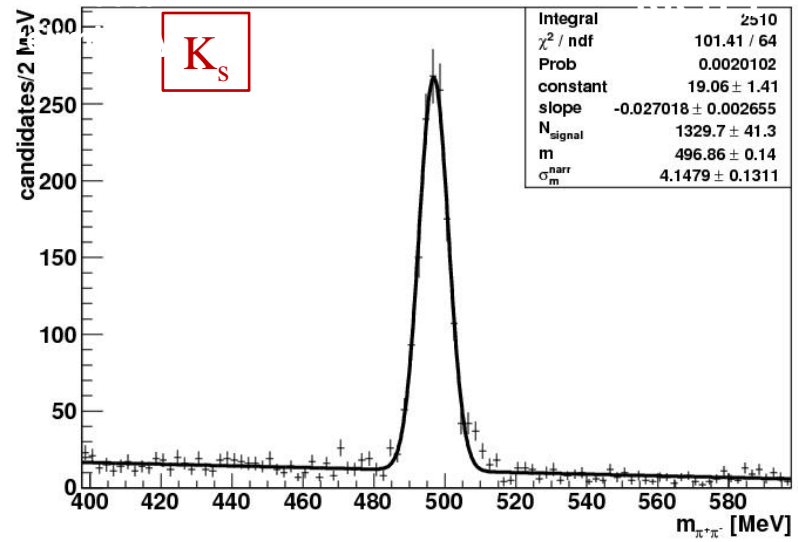
450 GeV \rightarrow 4.2 mrad



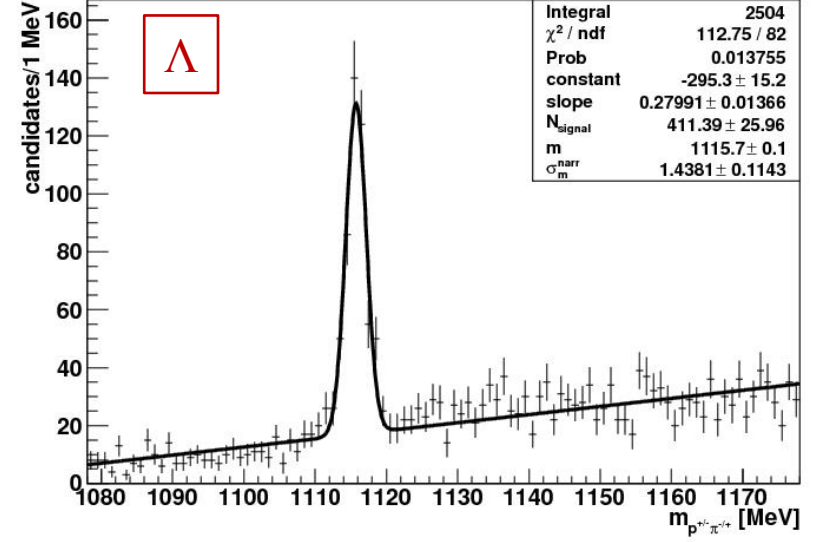
VELO stays partially open to protect it from beam incident at this early stage



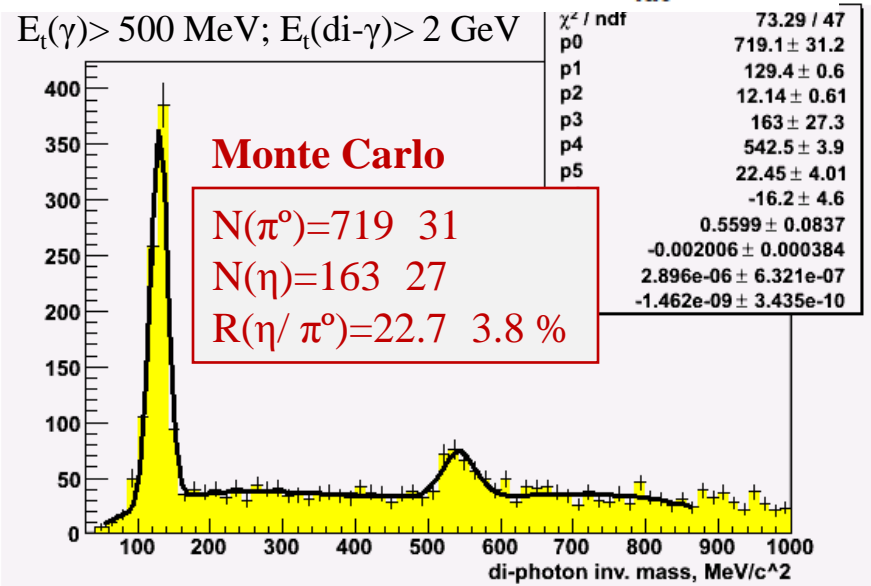
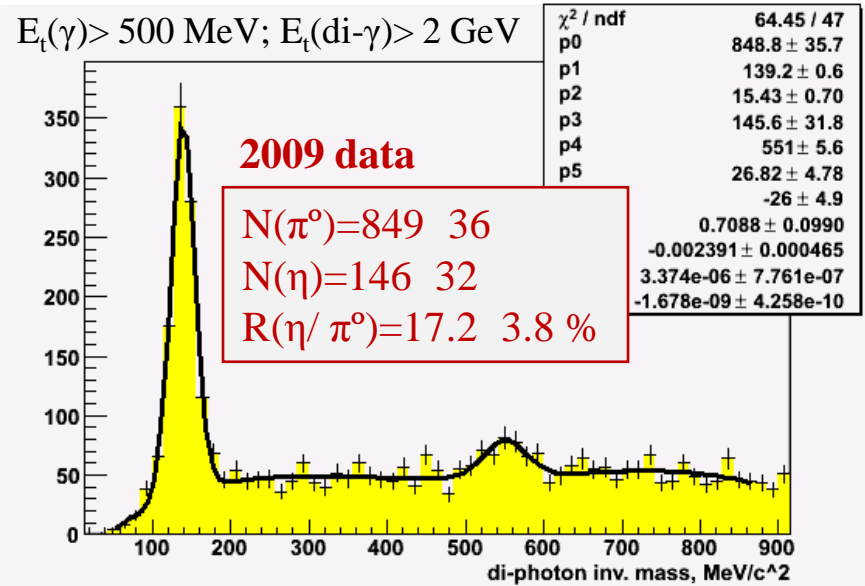
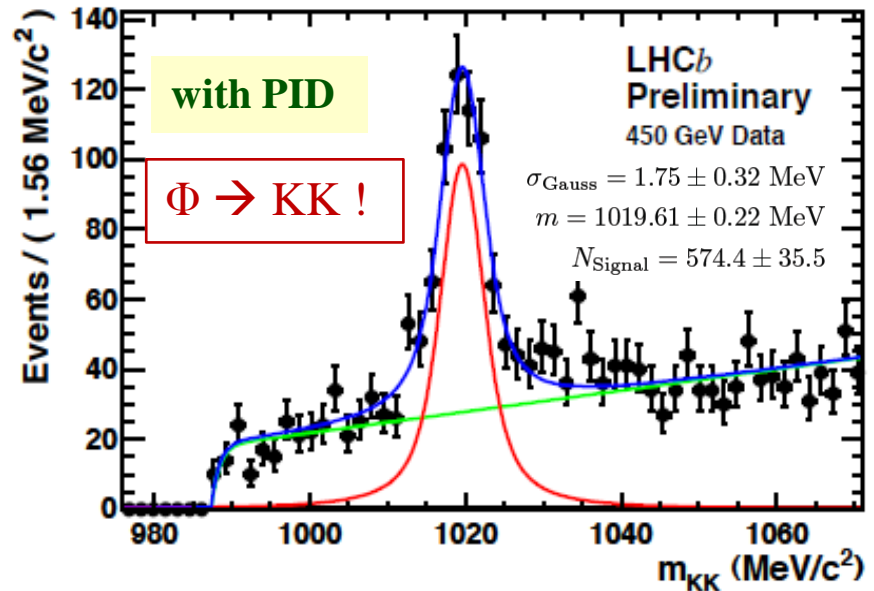
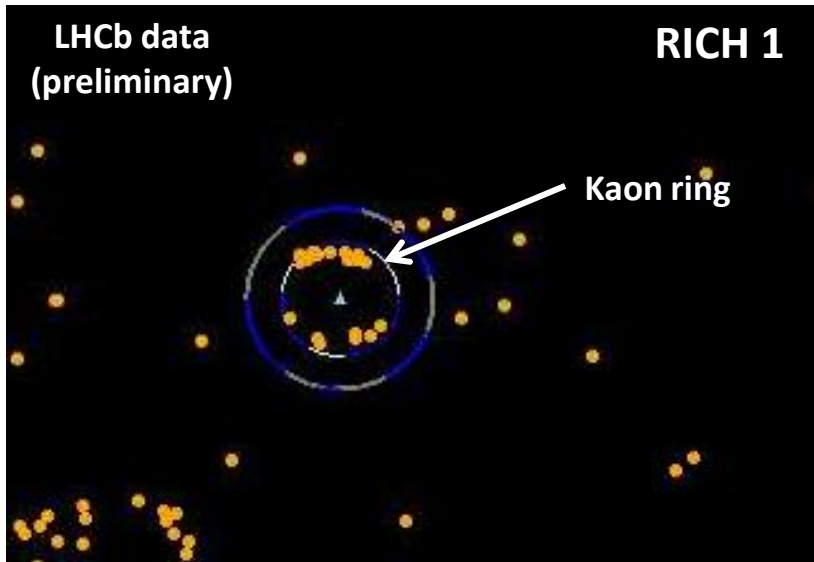
$m_{\pi^+\pi^-}$ (LHCb 2009 data, preliminary)



$m_{p^+\pi^-\pi^0}$ (LHCb 2009 data, preliminary)

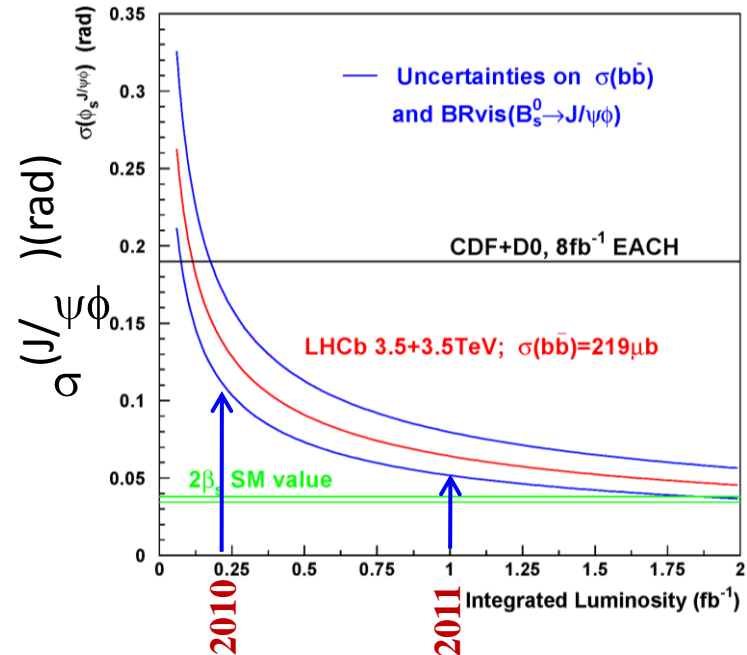
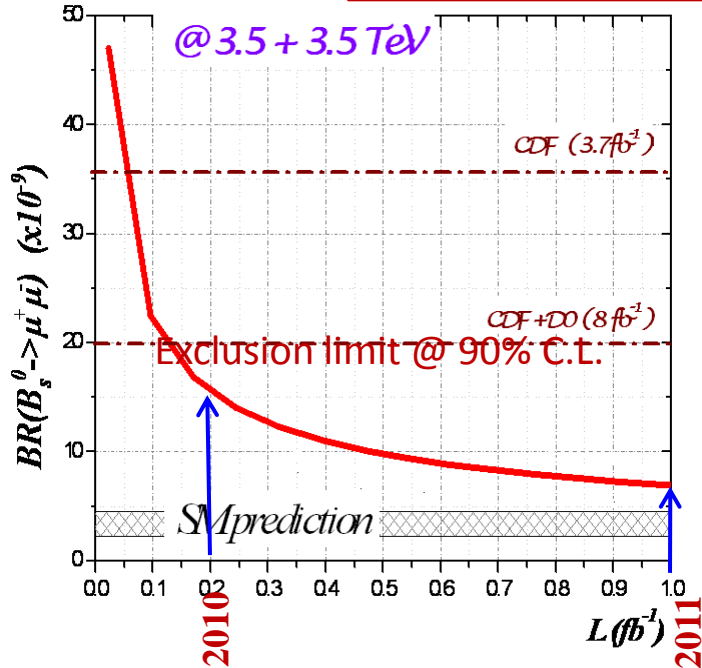


RICH and Calorimeter performance



B and Charm Physics: 2010-2011

➤ Assume $\sim 200 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ in 2010 and $\sim 1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ in 2011



Sensitive probe for MSSM with large $\tan\beta$:

$$\text{Br}(B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) \sim \tan\beta^6 / M_A^4$$

Large (non-SM) phase (D0 and CDF) :

$$\Phi_s [-1.47 ; -0.29] \cup [-2.85 ; -1.65]$$

(90% CL range)

Charm: Expect $\sim 4 \times 10^6 D^{*+} \rightarrow D^0(K^- K^+) \pi^+$ (100 pb^{-1}):

Measurements of D^0 mixing

Studies of CP violation in charm decays

Searches for rare decays, such as $D^0 \rightarrow \mu\mu$

Prospects for Upcoming Run

ATLAS and CMS

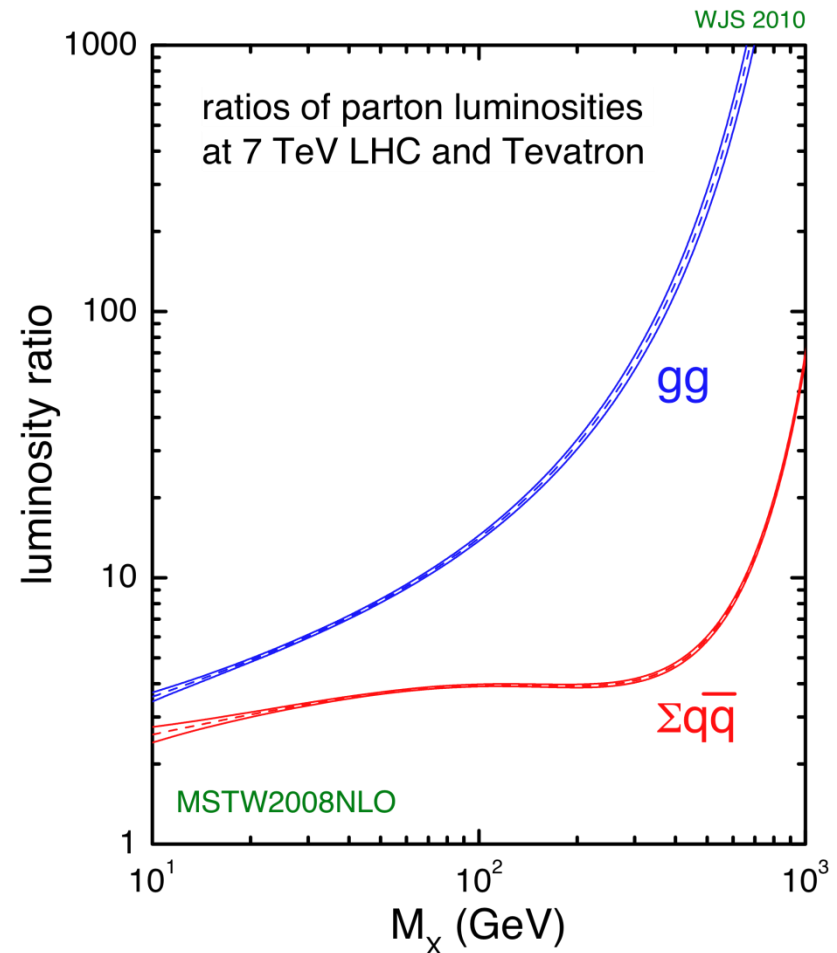
ATLAS

At 7 TeV for	200 pb ⁻¹	1 fb ⁻¹
# $Z \rightarrow ee$	51,000	260,000
# $Top \rightarrow l+jets$	1,200	5,900
# $Top \rightarrow llbb$	500	2,500
SUSY limit; $m_{\text{squark}} 5\sigma$	~ 500 GeV	$\sim 700-750$ GeV
# W' ($m_{W'} = 1.5$ TeV)	~ 4	~ 20
# Z' ($m_{Z'} = 1.5$ TeV)	~ 1	~ 4
SM $H_{m=160} \rightarrow WW$	$\sim 1.9\sigma$	3-4 σ

CMS: Great physics is within reach

(just to give you an idea)

1. SUSY (squarks and neutralinos) up to ~ 800 GeV
2. W' up to ~ 2 TeV; Z' up to ~ 1.5 TeV
3. SM Higgs exclusion in range $\sim 165 \pm 10$ GeV/ c^2



Conclusions

- All 4 detectors have their equipment for the run in place and working and are ready to take data and to analyze it expeditiously
- Every opportunity to use particles from cosmics and the LHC has been exploited
 - Cosmic rays, beam splash events, beam halo events, collisions
 - Not all issues have yet been addressed because of the low integrated luminosity – especially muons, triggers
- Pushing the early collision data through to publication has created a discipline that has advanced our capabilities
- The luminosity that we expect to get over the next two years will allow us to address the remainder detector issues and offer **the opportunity for new physics if we are lucky. This run has the potential for a new discovery!**

Bring on the COLLISIONS!

Acknowledgement

- Thanks to the spokespersons and their designees in all four collaborations who provided material for this talk.