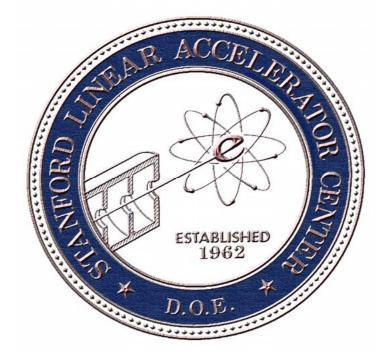
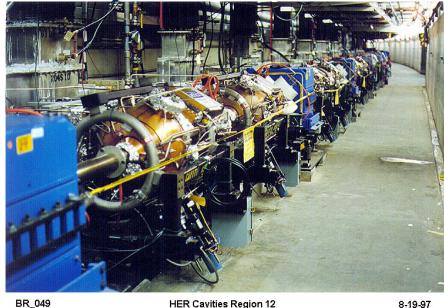
# **SLAC B Factory Program**



# HEPAP Meeting Washington DC, May 18, 2005

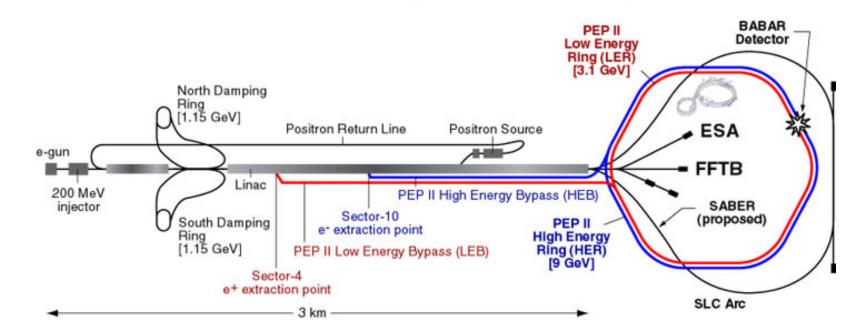
## **Linac/PEP-II Complex**





HER Cavities Region 12

8-19-97





# **Summer 2004 PEP-II Improvements**

- IR2 south forward shield wall: Backgrounds
- Add another new Low Energy Ring (LER) RF station: Higher current
- Add a High Energy Ring (HER) RF station by splitting up a current 4 cavity station into two 2 cavity stations: Higher current
- Two new "Frascati" longitudinal kickers in LER: More stability
- New electrodes for transverse kickers: More stability
- Add fans to all HER bellows: Cool Higher Order Modes (HOMs)
- Alignment work (quadrupole rolls): Smaller vertical emittance
- New LER synchrotron light monitor: Smaller vertical emittance
- IR NEG pump HOM reduction: Better lifetime and backgrounds
- New Support Tube Chiller: Higher currents

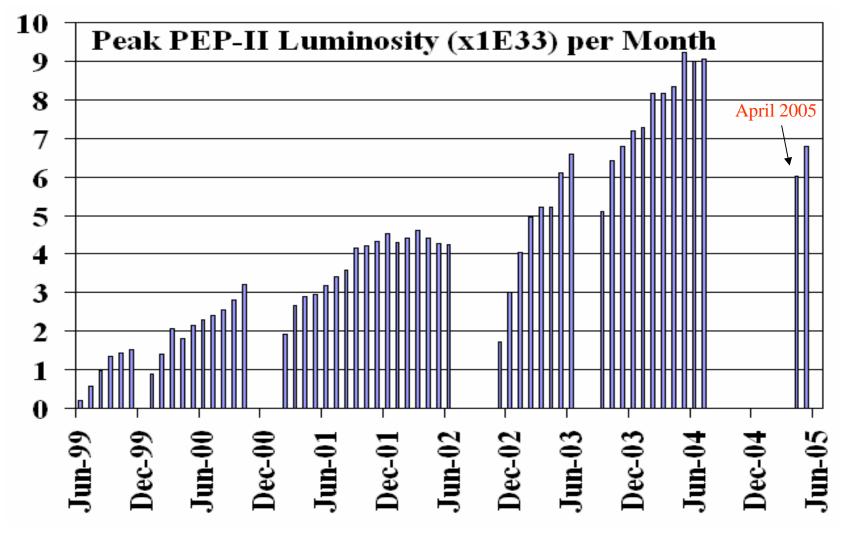


## **PEP-II Safety Planning and Restart Plan**

- Electrical accident at SLAC on October 11, 2004. All running of accelerators suspended
- Type A Investigation October-December, 2004
- Corrective Action team: December 2004 January 2005
- Safety training with new procedures October 2004 March 2005
- Linac/PEP-II/BaBar Restart Validation Review: February March 2005
- Linac and PEP-II operations start up April 2005
- Electron and Positron beams both at PEP-II rings April 14, 2005.
   Data logging began that weekend



# **PEP-II Monthly Peak Luminosity**

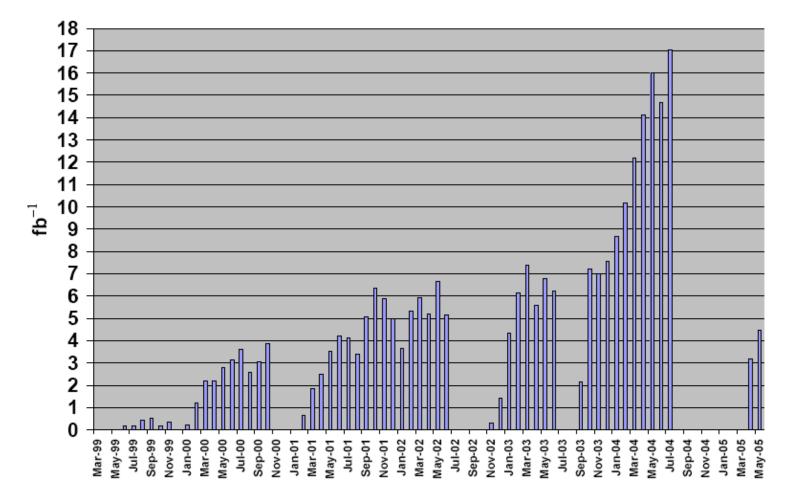


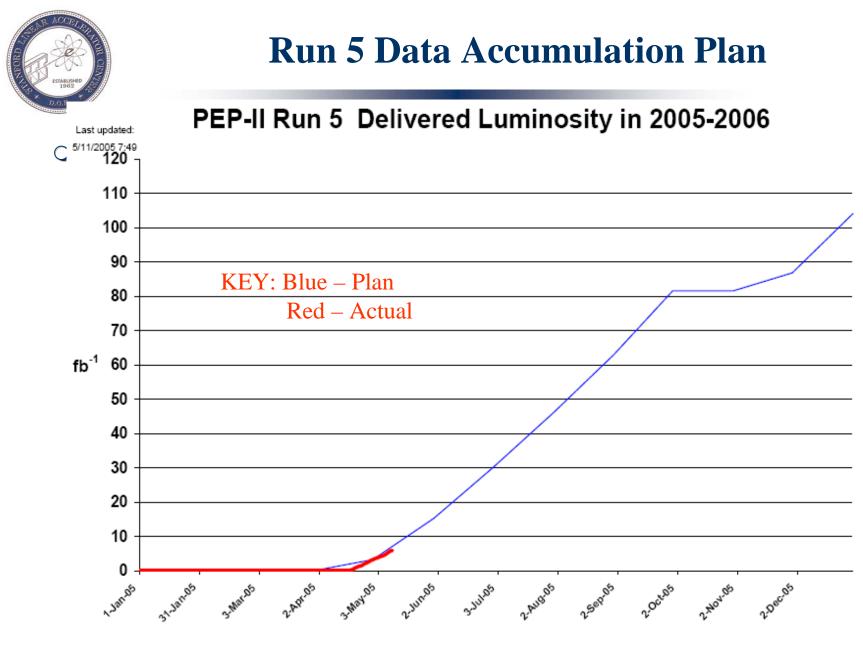


# **PEP-II/Babar are In Full Data-Taking Mode**

Last updated: 5/16/2005

## PEP-II Monthly Integrated Luminosity





Total Accumulated Data: 264 fb<sup>-1</sup>

**HEPAP** Meeting



## **PEP-II Run Schedule**

- PEP-II Run 5 started April 15, 2005
- Will collide steadily from April 2005 through July 2006 with a one month break in October 2005
- Down in 2006 August through November for BaBar and PEP-II upgrade work
- Three month down in Summer-Fall 2007
- Collide through September 2008



# **Future PEP-II Improvement Activities**

- New transverse digital feedback processors (Summer 2005)
- New RF comb filters (Fall 2005)
- New klystron linearizer (Spring 2006)
- Install LER-5 RF station (Fall 2006)
- Install HER-10 RF station (Fall 2006)
- Upgrade several high-power IR vacuum chambers (Fall 2006)



# **Future luminosity increase factors**

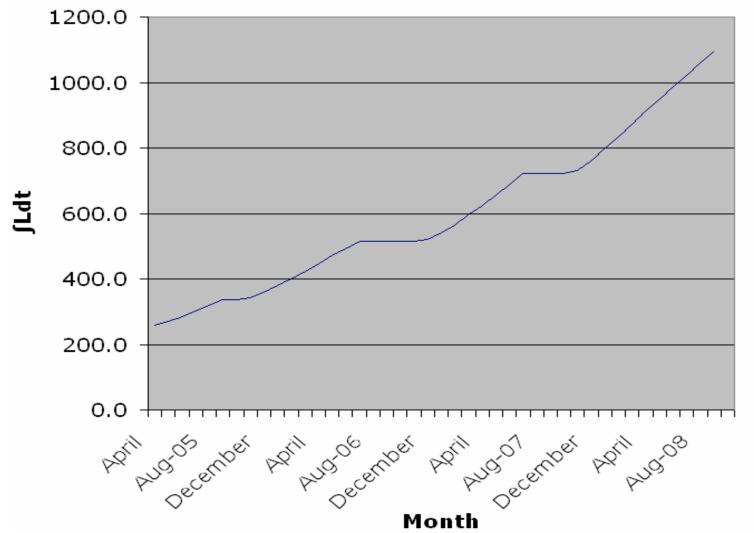
Parameter	Present	Future	Luminosity gain ratio
LER current	2450 mA	4500 mA	
HER current	1550 mA	2200 mA	1.61
β <sub>y</sub> *	10.5 mm	8.5 mm	1.24
ξ <sub>y</sub>	0.065 L 0.043 H	0.070 L 0.055H	1.17
Total			x 2.3



## **Integrated Luminosity Goals**

## PEP II Integrated Luminosity (1/fb)

ing





#### USA [38/311]

California Institute of Technology UC, Irvine UC, Los Angeles UC, Riverside UC, San Diego UC, Santa Barbara UC. Santa Cruz U of Cincinnati U of Colorado Stanford U Colorado State U of Tennessee Harvard U U of Texas at Austin U of Iowa U of Texas at Dallas Iowa State U Vanderbilt LBNL U of Wisconsin LLNL Yale U of Louisville U of Maryland U of Massachusetts, Amherst MIT U of Mississippi Mount Holyoke College SUNY, Albany U of Notre Dame Ohio State U U of Oregon U of Pennsylvania Prairie View A&M U Princeton U SL.AC U of South Carolina

### The **BABAR** Collaboration

11 Countries 80 Institutions 623 Physicists

> LPNHE des Universités Paris VI et VII Ecole Polytechnique, Laboratoire Leprince-Ringuet CEA, DAPNIA, CE-Saclay

### Germany [5/24]

Ruhr U Bochum U Dortmund Technische U Dresden **U** Heidelberg U Rostock

#### [12/99] Italy

INFN, Bari INFN, Ferrara Lab. Nazionali di Frascati dell' INFN INFN, Genova & Univ INFN, Milano & Univ INFN, Napoli & Univ INFN, Padova & Univ INFN, Pisa & Univ & ScuolaNormaleSuperiore

INFN, Perugia & Univ INFN, Roma & Univ "La Sapienza" INFN, Torino & Univ INFN, Trieste & Univ

### The Netherlands [1/4]

NIKHEF, Amsterdam

[1/3] Norway U of Bergen

#### Russia [1/13] Budker Institute, Novosibirsk

Spain [2/3]

#### **IFAE-Barcelona** IFIC-Valencia

### United Kingdom

[11/75]

U of Birmingham U of Bristol Brunel U U of Edinburgh U of Liverpool Imperial College Queen Mary , U of London U of London, Royal Holloway U of Manchester Rutherford Appleton Laboratory U of Warwick

#### [4/24] Canada

U of British Columbia McGill U U de Montréal U of Victoria

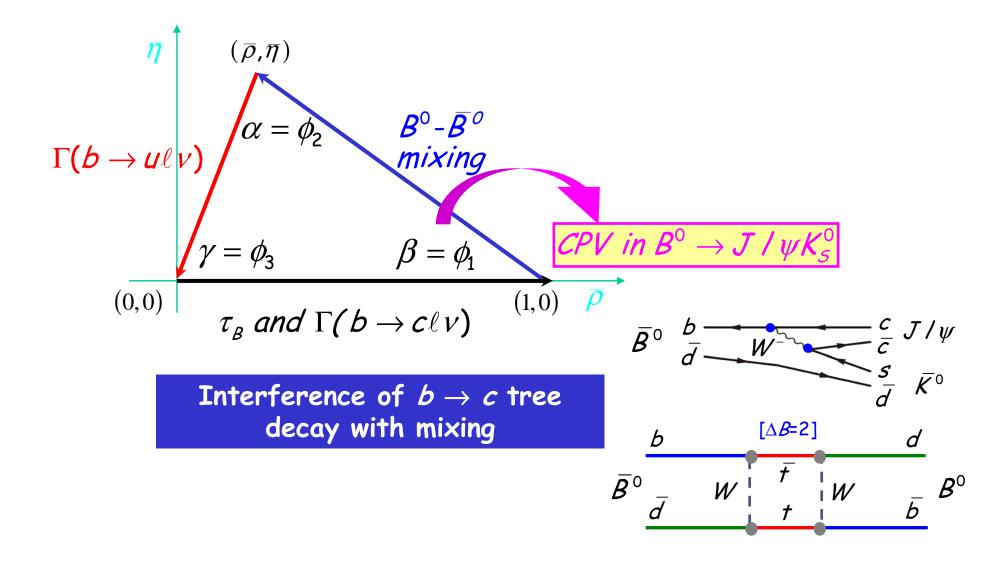
#### China [1/5]

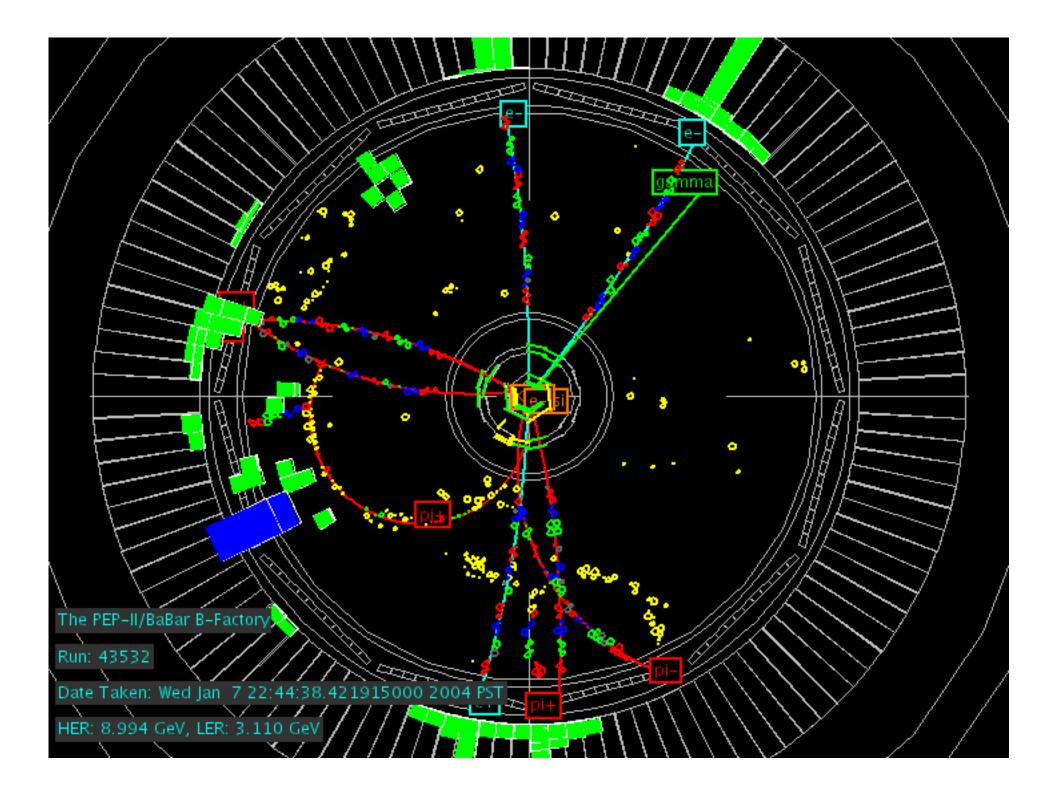
Inst. of High Energy Physics, Beijing

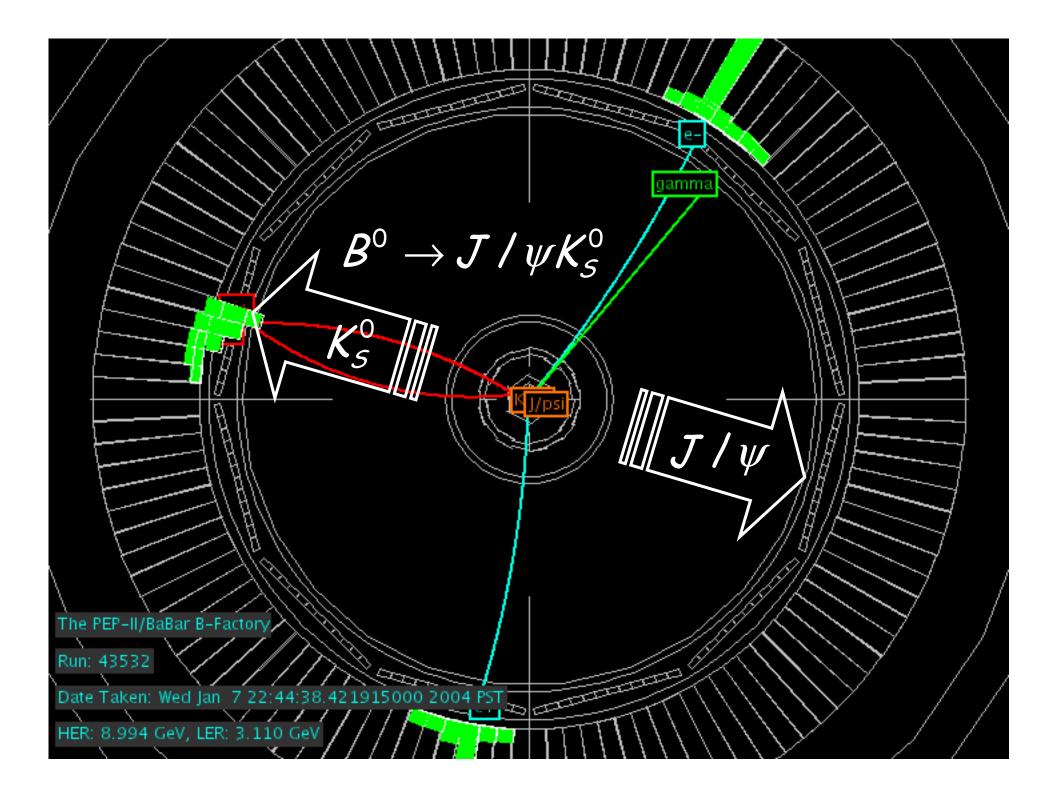
#### France [5/53]

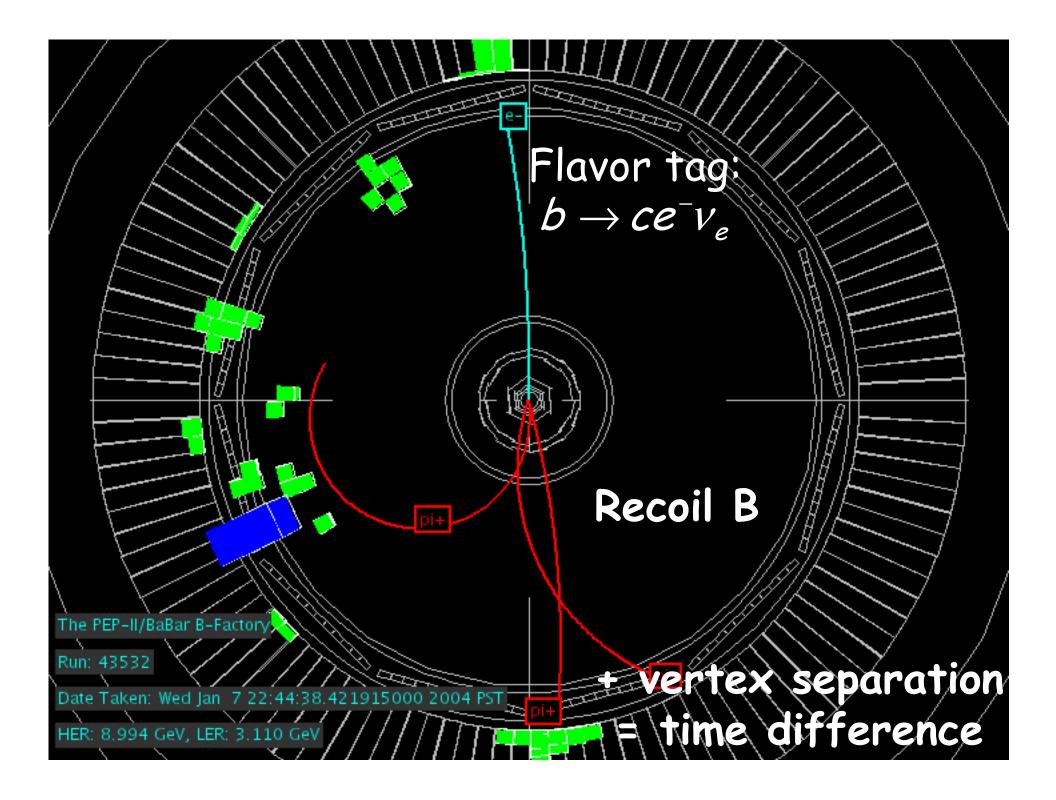
LAPP, Annecy LAL Orsay

### **CPV** in charmonium modes

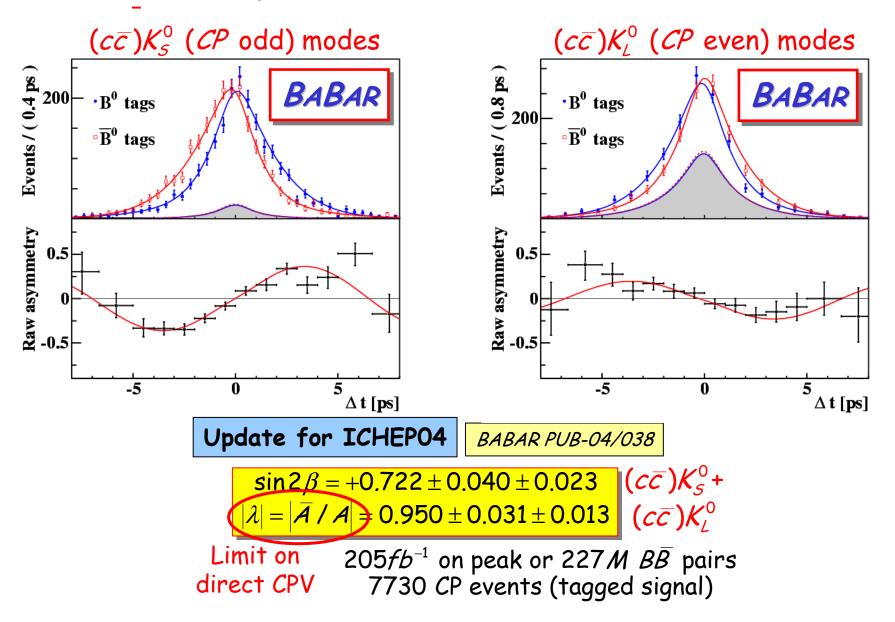




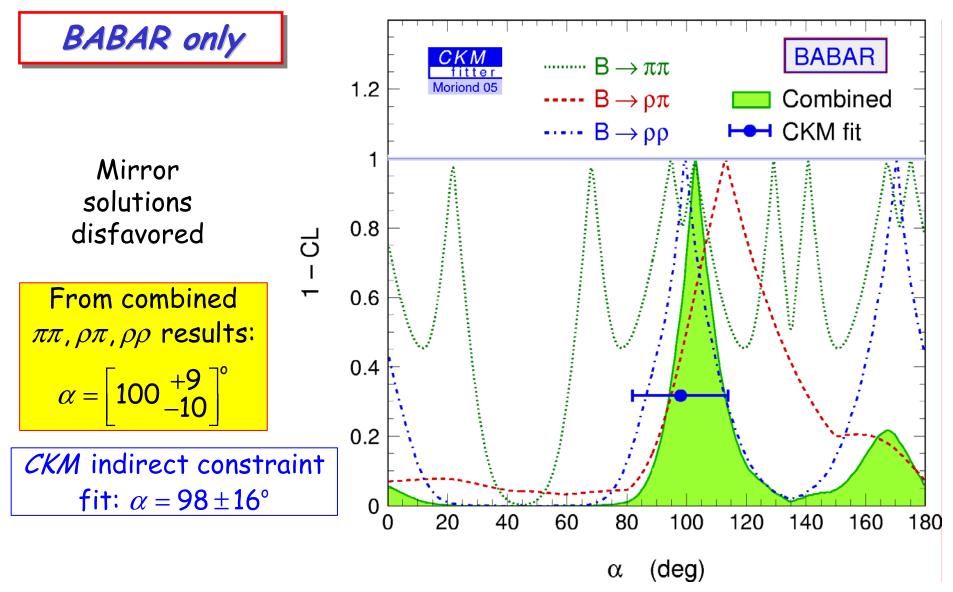




### $sin 2\beta$ results from charmonium modes



## Summary of constraints on $\alpha$

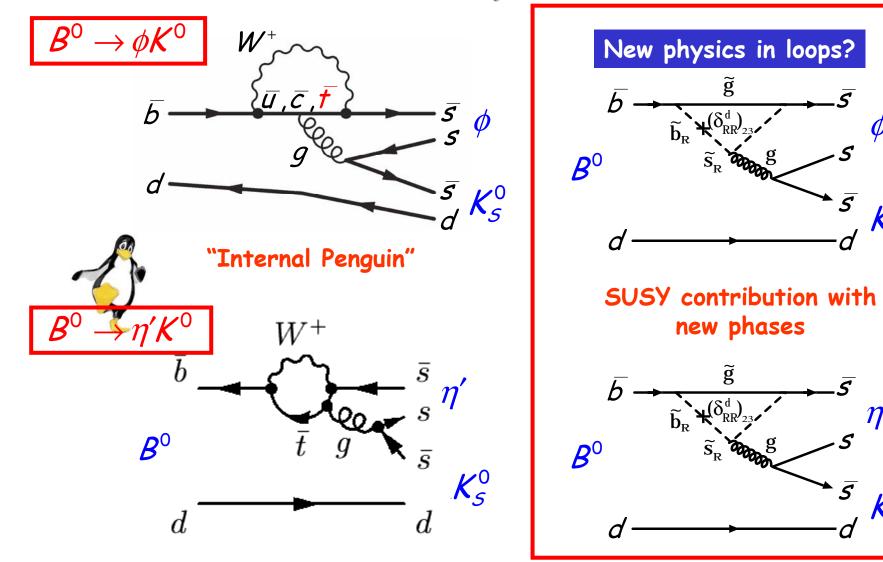


### **Potential New Physics contributions**

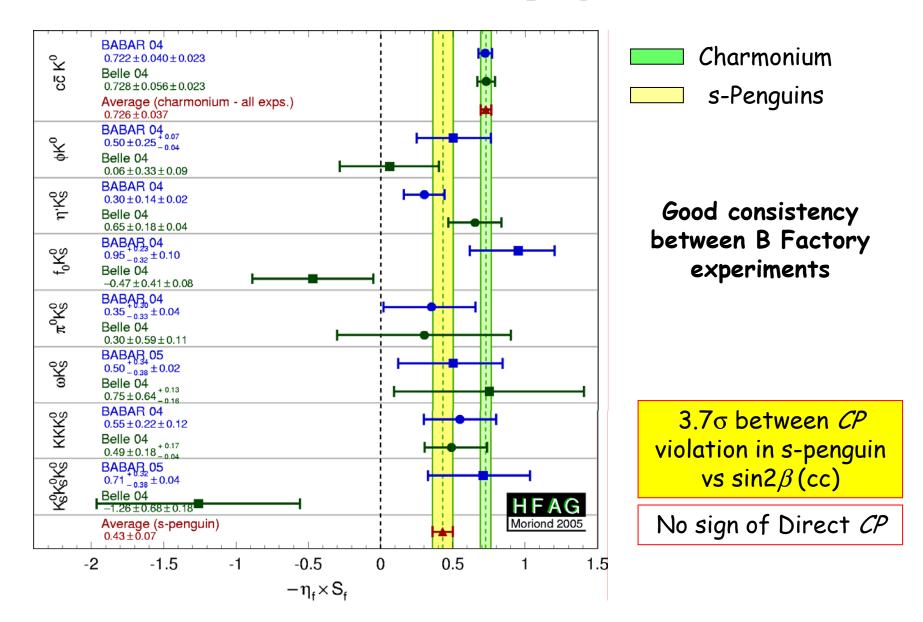
Ø

 $K_{s}^{0}$ 

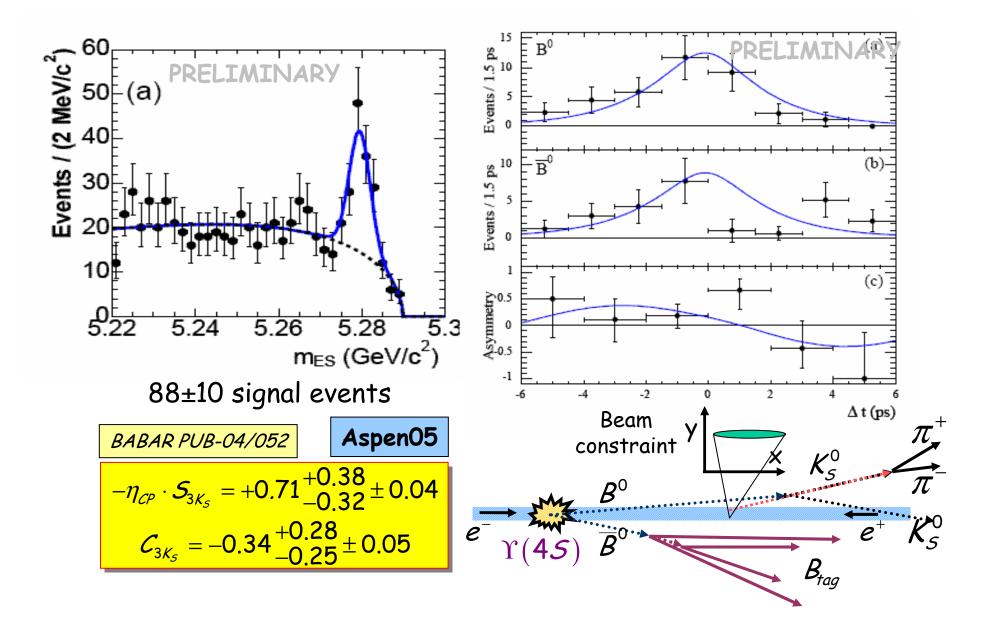
 $K_{s}^{0}$ 



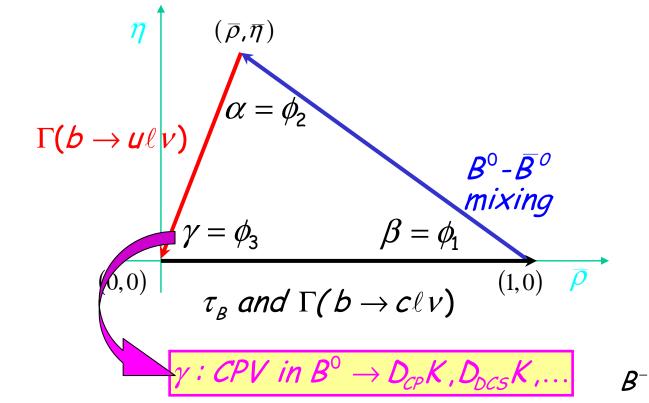
## **CPV** in charmonium & s-penguin modes

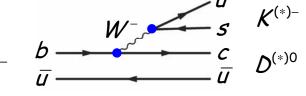


New three-body mode:  $B \rightarrow K_S K_S K_S$ 

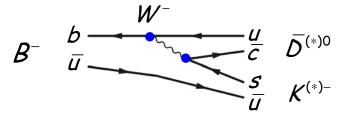


### Good progress on gamma



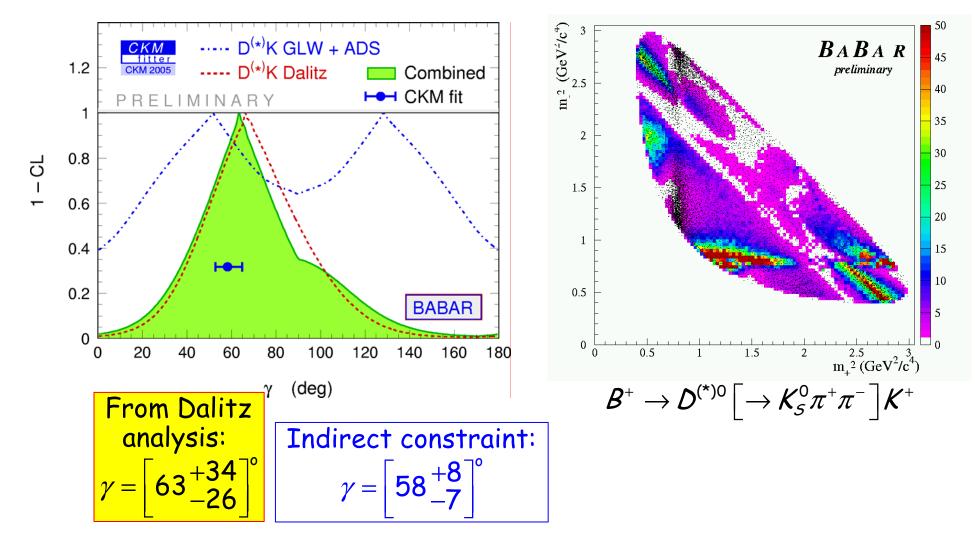


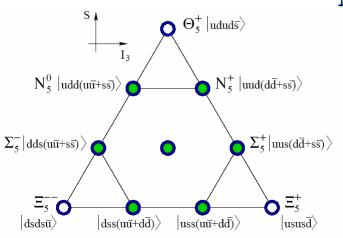
Interference of color-allowed and color-suppressed tree decays



### **Dalitz plot analysis for gamma**







### **No Evidence Seen for the Penta Quark**

### arXiv:hep-ex/0408064 v2 25 Oct 2004

The BABAR Collaboration

### Search for Strange Pentaquark Production in $e^+e^-$ Annihilations at $\sqrt{s} = 10.58$ GeV and in $\Upsilon(4S)$ Decays

### Abstract

We present a preliminary inclusive search for strange pentaquark production in  $e^+e^-$  interactions at a center-of-mass energy of 10.58 GeV using 123 fb<sup>-1</sup> of data collected with the *BABAR* detector. We look for the states that have been reported previously: the  $\Theta^+(1540)$ , interpreted as a *ududs* state; and the  $\Xi^{--}(1860)$  and  $\Xi^0(1860)$ , candidate  $dsds\bar{u}$  and  $uss(u\bar{u} + d\bar{d})$  states, respectively. In addition we search for other members of the antidecuplet and corresponding octet to which these states are thought to belong. We find no evidence for the production of such states and set preliminary limits on their production cross sections as functions of c.m. momentum. The corresponding limits on the  $\Theta^+(1540)$  and  $\Xi^{--}(1860)$  rates per  $e^+e^- \rightarrow q\bar{q}$  event are well below the rates measured for ordinary baryons of similar mass.



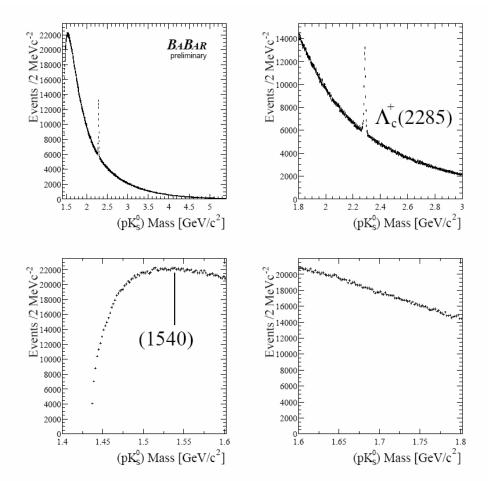


Figure 2: Distribution of the  $pK_S^0$  invariant mass for combinations satisfying all the criteria described in the text. The same data are plotted four times in different  $pK_S^0$  mass regions.

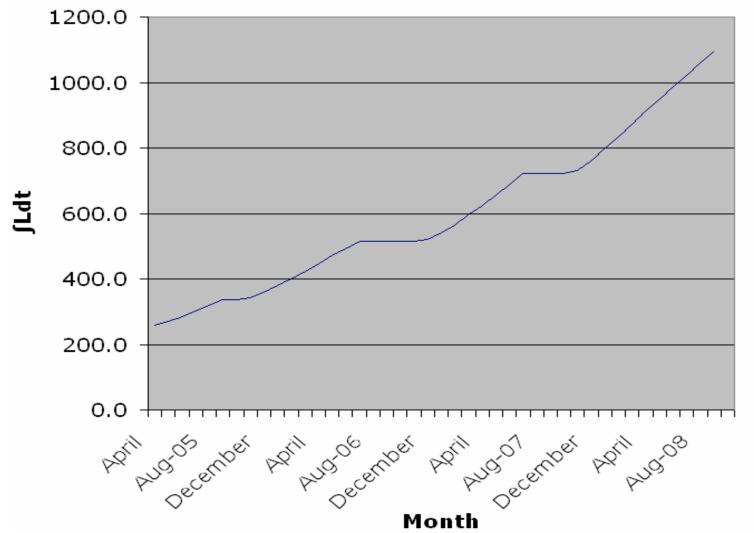
N.	BABAR & Be resul			
	Journal Papers	BABAR	Belle	A.
-92	<2003	32	54	
1	2003	39	28	4
	2004	52	35	
	May 2005	21	19	HA.
Y	Total	144	136	-17
	Conference Contributions	BABAR	Belle	
17	Papers submitted to ICHEP04	72	63	Con Con
W	Abstracts submitted to LP05	75	73	4



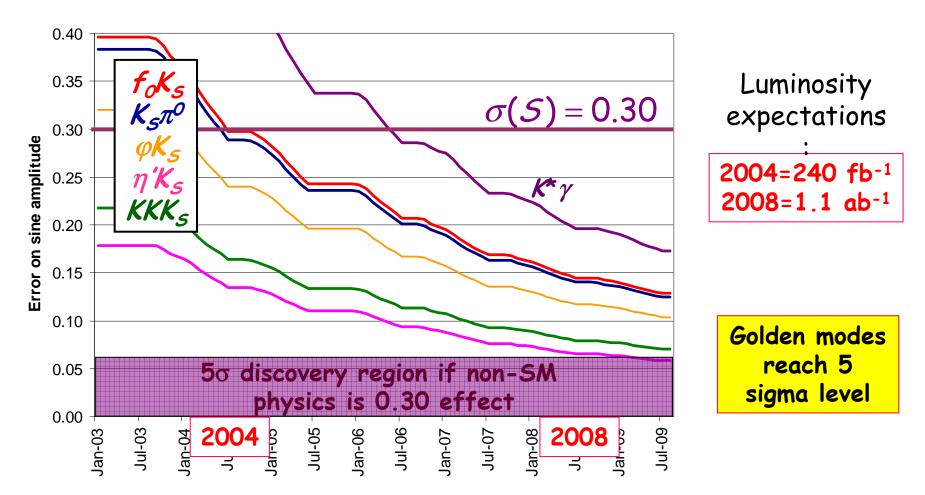
## **Integrated Luminosity Goals**

## PEP II Integrated Luminosity (1/fb)

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## **Snapshot II: Summer 2008**



Projections are statistical errors only; but systematic errors at few percent level



## Summary

- Data taking began in mid April 2005. PEP-II and Babar have made a rapid return to full, safe operation
- Goal for 2005-2006: double current data set
  - Delay in Run 5 can be overcome by summer 2006 with extended running period, with substantial reduction in errors on *CP* violation asymmetries in rare decay modes
  - **Section 2018 Section 2019 Section 2019 Error on average of Penguin modes should reach 0.06**
- $\circ$  Goal for 2007-2008: double again to ~1 ab<sup>-1</sup>
  - **§** Individual Penguin modes with errors in range 0.06-0.12
    - Sensitivity to New Physics through rare decays & CP violation, with a significant discovery potential
      Rich program of flavor physics/CP violation also pursued