

# ASCR OVERVIEW October 27, 2011 HEPAP Daniel Hitchcock Acting Associate Director Advanced Scientific Computing Research

# Advanced Scientific Computing Research

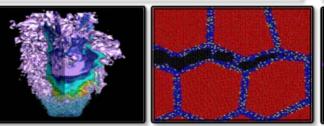
Delivering world leading computational and networking capabilities to extend the frontiers of science and technology

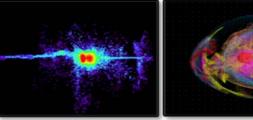
The Scientific Challenges:

- Deliver next-generation scientific applications using today's petascale computers.
- Discover, develop and deploy tomorrow's exascale computing and networking capabilities.
- Develop, in partnership with U.S. industry, next generation computing hardware and tools for science.
- Discover new applied mathematics and computer science for the ultra-low power, multicore-computing future.
- Provide technological innovations for U.S. leadership in Information Technology to advance competitiveness.

#### FY 2012 Highlights:

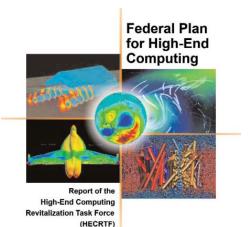
- Research in uncertainty quantification for drawing predictive results from simulation
- Co-design centers to deliver next generation scientific applications by coupling application development with formulation of computer hardware architectures and system software.
- Investments in U.S. industry to address critical challenges in hardware and technologies on the path to exascale
- Installation of a 10 petaflop low-power IBM Blue Gene/Q at the Argonne Leadership Computing Facility and a hybrid, multi-core prototype computer at the Oak Ridge Leadership Computing Facility.





# **ASCR Facilities**

- Providing the Facility High-End and Leadership Computing
- Investing in the Future Research and Evaluation Prototypes
- Linking it all together Energy Sciences Network (ESnet)









ESnet: The network of tomorrow accelerating the pace of today's science.

ERSC

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## **Energy Sciences Net**





## **ASCR Research**

Substantial innovation is needed to provide essential system and application functionality in a timeframe consistent with the anticipated availability of hardware

# Provide forefront research knowledge and foundational tools:

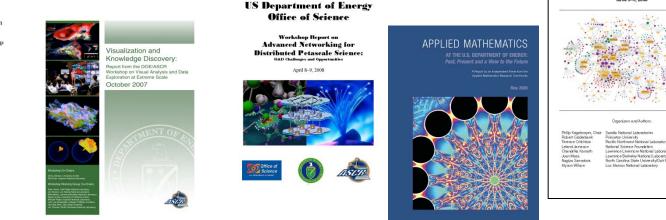
- Applied Mathematics
- Computer Science
- SciDAC

#### Next Generation Networking for Science

Mathematical Research Challenges in **Optimization of Complex Systems** Report on a Department of Energy Workshop December 7-8, 200

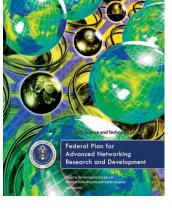


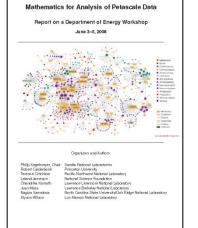






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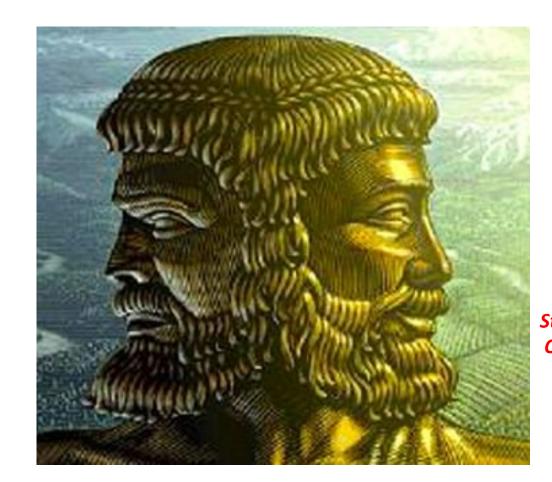


# **Looking Backward and Forward**

SciDAC Centers for Enabling Technology and Institutes

Science Application Partnerships

> Hopper Jaguar Intrepid



Many Core Energy Aware X Stack CoDesign SciDAC Institutes Strategic ASCR – SC Office Partnerships Titan Mira

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# **SciDAC Institutes**

#### **Goals & Objectives**

- Deliver tools and resources to lower barriers to effectively use state-of-the-art computational systems;
- Create mechanisms to address computational grand challenges across different science application areas;
- Incorporate basic research results from Applied Mathematics and Computer Science into computational science challenge areas and demonstrate that value
- Grow the Nation's computational science research community.

Awards- Up to \$13M/year over 5 years available to support 1–5 Institutes

# Eligible applicants- DOE National Laboratories, Universities, Industry and other organizations

Expected outcome- Institutes that cover a significant portion of DOE computational science needs on current and emerging computational systems.

#### Timeline

- Solicitations opened- February 23, 2011
- Letters of Intent- March 30, 2011
- Solicitations closed- May 2, 2011
- First awards- end of FY2011

Answers to Inquiries- http://science.doe.gov/ascr/research/scidac/SciDAC3InstitutesFAQ.html



## Scientific Discovery through Advanced Computing (SciDAC) Institutes – FY11 Awards

FASTMath – Frameworks, Algorithms, and Scalable Technologies for Mathematics

Topic areas: Structured & unstructured mesh tools, linear & nonlinear solvers, eigensolvers, particle methods, time integration, differential variational inequalities

QUEST – Quantification of Uncertainty in Extreme Scale Computations

Topic areas: Forward uncertainty propagation, reduced stochastic representations, inverse problems, experimental design & model validation, fault tolerance

#### **SUPER** – Institute for Sustained Performance, Energy and Resilience

Topic areas: Performance engineering (including modeling & auto-tuning), energy efficiency, resilience & optimization

FASTMath Director – Lori Diachin, LLNL	QUEST Director – Habib N. Najm, SNL	SUPER Director – Robert F. Lucas, USC	
Argonne National Laboratory	Los Alamos National Laboratory	Argonne National Laboratory	
Lawrence Berkeley National Lab	Sandia National Laboratories*	Lawrence Berkeley National Lab	
Lawrence Livermore National Lab*	Johns Hopkins University	Lawrence Livermore National Lab	
Sandia National Laboratories	Massachusetts Institute of Technology	Oak Ridge National Laboratory	
Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute	University of Southern California	University of California at San Diego	
	University of Texas at Austin	University of Maryland	
		University of North Carolina	
		University of Oregon	
		University of Southern California*	
		University of Tennessee at Knoxville	
		University of Utah	



# Strategic ASCR – SC Program Partnerships

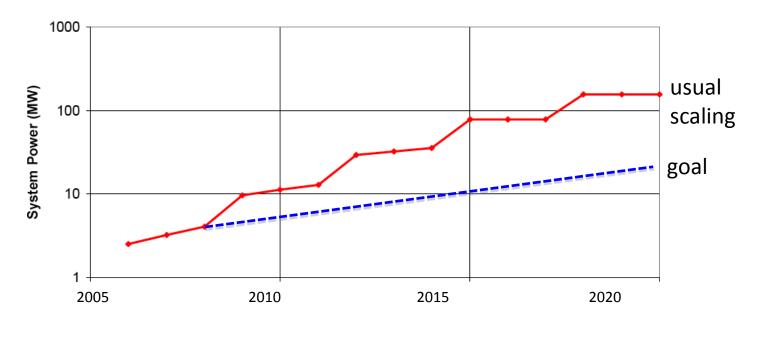
#### Goals and Objectives

- Partner with SC Programs to combine the best applied mathematics, computer science, and networking with SC program expertise to enable Strategic advances in program missions.
- Five FOAs out before September 30, 2011:
  - Fusion Energy Science: topics in Edge Plasma Physics, Multiscale Integrated Modeling, and Materials Science
  - High Energy Physics: topics in Cosmological Frontier, Lattice Gauge Theory QCD, and Accelerator Modeling and Simulation
  - Nuclear Physics: topics in Low- and Medium-Energy Nuclear Physics and Heavy Ion Collider Physics
  - Biological and Environmental Research: topics in dynamics of atmospheres, oceans, and ice sheets that support Earth System Modeling
  - Basic Energy Sciences: topics in theoretical chemistry and materials science, especially excited states of atoms and molecules, materials electron correlation.



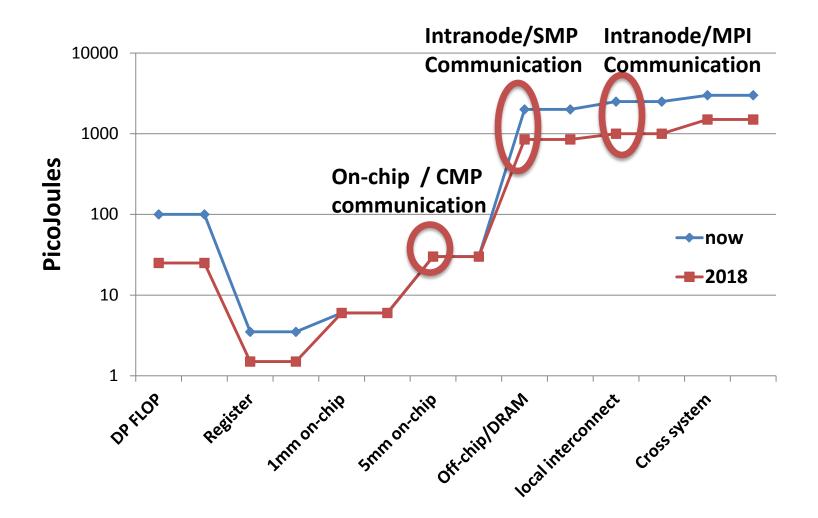
# The Future is about Energy Efficient Computing

- At \$1M per MW, energy costs are substantial
- 1 petaflop in 2010 will use 3 MW
- 1 exaflop in 2018 at 200 MW with "usual" scaling
- 1 exaflop in 2018 at 20 MW is target



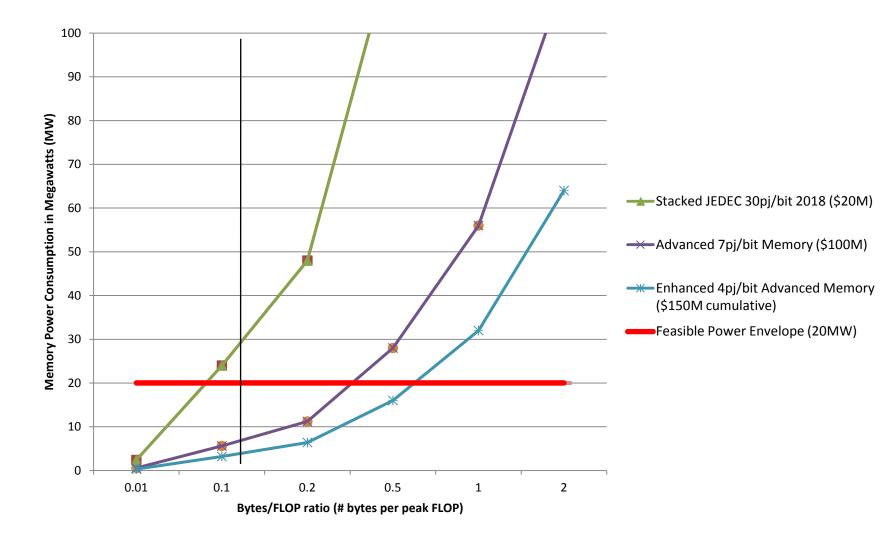


## The Fundamental Issue: Where does the Energy (and Time) Go?





## Memory Technology: Bandwidth costs power





- Locality, Locality, Locality!
- Billion Way Concurrency;
- Uncertainty Quantification (UQ) including hardware variability;
- Flops free data movement expensive so:
  - Remap multi-physics to put as much work per location on same die;
  - Include embedded UQ to increase concurrency;
  - Include data analysis if you can for more concurrency
  - Trigger output to only move important data off machine;
  - Reformulate to trade flops for memory use.
- Wise use of silicon area



# **Co-Design**

**Goals & Objectives** 

- Understand how to allocate complexity between hardware, systems software, libraries, and applications;
- Modify application designs at all levels;
- Understand reformulating as well as reimplementing tradeoffs;
- Explore uncertainty quantification, in line data analysis, and resilience in applications;
- Co-adapt applications to new programming models and perhaps languages;
- Impact of massive multithreaded nodes and new ultra-lightweight operating systems.

Awards- June 2011

Expected outcome- Understanding, Guidance for Future Applications, Application Readiness



## **Three Exascale Co-Design Centers Awarded**

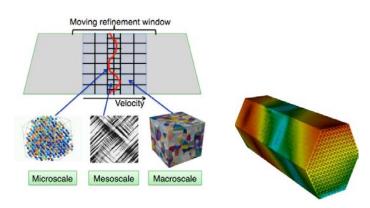
**Exascale Co-Design Center for Materials in Extreme Environments (ExMatEx)** Director: Timothy Germann (LANL)

Center for Exascale Simulation of Advanced Reactors (CESAR)

Director: Robert Rosner (ANL)

Combustion Exascale Co-Design Center (CECDC)

Director: Jacqueline Chen (SNL)



	ExMatEx	CESAR	CECDC
	(Germann)	(Rosner)	(Chen)
National Labs	LANL	ANL	SNL
	LLNL	PNNL	LBNL
	SNL	LANL	LANL
	ORNL	ORNL	ORNL
		LLNL	LLNL
			NREL
University &	Stanford	Studsvik	Stanford
	CalTech	ΤΑΜυ	GA Tech
Industry		Rice	Rutgers
Partners		U Chicago	UT Austin
		IBM	Utah
		TerraPower	
		General Atomic	
		Areva	



# **Future of Data Driven Science**

- All of these hardware trends impact data driven science (in many cases more than compute intensive);
- Data from instruments still on 18-24 month doubling because detectors on CMOS feature size path;
- 100 gigabit per second per lambda networks on horizon;
- Disk read and write rates will fall further behind processors and memory;
- Significant hardware infrastructure needed to support this which probably will not be replicated at users' home institution (i.e. launching a petabyte file transfer at a users laptop is not friendly)



# **ASCR-BES Workshop on Data**

#### "Data and Communications in Basic Energy Sciences: Creating a Pathway for Scientific Discovery"

October 24-25, 2011

Bethesda, MD

**Goals & Objectives** 

- Identify and review the status, successes, and shortcomings of current data (including analysis and visualization) and communication pathways for scientific discovery in the basic energy sciences;
- Ascertain the knowledge, methods and tools needed to mitigate present and projected data and communication shortcomings;
- Consider opportunities and challenges related to data and communications with the combination of techniques (with different data streams) in single experiments;
- Identify research areas in data and communications needed to underpin advances in the basic energy sciences in the next ten years;
- Create the foundation for information exchanges and collaborations among ASCR and BES supported researchers, BES scientific user facilities and ASCR computing and networking facilities.

**Co-Chairs** 

- Peter Nugent, NERSC
- J. Michael Simonson, SNS



# ASCR at a Glance



#### **Relevant Websites**

ASCR: <u>science.energy.gov/ascr/</u>

ASCR Workshops and Conferences:

science.energy.gov/ascr/news-and-resources/workshops-and-conferences/

SciDAC: www.scidac.gov

INCITE: <u>science.energy.gov/ascr/facilities/incite/</u>

Exascale Software: <u>www.exascale.org</u>

DOE Grants and Contracts info: <a href="mailto:science.doe.gov/grants/">science.doe.gov/grants/</a>



# Background



# **Computational Science Graduate Fellowship**

<u>www.krellinst.org/csgf</u>





- Funded by the Department of Energy's Office of Science and National Nuclear Security Administration, the DOE CSGF trains scientists to meet U.S. workforce needs and helps to create a nationwide interdisciplinary community.
- Some Talks from 2011 Fellows Conference
  - <u>"The Materials Genome: An online database</u> for the design of new materials for clean <u>energy and beyond"</u>
  - <u>"Understanding electromagnetic fluctuations</u> <u>in microstructured geometries"</u>
  - <u>"Computational science meets materials</u> <u>chemistry: a bilingual investigation of surface</u> <u>effects in nanoscale systems"</u>



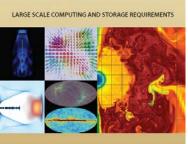
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NERSC



#### **Hopper in production April 2011**

- 1.25 PFlop/s peak performance Cray XE6
- Over a billion core-hours to science per year
- Gemini high performance resilient interconnect



High Energy Physics

Report of the NERSC / HEP / ASCR Requirements Workshop November 12 and 13, 2009

#### • HEP NERSC Requirements Workshop :

- www.nersc.gov/assets/HPC-Requirements-for-Science/NERSC-HEP-WorkshopReport.pdf



# INCITE

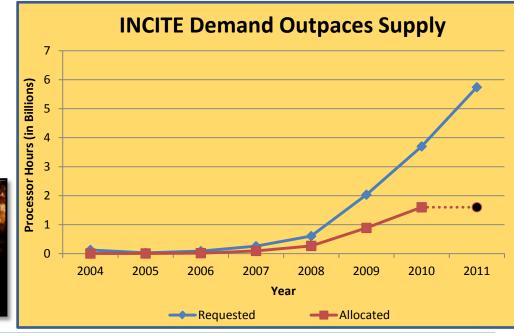


In FY 2012, the Argonne LCF will be upgraded with a 10 petaflop IBM Blue Gene/Q. The Oak Ridge LCF will continue site preparations for a system expected in FY 2013 that will be 5-10 times more capable than the Cray XT-5.

 Nuclear Reactor Simulation
 Energy Storage Materials



- The Cray XT5 ("Jaguar") at ORNL and the IBM Blue Gene/P ("Intrepid") at ANL will provide ~2.3 billion processor hours in FY12 to address science and engineering problems that defy traditional methods of theory and experiment and that require the most advanced computational power.
- Peer reviewed projects are chosen to advance science, speed innovation, and strengthen industrial competitiveness.
- Demand for these machines has grown each year, requiring upgrades of both.



# **Argonne Leadership Computing Facility**

ALCF - now



- more CPUs/node (x 4)
- faster CPUs (x 60)
- faster storage (x 2.7)
- more storage (x 3.6)
- more RAM/CPU (x 2)

#### ALCF - 2013



Intrepid Blue Gene/P—peak 557 TF 40 racks 40,960 nodes (quad core) 163,840 processors (3.4 GF Peak) 80 TB RAM 8 PB storage capacity 88 GB/s storage rate 1.2 MW power Air-cooled

#### Mira

Blue Gene/Q—peak 10 PF 48 racks -- just one row more than Intrepid 49,152 nodes (16 core) 786,432 processors (205 GF peak) **786 TB RAM** 28.8 PB storage capacity 240 GB/s storage rate Estimated 3-8 MW projected power Water-cooled



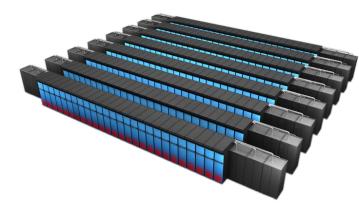
times the computing power in only 20% more space

# Oak Ridge Leadership Computing Facility

- OLCF-3
  - Builds on DARPA HPCS investment in Cray
  - Prepare applications for path to Exascale computing
  - CD-1 approved, December 2009
  - Lehman CD2-3b Review scheduled for August, 2010

## **Science Application Readiness**

- Application Readiness Review August, 2010
- Science Teams
- Port, Optimize, New Modeling Approaches
- Early Access to development machine



## Cray-NVIDIA System

- ~10-20 Pflop/s peak
- Hybrid x86/accelerator architecture
- Liquid cooled
- Highly power efficient



## ESnet

