

Operated by Fermi Research Alliance, LLC for the U.S. Department of Energy Office of Science

Status and Plans for the LBNF Far Site Project

Chris Mossey, LBNF Project Director

Report to HEPAP 9 Dec 2015









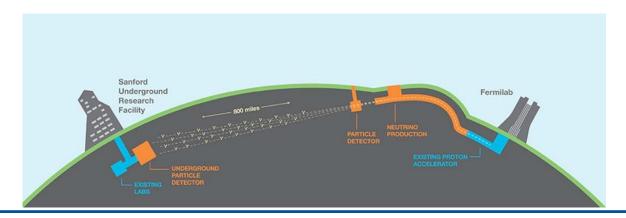


Outline

- Project overview
- DOE Critical Decision Milestone Status
- Far Site Overview and Scope of Work
- Schedule overview and summary
- Governance/Organization/Management
- CD-3A IPR review and next steps

Project Overview: LBNF and DUNE

- **LBNF**: DOE project with support from non-DOE partners. Provides facility infrastructure at two locations to support the experiment:
 - Near site: Fermilab, Batavia, IL facilities to create neutrino beam
 - Far site: Sanford Underground Research Facility, Lead, SD facilities to support DUNE detectors
- **DUNE**: Deep Underground Neutrino Experiment
 - Near and far site detectors: U.S. as partner in international project



This project is unique...

"This project will be the first time the U.S. has hosted a truly international mega-science project on U.S. Soil"... SC-2

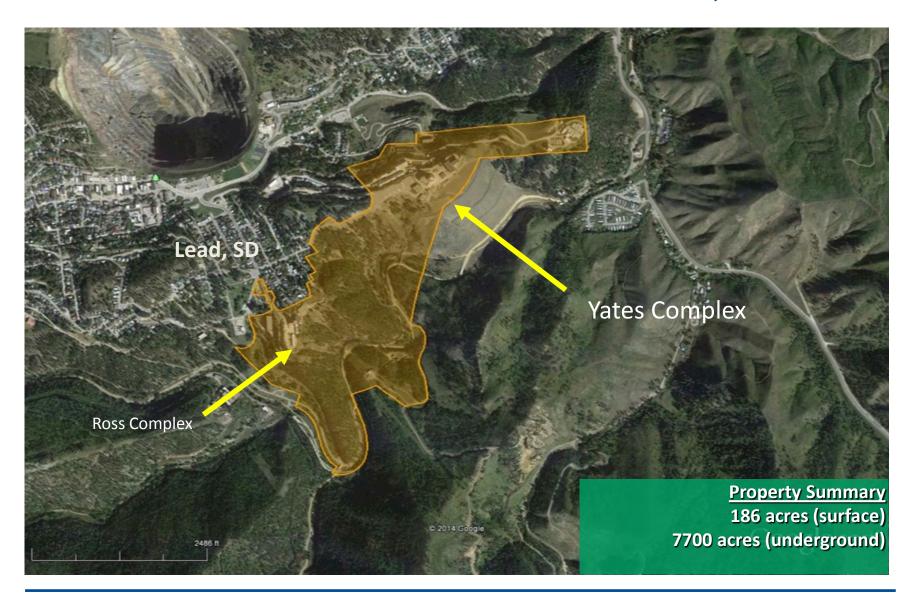
- We must be a flexible host and a reliable partner to be successful... which means:
 - **Accounting**: We adopt "core" costing for international partners
 - **Contingency**: No DOE contingency on non-DOE contributions. We trust that our partners will deliver.
 - **Project management**: Earned value system for DOE scope; milestones for partners.

DOE Critical Decision (CD) Milestone Status:

- CD-0 was approved in January 2010
- CD-1R was approved in November 2015
- DOE IPR conducted
 December 2nd 4th 2015 to
 request approval of
 milestone CD-3a, Approve
 Initial Far Site
 Construction.
- Expect CD-3a milestone decision by end of 2nd quarter FY2016

Critical Decision 1, Approve Alternative Selection and Cost Range for the LBNF/DUNE Project		
Recommendations: The undersigned "Do Recommend" (Yes) or "Do Not Recommend" (No) approval of CD-1, Approve Alternative Selection and Cost Range, for the LBNF/DUNE Project at Fermilab and SURF site as noted below.		
ESAAB Secretariat, Office of Project Assessment	11/5/15 Date	Yes_ No
Representative, On-Proponent SC Program Office	11/5/15 Date	Yes No
Representative, Office of Budget	11/5/15 Date	Yes / No
Representative, Non-Proponent SC Program Office	4/5/15 Date	Yes/ No
Representative, Office of Project Management Oversight and Assessment	11/5/15 Date	Yes No
Concurrence:		
Patricia M. Dehmer Acting Director, Office of Science	<u>//5//</u> 5 Date	Yes/ No
Approval:		
Based on the information presented in this document and at the ESAAB review, I approve Critical Decision 1, Approve Alternative Selection and Cost Range for the LBNF/DUNE Project.		
Franklin M. Orr, Jr. Under Secretary for Science and Energy	11/5/15 Date	

Far Site Overview – Sanford Lab in Lead, SD



Far Site Scope - Major Components

Conventional Facilities:

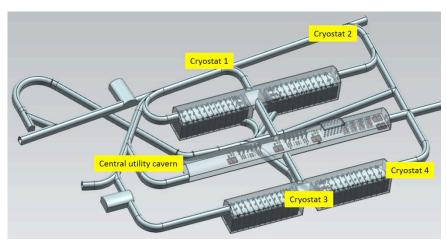
- **Drifts** and two **caverns** for detectors
- Central utility cavern for conventional and cryogenic equipment
- **Surface** and **shaft** Infrastructure including utilities

Cryostats:

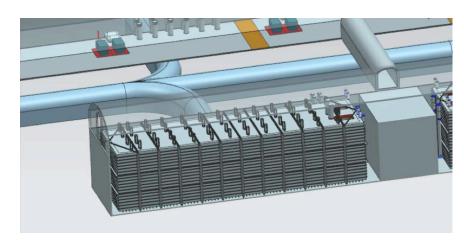
 Four membrane cryostats supported by external steel frames

Cryogenic Systems:

- **LN2 refrigeration system** for cooling and re-condensing gaseous Argon
- Systems for purification and recirculation of LAr
- Argon: 70kt LAr (~40kt "fiducial" mass)

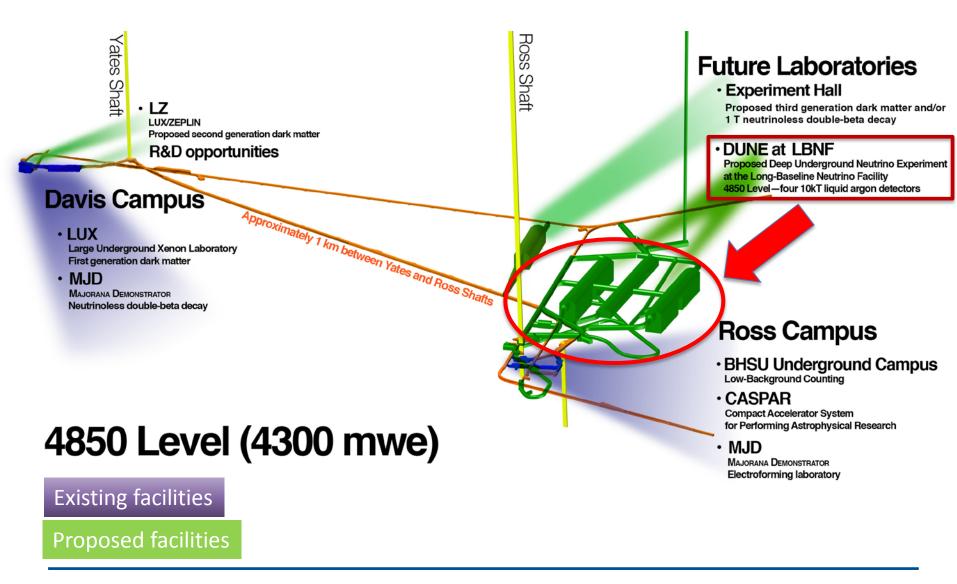


4850L cavern and drift layout



Single cryostat

Far Site Scope Context – part of an Underground Campus

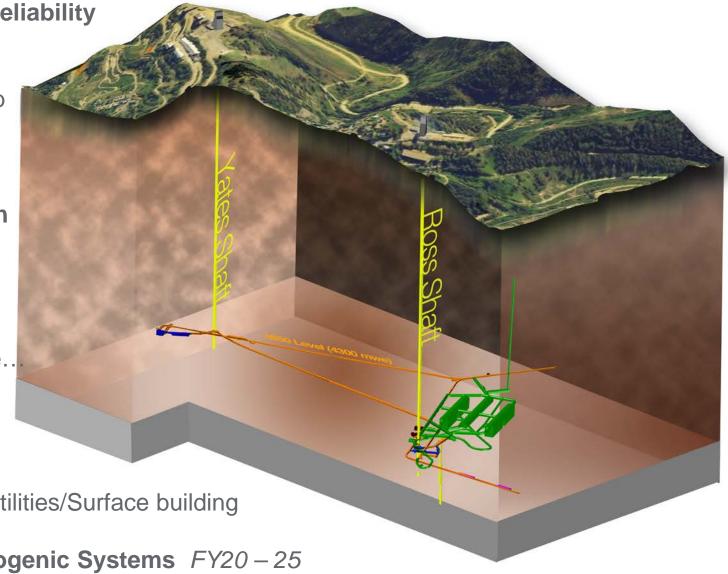


Far Site Scope – Overview of Phases of Work

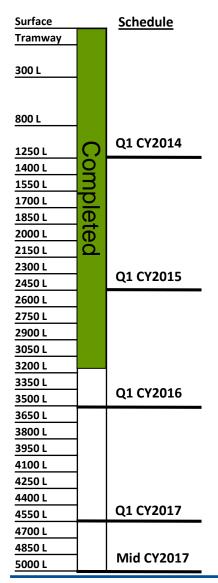
1. Sanford Lab Reliability **Projects**

FY16 - 18

- Ross shaft rehab
- Hoist motor rebuilds, more...
- 2. Pre-Excavation FY17 - 20
- Rock disposal systems
- Ross brow expansion, more..
- 3. Excavation/ Construction FY18 - 22
- Caverns/Drifts/Utilities/Surface building
- Cryostats/Cryogenic Systems FY20 25

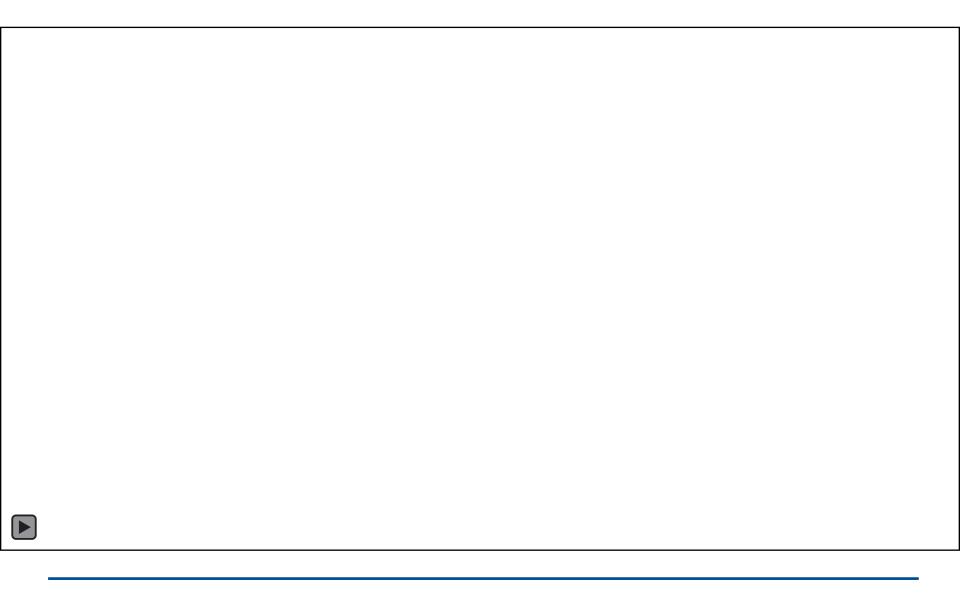


Sanford Lab Reliability Projects - Ross Shaft Refurbishment 3,273' steel installed (64%) completed

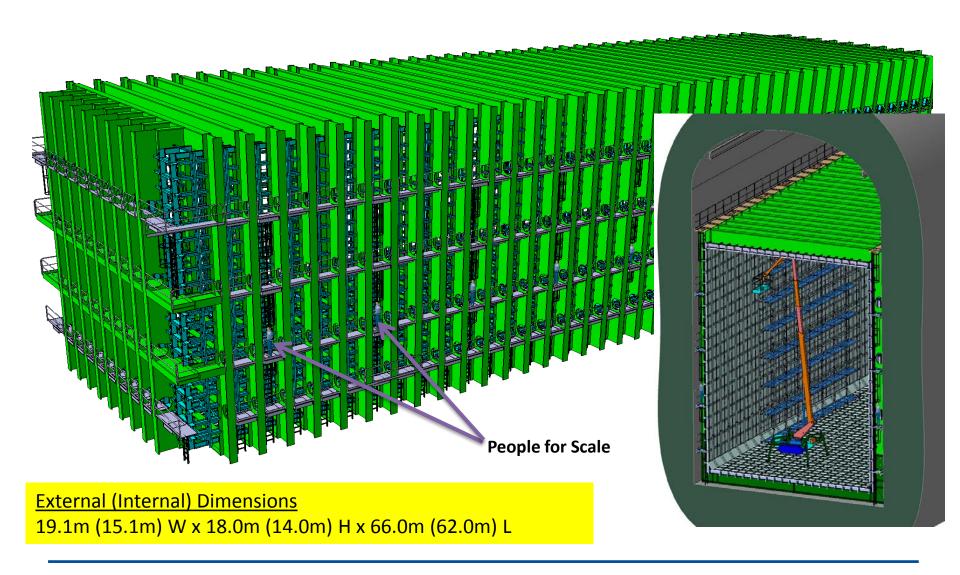


- Both Ross and Yates Shafts constructed in 1930s.
- Ross Shaft refurbishment needed to support hoisting of the ~800,000 tons of excavated rock and transport of personnel and materials for LBNF construction
- Starting in August 2012, SDSTA provided first \$20M (state and private funds) towards refurbishment.
 SDSTA purchased structural steel for entire project.
- SDSTA self-performing refurbishment.
- Starting January 2016, LBNF will fund remaining shaft refurbishment. Contract is currently in work.
- Project on track to be completed by July 2017

Traversing Up the Ross Shaft Video - from old steel into new

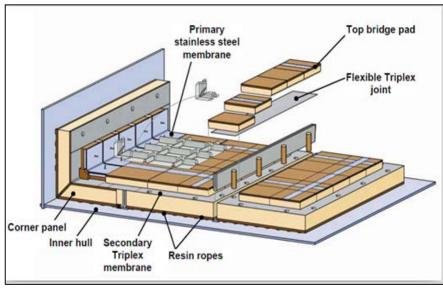


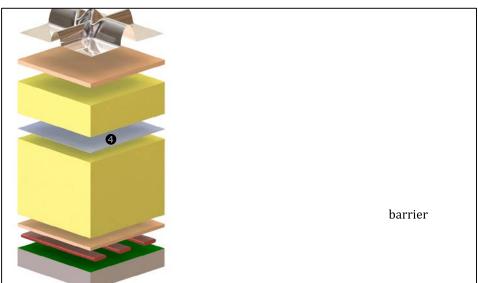
Free-Standing Steel Cryostat Design



Membrane Cryostat Design

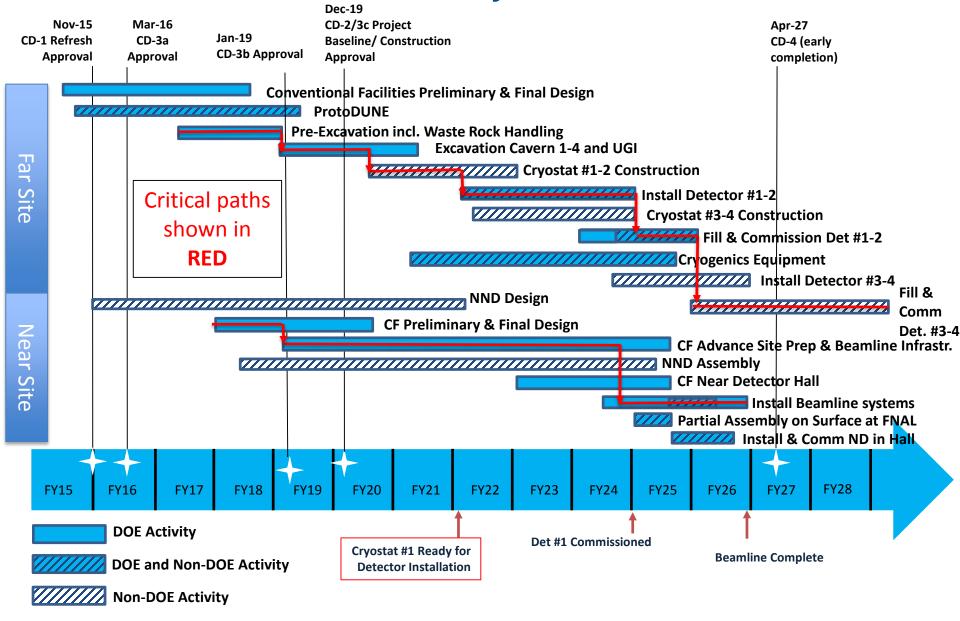






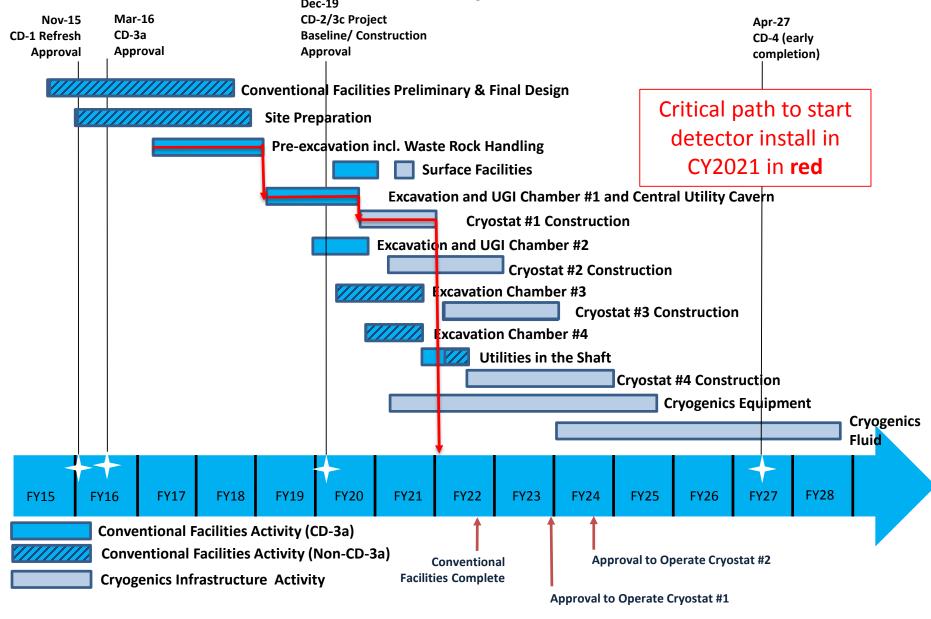


LBNF/DUNE – Summary Schedule Overview



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LBNF Far Site Summary Schedule Overview



Project Organization and Governance

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LBNF/DUNE Governance Chart

IAC: International Advisory Council

RRB: Resources Review Board

LBNC: Long-Baseline Neutrino

Committee

EFIG: Experiment-Facility Interface

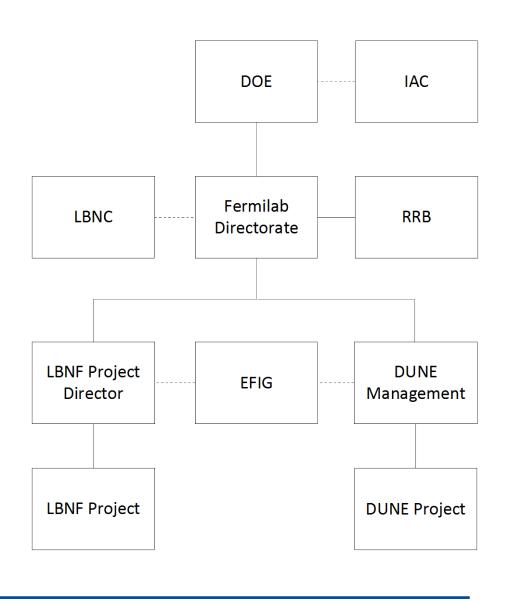
Group

Fermilab Directorate: The Fermilab Director and the two Deputy Directors

LBNF Project Director/Project

DUNE Management/Project

All councils, boards, and committees are functioning



LBNF/DUNE Governance Chart

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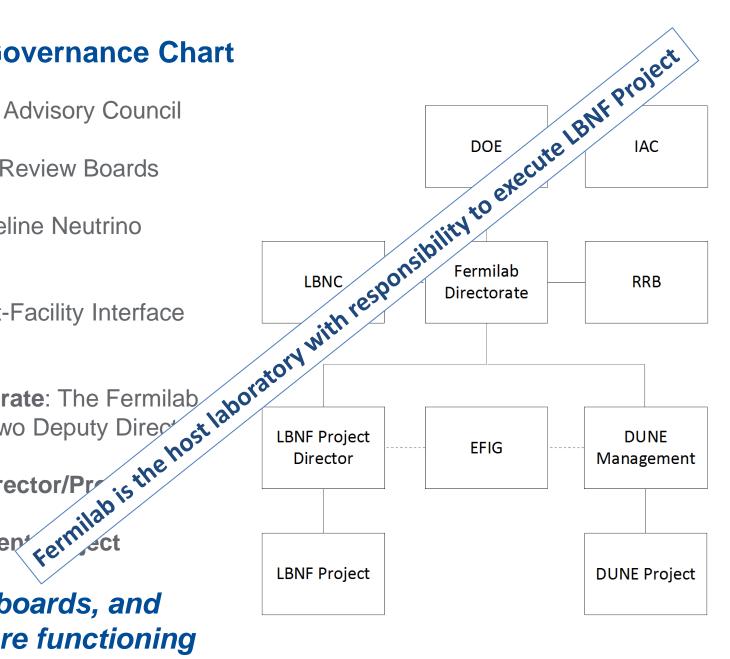
Fermilab Directorate: The Fermilab

Director and the two Deputy Direct

LBNF Project Director/Pr

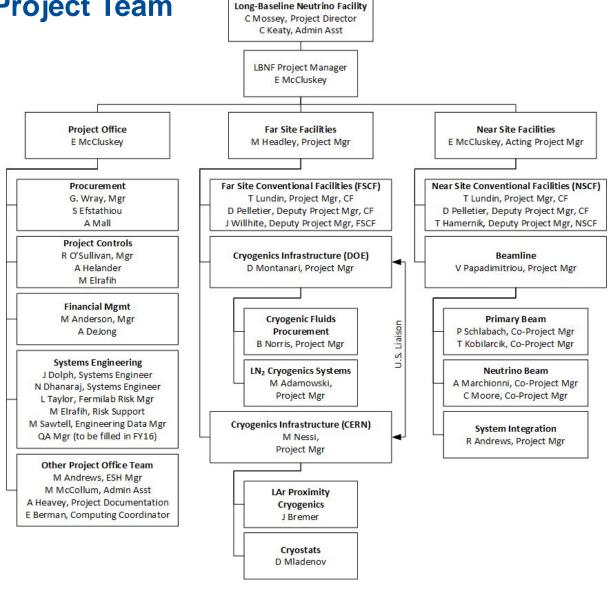
DUNE Management

All councils, boards, and committees are functioning



Experienced LBNF Project Team

- LBNF Project team is in place
 - Organized around three L2 managers
 - Organization concept: location vs. function
 - CERN team is tightly integrated



Coordinated Management at Far Site

- Far Site organizational structure lead by Mike Headley ensures coordination and single point of contact for LBNF work at Sanford Lab:
 - **Shaft usage**: manage and coordinate demand for shaft usage (which is controlled by Sanford Lab) to minimize impacts to existing and planned experiments.
 - **Logistics**: overlapping scopes of work to be executed simultaneously (e.g., excavation + cryostat construction) coordinated through one entity
 - **Interfaces**: FSCF and cryogenic infrastructure tied together with one manager to work with DUNE Far Detector management on interface issues.
 - Environmental, Safety, Health (ESH): ESH responsibilities are coordinated through the FSF manager and Sanford Lab director.
- Lease: Creates DOE/FNAL enclave and enables DOE funded construction at state-owned site.

CD-3a Review and Next Steps

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DOE CD-3a Review – December 2 – 4, 2015 at Sanford Lab

- Six subcommittees looked at project readiness to begin conventional facilities construction at far site
- Review focus:
 - Science → Requirements → CF design
 - Interfaces: Detectors → Cryostats + cryo systems → Caverns
 - Conventional facilities design maturity
 - Technical risks: Identified and addressed
 - Credible schedule and cost analysis with adequate contingency
 - Environmental, Safety, & Health issues addressed
 - Project organization and management
 - Have previous review recommendations been addressed

DOE CD-3a Review Draft Recommendations

- All sub-committees concluded LBNF/DUNE project is ready to proceed to CD-3a milestone
- 25 draft recommendations (including 6 recommendations to proceed) included:
 - Closely manage and work to increase supply of engineering capacity
 - Consider use of schedule margin during creation of CD-3a milestone.
 - Confirm assumptions on staffing for Far Site
 - Request increase in DOE purchasing and subcontracting authority
 - Continue refining and updating project, ESH, and schedule assumptions and plans

LBNF Next Steps...

- NEPA: "Finding of No Significant Impact" signed; monitor implementation.
- Design: Final Design Plan: start Jan 2016; complete August 2017
- Project Management Processes:
 - Change control: process is in place and turned "on"
 - **EVMS**: completing training; begin implementation in March 2016
- Lease: Under final SDSTA review; expect to be signed this month
- CM/GC Contract solicitation: DOE Independent Review Board currently reviewing RFP documents. Plan to award June 2016.

LBNF

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Questions?

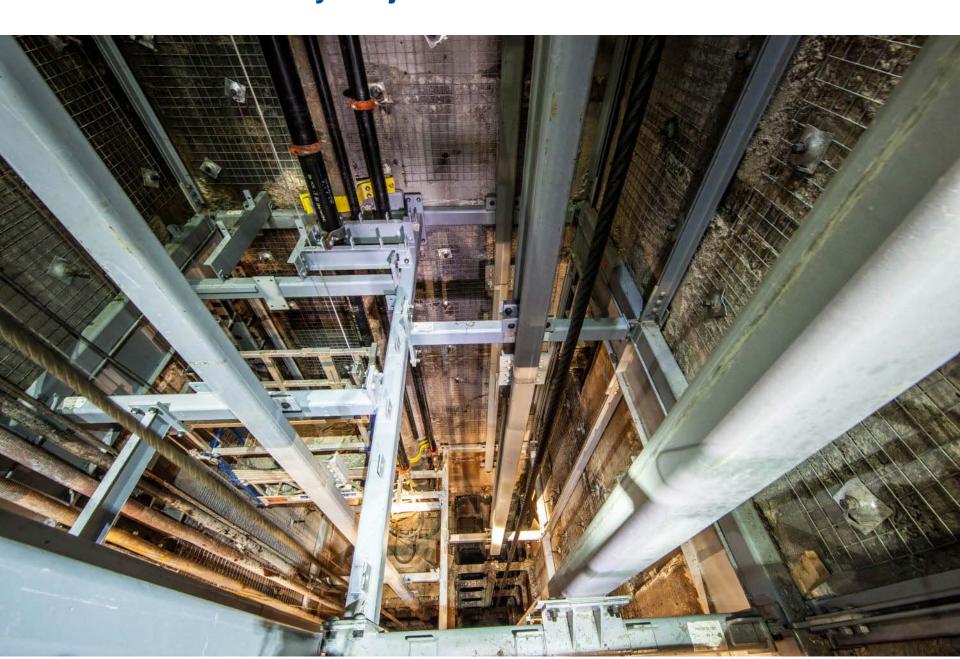
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Back up slides and alternate graphics

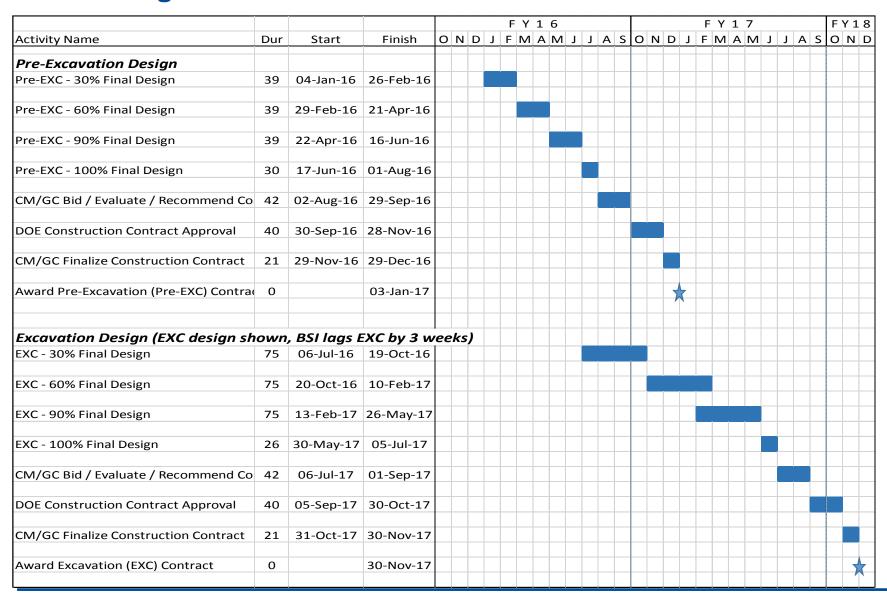
Sanford Lab Reliability Projects - Ross Refurbishment - before



Sanford Lab Reliability Projects - Ross Refurbishment - after



Final Design Plan and Schedule

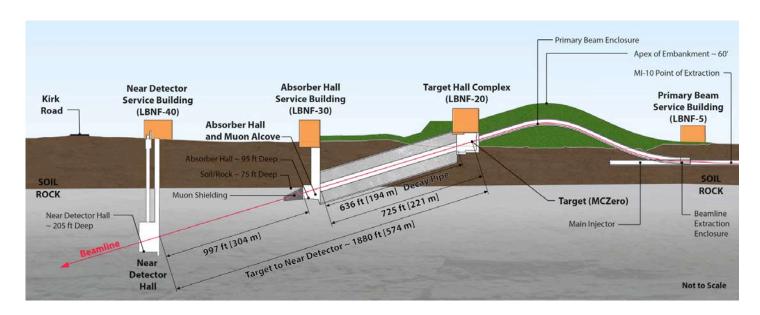


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4850L LBNF Excavation Design

Major elements have been addressed to a 100% preliminary design level of maturity including life safety, water supply, HVAC systems, facility ventilation, electrical, cyberinfrastructure, water, and fire detection / suppression systems. EXISTING DRIFT 4850-34 CHAMBER 1&2 MID-CHAMBER ROSS SHAFT 4850-35 CHAMBER 2 ENLARGED DRIFT (TYP.) CENTRAL GENERATOR 4850-33 UTILITY CHAMBER 1 CAVERN TWO 6" (0.15m) SLICK LINES 4850-41 VENTILATION BOREHOLE 4850-32 MAINTENANCE SHOP 4850-46 4850-40 ROSS SHAFT COMMUNICATION SPRAY BROW DISTRIBUTION 4850-30 HIGH VOLTAGE ELECTRICAL ROOM 4850-44 LV/MV NEW DRIFT (TYP.) ELECTRICAL ROOM 4850-39 CHAMBER 4 #6 WINZE WASTE DRIFT 4850-38 CHAMBER 3&4 MID-CHAMBER SKIP LOADER 4850-47 CONCRETE 5000-02 ROSS SHAFT SUME 4850-37 CHAMBER 3 MUCKING RAMP (TYP.) ISOMETRIC VIEW NOTES: ~800,000 tons of excavated material to be removed

Overview - "Near Site" - LBNF at Fermilab, Batavia, IL



- Primary proton beam @ 60-120GeV extracted from Main Injector
- Initial 1.2 MW beam power, upgradable to 2.4 MW
- Embankment allows target complex to be at grade and neutrino beam to be aimed to Lead, SD
- Decay region followed by absorber
- Four surface support buildings
- Near Detector facility

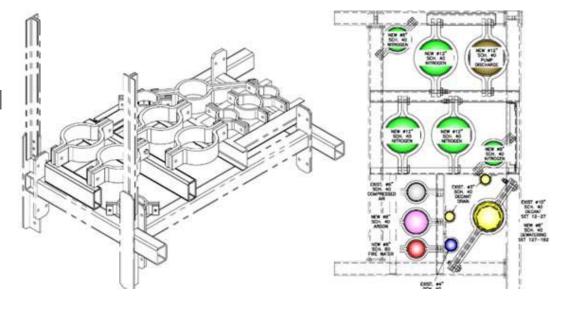
Far Site Surface Facilities

- Power upgrade
- Cryo systems and compressor building
- Ross Hoist upgrades
- Control room
- Waste rock handling system

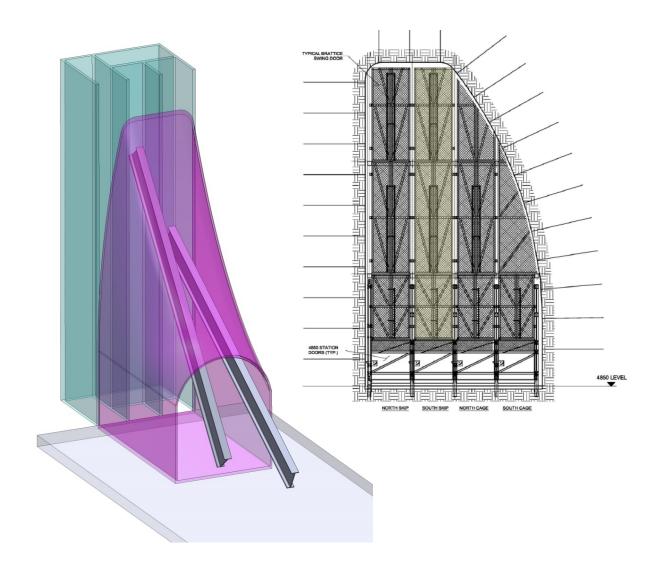


Far Site Ross Shaft

- Completion of Ross Shaft rehabilitation, cage and skips, loading pocket
- Expansion of shaft brow on 4850L
- Utilities in the Ross Shaft
 - Electrical power
 - Fiber optics for experiment data & control and fire alarm
 - Gas pipes in Ross Shaft for N2 and Ar
 - Fire water pipe from 4100L sump to 4850L
 - Concrete slick line for construction



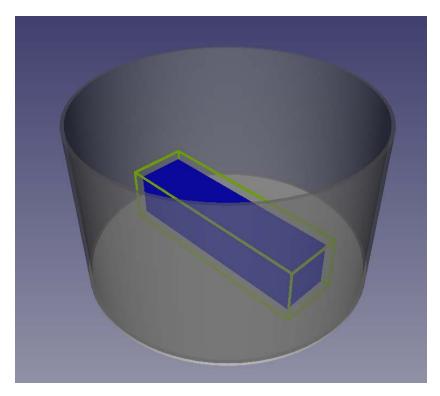
Far Site Ross Shaft - Expansion



Shaft Brow Modifications at 4850 L Station

- Excavation required for long load deliveries
- Special swing out gates required to allow for long load slinging
- Special bracing required for shaft sets where brow opens up

LBNF Cryostat size relative to LNG Industry

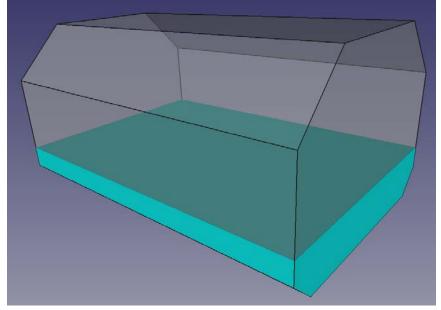


On Land:

 Whole 10kt Cryostat fits inside 200,000 m³ LNG storage tank

On ships:

 LAr for one cryostat fills about 25% of a Q-MAX membrane chamber



LBNF Cryostat size relative to LNG Industry – Another View

