## FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FUNDING OPPORTUNITY ANNOUNCEMENT



U. S. Department of Energy Office of Science

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Encourage/Discourage Date:	10/06/2016 at 5 PM Eastern Time
Application Due Date:	11/14/2016 at 5 PM Eastern Time

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## UPDATES AND REMINDERS

#### REGULATIONS

This FOA and any awards made under it are controlled by 2 CFR 200, the Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, as modified by 2 CFR 910, the Department of Energy Financial Assistance Rules, and 10 CFR 605, the Office of Science Financial Assistance Program.

## DATA MANAGEMENT PLAN

The Office of Science has published a Statement on Digital Data Management, published at <u>http://science.energy.gov/funding-opportunities/digital-data-management/</u>, which governs applications submitted under this FOA, and is detailed in Part IV of this FOA.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF FEDERAL SUPPORT

The Office of Science published guidance about how its support should be acknowledged at <u>http://science.energy.gov/funding-opportunities/acknowledgements/</u>.

## REPORTING

The Office of Science has implemented the federal-wide Research Performance Progress Report (RPPR) through the Portfolio Analysis and Management System (PAMS). The common RPPR format is described at http://www.nsf.gov/bfa/dias/policy/rppr/. Progress Reports are generally due 90 days before the end of each budget period. The Principal Investigator (PI) will receive an automated email from PAMS (<PAMS.Autoreply@science.doe.gov>) thirty days prior to the progress report due date. Some information will be prepopulated. Additional details and changes will be contained in the Reporting Requirements Checklist attached to the Assistance Agreement.

#### RECOMMENDATION

The Office of Science encourages you to register in all systems as soon as possible. You are also encouraged to submit letters of intent, pre-applications, and applications well before the deadline.

## Section I – FUNDING OPPORTUNITY DESCRIPTION

## GENERAL INQUIRIES ABOUT THIS FOA SHOULD BE DIRECTED TO:

## **Technical/Scientific Program Contact:**

Questions regarding the specific program areas/technical requirements can be directed to the program managers listed for each program within the FOA.

## Administrative Contact (questions about program rules):

Questions about program rules should be sent to <u>early.career@science.doe.gov</u>

## STATUTORY AUTHORITY

Public Law 95-91, US Department of Energy Organization Act Public Law 109-58, Energy Policy Act of 2005

## **APPLICABLE REGULATIONS**

Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, codified at 2 CFR 200 U.S. Department of Energy Financial Assistance Rules, codified at 2 CFR 910

U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Science Financial Assistance Program Rule, codified at 10 CFR 605

## SUMMARY

The Office of Science of the Department of Energy hereby invites grant applications for support under the Early Career Research Program in the following program areas: Advanced Scientific Computing Research (ASCR); Biological and Environmental Research (BER); Basic Energy Sciences (BES), Fusion Energy Sciences (FES); High Energy Physics (HEP), and Nuclear Physics (NP). The purpose of this program is to support the development of individual research programs of outstanding scientists early in their careers and to stimulate research careers in the areas supported by the DOE Office of Science.

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

The mission of the DOE Office of Science is to deliver the scientific discoveries and major scientific tools to transform our understanding of nature and advance the energy, economic, and national security of the United States. The Office of Science is the Nation's largest Federal sponsor of basic research in the physical sciences and the lead Federal agency supporting fundamental scientific research for energy.

The Office of Science accomplishes its mission and advances national goals by supporting:

- The frontiers of science—discovering nature's mysteries from the study of fundamental subatomic particles, atoms, and molecules that are the building blocks of the materials of our universe and everything in it to the DNA, proteins, and cells that are the building blocks of life. Each of the programs in the SC supports research probing the most fundamental disciplinary questions.
- The 21st Century tools of science—providing the Nation's researchers with 27 state-ofthe-art national scientific user facilities, the most advanced tools of modern science propelling the U.S. to the forefront of science, technology development and deployment through innovation.
- Science for energy and the environment—advancing a clean energy agenda through fundamental research on energy production, conversion, storage, transmission, and use by advancing our understanding of the earth and its climate. Targeted investments include three DOE Bioenergy Research Centers (BRCs), the Energy Frontier Research Centers (EFRCs), two Energy Innovation Hubs, and atmospheric process and climate modeling research.

Early Career Research Program opportunities exist in the following Office of Science research programs. Additional details about each program, websites, and technical points of contacts are provided in the materials that follow.

## I. Advanced Scientific Computing Research (ASCR)

- (a) Applied Mathematics: Adaptive Algorithms, Solvers, and Optimization for Extreme-Scale Computing
- (b) Applied Mathematics: Multiscale Mathematics for Coupled Extreme-Scale Scientific Simulations
- (c) Applied Mathematics: Research Foundations for Scalable Scientific Data Analysis and Algorithms
- (d) Computer Science: Resiliency, Data, and Visualization
- (e) Computer Science: Extreme Scale
- (f) Next Generation Networking for Science
- (g) Research and Evaluation Prototypes

## II. Biological and Environmental Research (BER)

- (a) Systems Biology Enabled Research on the Role of Microbial Communities in Carbon Cycle Processes
- (b) Modeling the Drivers and Impacts of Extreme Events

## III. Basic Energy Sciences (BES)

- (a) Materials Chemistry
- (b) Biomolecular Materials
- (c) Synthesis and Processing Science
- (d) Experimental Condensed Matter Physics

- (e) Theoretical Condensed Matter Physics
- (f) Physical Behavior of Materials
- (g) Mechanical Behavior and Radiation Effects
- (h) X-ray Scattering
- (i) Neutron Scattering
- (j) Electron and Scanning Probe Microscopies
- (k) Atomic, Molecular, and Optical Sciences (AMOS)
- (1) Gas Phase Chemical Physics (GPCP)
- (m) Computational and Theoretical Chemistry
- (n) Condensed Phase and Interfacial Molecular Science (CPIMS)
- (o) Catalysis Science
- (p) Separations and Analysis
- (q) Heavy Element Chemistry (HEC)
- (r) Geosciences Research
- (s) Solar Photochemistry
- (t) Photosynthetic Systems
- (u) Physical Biosciences
- (v) Nanoscale Science Research Centers
- (w) Accelerator and Detector Research
- (x) X-ray Instrumentation and Technique Development
- (y) Neutron Scattering Instrumentation and Technique Development

#### **IV. Fusion Energy Sciences (FES)**

- (a) Magnetic Fusion Energy Science Experimental Research
- (b) Magnetic Fusion Energy Science Theory and Simulation
- (c) High-Energy-Density Plasma Science
- (d) General Plasma Science Experiment and Theory
- (e) Fusion Nuclear Science, Materials Research and Enabling R&D Programs for Fusion

## V. High Energy Physics (HEP)

- (a) Experimental Research at the Energy Frontier in High Energy Physics
- (b) Experimental Research at the Intensity Frontier in High Energy Physics
- (c) Experimental Research at the Cosmic Frontier in High Energy Physics
- (d) Theoretical Research in High Energy Physics
- (e) Accelerator Science and Technology Research & Development in High Energy Physics
- (f) Detector Research and Development in High Energy Physics

## VI. Nuclear Physics (NP)

- (a) Medium Energy Nuclear Physics
- (b) Heavy Ion Nuclear Physics
- (c) Low Energy Nuclear Physics
- (d) Nuclear Theory
- (e) Nuclear Data and Nuclear Theory Computing
- (f) Accelerator Research and Development for Current and Future Nuclear Physics Facilities
- (g) Isotope Development and Production for Research and Applications

## I. Advanced Scientific Computing Research (ASCR)

Program Website: http://science.energy.gov/ascr/

The mission of the Advanced Scientific Computing Research (ASCR) program is to advance applied mathematics and computer science; deliver the most advanced computational scientific applications in partnership with disciplinary science; advance computing and networking capabilities; and develop future generations of computing hardware and software tools for science, in partnership with the research community, including U.S. industry. The strategy to accomplish this has two thrusts: developing and maintaining world-class computing and network facilities for science; and advancing research in applied mathematics, computer science and advanced networking.

The computing resources and high-speed networks required to meet Office of Science needs exceed the state-of- the-art by a significant margin. Furthermore, the algorithms, software tools, the software libraries and the distributed software environments needed to accelerate scientific discovery through modeling and simulation are beyond the realm of commercial interest. To establish and maintain DOE's modeling and simulation leadership in scientific areas that are important to its mission, ASCR operates Leadership Computing facilities, a high-performance production computing center, and a high-speed network and implements a broad base research portfolio to solve complex problems on computational resources that are on a trajectory to reach well beyond hundreds of petaflops within a few years.

For the purposes of the Early Career Research Program, proposed research must be responsive to one of the specific topic areas below:

## **Applied Mathematics**

This program supports basic research leading to fundamental mathematical advances and computational breakthroughs across DOE and Office of Science missions. Applied Mathematics efforts span a range of research in scalable high-performance solvers, adaptive multiscale mathematical models, and coupled scientific data analysis and algorithms. These research developments are the foundation for enabling predictive models, simulations, and analysis of DOE-relevant science and engineering applications. The specific topic areas of interest are:

# (a) Applied Mathematics: Adaptive Algorithms, Solvers, and Optimization for Extreme-Scale Computing

## Technical Contact: Abani Patra, 301-903-9938, Abani.Patra@science.doe.gov

Basic research in the design, synthesis, analysis, and demonstration of algorithms that provide numerical solutions to mathematical models of physical systems with relevance to the DOE missions. Solver research opportunities include new classes of algorithms with one or more of the follow characteristics: low-communication, asynchronous, mixed-precision, fault-tolerant, resilient, energy-efficient, stochastic, reproducible. A key research characteristic is that the results will also be useful for extreme-scale simulations.

## References

Applied Mathematics Research for Exascale Computing http://science.energy.gov/~/media/ascr/pdf/research/am/docs/EMWGreport.pdf Report on the Extreme Scale Solvers Workshop http://science.energy.gov/~/media/ascr/pdf/programdocuments/docs/reportExtremeScaleSolvers2012.pdf

## (b) Applied Mathematics: Multiscale Mathematics for Coupled Extreme-Scale Scientific Simulations

Technical Contact: Abani Patra, 301-903-9938, <u>Abani.Patra@science.doe.gov</u>

Innovative mathematics research to improve the fidelity and predictability of continuous and/or distributed complex systems that accurately capture the physics and/or subcomponent interactions across vastly different time and length scales.

## References

DOE Workshop Report on Multiphysics Simulations <u>http://science.energy.gov/~/media/ascr/pdf/programdocuments/docs/MultiPhysics-Simulations-Report.pdf</u> A Multifaceted Mathematical Approach for Complex Systems <u>http://science.energy.gov/~/media/ascr/pdf/program-</u>

documents/docs/Multifaceted Mathematical Approach for Complex Systems.pdf

## (c) Applied Mathematics: Research Foundations for Scalable Scientific Data Analysis and Algorithms

Technical Contact: Steven Lee, 301-903-5710, <u>Steven.Lee@science.doe.gov</u>

Rigorous mathematical and computationally efficient approaches for analyzing and extracting information and insight from large-scale datasets relevant to the DOE missions. Of particular interest are computational approaches addressing the integration of observational data, experimental data, simulations and/or models.

For Research Areas (a), (b), and (c) above, topics that are out of scope include:

- Pre-applications and applications with primary emphasis on tailoring or implementation of existing numerical methods for specific scientific problems;
- High-performance computing (HPC) implementation or "framework" for scientific or engineering calculations that are primarily based on specific programming models or architectures; or
- Solutions for specific scientific or engineering problems that are not applicable to a broader class of problems.

## **Computer Science**

This program supports research to advance the development, operation and systems management of Leadership Class and production high performance computing facilities at DOE National Labs, application software development for scientific modeling and simulation at exascale and beyond, high performance computing systems architecture and software, and scientific data management and analysis at scale.

Topics of interest for this solicitation are focused on the following key research challenges for exascale platforms, namely:

## (d) Computer Science: Resiliency, Data, and Visualization Technical Contact: Lucy Nowell, 301-903-3191, <u>Lucy.Nowell@science.doe.gov</u>

- a. Understanding the causes, frequency, and impact of various types of hard and soft faults and the detection and categorization thereof;
- b. Visual analytic methods and environments for petabyte to exabyte multi-scale, multiphysics scientific data sets from simulations and/or experimental platforms; visual analytic environments to support understanding of HPC system and/or application behavior at extreme scale; and/or software visualization of highly parallel codes.
- c. Complex distributed scientific workflows, and distributed high-end data-centric science applications.

## (e) Computer Science: Extreme Scale

**Technical Contact: Sonia Sachs, 301-903-0060, <u>Sonia.Sachs@science.doe.gov</u> (Listed as Sonia McCarthy in PAMS)** 

- a. Innovative programming models for developing applications on exascale platforms, exploiting unprecedented parallelism, heterogeneity of memory systems (e.g. Non-Uniform Memory Access (NUMA), non-coherent shared memory, hybrid memory cube, scratchpads), and heterogeneity of processing (e.g., Graphics Processing Units (GPUs), accelerators, big-small cores, processing in memory and near memory);
- b. Algorithms and methods that support automated and semi-automated refinements from high-level specification of an application to low-level code, optimized at runtime to different HPC platforms. The focus is on enabling performance portability of applications developed for exascale computing and beyond.

Computer Science pre-applications and applications must explain their relevance to current and future high performance computing platforms as well as their relevance to the mission of the Office of Science and the Advanced Scientific Computing Research programs.

Topics that are out of scope include:

- Pre-applications and Applications with primary emphasis on hardware design;
- All aspects of social computing, natural language processing / understanding / generation and/or analysis, generalized research in human-computer interaction, discipline-specific data analytics and informatics;
- Research focused on the World Wide Web and/or Internet; or

- Research that is only applicable to hand-held, portable, desktop, embedded or cloud computing.
- Research and applications not specific and justified in the context of current and future supercomputing facilities supported by ASCR (i.e., Argonne Leadership Computing Facility (ALCF), National Energy Research Scientific Computing Center (NERSC), Oak Ridge Leadership Computing Facility (OLCF)). http://science.energy.gov/ascr/facilities/

## (f) Next Generation Networking for Science Program Manager: Thomas Ndousse-Fetter, 301-903- 9960, <u>Thomas.Ndousse-Fetter@science.doe.gov</u>

ASCR has played a leading role in the development of the high-bandwidth networks connecting researchers to facilities, data, and to one another. ASCR-supported researchers helped establish critical protocols on which the internet is based. Next Generation Networking for Science research provides underpinning technologies used in international collaborations such as the Large Hadron Collider, including virtual meeting and other commercial collaboration tools. These research efforts build upon results from Computer Science and Applied Mathematics to develop integrated software tools and advanced network services to use new capabilities in ESnet to advance DOE missions. Grant applications are currently solicited in the following high priorities technical areas:

- 1. **Complex Networks Optimization** Rigorous modeling and simulation, data-driven analytics, and other emerging techniques for evaluating the performance, security, and/or operational capabilities of federated autonomous network systems;
- 2. **Cognitive Communication Networks Technologies** This effort seeks new innovations in the design of self-aware high-performance network capabilities in the form of smart protocols and services, intelligent automation and traffic control, and embedded machine learning aimed at reducing the complexities of networks supporting distributed science environments.

Topics that are out-of-scope include:

- Pre-applications and applications with a main focus on wireless network technologies, hardware component development, low-speed network infrastructures;
- Pre-applications and Applications with a primary focus on deployment activities; or
- Preapplications and Applications that suggest incremental upgrades to existing network architectures, protocols, tools, or services.

## References

[1] DOE Workshop report. "Software Defined Networking for Extreme-Scale Science: Data, Compute, and Instrument Facilities," <u>https://www.orau.gov/ionInfrastructure2014/intelligent-network-infrastructure-workshop-report.pdf</u>

- [2] Kohei Shiomoto, "Applications of Big Data Analytics Technologies for Traffic and Network Management Data—Gaining Useful Insights from Big Data of Traffic and Network Management." NTT Technical Report, Vol. 11 Nov. 2013.
- [3] Jérémie Leguay etc." Online and Global Network Optimization Towards the Next-Generation of Routing Platforms," <u>https://arxiv.org/pdf/1602.01629.pdf</u>
- [4] Yu Lu et al., "Intelligent Network Design: User Layer Architecture and its Application," <u>http://www.ami-lab.org/uploads/Publications/accepted/WP2/0-Accepted-Intelligent%20Network%20Design-</u> User%20Layer%20Architecture%20and%20its%20Application.pdf

## (g) Research and Evaluation Prototypes Program Manager: Robinson Pino, 301-903-1263, <u>Robinson.Pino@science.doe.gov</u>

This program supports research to advance the evaluation, development, and operation of emerging systems for Leadership Class and production high performance computing facilities and advanced scientific networks at DOE National Labs. Grant applications are solicited in the following technical areas:

- 1. *Machine Learning*: Scalable software, methods, and techniques that ensure algorithm scalability to extreme scales and applications that are generalizable to scientific computing applications and operation of HPC systems.
- 2. *Neuromorphic Computing*: Specific to HPC-enabled modeling and simulation of computing architecture at extreme scales for generalizable applications of the proposed approach.
- 3. *HPC Cybersecurity*: Investigate methods and techniques to achieve scientific integrity through repeatable computing results whose process, origin, and data provenance is understood, whose correctness is understood, and for which uncertainty estimates are provided with associated metrics analytics and with specific emphasis to low system overhead approaches.

Pre-applications and applications must explain their relevance to current, future high performance computing (HPC) platforms, and their relevance to the mission of the Office of Science and the Advanced Scientific Computing Research program.

Topics that are out of scope include:

- Pre-applications and Applications with primary emphasis on hardware design, fabrication, or integration, materials science, devices or device/circuit design, manufacturing;
- All aspects of social computing, natural language processing / understanding / generation and/or analysis, generalized research in human-computer interaction, discipline-specific data analytics and informatics;
- Research focused on the World Wide Web and/or Internet; or
- Research that is only applicable to wireless, hand-held, portable, distributed, desktop, embedded or cloud computing.
- Research and applications not specific and justified in the context of current and future supercomputing facilities supported by ASCR (i.e., Argonne Leadership Computing Facility (ALCF), National Energy Research Scientific Computing Center (NERSC), Oak Ridge

Leadership Computing Facility (OLCF)). http://science.energy.gov/ascr/facilities/

## II. Biological and Environmental Research (BER)

Program Website: <u>http://science.energy.gov/ber/</u>

The mission of the Biological and Environmental Research (BER) program is to support fundamental research and scientific user facilities to achieve a predictive understanding of complex biological, climatic, and environmental systems for a secure and sustainable energy future.

#### **Biological Systems Science**

Biological Systems Science at BER focuses on fundamental research to achieve a predictive systems-level understanding of complex biological systems to advance DOE missions in energy and the environment. By integrating genome-enabled science with advanced computational and experimental biology approaches, BER Biological Systems Science seeks to gain a predictive understanding of mission-relevant microbes, plants, and biological communities.

In recent years the field of systems microbiology has displayed substantial advances in metaomics technologies (*i.e.* metagenomics, metatranscriptomics, metaproteomics, community-scale metabolomics, etc.), high-resolution analytical technologies to study microbes and microbial communities, and predictive modeling of their metabolic and regulatory processes. These advances are enabling sophisticated approaches to understand the roles of microbes and biological consortia in the integration between major biogeochemical cycles (*e.g.* carbon, nitrogen, sulfur, phosphorus, etc.), their impact on ecosystem-level carbon cycle processes, and ultimately, climate change.

BER is only seeking Biological Systems Science research in the following area:

## (a) Systems Biology Enabled Research on the Role of Microbial Communities in Carbon Cycle Processes

## Technical Contact: Pablo Rabinowicz, 301-903-0379, pablo.rabinowicz@science.doe.gov

Applications are requested for -omics driven systems biology research on the roles of prokaryotic and eukaryotic microbes and microbial communities (including model microbes or microbial consortia) in large-scale carbon cycling processes in terrestrial soil and sedimentary ecosystems, focused on: (i) systems biology research on regulatory and metabolic networks of microbes, microbial consortia, and microbe-plant interactions involved in biogeochemical cycling of carbon, and/or (ii) development and application of meta-omics approaches to investigate microbial community functional processes involved in carbon cycling in terrestrial ecosystems using micro- or meso-cosms and/or field studies.

Applications focusing on marine systems, agroecosystems, or food production systems will not be considered, nor will model organisms or communities that are of limited relevance to understanding the global-scale carbon cycle. Applicants are encouraged to consider the use of resources provided by DOE Science User Facilities and Community Resources. These include the DOE Systems Biology Knowledgebase (KBase; www.kbase.us), DOE Joint Genome Institute (JGI; http://jgi.doe.gov/), DOE Environmental Molecular Sciences Laboratory (http://www.emsl.pnl.gov/emslweb/), National Energy Research Scientific Computing Center (NERSC; http://www.nersc.gov), and DOE Structural Biology Infrastructure Facilities (http://science.energy.gov/ber/research/bssd/structural-biology/). If a project is funded, at least one project participant will be required to attend an annual investigator meeting within the first year of funding. Reasonable travel expenses may be included as part of the project budget.

#### **Climate and Environmental Sciences**

The Climate and Environmental Sciences Division (CESD) focuses on advancing a robust predictive understanding of Earth's climate and environmental systems, and on informing the development of sustainable solutions to the Nation's energy and environmental challenges. There are five goals which frame the Division's programs and investments: (a) synthesize new process knowledge and innovative computational methods that advance next generation, integrated models of the human-earth system; (b) develop, test and simulate process-level understanding of atmospheric systems and terrestrial ecosystems, extending from bedrock to the top of the canopy; (c) advance fundamental understanding of coupled biogeochemical processes in complex subsurface environments to enable systems-level environmental prediction and decision support; (d) enhance the unique capabilities and impacts of the ARM and EMSL scientific user facilities and other BER community resources to advance the frontiers of climate and environmental science; and (e) identify and address science gaps that limit translation of CESD fundamental science into solutions for DOE's most pressing energy and environmental challenges.

BER is only seeking Climate and Environmental Sciences research in the following area:

#### (b) Modeling the Drivers and Impacts of Extreme Events Technical Contact: Renu Joseph, 301-903-9237, <u>renu.joseph@science.doe.gov</u>

This topic addresses the growing imperative to understand and simulate the drivers and consequences of climate extremes, particularly compounding multivariate extremes (e.g., extreme heat and drought) that give rise to multiple, simultaneous stressors (e.g., increased water demand for energy, agriculture and consumption). The scientific community is under pressure to understand the evolution of extreme weather events, how they are influenced by anthropogenic drivers and natural variability, and how they affect regional-scale impacts, adaptations and vulnerabilities of human and natural systems. Extreme events, whether through intensity, frequency or duration, are most likely to stress and exceed thresholds of energy, water, and land systems that are typically early drivers of infrastructural adaptations and risk management strategies. This topic considers the changing nature and potential evolution of droughts, heat waves, and flooding events and their important interactions and collective behaviors, with particular interests for informing the intersections and feedbacks within the energy-water-land systems.

Successful applications must include a combined model-observation investigation of climate extremes, particularly droughts, floods or heat waves, and with a particular interest in techniques to address compounding multivariate extremes. The applications must focus on at least one (but preferably more) of the four topics listed below:

- 1) Enhancing our understanding of the physical behavior of the large-scale and localized coupled climate system that gives rise to compounding multivariate extremes, and how these extremes would change in a changing climate;
- 2) Development and use of statistical techniques to characterize these multivariate extremes, quantify their uncertainty, and distinguish the influences of anthropogenic drivers and natural variability;
- 3) Model improvements that are expected to improve the fidelity of simulating extreme events, within the Accelerated Climate Model for Energy, and including a plan for validation and assessment of the proposed improvements;
- 4) More specific, systematized consideration of the types of information on extreme events required for impacts, adaptation and vulnerabilities research, for example, specific parameters and associated spatial and temporal scales for different types of impacts/adaptation topics and issues at the energy-water-land nexus.

New and highly innovative quantitative methods that involve some aspects of high scientific risk, with the potential for moderate to high scientific rewards, are encouraged. Applicants should demonstrate their knowledge of conventional methods and explain how the new developments or techniques will add to, and not replicate, the existing body of research in the field, particularly for those involving significant investments by BER in related research areas. Applications should address global to regional scales and must include sufficient resolution to incorporate regional influences. Regions of interest must include the Continental United States (CONUS), with the potential to also consider complementary non-CONUS regions. Topics (1) and (2) must incorporate DOE-supported models in the methodologies that include, but are not limited to, Accelerated Climate Modeling for Energy (ACME), Community Earth System Model (CESM), or components of these models. Successful applicants must demonstrate a robust study plan that includes detailed simulation of processes and physics, and statistical and analytic methods using appropriate datasets for evaluation and benchmarking. Projects may include future projections involving one or more contrasting representative concentration pathways (RCPs) and a consistent set of emission and land-use/land-cover scenarios. Projections (and methodologies) must encompass decadal to centennial time frames and include meaningful aspects of natural variability.

#### **III. Basic Energy Sciences (BES)**

#### Program Website: http://science.energy.gov/bes/

The mission of the Basic Energy Sciences (BES) program is to support fundamental research to understand, predict, and ultimately control matter and energy at the electronic, atomic, and molecular levels in order to provide the foundations for new energy technologies and to support DOE missions in energy, environment, and national security. The portfolio supports work in the natural sciences by emphasizing fundamental research in materials sciences, chemistry, geosciences, and biosciences. BES-supported scientific facilities provide specialized instrumentation and expertise that enable scientists to carry out experiments not possible at individual laboratories.

More detailed information about BES sponsored research can be found at the BES website listed above. There you will find BES-sponsored workshop reports that address the current status and possible future directions of some important research areas. Also, Principal Investigators' Meetings Reports contain abstracts of BES supported research in topical areas associated with Division-sponsored technical conferences. Finally, the websites of individual BES Divisions may also be helpful. The following web pages are listed for convenience:

BES FY2014 Summary Report:

http://science.energy.gov/~/media/bes/pdf/reports/files/BES2014SR\_rpt.pdf

BES FY 2014 Research Descriptions:

http://science.energy.gov/~/media/bes/pdf/reports/2015/BES\_FY2014\_research\_summaries.pdf BES Workshop Reports:

http://science.energy.gov/bes/community-resources/reports/

Materials Sciences and Engineering Division Principal Investigators' Meetings: http://science.energy.gov/bes/mse/principal-investigators-meetings/

Chemical Sciences, Geosciences, & Biosciences Division Principal Investigators' Meetings: http://science.energy.gov/bes/csgb/principal-investigators-meetings/

Scientific User Facilities Division web page:

http://science.energy.gov/bes/suf/

This year, many of the core research areas are limiting early career applications to a subset of topics within their regular research programs. In those cases, the intention is to rotate topics on an annual basis. Proposed research must be responsive to a supported topic in one of the core research areas listed below:

#### (a) Materials Chemistry Technical Contacts: Michael Sennett, 301-903-6051, <u>Michael.Sennett@science.doe.gov</u> (select this PM in PAMS) and Craig Henderson, 301-903-0805<u>.</u> <u>Craig.Henderson@science.doe.gov</u>

This program supports scientific research on materials with a focus on the *chemical synthesis*, *chemical control, and chemical dynamics* of material composition and structure across the range of length scales from atomic to mesoscopic, with a view to elucidating fundamental aspects of materials' structure-property relationships. The major programmatic focus is on the discovery, design and synthesis of novel, energy-relevant materials with an emphasis on the *chemistry* and *chemical* control of composition and structure across the range of length scales from atomic to mesoscopic, and consequent materials properties.

Recent BES Basic Research Needs (and other) workshops and reports have articulated those areas of the materials sciences that are most relevant to energy. All of the reports variously identify the overarching goal of fundamental materials chemistry research as providing the *knowledge* needed to *design and produce* new materials with *tailored properties from first principles*. This program will therefore emphasize research on the chemistry-based discovery, synthesis and transformations of materials and/or morphologies with the goal of providing fundamental knowledge with the potential to enable the development of next generation energy technologies.

The program will accept hypothesis-driven applications ONLY in the following topical areas:

- Solid State Chemistry Novel inorganic material compositions/morphologies
- Surface and Interfacial Chemistry Elucidation of emergent phenomena, elucidation and control of transport in energy-relevant systems
- Novel Molecular Solids and Polymers Experimental validation of theoretical material designs for functional materials
- **Materials Chemistry Dynamics** Evolution and control of material structure/properties *in operando*

The program will NOT consider applications this year on topics that are not explicitly included in the preceding list. Future Early Career Research Program competitions in Materials Chemistry will call for applications in different limited topical areas, to be determined by programmatic needs and priorities at the time of the announcement.

The program will NOT support the following categories of research: Applications aimed at *optimization* of material properties for any applications, nanoparticle synthesis as a primary goal, applications related to energetic materials (i.e. propellants and explosives), applications that have device fabrication and testing as a primary goal, and applications focused on *developing* materials for specific applications.

For DOE national laboratory applicants, the proposed research must fit within the BES Materials Sciences and Engineering (MSE) Division funded programs at the laboratory of the applicant.

## (b) Biomolecular Materials Technical Contact: Michael Markowitz, 301-903-6779, <u>mike.markowitz@science.doe.gov</u>

This activity supports basic research in the discovery, design and synthesis of functional materials and complex structures based on principles and concepts of biology. Since biology provides a blueprint for translating atomic and nanoscale phenomena into mesoscale materials that display complex yet well-coordinated collective behavior, the major programmatic focus is on the hypothesis-driven creation of energy-relevant versions of these materials optimized for harsher, non-biological environments.

Recent BES Basic Research Needs (and other) workshops and reports have clearly identified mastering the capabilities of living systems as a Grand Challenge that could provide the knowledge base to discover, design, and synthesize new materials with totally new properties for next-generation energy technologies. Biomolecular Materials research activity seeks to advance the ability for materials that can coherently manage collective chemical, optical, electronic, magnetic, mechanical, and thermal signals and processes; self-repair; regulate, clean, and sequester impurities; and tolerate abuse.

For the early career program, two separate topics (A and B shown below) are planned for alternate fiscal years. For this announcement, only applications focused on Topic A will be considered.

Topic A (This year): New pathways for bio-inspired materials discovery are sought that link scalable physical and chemical processes with the synthesis and assembly strategies of biology to predictably create new polymeric, inorganic, and hybrid functional materials *in vitro* with controllable morphology and energy harvesting, conversion, or storage properties. The specific focus will be on new synthetic approaches for achieving targeted functionality and precise functional group positioning.

Topic B (Planned for alternate years): The activity will expand research on predictive, scalable, *in vitro* assembly incorporating error correcting and defect-managing mechanisms to create beyond-equilibrium multicomponent hierarchical materials optimized for non-biological conditions. Emphasis will be on new assembly approaches to create synthetic systems that can (i) respond to environmental stresses without losing function; (ii) reconfigure and re-route energy transfer, transport, and communication pathways, coordinate collective behavior, and precisely regulate interfacial properties in in response to multiple signals; (iii) self-repair and regrow structure without external input; and (iv) self-replicate.

In addition, enhanced integration of theory and experiment leading to new design ideas and opportunities for discovery will be emphasized. The program **will not** support projects aimed at optimization of materials properties for any applications, device fabrication, sensor development, tissue engineering, and biomedical research.

For DOE national laboratory applicants, the proposed research must fit within the BES Materials Sciences & Engineering (MSE) Division funded programs at the laboratory of the applicant.

#### (c) Synthesis and Processing Science Technical Contact: Bonnie Gersten, 301-903-0002, <u>bonnie.gersten@science.doe.gov</u>

This program supports basic research on materials to understand the physical phenomena and unifying principles that underpin materials synthesis including diffusion, nucleation, and phase transitions, often using *in situ* diagnostics, and developing new techniques to synthesize materials with tailored structure and properties. An important element of this activity is the development of real-time monitoring tools that probe the dynamic environment and the progression of structure and properties as a material is formed. This information is essential to understand the underlying physical mechanisms and to gain atomic level control of material synthesis and processing.

Recent BES Basic Research Needs (and other) workshops and reports have identified the challenges in synthesis and processing that are most relevant to next-generation energy technologies. In particular, the Grand Challenges for the field include the ability to control and design materials with tailored and revolutionary properties through energy efficient processes and precise control even under far-from-equilibrium conditions.

This year's activity invites applications on the synthesis and processing of high-quality single crystals and bulk materials with novel physical properties understanding the contributions of the precursor states to the processing of bulk materials; and mild processing techniques for the

assembly of 1D nanostructured materials into larger scale structures. Hypothesis-driven applications that integrate a creative experimental methodology with a first-principles theoretical-based approach to accelerate progress in understanding unifying principles for synthesis and discovery of new materials are of particular interest. The focus of this activity on materials discovery and design by physical means is complementary to the BES Materials Chemistry and Biomolecular Materials research activities, which emphasize chemical and biomimetic approaches.

The program **will not** support projects aimed at *optimization* of material properties for specific applications, device fabrication, nanoparticle synthesis as a primary goal, or materials focused on hydrogen storage technologies. In addition, projects that mainly focus on tribology, fluid dynamics or engineering scale-up and development will not be supported. For this year, projects involving the synthesis or processing of thin or thick films **will not** be supported.

For DOE national laboratory applicants, the proposed research must fit within the BES Materials Science and Engineering (MSE) Division funded programs at the laboratory of the applicant.

#### (d) Experimental Condensed Matter Physics Technical Contact: Michael Pechan, 301-903-0540, <u>Michael.Pechan@science.doe.gov</u>

The Experimental Condensed Matter Physics (ECMP) program supports research that will advance our fundamental understanding of the relationships between intrinsic electronic structure and the properties of complex materials.

This year the Early Career call in ECMP will focus on phenomena in bulk, mesoscale, nanoscale and low-dimensional materials dominated by long range electronic, structural and magnetic states. Next year's call is anticipated to focus on interface physics with an emphasis on non-equilibrium electronic, structural and magnetic states between dissimilar materials.

The ECMP Program does not support applications on electrochemistry, thermoelectric materials or photovoltaic materials; nor does it support projects aimed at materials optimization or device development.

For DOE national laboratory applicants, the proposed research must fit within the BES Materials Sciences and Engineering (MSE) Division funded programs at the laboratory of the applicant.

#### (e) Theoretical Condensed Matter Physics Technical Contact: James Davenport, 301-903-0035, <u>james.davenport@science.doe.gov</u> (select this PM in PAMS) or Matthias Graf, 301-903-0874, <u>matthias.graf@science.doe.gov</u>

This program supports research in theoretical condensed matter physics with an emphasis on quantum materials, materials discovery, systems out of equilibrium (including transport and ultra-fast response), and fundamental research in materials related to energy technologies. Examples of current research include strongly correlated electron systems, quantum phase transitions, computational and data driven materials design, magnetism, superconductivity, optical response, semiconductor physics, thermoelectric materials, and neutron and photon

scattering. Novel, physics based computational techniques are supported along with techniques relevant to nanoscale and mesoscale systems. This year, applications are only sought in the areas of high-throughput computations, data driven materials discovery, and materials theory/modeling solely related to energy technologies. Next year, the plan is to invite applications in the areas of quantum materials and systems out of equilibrium.

For DOE national laboratory applicants, the proposed research must fit within the BES Materials Sciences and Engineering (MSE) Division funded programs at the laboratory of the applicant.

#### (f) Physical Behavior of Materials Technical Contact: Refik Kortan, 301-903-3308, <u>refik.kortan@science.doe.gov</u>

This program supports research to understand the physical behavior of materials. For this year, the program invites early career applications in the topical areas of thermoelectric, magnetocaloric, multiferroic materials and light-matter interactions in the fields of excitonics, plasmonics and metamaterials. The applicants should heavily emphasize the impactful fundamental science aspects of their projects and these projects should be centered around hypothesis driven fundamental research that is transformative in nature. This program also supports theory, modeling, and simulation activities, especially in combination with experimental research.

The program **will not** support projects aimed at optimization of materials properties for any applications, device fabrication, or sensor development.

For DOE national laboratory applicants, the proposed research must fit within the BES Materials Sciences and Engineering (MSE) Division funded programs at the laboratory of the applicant.

## (g) Mechanical Behavior and Radiation Effects Technical Contact: John Vetrano, 301-903-5976, <u>john.vetrano@science.doe.gov</u>

This activity supports hypothesis-driven basic research to understand defects in materials and their effects on the properties of strength, structure, deformation, and failure. Defect formation, growth, migration, and propagation are examined by coordinated experimental and modeling efforts over a wide range of spatial and temporal scales. Topics include fundamental studies of deformation of ultra-fine scale materials and intelligent microstructural design for increased strength, formability, and fracture resistance in energy relevant materials. The goals are to develop the scientific underpinning for predictive design of materials having superior mechanical properties.

This year the emphasis is on mechanical behavior of materials, with the plan to alternate this topic with an emphasis on radiation effects annually. Research opportunities that can be realized by the application of mechanical behavior fundamentals to the general areas of self-assembly, physical behavior, and behavior under extreme environments (temperature, stress, strain, corrosion) of structural materials will be emphasized. High-strain rate deformation **will not** be explored in this program at this time. Applications emphasizing mechanics of materials, rather than materials science, **will not** be considered responsive.

For DOE national laboratory applicants, the proposed research must fit within the BES Materials Science and Engineering (MSE) Division funded programs at the laboratory of the applicant.

## (h) X-ray Scattering Technical Contact: Lane Wilson, 301-903-5877, <u>lane.wilson@science.doe.gov</u>

This activity supports basic research on the fundamental interactions of photons with matter to achieve an understanding of atomic, electronic, and magnetic structures and excitations and their relationships to materials properties. The main emphasis is on x-ray scattering, spectroscopy, and imaging research, primarily at major BES-supported user facilities. Instrumentation development and experimental research directed at the study of ultrafast physical phenomena in materials is an integral part of the portfolio. Based on programmatic priorities, this activity **will not** support ultra-fast source development, but will focus on the application of ultra-fast probe interactions with materials and the resulting connection to materials dynamics.

Advances in x-ray scattering and ultrafast sciences will continue to be driven by scientific opportunities presented by improved source performance and optimized instrumentation. The x-ray scattering activity will continue to fully develop the capabilities at the DOE facilities by providing support for instrumentation, technique development and research. A continuing theme in the scattering program will be the integration and support of materials preparation (especially when coupled to *in situ* investigation of materials processing) as this is a core competency that is vital to careful structural measurements related to materials properties. New investments in ultrafast science will focus on research that uses radiation sources associated with BES facilities and beam lines but also includes materials research employing ultra-short pulse x-ray, electron beam and THz radiation probes created by conventional tabletop laser sources.

For DOE national laboratory applicants, the proposed research must fit within the BES Materials Science and Engineering (MSE) Division funded programs at the laboratory of the applicant.

## (i) Neutron Scattering Technical Contact: P. Thiyagarajan (Thiyaga), 301-903-9706, <u>p.thiyagarajan@science.doe.gov</u>

This activity supports basic research on the fundamental interactions of neutrons with matter to achieve an understanding of the atomic, electronic, and magnetic structures and excitations of materials and their relationship to macroscopic properties. Main emphasis is on innovative science of materials and phenomena using neutron scattering, coupled with advancement of neutron scattering techniques, primarily at BES-supported user facilities. A continuing theme of this program is the integration of material synthesis, neutron scattering experiments, and computational modeling. Integration of careful neutron scattering measurements on high quality model systems with modeling is vital for an in-depth understanding of the relationship between structure and dynamics and macroscopic properties.

The focus for this year's Early Career Research Program is on transformative science at the mesoscale where materials' macroscopic properties manifest. Characterizing and controlling the

patterns and evolution of mesoscale heterogeneity are keys to optimizing and exploiting a wide range of materials' performance and functionality. *In situ* studies can measure structure and dynamics of materials in the appropriate environment and operational conditions, yielding direct data for comparison to predictions. The program will develop novel approaches that will exploit the unique aspects of neutron scattering and *in situ* capabilities to investigate materials with hierarchical structures and excitations in a wide range of length and time scales.

Based on programmatic priorities, applications focused on superconductivity (both conventional and unconventional) will not be considered.

For DOE national laboratory applicants, the proposed research must fit within the BES Materials Science and Engineering (MSE) Division funded programs at the laboratory of the applicant.

## (j) Electron and Scanning Probe Microscopies Technical Contact: Jane Zhu, 301-903-3811, <u>jane.zhu@science.doe.gov</u>

This activity supports basic research in materials sciences using microscopy and spectroscopy techniques. The research includes experiments and theory to understand the atomic, electronic, and magnetic structures and properties of materials. This activity also supports the development of new instrumentation and techniques, including ultrafast diffraction and imaging techniques, to advance basic science and materials characterizations for energy applications. The goal is to develop a fundamental understanding of materials through advanced microscopy and spectroscopy.

This research program builds upon the tremendous advancements in microscopy capabilities in the recent decades and use of imaging and spectroscopy methods to understand functionality and fundamental processes from atomistic to mesoscopic scales. New methods and approaches could provide an array of opportunities for groundbreaking science. These include understanding and controlling nano- or meso-scale inhomogeneity as well as the interplay between charge, orbital, spin and lattice degrees of freedom. Other areas of emphasis are imaging the functionality of materials; investigation of the electronic structure, spin dynamics, magnetism, phase transitions and transport properties from atomistic to mesoscopic scales; and development of advanced *in situ* analysis capabilities or combination of multiple probes for study of complex materials properties. The combined new experimental and theoretical capabilities will enable the fundamental understanding of atomic origins of materials properties.

**This year applications are limited to the electron microscopy and spectroscopy area.** It is anticipated that research in the scanning probe microscopy and spectroscopy area will be considered next year. Based on programmatic priorities, projects aimed at technique development without science goals **will not be** considered.

For DOE national laboratory applicants, the proposed research must fit within the BES Materials Sciences and Engineering (MSE) Division funded programs at the laboratory of the applicant.

#### (k) Atomic, Molecular, and Optical Sciences (AMOS) Technical Contact: Tom Settersten, 301-903-8428, <u>thomas.settersten@science.doe.gov</u>

This program supports basic experimental and theoretical research aimed at understanding the structural and dynamical properties of atomic and molecular systems. The research emphasizes fundamental interactions of these systems with photons and electrons to characterize and control their behavior. The goal is to develop accurate quantum mechanical descriptions of dynamical processes such as chemical bond breaking and forming, interactions in strong fields, and electron correlation. Topics of interest include the development and application of novel, ultrafast optical probes of matter; the interactions of atoms and molecules with intense electromagnetic fields; and quantum control of atomic and molecular systems. Projects involving technical development of sources or instrumentation must include a well-integrated scientific research focus.

The AMOS activity will continue to support science that advances DOE and BES mission priorities. Closely related experimental and theoretical efforts will be encouraged. AMOS will continue to have a prominent role at BES facilities in understanding and controlling the interaction of intense, ultrafast x-ray pulses with matter. Key targets for greater investment include attosecond science, ultrafast x-ray science, and ultrafast electron diffraction from molecular systems.

The program emphasizes ultrafast, strong-field, short-wavelength science, and correlated dynamics in atoms and molecules. Examples are the use of high-harmonic generation or its variants as soft x-ray sources, intense, ultrafast x-ray science at the Linac Coherent Light Source (LCLS), development and characterization of femtosecond and attosecond pulses of x-rays at synchrotrons as well as accelerator-based and table-top sources. Applications of these light sources include ultrafast imaging of chemical reactions, diffraction and harmonic generation from aligned molecules, and inner-shell photoionization of atoms and molecules. Coherent control of nonlinear optical processes and tailoring of quantum mechanical wave functions with lasers will continue to be of interest, particularly in molecular systems.

The AMOS program **is not** accepting applications in the areas of quantum information science, nanoscience, bioscience, and ultracold science.

For DOE national laboratory applicants, the proposed research must fit within the BES Chemical Sciences, Geosciences, and Biosciences (CSGB) Division funded programs at the laboratory of the applicant.

#### (1) Gas Phase Chemical Physics (GPCP) Technical Contact: Wade Sisk, 301-903-5692, <u>wade.sisk@science.doe.gov</u>

The Gas Phase Chemical Physics (GPCP) Program supports research that improves our understanding of the dynamics and rates of chemical reactions at energies characteristic of combustion and the chemical and physical properties of key combustion intermediates. The impact of combustion on the atmosphere including aerosol formation/growth is also supported. The overall aim is the development of a fundamental understanding of chemical reactivity enabling validated theories, models and computational tools for predicting rates, products, and

dynamics of chemical processes involved in energy utilization by combustion devices. Important to this aim is the development of experimental tools for discovery of fundamental dynamics and processes affecting chemical reactivity. Combustion models using this input are developed that incorporate complex chemistry with the turbulent flow and energy transport characteristics of real combustion processes.

Major thrust areas supported by the GPCP program include quantum chemistry, reactive molecule dynamics, chemical kinetics, spectroscopy, predictive combustion models, combustion diagnostics, and soot formation & growth. For the early career program, two separate topics (A and B shown below) are planned for alternate fiscal years. For this announcement, only applications focused on Topic **B** will be considered.

Topic A (closed this year, open alternate years): quantum chemistry (electronic structure and chemical dynamics), chemical dynamics (collisional and reactive), chemical kinetics (experimental as well as reaction rate computation and chemical kinetic reaction mechanisms), spectroscopy, and thermochemistry.

Topic B (open this year): predictive combustion models employing computational fluid dynamics, combustion diagnostics (particularly laser diagnostics) and soot and particle formation & growth, especially particle growth in the atmosphere resulting from and/or impacted by combustion.

The GPCP program **does** *not* support research in the following areas: non-reacting fluid dynamics and spray dynamics; data-sharing software development; end-use combustion device development; and characterization or optimization of end-use combustion devices.

The focus of the GPCP program is the development of a molecular-level understanding of gasphase chemical reactivity of importance to combustion. The desired evolution is to develop multi-phase predictive capabilities that span the microscopic to macroscopic domains enabling the computation of individual molecular interactions as well as their role in complex, collective behavior in real-world devices. Currently, increased emphasis in gas-phase chemical physics is on validated theories and computational approaches for the structure, dynamics, and kinetics of open shell systems, experimental measurements of combustion reactions at high pressures, better insight into soot particle growth and an improved understanding of the interaction of chemistry with fluid dynamics.

For DOE national laboratory applicants, the proposed research must fit within the BES Chemical Sciences, Geosciences, and Biosciences (CSGB) Division funded programs at the laboratory of the applicant.

#### (m) Computational and Theoretical Chemistry Technical Contact: Mark Pederson, 301-903-9956, <u>mark.pederson@science.doe.gov</u>

Computational and Theoretical Chemistry emphasizes sustained development and integration of new and existing theoretical and massively parallel computational approaches for the deterministic, accurate and efficient prediction of processes and mechanisms relevant to the BES

mission, especially in relation to providing groundwork for computational design of molecularto meso-scale materials and processes. Part of the focus is on next-generation simulation of processes that are so complex that efficient computational implementation must be accomplished in concert with development of theories and algorithms. Efforts should be tightly integrated with the research and goals of BES, especially the chemical physics programs, and should provide fundamental solutions that enhance or enable conversion to clean, sustainable, renewable, novel or highly efficient energy use. Efforts should include application to real molecular- and nanoscale systems. This may include the development or improvement of reusable computational tools that enhance analysis of measurements at the DOE facilities or efforts aimed at enhancing accuracy, precision, and applicability or scalability of all variants of quantum-mechanical simulation methods. This includes the development of spatial and temporal multiscale/multistage methodologies that allow for time-dependent simulations of resonant, nonresonant and dissipative processes as well as rare events. Development of capabilities for simulation of light-matter interactions, conversion of light to chemical energy or electricity, and the ability to model and control externally driven electronic and spin-dependent processes in real environments are encouraged. These phenomena may be modeled using a variety of timeindependent and time-dependent simulation approaches. Examples include:

- Practical predictive methods for excited-state phenomena in complex molecular systems.
- Nontraditional or novel basis sets, meshes and approaches for quantum simulation.
- Simulation and coupling of all interactions/scales in a system including: electronic, vibrational and atomistic structure, dissipative interactions, interactions between matter, radiation, fields and environment, spin-dependent and magnetic effects and the role of polarization, solvation and weak interactions.

Current interest includes applications to (i) energy storage, (ii) solar light harvesting including sunlight-to-fuel, (iii) interfacial phenomena, (iv) selective carbon-dioxide/gas separation, storage and capture (v) next-generation combustion modeling, (vi) reactivity and catalysis (vii) molecular and nano-scale electronic-, spin- and energy transport, (viii) quantum simulation of biologically inspired mechanisms for energy management and (ix) alternative fuel.

Methods and/or investigations that do not require consideration of electronic rearrangements or coupling of electronic and vibrational degrees of freedom to external stimuli are not supported by this program.

For this year, the Computation and Theoretical Chemistry program will support efforts that focus upon improving the fundamental underpinnings of computational and theoretical methods for description of particle-particle, including many-body, interactions. Methods that do so by decreasing the number of empirical parameters in an existing capability, (2) increasing the computational/algorithmic efficiency of a specific existing capability, or (3) removing known fundamental issues from existing capabilities are of special interest. Methods that seek improvements of existing empirical parameterizations through introduction of additional empirical parameters, even if based upon results from other theoretical methods or experiment, will be discouraged.

For DOE national laboratory applicants, the proposed research must fit within the BES Chemical Sciences, Geosciences, and Biosciences (CSGB) Division funded programs at the laboratory of the applicant.

## (n) Condensed Phase and Interfacial Molecular Science (CPIMS) Technical Contact: Gregory Fiechtner, 301-903-5809, <u>gregory.fiechtner@science.doe.gov</u>

The CPIMS program emphasizes basic research at the boundary of chemistry and physics, pursuing a molecular-level understanding of chemical, physical, and electron- and photon-driven processes in aqueous media and at interfaces. With its foundation in chemical physics, the impact of this crosscutting program on DOE missions is far reaching, including energy utilization, catalytic and separation processes, energy storage, and environmental chemical and transport processes. Experimental and theoretical investigations in the gas phase, condensed phase, and at interfaces aim at elucidating the molecular-scale chemical and physical properties and interactions that govern chemical reactivity, solute/solvent structure and transport. Studies of reaction dynamics at well-characterized surfaces and clusters lead to the development of theories on the molecular origins of surface-mediated catalysis and heterogeneous chemistry. Studies of model condensed-phase systems target first-principles understanding of molecular reactivity and dynamical processes in solution and at interfaces. Fundamental studies of reactive processes driven by radiolysis in condensed phases and at interfaces provide improved understanding of radiation-driven chemistry in nuclear fuel and waste environments.

Basic research is also supported to develop new experimental and theoretical tools that push the horizon of spatial and temporal resolution needed to probe chemical behavior selectively at interfaces and in solution, enabling studies of composition, structure, bonding and reactivity at the molecular level. The transition from molecular-scale chemistry to collective phenomena in complex systems is also of interest, allowing knowledge gained at the molecular level to be exploited through the dynamics and kinetics of collective interactions. In this manner, the desired evolution is toward predictive capabilities that span the microscopic to mesoscale domains enabling the computation of individual molecular interactions as well as their role in complex, collective behavior in real-world devices.

Recent Early Career Research Program awards managed in the CPIMS portfolio include (1) studies of ion solvation and charge transfer at electrochemical interfaces using nonlinear soft x-ray spectroscopy; (2) research that pushes accurate quantum simulations toward large mesoscale systems; (3) explorations of multidimensional infrared microscopy for visualizing chemical dynamics in heterogeneous environments; and (4) investigations of photochemical reactions of relevance to chemical synthesis in charged micro-droplets. Descriptions of earlier awards are found in CPIMS Meeting Reports at the link <a href="http://science.energy.gov/bes/csgb/principal-investigators-meetings/">http://science.energy.gov/bes/csgb/principal-investigators-meetings/</a>, under "Condensed-Phase and Interfacial Molecular Science".

The CPIMS program **does not** fund research in bulk fluid mechanics or fluid dynamics, applications such as the development of micro-scale devices, research related to development of propellants and explosives, and research that is of principle importance to medical sciences and applications.

For DOE national laboratory applicants, the proposed research must fit within the BES Chemical Sciences, Geosciences, and Biosciences (CSGB) Division funded programs at the laboratory of the applicant.

## (o) Catalysis Science Technical Contact: Viviane Schwartz, 301-903-0448, <u>viviane.schwartz@science.doe.gov</u>

This activity develops the fundamental scientific principles enabling catalyst design and chemical transformation control for energy-related catalytic processes. Research includes the identification of the elementary steps of catalytic reaction mechanisms and their kinetics; the synthesis of catalytic sites and their environment at the atomic and molecular level; the study of structure-reactivity relationships of catalytic species in solution or on solids; the dynamics of catalyst structure relevant to catalyst reactivity, selectivity and stability; the experimental determination of potential energy landscapes for catalytic reactions; the development of novel spectroscopic, structural and multimodal techniques for *in situ* and *operando* characterization of catalytic processes; and the development and application of theory, modeling, and simulation for determining catalyst structure/function and catalytic pathways.

The primary goal for all submissions must be to understand and control reaction mechanisms of full catalytic cycles relevant to energy applications. For phenomenological catalysis to evolve into predictive catalysis, the principles connecting catalytic structure, activity, selectivity, and reaction mechanisms must be clearly and thoroughly identified. This activity **encourages hypothesis-driven** applications in all classical areas of catalysis but this year in particular in the following areas:

- Selective and low-temperature activation of alkanes, carbohydrates and other multifunctional molecules;
- Catalytic mechanistic studies involving novel catalysts;
- Surface science investigations of well-defined model systems that clearly pertain to practical catalysts and energy-relevant catalytic reactions;
- Catalytic mechanisms in electrochemical and photoelectrochemical conversions of complex molecules into chemicals and fuels;
- Fast and ultrafast characterization of reaction intermediates and transition states with the intent of unraveling catalytic mechanisms.

New strategies for design of selective catalysts for fuel and chemical production from both fossil and renewable biomass feedstocks are of interest. Importantly, applications and pre-applications must clearly identify the reaction system to be studied indicating the scientific rationale for selecting the chemical reaction and its relevance to the development of structure-reactivity relationships. The program **will not consider** applications on the following topics:

- Process or reactor design and optimization;
- Environmental and engineering aspects of chemical or energy technologies, including processes aimed at fabricating catalytic sites;
- Research focused on battery-related materials and processes;

- Photochemical or electrochemical oxidation of water;
- Applications to study primarily the synthesis of catalytic materials;
- Applications aimed at the development of theory, characterization, or computation without addressing a specific catalysis research need;
- High-throughput methods with the purpose of synthesizing, characterizing, or screening catalysts;
- Enzyme-catalyzed reactions;
- Research focused on catalytic synthesis of pharmaceuticals or, more generally, fine chemicals unrelated to energy applications.

Examples of research funded in catalysis can be found in Catalysis Science Program Meeting Reports at the link 'Chemical Sciences, Geosciences, & Biosciences Division Principal Investigators' Meetings', <u>http://www.science.energy.gov/bes/csgb/principal-investigators-</u> <u>meetings/</u> (search for "catalysis" in the book title) and in the BES Research Summaries (<u>http://www.science.energy.gov/bes/community-resources/program-summaries/</u>). A 2007 BESAC-sponsored workshop, Basic Research Needs: Catalysis for Energy, outlining the current challenges and needs in this field can also be found on the 'Basic Research Needs Reports' web page link (<u>http://www.science.energy.gov/~/media/bes/pdf/reports/files/cat\_rpt.pdf</u>.) The report content is current except for the exclusions noted above.

For DOE national laboratory applicants, the proposed research must fit within the BES Chemical Sciences, Geosciences, and Biosciences (CSGB) Division funded programs at the laboratory of the applicant.

## (p) Separations and Analysis Technical Contact: Philip Wilk, 301-903-4537, <a href="mailto:philip.wilk@science.doe.gov">philip.wilk@science.doe.gov</a>

The overall goal of this activity is to obtain a predictive understanding, at molecular and nanoscale dimensions, of the basic chemical and physical principles involved in separations systems and chemical analysis tools, so that innovative approaches to DOE mission-related problems may be discovered and advanced. A range of basic research multidisciplinary experimental and computational approaches are employed, inspired by the common fundamental underpinnings associated with a wide range of energy related chemical recognition, separation and analysis problems. These include processing, production and utilization of current and future petroleum, bio, solar, and nuclear fuels, as well as carbon capture, chemical processing with improved efficiency and/or selectivity, and production of strategic energy-relevant materials.

Advances in fundamental science describing the speciation and chemical behavior of actinides and fission products has been identified as essential for the treatment of high-level radioactive wastes in the *Basic Research Needs for Environmental Management*, the DOE report of the Basic Energy Sciences Workshop on this topic. Research that is responsive to this report, and in particular, speciation and reactivity of non-equilibrium systems, including the prediction of oxidation states, chemical forms and reaction pathways in these unique systems, is well-aligned with the goals of this program. Applications focused on analytical research (chemical imaging, mass spectroscopy, etc.) will not be supported this year, as they were the focus of the previous year's Separations & Analysis Early Career Research Program announcement.

This year's activity is focused exclusively on the fundamental science of separations, and only applications that share this focus will be considered. This basic research is motivated by a desire to advance discovery and/or predictive design of future chemical separations-related concepts enabling novel, multifunctional, and/or more energy- and atom-efficient capabilities for a broad range of processes. Separations research is needed to advance our understanding and control of the atomic and molecular interactions between target species and separations media and the resulting molecular structures, dynamics, kinetics and transport properties resulting in the desired nano-, meso- and macroscopic functionality.

This year special emphasis will be placed on inorganic and organic/hybrid membrane science: soft, hard or hybrid membranes; ultraselective separations under extreme chemical environments (acid/base, saline, high T), chiral resolution of enantiomers, molecular trapping and controlled/dynamic release of various types of isomers (constitutional, stereoisomers, isotomers, topoisomers, spin isomers, etc.), reactive separations, and complex mixture separations (such as mentioned in the *Basic Research Needs for Environmental Management* report or those that model natural oil and gas resources.)

Based on programmatic priorities this activity does not support engineering scale up or development of narrowly defined processes, devices or sensors, activities directed at lab-on-achip development or medical applications; nor does the program support research on the transport of subsurface contaminants, the form and mobility of contaminants including wasteforms; as these are all areas more appropriately supported through other federally funded programs. For actinide related research, see the description below of BES Heavy Element Chemistry.

Applications should be hypothesis-based. Research funded in this category in the recent past can be found in Heavy Element Chemistry and Separations Science Principal Investigators' Meetings Reports at <u>http://science.energy.gov/bes/csgb/principal-investigators-meetings</u>.

For DOE national laboratory applicants, the proposed research must fit within the BES Chemical Sciences, Geosciences, and Biosciences (CSGB) Division funded programs at the laboratory of the applicant.

#### (q) Heavy Element Chemistry (HEC) Technical Contact: Philip Wilk, 301-903-4537, <u>philip.wilk@science.doe.gov</u>

This activity supports basic research on the chemistry of the actinide elements and transactinide elements. The unique molecular bonding of these elements is explored using experiment and theory to elucidate electronic and molecular structure as well as reaction thermodynamics. Emphasis is placed on addressing the f-electron challenge and the chemical and physical properties of these elements to determine solution, interfacial and solid-state bonding and reactivity. Synthetic inorganic research is pursued within this program on molecules that contain

heavy elements, with a focus on gaining a fundamental understanding of how the f-electrons participate in bonding. Ligand synthesis is only pursued with an aim to understand how the actinides interact with complexants, which might lead to novel interactions. Spectroscopic research on the chemical bonding and reactivity heavy-element containing molecules is also pursued within this program. Better characterization and modeling of the interactions of actinides at liquid-solid and liquid-liquid interfaces is motivated by deepening our understanding of the fundamental science underpinning areas within the DOE mission.

Resolving the role of the f-electrons is one of the three grand challenges identified in *Basic Research Needs for Advanced Nuclear Energy Systems*, the DOE report of the Basic Energy Sciences Workshop on this topic. Research to address this challenge is a central goal of this program and includes efforts aimed at implementing for actinide and transactinide elements, quantum-mechanical theories that correctly describe spin-orbit interactions and relativistic effects, which will expand our ability to predict heavy element chemical behavior.

Based on programmatic priorities, the HEC program does not fund research on: the processes affecting the transport of subsurface contaminants, the form and mobility of contaminants including wasteforms, projects focused on the use of heavy-element surrogates, projects aimed at optimization of materials properties including radiation damage, device fabrication, or biological systems; which are all more appropriately supported through other DOE programs. Research that is focused primarily on separations and does not address the unique properties of the heavy elements would be better aligned with the BES Separations & Analysis program, which is described in section p.

Applications should be hypothesis-based. Research funded in this category in the recent past can be found in Heavy Element Chemistry and Separations Science Principal Investigators' Meetings Reports at <u>http://science.energy.gov/bes/csgb/principal-investigators-meetings</u>.

For DOE national laboratory applicants, the proposed research must fit within the BES Chemical Sciences, Geosciences, and Biosciences (CSGB) Division funded programs at the laboratory of the applicant.

## (r) Geosciences Research Technical Contact: James Rustad, 301-903-1717, <u>james.rustad@science.doe.gov</u>

This activity supports basic experimental and theoretical research in geochemistry and geophysics. Geochemistry research is the focus area for this year's Early Career program and emphasizes fundamental, mechanistic understanding of geochemical processes, including phase equilibria and reaction rates, focusing on aqueous solution chemistry, mineral-fluid interfacial interactions and energetics, and colloidal systems. Emphasis in the BES Geosciences Program is on (i) discovering new species/processes that control element partitioning and distributions in earth materials, (ii) quantifying energetic contributions from mineral surface and solvent interactions, and (iii) new measurement/computational techniques that allow detailed understanding of the mechanistic aspects of surface-solvent and surface-solute interactions, and then relating this understanding to prediction of reaction rates. Relevant phenomena include (but are not limited to): understanding chemical-mechanical coupling at unprecedented

spatial/temporal resolution; fundamental molecular-level understanding of processes recording isotopic distributions in interfacial systems; reading records of geochemical processes at unprecedented resolution in heterogeneous earth materials; fundamental processes relating to naturally occurring, earth-abundant minerals as energy materials.

Activities in the Geosciences program focuses on fundamental research driven by novel measurements ideally coupled with theoretical/simulation methods directed at revolutionary understanding with broad implications. For this year's Early Career Program, the BES Geosciences program does not consider:

- Studies targeting particular single applications such as exploitation of a single resource, or remediation of a particular waste/contaminant type. Applicants in those cases should consult the appropriate DOE technology program;
- Studies that primarily develop technological applications of earth materials;
- Modeling studies that are not specifically connected to measurement techniques that probe modeled processes at the same scale;
- Studies focused on molecular structure determination unless they are convincingly related to underlying energetics and/or reaction rates;
- Studies focusing on hydrological modeling and/or upscaling methods.

BES Geosciences project abstracts for the most recent principal investigators' meeting can be found through the following link:

http://science.energy.gov/~/media/bes/csgb/pdf/docs/Geosciences/2014\_Geoscience\_Models\_W here are the Rocks Program.pdf

Note, however, that this year's Early Career program is restricted to a subset of the research sponsored by the BES Geosciences Program.

For DOE national laboratory applicants, the proposed research must fit within the BES Chemical Sciences, Geosciences, and Biosciences (CSGB) Division funded programs at the laboratory of the applicant.

## (s) Solar Photochemistry Technical Contacts: Mark Spitler, 301-903-4568, <u>mark.spitler@science.doe.gov</u> (select this PM in PAMS) and Chris Fecko, 301-903-1303, <u>christopher.fecko@science.doe.gov</u>

This activity supports fundamental, molecular-level research on solar energy capture and conversion in the condensed phase and at interfaces. These investigations of solar photochemical energy conversion focus on the elementary steps of light absorption, charge separation, charge transport within a number of chemical systems, and the harvesting of this energy in usable form. Although the long term mission of this Program is an understanding of the science behind the transduction of solar energy, it is recognized that fundamental research in the interaction of light, matter and electrons in these systems is essential to the achievement of Program goals.

Supported research areas of interest for this year Early Career Research Program, however, will not include solar-driven production of fuels. It will also not include light absorption, charge transfer and charge transport in inorganic systems or systems with inorganic components or complexes. This topic will be covered next year. The solar-driven production of fuels will then be a topic for the following year.

The FY2017 Early Career Research Program in Solar Photochemistry will deal with organic photochemistry, photoinduced electron and energy transfer in the organic condensed phase and across organic interfaces, and organic artificial assemblies for charge separation and transport that mimic natural photosynthetic systems. An enhanced theory and modeling effort is needed for rational design of these organic solar conversion systems. These areas of research represent challenges in fundamental understanding of photoconversion processes – energy transfer and the generation, separation, and recombination of charge carriers – in organic-based molecular semiconductors, which could lead to a new type of inexpensive and flexible solar cell.

Another regime of chemistry initiated through creation of high energy excited states is highly ionizing radiation, as can be produced through electron pulse radiolysis, to investigate reaction dynamics, structure, and energetics of short-lived transient intermediates in the condensed phase. Among many topics, fundamental research is of interest in areas which have a long term impact upon the understanding of radiolytic degradation of nuclear tank waste, the reactivity of solid surfaces in reactor coolant systems, and the chemistry of reagents used in separations processes in nuclear cycles.

Solar Photochemistry does not fund research on device development or optimization. Not of interest during this year's Early Career Research Program are applications that involve the catalytic production of fuels. It will also not include light absorption, charge transfer and charge transport in inorganic systems or systems with inorganic components or complexes.

For DOE national laboratory applicants, the proposed research must fit within the BES Chemical Sciences, Geosciences, and Biosciences (CSGB) Division funded programs at the laboratory of the applicant.

#### (t) Photosynthetic Systems Technical Contact: Stephen Herbert, 301-903-0383, <u>stephen.herbert@science.doe.gov</u>

This activity supports basic research on the capture and conversion of solar energy to chemically stored forms of energy in plants, algae, and photosynthetic microbes. Topics of study include but are not limited to light harvesting, exciton transfer, electron and proton transfer, and photosynthetic reduction of carbon dioxide. Such studies will enhance understanding of the intermolecular forces governing molecular assembly in photosynthetic systems; the structural and mechanistic features of photosynthetic complexes; and the physical and chemical rules that underlie biological mechanisms of photoprotection and self-repair.

Photosynthetic Systems **does not** fund research in: 1) prokaryotic systems related to human/animal health or disease; 2) development or optimization of devices and/or processes; 3) development or optimization of microbial strains or plant varieties for biofuel/biomass production. Projects should ideally be hypothesis-driven; projects that develop or rely primarily on high-throughput screening approaches **will not** be supported nor will theory/modeling projects that lack experimental verification.

For DOE national laboratory applicants, the proposed research must fit within the BES Chemical Sciences, Geosciences, and Biosciences (CSGB) Division-funded programs at the laboratory of the applicant.

## (u) Physical Biosciences Technical Contact: Robert Stack, 301-903-5652, <u>robert.stack@science.doe.gov</u>

This activity supports basic research that combines the tools of the physical sciences with biochemical and molecular biological approaches to further our understanding of the ways plants and/or non-medical microbes capture, transduce, and store energy. Research supported includes studies that investigate the mechanisms by which energy transduction systems are assembled and maintained, the processes that regulate energy-relevant chemical reactions within the cell, the underlying biochemical and biophysical principles determining the architecture of biopolymers and the plant cell wall, and active site protein chemistry that provides a basis for highly selective and efficient bioinspired catalysts.

Funding consideration will be limited to research in one of two current areas of programmatic emphasis: 1) structure, function, and mechanisms of enzymes and enzyme systems that catalyze multi-electron redox reactions (e.g. CO<sub>2</sub> reduction) and 2) the gating and control of electron flow in biological systems.

Physical Biosciences **does not** fund research in: 1) animal systems; 2) prokaryotic systems related to human/animal health or disease; 3) development and/or optimization of devices and/or processes; 4) development and/or optimization of microbial strains or plant varieties for biofuel/biomass production; 5) cell wall breakdown or deconstruction; 6) transcriptional or translational regulatory mechanisms and/or processes; 7) environmental remediation and/or identification of environmental hazards. Projects should ideally be hypothesis-driven; projects that develop or rely primarily on high-throughput screening approaches **will not** be supported nor will theory/modeling projects that lack experimental verification.

All submitted applications must clearly state the energy relevance of the proposed research: How will the knowledge gained from the proposed project better our understanding of the structure, function, and/or mechanistic aspects of energy-relevant biological redox reactions at the molecular level?

For DOE national laboratory applicants, the proposed research must fit within the BES Chemical Sciences, Geosciences, and Biosciences (CSGB) Division-funded programs at the laboratory of the applicant.

#### (v) Nanoscale Science Research Centers Technical Contact: George Maracas, 301-903-1264, <u>george.maracas@science.doe.gov</u>

This research area supports work that advances the instruments, techniques, and capabilities of the existing BES Scientific User Facilities and/or contributes to capabilities of future facilities in this area. Research topics that develop and exploit the unique potential of co-located facilities within and across the BES scientific user facilities are encouraged. We do not intend to support

applications to establish new, unrelated types of facilities or to develop techniques that do not relate to the missions of the Nanoscale Science Research Center.

Five Nanoscale Science Research Centers (NSRCs) support the synthesis, processing, fabrication, and analysis of materials at the nanoscale: the Center for Nanophase Materials Sciences at Oak Ridge National Laboratory (ORNL), the Molecular Foundry at Lawrence Berkley National Laboratory (LBNL), the Center for Integrated Nanotechnologies at Sandia National Laboratory (SNL)/Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL), the Center for Nanoscale Materials at Argonne National Laboratory (ANL), and the Center for Functional Nanomaterials at Brookhaven National Laboratory (BNL). These centers are the Department of Energy's premier user facilities for interdisciplinary research at the nanoscale, serving as the basis for a national program that encompasses new science, new tools for synthesis, fabrication, and analysis, and new computing approaches and capabilities. As such, research is supported across the spectrum of scientific and engineering disciplines to understand and exploit unique and phenomena materials at the nanoscale, including materials for energy conversion, structured materials derived from or inspired by nature, hard and crystalline materials (including the structure of macromolecules), magnetic and soft materials (including polymers and ordered structures in fluids), and nanoscale materials integration. Tools for probing nanoscale materials and phenomena are increasingly multi-modal, to enable characterization of electrical, optical, and/or magnetic properties on the same sample with high resolution over a range of length scales. The ability to characterize functional nanoscale materials in-situ, under operating conditions, is also increasingly important, from, for example, battery electrode charging/discharging, to catalysts at high pressures and temperatures, to biologically-inspired, soft, and/or hybrid materials in liquid environments.

New approaches to probe at the nanoscale, notably leveraging complementary modalities at the electron-beam, x-ray, and neutron facilities are of particular interest. Theory and modeling closely coupled with experiment to advance and accelerate the understanding of nanoscale phenomena, provide insights to inform materials by design, and develop and implement new capabilities leveraging the most advanced computational resources are also encouraged.

In the area of electron-beam microcharacterization the focus is on the development of next generation electron-beam instrumentation and on conducting corresponding research. Electron scattering has key attributes that give such approaches unique advantages and make them complementary to x-ray and neutron beam techniques. These characteristics include strong interactions with matter (allowing the capture of meaningful signals from very small amounts of material, including single atoms under some circumstances) and the ability to readily focus the charged electron beams using electromagnetic lenses. The net result is unsurpassed spatial resolution and the ability to simultaneously obtain structural, chemical, and other types of information from sub-nanometer regions, allowing study of the fundamental mechanisms of catalysis, energy conversion, corrosion, charge transfer, magnetic behavior, and many other processes dynamically and at short time scales. All of these are fundamental to understanding and improving materials for energy applications and the associated physical characteristics and changes that govern performance.

Allowed topics for instrumentation and technique development efforts are limited to scanning, transmission, and scanning transmission electron microscopes, atom probes and related field ion instruments, related surface characterization apparatus and scanning probe microscopes, and ancillary tools such as spectrometers, detectors, and advanced sample preparation equipment. For guidance on the types of projects previously funded, please refer to currently funded **BES Research Summaries** (<u>http://www.science.energy.gov/bes/community-resources/program-summaries/</u>). Also, see the Future of Electron Scattering and Diffraction report (<u>http://science.energy.gov/bes/news-and-resources/reports/</u>).

For DOE national laboratory applicants, the proposed research must fit within the BES Scientific User Facilities (SUF) Division funded programs at the laboratory of the applicant.

## (w) Accelerator and Detector Research Technical Contact: Eliane Lessner, 301-903-9365, <u>eliane.lessner@science.doe.gov</u>

This program supports work that advances the instruments, techniques, and capabilities of the existing and/or future BES Scientific User Facilities. We do not intend to support applications to establish new, unrelated types of facilities or to develop techniques that do not relate to the missions of the light sources and neutron scattering centers.

In the accelerator and detector research program, the objective is to improve the output and capabilities of light sources and neutron scattering facilities that are the most advanced of their kind in the world. This program supports basic research in accelerator physics and x-ray and neutron detectors. An excellent reference for accelerator physics needs for light sources can be found in *Nuclear Instruments and Methods in Physics Research Section A: Accelerators, Spectrometers, Detectors and Associated Equipment, Volume 618, Issues 1-3*. Research is supported that aims at developing methods and techniques that will strongly benefit the next generation of free electron lasers (FELs) and storage-ring-based light sources. Development studies of loss control methods in high-intensity proton sources to neutron spallation facilities are also supported.

To fully exploit the fluxes delivered by all these sources, new detectors capable of acquiring data several orders of magnitude faster than current rates are required. A detailed discussion of opportunities and needs for neutron and photon detector development at the existing and future BES facilities can be found in the Neutron and Photon Detector Workshop report at http://www.science.energy.gov/bes/news-and-resources/reports/workshop-reports/

This program strongly interacts with BES programmatic research that uses synchrotron radiation and neutron sources.

For DOE national laboratory applicants, the proposed research must fit within the BES Scientific User Facilities (SUF) Division funded programs at the laboratory of the applicant.

#### (x) X-ray Instrumentation and Technique Development

#### Technical Contact: Peter Lee, 301-903-8484, Peter.Lee@science.doe.gov

This program supports work that advances the instruments, techniques, and capabilities of the existing and/or contributes to capabilities of future BES supported light source facilities. This program **will not** support applications to establish new, unrelated types of facilities or to develop techniques not applicable to BES x-ray light source facilities.

The unique properties of the light source facilities include, for storage-ring based synchrotron sources, a continuous spectrum, high flux, and brightness and, for the Linac Coherent Light Source (LCLS), ultra-short pulses, high peak power, and high coherence, making them indispensable tools for the exploration of matter. The wide range of emitted photon wavelengths provide incisive probes for advanced research. The three broad categories of experimental measurement techniques performed at the light sources - spectroscopy, scattering, and imaging - probe the fundamental parameters by which we perceive the physical world (energy, momentum, position, and time). By exploiting the short pulse lengths of these light sources, especially the LCLS, each technique can also be performed in a timing fashion.

In order to fully exploit the wide range of capabilities of these x-ray light source facilities, this program will encourage the development of imaginative concepts for new types of x-ray instruments as well as innovative uses of existing instruments, especially in the area of novel instrumentation for new experimental capabilities, development of advanced x-ray optics<sup>1</sup> and novel approaches to data visualization and analysis.

For laboratory applicants, the proposed research must fit within the BES Scientific User Facility Division (SUFD) funded programs at the laboratory of the applicant.

<sup>1</sup> Report for the X-ray Optics for BES Light Source Facilities Workshop, <u>http://science.energy.gov/~/media/bes/pdf/reports/files/X-</u> ray Optics for BES Light Source Facilities rpt.pdf.

## (y) Neutron Scattering Instrumentation and Technique Development Technical Contact: James J. Rhyne, 301-903-6827, <u>James.Rhyne@science.doe.gov</u>

This program supports work that advances instrumentation and technique capabilities of the existing and/or future BES supported neutron scattering facilities.

Thermal neutron scattering is a unique and effective tool for probing many aspects of the atomic structure and dynamics of materials. It is particularly well-suited for determining the atomic positions of both light and heavy atoms in solid or soft matter systems. In addition the neutron scatters from magnetic moments in the material thus providing information on the magnetic structure. The neutron energy is well-matched to that of elementary atomic and magnetic excitations (spin waves and phonons) in a material and, via inelastic scattering, can provide data crucial for understanding dynamics in a variety of systems including superconductors, magnetic, and multi-ferroic materials.

In order to fully exploit the wide range of capabilities of the BES neutron scattering facilities, this program will encourage the development of imaginative concepts for new types of scattering instruments as well as innovative uses of existing instruments, advanced optics, sample environments, and novel approaches to data visualization and analysis.

Note: This program **will not** support applications to establish new, unrelated types of facilities or to develop techniques not applicable to BES neutron scattering facilities.

For DOE national laboratory applicants, the proposed research must fit within the BES Scientific User Facility (SUF) Division funded programs at the laboratory of the applicant.

# IV. Fusion Energy Sciences (FES)

### Program Website: http://science.energy.gov/fes/

The mission of the Fusion Energy Sciences (FES) program is to expand the fundamental understanding of matter at very high temperatures and densities and to build the scientific foundation needed to develop a fusion energy source. This is accomplished through the study of plasma, the fourth state of matter, and how it interacts with its surroundings.

The National Research Council report *Plasma Science: Advancing Knowledge in the National Interest* has recognized that plasma science has a coherent intellectual framework unified by physical processes that are common to many subfields. Because of the wide range of plasma densities and temperatures encountered in fusion applications, it is valuable to support plasma science across many of its subfields in order to advance the fusion energy mission. Accordingly, the FES program has four strategic goals:

- Advance the fundamental science of magnetically confined plasmas to develop the predictive capability needed for a sustainable fusion energy source;
- Support the development of the scientific understanding required to design and deploy the materials needed to support a burning plasma environment;
- Pursue scientific opportunities and grand challenges in high-energy-density plasma science to better understand our universe, and to enhance national security and economic competitiveness, and;
- Increase the fundamental understanding of basic plasma science, including both burning plasma and low temperature plasma science and engineering, to enhance economic competiveness and to create opportunities for a broader range of science-based applications.

Research is guided by the FES strategic plan, **Fusion Energy Sciences, a Ten-Year Perspective** (2015-2025) (<u>http://science.energy.gov/~/media/fes/pdf/program-documents/FES\_A\_Ten-Year\_Perspective\_2015-2025.pdf</u>), and a series of community research needs workshops held in 2015. The final reports from the workshops on plasma materials interactions, integrated simulations, and transients can be found here:

http://science.energy.gov/fes/community-resources/workshop-reports/

A report from the Frontiers of Plasma Science Workshop can be found here: <u>https://www.orau.gov/plasmawkshps2015/report.htm</u>

To address the strategic goals and the high-priority plasma science issues identified by the workshops, the Fusion Energy Sciences program supports research on the specific topics below:

### (a) Magnetic Fusion Energy Science Experimental Research Technical Contact: Mark Foster, 858-455-3360, <u>mark.foster@science.doe.gov</u>

This Experimental Research program seeks to utilize existing unique magnetic fusion research facilities to develop the physics knowledge needed to advance the FES energy mission. The effort requires operation of a set of diversified experimental facilities, ranging from smaller-scale university experiments to large national facilities that involve extensive collaborations. The extensive plasma diagnostic systems operating on these facilities provide the experimental data required to study fusion science, basic plasma physics, and fusion energy production and to validate theoretical understanding and computer models, leading ultimately to a predictive understanding of plasma properties, including their dynamics and interactions with surrounding materials. Operation of major fusion facilities will be focused on science issues relevant to ITER design and operation, burning plasma physics, magnetic confinement, and other high priority plasma physics issues identified by the community research needs workshops.

Research in this area also involves stellarators and small-scale facilities that explore emerging concepts for plasma confinement and stability, address critical issues that may affect the tokamak concept (e.g. plasma disruptions, impulsive heat loads, and operational maintenance and complexity), and investigate topics common to all fusion power plant concepts (e.g. interactions between plasma and material surfaces, and material science issues associated with the high fluxes of heat, charged-particles, and neutrons in a fusion power plant).

The program also supports development of ITER-relevant diagnostic systems, advanced diagnostic capabilities to enable close coupling of experiments and theory/computations, and sensors or actuators required for active control of plasma properties to optimize device operation and plasma performance.

Scientists from the U.S. also participate in leading experiments on fusion facilities abroad and conduct comparative studies to supplement the scientific understanding they can obtain from domestic facilities.

#### (b) Magnetic Fusion Energy Science Theory and Simulation Technical Contact: John Mandrekas, 301-903-0552, <u>john.mandrekas@science.doe.gov</u>

The Magnetic Fusion Theory and Simulation program focuses on advancing the scientific understanding of the fundamental physical processes governing the behavior of magnetically confined plasmas. Specific areas of interest include:

- Macroscopic stability and dynamics of fusion plasmas, with a strong focus on the prediction, avoidance, control, and mitigation of deleterious or performance-limiting instabilities;
- Understanding and control of the multiscale, collisional and turbulent physical mechanisms responsible for the loss of heat, momentum, and particles from the confining

region;

- Interaction of externally launched radiofrequency waves designed to heat the plasma and drive current, with the background plasma and surrounding structures;
- Nonlinear interaction between background plasma, various instabilities, and energetic particle populations, including the alpha particles generated by the fusion reactions, and its impact on the confinement of these particles and the overall plasma performance; and,
- The effect of multiscale and multiphysics processes at the plasma boundary on the plasma performance and on the interaction and interface of the hot plasma boundary with the material walls.

The efforts supported by this program provide the foundations for integrated simulations of fusion systems and range from analytical work to the development and application of advanced simulation codes capable of exploiting the potential of next generation high performance computers.

#### (c) High-Energy-Density Plasma Science Technical Contact: Sean Finnegan, 301-903-4920, <u>sean.finnegan@science.doe.gov</u>

High-energy-density laboratory plasma (HEDLP) physics is the study of ionized matter at extremely high density and temperature, specifically when matter is heated and compressed to a point that the stored energy in the matter reaches approximately 100 billion Joules per cubic meter (the energy density of a hydrogen molecule). This corresponds to a pressure of approximately 1 million atmospheres or 1 Mbar. Systems in which free electrons play a significant role in the dynamics and for which the underlying assumptions and methods of traditional ideal-plasma theory and standard condensed matter theory do not apply (e.g., Warm Dense Matter at temperatures of a few eV) can have pressures as low as 0.1 Mbar and are also considered HED plasmas. Discovery-driven scientific explorations of high-energy-density states of matter are being supported in this program. Topical examples being emphasized include (1) high-energy-density hydrodynamics, (2) radiation-dominated dynamics and material properties, (3) magnetized high-energy-density plasmas, (4) nonlinear optics of plasmas and laser-plasma interactions, (5) relativistic HED plasmas and intense beam physics, and (6) warm dense matter.

# (d) General Plasma Science Experiment and Theory Technical Contact: Nirmol Podder, 301-903-9536, <u>nirmol.podder@science.doe.gov</u>

The General Plasma Science program addresses fundamental issues in basic plasma science and engineering that can have impact in other areas or disciplines in which improved understanding of the plasma state is needed. Dynamic growth in new research areas, fostered by the development of new investigative techniques and tools, continues to present exciting opportunities for future research and development. General plasma science is a broad, multidisciplinary field that spans many science issues such as interaction of waves with plasmas, plasma kinetics, properties, and processes, magnetic reconnection and particle acceleration, physics of non-neutral and dusty plasmas, chaos, turbulence, and structure in plasmas. Areas of research responsive to this subprogram may include: (1) understanding energy partitions and trigger mechanisms for explosive instabilities; (2) studying energy transfer, heating, particle energization processes in laboratory plasmas and astrophysical, solar, and space plasmas; (2)

understanding collective effects and properties of dusty, non-neutral and antimatter plasmas; (3) developing novel diagnostics for atmospheric-pressure, low-temperature plasmas; (4) understanding the interaction of plasma with biomaterials and the control of plasma kinetics in the synthesis of nanomaterials.

# (e) Fusion Nuclear Science, Materials Research and Enabling R&D Programs for Fusion Technical Contact: Daniel Clark, 301-903-3883, <u>daniel.clark@science.doe.gov</u>

The Fusion Nuclear Science, Materials Research and Enabling R&D programs support the advancement of fusion science for both the near and long-term by carrying out research on technological topics that: (1) enable domestic experiments to achieve their full performance potential and scientific research goals; (2) permit scientific exploitation of the performance gains being sought from physics concept improvements; (3) allow the U.S. to enter into international collaborations, thus gaining access to experimental conditions not available domestically; (4) develop the technology and materials required for future fusion facilities, and (5) explore the science underlying these technological advances. Due to the harshness of the fusion environment and the significant challenge to overcome it, one of the four major goals of the FES program is to support the development of the scientific understanding required to design and deploy the materials and technology needed to support a burning plasma environment. Given this goal, these programs are interested in research that addresses the development of materials for use in fusion. This includes the following research topics: development of tungsten as a plasma facing material, development of liquid metal plasma facing components and technologies, plasma material interactions, fabrication, joining and cooling of plasma facing materials, development of both solid and liquid blanket concepts and technologies, development of tritium fuel cycle technologies, and development of advance structural and functional materials, such as reduce activation ferritic/martensitic steels, oxide-dispersion strengthened steels, and SiC/SiC composites.

For more information, please see the 2012 Fusion Energy Sciences Advisory Committee (FESAC) report titled *Opportunities for Fusion Materials Science and Technology Research Now and During the ITER Era* (<u>http://science.energy.gov/~/media/fes/pdf/workshop-reports/20120309/FESAC-Materials-Science-final-report.pdf</u>).

# V. High Energy Physics (HEP)

Program Website: http://science.energy.gov/hep/

The mission of the High Energy Physics (HEP) program is to understand how the universe works at its most fundamental level by discovering the elementary constituents of matter and energy, probing the interactions between them, and exploring the basic nature of space and time.

The scientific objectives and priorities for the field recommended by the High Energy Physics Advisory Panel (HEPAP) are detailed in its recent long-range strategic Particle Physics Project Prioritization Plan (P5), available at: <u>http://science.energy.gov/~/media/hep/hepap/pdf/May-2014/FINAL P5 Report Interactive 060214.pdf</u>

The HEP program focuses on three experimental scientific frontiers:

*The Energy Frontier*, where powerful accelerators are used to create new particles, reveal their interactions, and investigate fundamental forces;

*The Intensity Frontier*, where intense particle beams and highly sensitive detectors are used to pursue alternate pathways to investigate fundamental forces and particle interactions by studying events that occur rarely in nature, and to provide precision measurements of these phenomena; and

*The Cosmic Frontier*, where non-accelerator-based experiments observe the cosmos and detect cosmic particles, making measurements of natural phenomena that can provide information about the nature of dark matter, dark energy, and other fundamental properties of the universe that impact our understanding of matter and energy.

Together, these three interrelated and complementary discovery frontiers offer the opportunity to answer some of the most basic questions about the world around us. Also integral to the mission of HEP are three cross-cutting research areas that enable new scientific opportunities by developing the necessary tools and methods for discoveries:

*Theoretical High Energy Physics*, where the vision and mathematical framework for understanding and extending the knowledge of particles, forces, space-time, and the universe are developed;

Accelerator Science and Technology Research and Development, where the technologies and basic science needed to design, build, and operate the accelerator facilities essential for making new discoveries are developed; and

*Detector Research and Development,* where the basic science and technologies needed to design and build the High Energy Physics detectors essential for making new discoveries are developed.

The three frontiers and the three cross-cutting research areas are collectively the six research subprograms supported by HEP. Proposed research should address specific research goals in one or more of the six research subprograms, and explain how the research or technology development supports the broad scientific objectives and mission of the HEP program. Principal investigators should submit their application to the HEP subprogram that they consider to be the best "fit" to the preponderance of their research effort. Applications for support of generic detector R&D efforts should be directed to the Detector Research and Development research area described below. However, applicants proposing physics studies and pre-conceptual R&D efforts directed to wards a specific experiment within an experimental frontier should submit their applications that include an R&D component within the overall research area provide a specifically encouraged.

Applications should not attempt to bolster the case for facilities not currently approved for funding or not expected to be available during the course of the work.

#### (a) Experimental Research at the Energy Frontier in High Energy Physics Technical Contact: Abid Patwa, 301-903-0408, <u>abid.patwa@science.doe.gov</u>

This research area seeks to support studies of fundamental particles and their interactions using proton-(anti)proton collisions at the highest possible energies. This is accomplished through direct detection of new phenomena or through sensitive measurements that probe the Standard Model and new physics beyond it. In particular, applications are sought for physics research utilizing data being collected at the Large Hadron Collider (LHC) by the ATLAS and CMS experiments. This research area also provides graduate and postdoctoral research training for the next generation of scientists, and equipment and computational support for physics research activities. Applications addressing physics studies and pre-conceptual R&D directed towards specific future Energy Frontier experiments are also accepted. Support for Heavy Ion Physics research is <u>not</u> provided under this research area.

#### (b) Experimental Research at the Intensity Frontier in High Energy Physics Technical Contact: Glen Crawford, 301-903-4829, <u>Glen.Crawford@science.doe.gov</u>

This research area seeks to support precision studies that are sensitive to new physical processes at very high energy scales, beyond what can be directly probed with energy frontier colliders, and that often require intense particle beams. This research area includes studies of the fundamental properties of neutrinos produced by a variety of sources, including accelerators and nuclear reactors; studies of rare processes or precision measurements probing new physics processes as described above with either high intensity stored beams or beams incident on fixed targets; and studies of high intensity electron-positron collisions. In addition, this research area includes searches for proton decay. Graduate and postdoctoral research training for the next generation of scientists, and equipment and computational support for physics research activities are also provided. Applications addressing physics studies and pre-conceptual R&D directed towards specific future Intensity Frontier experiments are also accepted. Support for LHCb research or studies of neutrinoless double beta decay is <u>not</u> provided under this research area.

#### (c) Experimental Research at the Cosmic Frontier in High Energy Physics Technical Contact: Kathy Turner, 301-903-1759, <u>kathy.turner@science.doe.gov</u>

This research area seeks to support precision studies using observations of the cosmos and naturally occurring cosmic particles to understand the properties of fundamental particles and fields. Priorities include studies of the nature of dark energy, direct-detection searches for dark matter particles and research efforts towards planning the next generation of ground-based cosmic microwave background experiments to explore the inflationary epoch, the nature of dark energy and place constraints on neutrino masses. Measurements using high-energy cosmic rays, gamma rays and other phenomena are included, but at a lower priority.

This research area provides support for scientists to participate in these research areas, including graduate and postdoctoral research training for the next generation of scientists, and equipment and computational efforts to support the physics research activities. Applications addressing researcher support for physics studies and pre-conceptual R&D directed towards specific future

Cosmic Frontier experiments being considered for the DOE HEP program are also accepted. Research aimed at developing techniques or understanding experimental data within the context of theoretical models, expressly for or as part of an experimental research collaboration, *is* included in this area. General theoretical or computational research applications not specifically carried out as part of a particular Cosmic Frontier experimental collaboration should be directed to the Theoretical Research subprogram. Studies of gravitational physics (other than for cosmic acceleration), classical astrophysics phenomena, fundamental symmetries, or planning for future cosmic ray or gamma ray experiments are <u>not</u> included in this research area.

#### (d) Theoretical Research in High Energy Physics Technical Contact: Simona Rolli, 301-903-0504, <u>simona.rolli@science.doe.gov</u>

This research area supports activities that range from detailed calculations of the predictions of the Standard Model, to the extrapolation of current knowledge to a new level of understanding, and the identification of the means to experimentally verify such predictions. Thus a thriving theory program is essential for identifying new directions and opportunities for the field. Topics studied in theoretical high energy physics research include, but are not limited to: phenomenological and theoretical studies that support experimental HEP research at the Energy, Intensity and Cosmic Frontiers, both in understanding the data and in finding new directions for experimental exploration; development of analytical and numerical computational techniques for these studies; and construction and exploration of theoretical frameworks for understanding fundamental particles and forces at the deepest level possible. This research area also provides graduate and postdoctoral research training for the next generation of scientists and computational resources needed for theoretical calculations. Activities that rely on experimental data, performed expressly for or with an experimental research collaboration, are <u>not</u> included in this research area.

#### (e) Accelerator Science and Technology Research & Development in High Energy Physics Technical Contact: L.K. Len, 301-903-3233, <u>lk.len@science.doe.gov</u>

The accelerator technology R&D subprogram develops the next generation of particle accelerators and related technologies that are essential for discoveries in HEP. This research area supports world-leading research in the physics of particle beams and long-range, exploratory research aimed at developing new concepts. This research area also provides graduate and postdoctoral research training, equipment for experiments and related computational efforts.

Topics studied in the accelerator science and technology R&D subprogram include, but are not limited to: accelerator and beam physics, including analytic and computational techniques for modeling particle beams and simulation of accelerator systems; novel acceleration concepts; the science of high gradients in accelerating cavities and structures; high-power radio-frequency sources; high-brightness beam sources; and beam instrumentation. Also of interest are superconducting materials and conductor development; innovative magnet design and development of high-field superconducting magnets; as well as associated testing and cryogenic systems. R&D applications, which are focused on accelerator applications outside of high-energy physics, are now coordinated through the Accelerator Stewardship program and are outside the scope of this particular FOA.

#### (f) Detector Research and Development in High Energy Physics Technical Contact: Helmut Marsiske, 301-903-6989, <u>helmut.marsiske@science.doe.gov</u>

The detector R&D subprogram develops the next generation of instrumentation for HEP. It supports research leading to fundamental advances in the science of particle and radiation detection, and the development of new experimental techniques. This is typically long-term, "generic" R&D that is high-risk, but has the potential for wide applicability and/or high-impact. Applications for "Blue-Sky" scientific research on innovative technologies not already in contention for implementation in future DOE HEP projects are specifically encouraged.

Topics studied in the detector R&D research area include, but are not limited to: low-mass, high channel density charged particle tracking detectors; high resolution, fast-readout calorimeters and particle identification detectors; techniques for improving the radiation tolerance of particle detectors; detectors for photons from ultraviolet to infrared wavelengths; detectors for cosmic microwave background radiation; detectors and experimental techniques for ultralow-background experiments; and advanced electronics and data acquisition systems. Support for graduate and postdoctoral research training, engineering and other technical efforts, and equipment and computational efforts required for experimental detector R&D and fabrication *is* included in this research area.

#### VI. Nuclear Physics (NP)

#### Program Website: http://science.energy.gov/np/

The mission of the Nuclear Physics (NP) program is to discover, explore, and understand all forms of nuclear matter. Although the fundamental particles that compose nuclear matter quarks and gluons—are themselves relatively well understood, exactly how they interact and combine to form the different types of matter observed in the universe today and during its evolution remains largely unknown. It is one of the enduring mysteries of the universe: What, really, is matter? What are the units that matter is made of, and how do they fit together to give matter the properties we observe? To solve this mystery, the NP program supports experimental and theoretical research—along with the development and operation of particle accelerators and advanced technologies—to create, detect, and describe the different forms and complexities of nuclear matter that can exist, including those that are no longer commonly found in our universe. In executing this mission, nuclear physics focuses on three broad yet tightly interrelated areas of inquiry. These areas are described in *Reaching for the Horizon* http://science.energy.gov/np/nsac/, a long range plan for nuclear science released in 2015 by the Nuclear Science Advisory Committee (NSAC). The three areas are: Quantum Chromodynamics,

Nuclear Science Advisory Committee (NSAC). The three areas are: Quantum Chromodynamics, Nuclei and Nuclear Astrophysics, and Fundamental Symmetries and Neutrinos. Specific questions within these areas are addressed by the research activities of subprograms supported by the Office of Nuclear Physics as described below. In addition, the NP isotope subprogram produces and/or distributes stable and radioactive isotopes that are critical for the Nation and supports research into production techniques for such isotopes.

The NP program supports the development of the tools and capabilities that make fundamental research possible, including accelerator research and development for current and future nuclear

physics facilities. It also supports applications of nuclear science and technology to help bridge the gap between basic nuclear physics research and applied science, and an initiative on advanced detector technology research and development. Research, development and fabrication of equipment directed toward research in any NP subprogram may be proposed, but applications including extensive projects requiring detailed review of scope, budget and schedule beyond the procedures for this announcement will not be considered. Applications should not attempt to bolster the case for facilities or major items of equipment not currently approved for funding or not expected to be available during the course of the work. Under this announcement, NP does not support investigations into the development of nuclear reactors for purposes outside the scope of the NP subprograms described below.

Applications are solicited for research in any of the NP subprograms and areas described below.

# (a) Medium Energy Nuclear Physics Technical Contact: Gulshan Rai, 301-903-4702, <u>gulshan.rai@science.doe.gov</u>

The Medium Energy subprogram of Nuclear Physics focuses primarily on questions having to do with the first frontier of Nuclear Physics, Quantum Chromodynamics (QCD), especially regarding the spectrum of excited mesons and baryons, and the behavior of quarks inside the nucleons (neutrons and protons). Specific questions that are being addressed include: *What does QCD predict for the properties of excited mesons and baryons? What governs the transition of quarks and gluons into pions and nucleons? What is the role of gluons and gluon self-interactions in nucleons and nuclei? What is the internal landscape of the nucleons?* 

This subprogram also supports investigations of some aspects of the second and third frontiers, Nuclei and Nuclear Astrophysics, and Fundamental Symmetries and Neutrinos. Parity-violating (PV) electron scattering has continued to make advancements as a tool for measuring the strange quark contribution to the electromagnetic structure of the proton, the weak mixing angle, sensitivity to parton-level charge-symmetry violation, the weak charge of the proton, the neutron radius in heavy nuclei, and for placing constraints on the extensions to the Standard Model. The focus of research topics in Fundamental Symmetries are in areas where Nuclear Science contributes uniquely to knowledge, experimental techniques or both that are non-overlapping with DOE HEP. Specific questions that are being addressed include: *What is the nature of the nuclear force that binds protons and neutrons into stable nuclei? Why is there now more visible matter than antimatter in the universe? What are the unseen forces that were present at the dawn of the universe, but disappeared from view as the universe evolved?* 

Experimental research is primarily carried-out out at the Thomas Jefferson National Accelerator Facility (TJNAF), the Relativistic Heavy Ion Collider (RHIC), the High Intensity Gamma-Ray Source (HIGS), and on a smaller scale at other international facilities. Two major goals of the research program at TJNAF are the discovery of "exotic mesons" which carry gluonic excitations, and the experimental study of the substructure of the nucleons using high-energy electron beams. At RHIC, the goals are to elucidate how much the spin of gluons contributes to the proton's spin and study the spin-flavor structure of sea quarks in polarized proton-proton collisions.

#### (b) Heavy Ion Nuclear Physics Technical Contact: James Sowinski, 301-903-7587, james.sowinski@science.doe.gov

The Heavy Ion Nuclear Physics subprogram focuses on studies of condensed quark-gluon matter at extremely high densities and temperatures characteristic of the infant universe. In the aftermath of collisions at RHIC and at the LHC, researchers have seen signs of the same quarkgluon plasma that is believed to have existed shortly after the Big Bang. The goal is to explore and understand unique manifestations of QCD in this many-body environment and their influence on the universe's evolution. Important avenues of investigation are directed at resolving properties of the quark gluon plasma at different length scales and learning more about its physical characteristics including exploring the energy loss mechanism for quarks and gluons traversing the plasma, determining the speed of sound in the plasma, and locating the critical point for the transition between the plasma and normal matter. Experimental research is carried out primarily using the U.S. Relativistic Heavy Ion Collider (RHIC) facility and the Large Hadron Collider (LHC) at the European Organization for Nuclear Research (CERN).

#### (c) Low Energy Nuclear Physics Technical Contact: Frank E (Ted) Barnes, 301-903-3212, <u>ted.barnes@science.doe.gov</u>

The Low Energy subprogram aims primarily at answering the overarching questions associated with the second frontier identified by NSAC- Nuclei and Nuclear Astrophysics. These questions include: What is the nature of the nucleonic matter? What is the origin of simple patterns in complex nuclei? What is the nature of neutron stars and dense nuclear matter? What is the origin of the elements in the cosmos? What are the nuclear reactions that drive stars and stellar explosions? Major goals of this subprogram are to develop a comprehensive description of nuclei across the entire nuclear chart, to utilize rare isotope beams to reveal new nuclear phenomena and structures unlike those that are derived from studies using stable ion beams, and to measure the cross sections of nuclear reactions that power stars and spectacular stellar explosions and are responsible for the synthesis of the elements. The subprogram also investigates aspects of the third frontier of Fundamental Symmetries and Neutrinos. Questions addressed in this frontier include: What is the nature of the neutrinos, what are their masses, and how have they shaped the evolution of the universe? Why is there now more matter than antimatter in the universe? What are the unseen forces that were present at the dawn of the universe but disappeared from view as the universe evolved? The subprogram seeks to measure, or set a limit on the neutrino mass and to determine if the neutrino is its own antiparticle. Experiments with cold neutrons also investigate the dominance of matter over antimatter in the universe, as well as other aspects of Fundamental Symmetries and Interactions.

#### (d) Nuclear Theory Technical Contact: George Fai, 301-903-8954, <u>george.fai@science.doe.gov</u>

The Nuclear Theory subprogram supports theoretical research at universities and DOE national laboratories with the goal of improving our fundamental understanding of nuclear physics, interpreting the results of experiments, and identifying and exploring important new areas of research. This subprogram addresses all of the field's scientific thrusts described in NSAC's long range plan, as well as the specific questions listed for the experimental subprograms above.

Theoretical research on QCD (the fundamental theory of quarks and gluons) addresses the questions of how the properties of the nuclei, hadrons, and nuclear matter observed experimentally arise from this theory, how the phenomenon of quark confinement arises, and what phases of nuclear matter occur at high densities and temperatures. In Nuclei and Nuclear Astrophysics, theorists investigate a broad range of topics, including calculations of the properties of stable and unstable nuclear species, the limits of nuclear stability, the various types of nuclear transitions and decays, how nuclei arise from the forces between nucleons, and how nuclei are formed in cataclysmic astronomical events such as supernovae and neutron star mergers. In Fundamental Symmetries and Neutrinos, nucleons and nuclei are used to test the Standard Model, which describes the interactions of elementary particles at the most fundamental level. Theoretical research in this area is concerned with determining how various (beyond) Standard Model aspects can be explored through nuclear physics experiments, including the interactions of neutrinos, unusual nuclear transitions, rare decays, and high-precision studies of cold neutrons.

#### (e) Nuclear Data and Nuclear Theory Computing Technical Contact: Frank E (Ted) Barnes, 301-903-3212, <u>ted.barnes@science.doe.gov</u>

This subarea includes the National "Nuclear Data" effort, as well as several activities that facilitate the application of high performance computing to Nuclear Physics. The US Nuclear Data Program (USNDP) collects, evaluates, and disseminates nuclear physics data for basic and applied nuclear research, maintains open databases of scientific information gathered over the past 100+ years of research in nuclear physics, and addresses gaps in the data through targeted experimental studies and the use of theoretical models. "Nuclear Theory Computing" includes the NP component of the ASCR program Scientific Discovery through Advanced Computing (SciDAC), which promotes the use of supercomputers at national laboratories and universities to solve computationally challenging problems of great current interest. Recent topics in computational nuclear physics investigated under SciDAC include the theory of quarks and gluons on a lattice (LQCD), studies of a wide range of applications of models of nuclei and nuclear matter, and the development of theoretical techniques for incorporating lattice QCD results in traditional many-body nuclear physics calculations.

#### (f) Accelerator Research and Development for Current and Future Nuclear Physics Facilities

Technical Contact: Manouchehr Farkhondeh, 301-903-4398, <u>manouchehr.farkhondeh@science.doe.gov</u>

The Nuclear Physics program supports a broad range of activities aimed at research and development related to the science, engineering, and technology of heavy-ion, electron, and proton accelerators and associated systems. Areas of interest include the R&D technologies of the Brookhaven National Laboratory's Relativistic Heavy Ion Collider (RHIC), with heavy ion and polarized proton beams; the development of a possible future electron-ion collider (EIC); linear accelerators such as the Continuous Electron Beam Accelerator Facility (CEBAF) at the Thomas Jefferson National Accelerator Facility (TJNAF); and development of devices and/or methods that would be useful in the generation of intense rare isotope beams for the next generation rare isotope beam accelerator facility, the Facility for Rare Isotope Beams (FRIB)

currently under construction at Michigan State University. Also of interest is R&D in accelerator science and technology in support of next generation Nuclear Physics accelerator facilities such as an electron-ion collider.

#### (g) Isotope Development and Production for Research and Applications Technical Contact: Dennis Phillips, 301-903-7866, <u>dennis.phillips@science.doe.gov</u>

The mission of the Isotope Development and Production for Research and Applications subprogram (Isotope Program) is to support isotope production and research into novel technologies for production of isotopes to assure availability of critical isotopes that are in short supply to address the needs of the Nation. The program provides facilities and capabilities for the production and/or distribution of research and commercial stable and radioactive isotopes. The scientific and technical staff associated with general isotope production and isotope production research are also supported. Isotopes are made available by using unique facilities stewarded by the Isotope Program at Brookhaven National Laboratory, Los Alamos National Laboratory, and Oak Ridge National Laboratory. The Program also coordinates and supports isotope production at a suite of university, national laboratory, and other federal accelerator and reactor facilities throughout the Nation to promote a reliable supply of isotopes domestically. Topics of interest are focused on the development of advanced, cost-effective and efficient technologies for producing, processing, recycling and distributing isotopes in short supply. This includes technologies for production of radioisotopes using reactor and accelerator facilities and new technologies for enriching stable isotopes. Excluded from this call are applications related to the production of Mo-99, as this isotope is under the purview of the NNSA Office of Materials Management and Minimization. A primary document currently guiding Isotope Program priorities is entitled "Meeting Isotope Needs and Capturing Opportunities for the Future: The 2015 Long Range Plan for the DOE-NP Isotope Program." This document may be accessed at http://science.energy.gov/~/media/np/nsac/pdf/docs/2015/2015 NSACI Report to NSAC Final .pdf. Additional information about the Isotope Program may be found at http://science.energy.gov/np/research/idpra/.

# Section II – AWARD INFORMATION

# A. TYPE OF AWARD INSTRUMENT

DOE anticipates awarding grants under this FOA.

# **B. ESTIMATED FUNDING**

It is anticipated that up to \$24,000,000 will be available under this FOA, contingent on satisfactory peer review and the availability of appropriated funds. DOE anticipates making 32 awards under this FOA, and applicants should request project support for five years, with the release of out-year support contingent on adequate progress of the research. Awards are expected to begin in **FY 2017**.

DOE is under no obligation to pay for any costs associated with preparation or submission of applications. DOE reserves the right to fund, in whole or in part, any, all, or none of the applications submitted in response to this FOA.

# C. MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM AWARD SIZE

The award size will depend on the number of meritorious applications and the availability of appropriated funds.

Ceiling

None

**Floor** \$750,000 over five years

# **D. EXPECTED NUMBER OF AWARDS**

DOE anticipates making 32 awards under this FOA. The exact number of awards will depend on the number of meritorious applications and the availability of appropriated funds.

# E. ANTICIPATED AWARD SIZE

While the minimum award size is \$750,000, DOE expects the typical award size will be \$750,000 over five years. Applicants are encouraged to propose research expenditures as close to the funding minimum as possible.

# F. PERIOD OF PERFORMANCE

DOE anticipates making awards with a project period of five years.

# G. TYPE OF APPLICATION

DOE will accept new applications under this FOA.

# Section III – ELIGIBILITY INFORMATION

# A. ELIGIBLE APPLICANTS

Only U.S. academic institutions are eligible to apply. Other Federal agencies, Federally Funded Research and Development Center (FFRDC) Contractors, and nonprofit organizations described in section 501(c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 that engaged in lobbying activities after December 31, 1995 are not eligible to apply.

The Principal Investigator must be an **untenured** Assistant Professor on the tenure track or an **untenured** Associate Professor on the tenure track at a U.S. academic institution as of the deadline for the application. No more than ten (10) years can have passed between the year the Principal Investigator's Ph.D. was awarded and the year of the deadline for the application. For the present competition, those who received doctorates no earlier than 2006 are eligible.

There can be no co-Principal Investigators.

Each Principal Investigator may only submit one Office of Science Early Career Research Program application per annual competition. Additionally, a Principal Investigator may not participate in more than three Office of Science Early Career Research Program competitions.

Participation in the competition is defined as submission of a full application. In rare cases, it is necessary to withdraw an application early in the process; an application withdrawn prior to being sent for merit review by the DOE Office of Science will not count as a submission. Likewise, an application declined without merit review by the DOE Office of Science will not count as a submission.

The act of submitting an application implies that the submitting institution has checked, confirmed, and certifies that the Principal Investigator is eligible. No additional certifying documentation is required.

Applications must be submitted through a U.S. academic institution. A companion announcement (LAB 16-1625) describes the Early Career Research Program opportunity for full-time DOE national laboratory employees. An employee with a joint appointment between a university and a DOE national laboratory must apply through the institution that pays his or her salary and provides his or her benefits; the eligibility criteria above must also be met.

Eligibility exemptions will not be granted.

# **B. COST SHARING**

Cost sharing is not required.

# **C. ELIGIBLE INDIVIDUALS**

There is NOT a U.S. citizenship requirement for the Principal Investigator or any project participants.

Principal Investigators of early career awards from other agencies or entities are eligible, but the proposed research must have a scope different from that already funded by the other organization.

Principal Investigators who have received awards previously under the Office of Science Early Career Research Program are not eligible.

If a Principal Investigator has multiple doctorates, the discipline of the one they have earned within the ten-year eligibility window should be relevant to the proposed research.

Letters of recommendation are not allowed. Applications that include recommendation letters will be subject to elimination from consideration during DOE's initial review. A department chair letter is not required and should not be included.

The Principal Investigator must be employed in the eligible position as of the closing date for this announcement.

Eligible individuals with the skills, knowledge, and resources necessary to carry out the proposed research as a Principal Investigator are invited to work with their organizations to develop an application for assistance. Individuals from underrepresented groups as well as individuals with disabilities are always encouraged to apply for assistance.

# Section IV – APPLICATION AND SUBMISSION INFORMATION

# A. ADDRESS TO REQUEST APPLICATION PACKAGE

Application forms and instructions are available at Grants.gov. To access these materials, go to <u>http://www.grants.gov</u>, select "Apply for Grants", and then select "Download Application Package." Enter the CFDA number (81.049) and/or the funding opportunity number (**DE-FOA-0001625**) shown on the cover of this FOA and then follow the prompts to download the application package.

Applications submitted through <u>www.FedConnect.net</u> will not be accepted.

# **B. LETTER OF INTENT AND PRE-APPLICATION**

#### 1. Letter of Intent

A Letter of Intent is not required.

#### 2. Pre-application

PRE-APPLICATION DUE DATE 09/08/2016, 5 PM Eastern Time

ENCOURAGE/DISCOURAGE DATE 10/06/2016, 5 PM Eastern Time

A pre-application is required and must be submitted by 09/08/2016 at 5 PM Eastern Time. The pre-application must be submitted electronically through the DOE Office of Science Portfolio Analysis and Management System (PAMS) website <u>https://pamspublic.science.energy.gov/</u>.

Pre-applications will be reviewed for responsiveness of the proposed work to the research topics identified in this FOA. DOE will send a response by email to each applicant encouraging or discouraging the submission of a full application by 10/06/2016. Applicants who have not received a response regarding the status of their pre-application by this date are responsible for contacting the program to confirm this status. **Only those applicants that receive notification from DOE encouraging a full application may submit full applications.** No other full applications will be considered.

The pre-application attachment must include, at the top of the first page, the following information:

Title of Pre-application Principal Investigator Name, Job Title Institution PI Phone Number, PI Email Address Year Doctorate Awarded: XXXX Number of Times Previously Applied<sup>†</sup>: Funding Opportunity Announcement Number: **DE-FOA-0001625** 

 † Indicate how many times the PI has previously submitted a full application in the Office of Science Early Career Research Program. The program has been offered in seven previous years, FY 2010 – FY 2016. Participation in the competition is defined as submission of a full, formal application. A PI who has participated in three past Office of Science Early Career Research Program competitions is not eligible.

This information must be followed by a clear and concise description of the objectives and technical approach of the proposed research. The pre-application may not exceed two pages, with a minimum text font size of 11 point and margins no smaller than one inch on all sides. Figures and references, if included, must fit within the two-page limit.

Only one pre-application per Principal Investigator is allowed.

To help the Office of Science avoid conflicts of interest in identifying potential reviewers, a onepage list of the Principal Investigator's collaborators, co-editors, and graduate/postdoctoral advisors and advisees must be submitted with the pre-application. The one-page list must be the last page in the pre-application file and will not count against the two-page limit for the preapplication. Further guidance on how to prepare this list is included in the next two paragraphs:

<u>Collaborators and Co-editors</u>: List, in alphabetical order, all persons, including their current organizational affiliations, who are, or who have been, collaborators or co-authors with the Principal Investigator on a research project, book or book article, report, abstract, or paper during the 48 months preceding the closing date of this announcement. For publications or collaborations with more than 10 authors or participants, only list those individuals in the core group with whom the Principal Investigator interacted on a regular basis while the research was being done. Also, list any individuals who are currently or have been in the past co-editors with the Principal Investigator on a special issue of a journal, compendium, or conference proceedings during the 24 months preceding the closing date of this announcement. If there are no collaborators or co-editors to report, state "None."

<u>Graduate and Postdoctoral Advisors and Advisees</u>: List the names of the Principal Investigator's own graduate advisor(s) and principal postdoctoral sponsor(s) and their current organizational affiliations. Also list the names of the Principal Investigator's graduate students and postdoctoral associates during the past five years and their current organizational affiliations.

Since the Office of Science will never use individuals from your institution as reviewers, you may omit them from the preproposal list to save space. Listing collaborators on your preproposal is to help us identify reviewers and does not affect the decision to encourage or discourage submission of a full proposal.

Those pre-applications that are encouraged are used to help the Office of Science begin planning for the full application peer review process. The intent of the Office of Science in discouraging submission of certain full applications is to save the time and effort of applicants in preparing and submitting full applications not responsive to this funding opportunity announcement.

The Principal Investigator will be automatically notified when the pre-application is encouraged or discouraged. The DOE Office of Science Portfolio Analysis and Management System (PAMS) will send an email to the Principal Investigator from <u>PAMS.Autoreply@science.doe.gov</u>, and the status of the pre-application will be updated at the PAMS website <u>https://pamspublic.science.energy.gov/</u>. Notifications are sent as soon as the decisions to encourage or discourage are finalized.

It is important that the pre-application be a single file with extension .pdf, .docx, or .doc. The pre-application must be submitted electronically through the DOE Office of Science Portfolio Analysis and Management System (PAMS) website <u>https://pamspublic.science.energy.gov/</u>. The Principal Investigator and anyone submitting on behalf of the Principal Investigator must register for an account in PAMS before it will be possible to submit a pre-application. All PIs and those submitting pre-applications on behalf of PIs are encouraged to establish PAMS accounts as soon as possible to avoid submission delays.

To access PAMS, you may use the Internet Explorer, Firefox, Google Chrome, or Safari browsers. For best results, we recommend the use of Internet Explorer 11.

Registering to PAMS is a two-step process; once you create an individual account, you must associate yourself with ("register to") your institution. Detailed steps are listed below.

#### **Create PAMS Account:**

- To register, click the "Create New PAMS Account" link on the website <u>https://pamspublic.science.energy.gov/</u>.
- Click the "No, I have never had an account" link and then the "Create Account" button.
- You will be prompted to enter your name and email address, create a username and password, and select a security question and answer. Once you have done this, click the "Save and Continue" button.
- On the next page, enter the required information (at least one phone number and your mailing address) and any optional information you wish to provide (e.g., FAX number, website, mailstop code, additional email addresses or phone numbers, Division/Department). Click the "Create Account" button.
- Read the user agreement and click the "Accept" button to indicate that you understand your responsibilities and agree to comply with the rules of behavior for PAMS.
- PAMS will take you the "Having Trouble Logging In?" page. (Note: If you reviewed for or were listed as PI on a prior submission to the Office of Science but have not previously

created an account, you may already be linked to an institution in PAMS. If this is the case, PAMS will take you to the PAMS home page.)

# **Register to Your Institution:**

- Click the link labeled "Option 2: I know my institution and I am here to register to the institution." (Note: If you previously created a PAMS account but did not register to an institution at that time, you must click the Institutions tab and click the "Register to Institution" link.)
- PAMS will take you to the "Register to Institution" page.
- Type a word or phrase from your institution name in the field labeled, "Institution Name like," choose the radio button next to the item that best describes your role in the system, and click the "Search" button. A "like" search in PAMS returns results that contain the word or phrase you enter; you need not enter the exact name of the institution, but you should enter a word or phrase contained within the institution name. (Hint: If your institution has an acronym, such as ANL for Argonne National Laboratory or UCLA for the Regents of the University of California, Los Angeles, you may search for the acronym under "Institution Name like." Many institutions with acronyms are listed in PAMS with their acronyms in parentheses after their names.)
- Find your institution in the list that is returned by the search and click the "Actions" link in the Options column next to the institution name to obtain a dropdown list. Select "Add me to this institution" from the dropdown. PAMS will take you to the "Institutions List" page.
- If you do not see your institution in the initial search results, you can search again by clicking the "Cancel" button, clicking the Option 2 link, and repeating the search.
- If, after searching, you think your institution is not currently in the database, click the "Cannot Find My Institution" button and enter the requested institution information into PAMS. Click the "Create Institution" button. PAMS will add the institution to the system, associate your profile with the new institution, and return you to the "Institutions List" page when you are finished.

# **Submit Your Pre-Application:**

- Create your pre-application (called a preproposal in PAMS) outside the system and save it as a file with extension .docx, .doc, or .pdf. Make a note of the location of the file on your computer so you can browse for it later from within PAMS.
- Log into PAMS and click the Proposals tab. Click the "View / Respond to Funding Opportunity Announcements" link and find the current announcement in the list. Click the "Actions/Views" link in the Options column next to this announcement to obtain a dropdown menu. Select "Submit Preproposal" from the dropdown.
- On the Submit Preproposal page, select the institution from which you are submitting this preproposal from the Institution dropdown. If you are associated with only one institution in the system, there will only be one institution in the dropdown.
- Note that you must select one and only one Principal Investigator (PI) per preproposal; to do so, click the "Select PI" button on the far right side of the screen. Find the appropriate PI from the list of all registered users from your institution returned by PAMS. (Hint: You may have to sort, filter, or search through the list if it has multiple pages.) Click the "Actions" link

in the Options column next to the appropriate PI to obtain a dropdown menu. From the dropdown, choose "Select PI."

- If the PI for whom you are submitting does not appear on the list, it means he or she has not yet registered in PAMS. For your convenience, you may have PAMS send an email invitation to the PI to register in PAMS. To do so, click the "Invite PI" link at the top left of the "Select PI" screen. You can enter an optional personal message to the PI in the "Comments" box, and it will be included in the email sent by PAMS to the PI. You must wait until the PI registers before you can submit the preproposal. Save the preproposal for later work by clicking the "Save" button at the bottom of the screen. It will be stored in "My Preproposals" for later editing.
- Enter a title for your preproposal.
- Select the appropriate technical contact from the Program Manager dropdown.
- To upload the preproposal file into PAMS, click the "Attach File" button at the far right side of the screen. Click the "Browse" (or "Choose File" depending on your browser) button to search for your file. You may enter an optional description of the file you are attaching. Click the "Upload" button to upload the file.
- At the bottom of the screen, click the "Submit to DOE" button to save and submit the preproposal to DOE.
- Upon submission, the PI will receive an email from the PAMS system <<u>PAMS.Autoreply@science.doe.gov</u>> acknowledging receipt of the preproposal.

You are encouraged to register for an account in PAMS at least a week in advance of the preproposal submission deadline so that there will be no delays with your submission.

Collection of demographic data such as gender, race, and ethnicity allows the DOE Office of Science to gauge whether its programs and opportunities are fairly reaching and benefiting everyone regardless of demographic category. Knowledge of the demographic distributions within a portfolio, particularly those collected over many years, allows assessments of trends and demonstrates responses to actions taken on the part of agencies. To gather the information needed, we ask that registrants provide the demographic information requested in their PAMS user profiles. Submission of the requested information is voluntary and is not a precondition of award.

For help with PAMS, click the "External User Guide" link on the PAMS website, <u>https://pamspublic.science.energy.gov/</u>. You may also contact the PAMS Help Desk, which can be reached Monday through Friday, 9 AM – 5:30 PM Eastern Time. Telephone: (855) 818-1846 (toll free) or (301) 903-9610, Email: <u>sc.pams-helpdesk@science.doe.gov</u>. All submission and inquiries about this Funding Opportunity Announcement should reference **DE-FOA-0001625**.

Pre-applications submitted outside PAMS will not be considered. Pre-applications may not be submitted through Grants.gov or Fedconnect.

# C. CONTENT AND APPLICATION FORMS

#### APPLICATION PREPARATION

You must download the application package, application forms and instructions, from Grants.gov at <u>http://www.grants.gov/.</u> (Additional instructions are provided in <u>Section IV, Part C</u> of this FOA.)

You are required to use the compatible version of Adobe Reader software to complete a <u>Grants.gov</u> Adobe application package. To ensure you have the <u>Grants.gov</u> compatible version of Adobe Reader, visit the download software page at http://www.grants.gov/web/grants/applicants/adobe-software-compatibility.html.

You must complete the mandatory forms and any applicable optional forms (e.g., Disclosure of Lobbying Activities (SF-LLL)) in accordance with the instructions on the forms and the additional instructions below.

Files that are attached to the forms must be in Adobe Portable Document Format (PDF) unless otherwise specified in this announcement. Attached PDF files must be plain files consisting of text, numbers, and images without editable fields, signatures, passwords, redactions, or other advanced features available in some PDF-compatible software. Do not use PDF portfolios or binders.

Please note: you may only use the following UTF-8 characters when naming your application attachments: A-Z, a-z, 0-9, underscore (\_), hyphen (-), space, period. You must limit the file name to 50 or fewer characters. Attachments that do not follow this rule may cause the entire application to be rejected or cause issues during processing.

#### APPLICATION DUE DATE

11/14/2016, 5 PM Eastern Time

Concurrent submission of an application to other organizations for simultaneous consideration will not prejudice its review. However, you can only be funded once by the federal government for a given scope of work. Thus, if both applications are selected for funding, you will only be able to accept one award. To avoid this situation, you can submit applications for completely different scopes of work to the two agencies.

#### LETTERS

Letters of recommendation are not allowed. Applications that include recommendation letters will be subject to elimination from consideration during DOE's initial review.

A department chair letter is not required and should not be included.

Optional letters of collaboration for unfunded or funded collaborations may be placed in Appendix 7 (Other Attachments). Letters of collaboration should state the intention to participate, but they should not be written as recommendation or endorsement letters, which are not allowed.

Each optional letter of collaboration may contain <u>two and only two</u> sentences and must use the following format:

Dear < Principal Investigator Name>:

If your application entitled, "<Application Name>," is selected for funding under the DOE Office of Science Early Career Research Program, it is my intent to collaborate in this research by <Complete Sentence With a Very Short Description of What the Collaborator Offers to Do or Provide>. Thank you for the opportunity to participate.

Sincerely,

<Collaborator's Name and Signature Block>

# 1. SF-424 (R&R)

Complete this form first to populate data in other forms. Complete all the required fields in accordance with the pop-up instructions on the form. The list of certifications and assurances referenced in Field 17 is available on the DOE Financial Assistance Forms Page at <a href="http://energy.gov/management/office-management/operational-management/financial-assistance/financial-assistance-forms">http://energy.gov/management/office-management/operational-management/financial-assistance/financial-assistance-forms</a> under Certifications and Assurances.

DUNS AND EIN NUMBERS (FIELDS 5 AND 6)

The DUNS and EIN number fields on the SF-424 (R&R) form are used in PAMS to confirm the identity of the individual or organization submitting an application.

- Enter each number as a nine-digit number.
- Do not use hyphens or dashes.
- The Office of Science does not use the twelve-digit EIN format required by some other agencies.

TYPE OF APPLICATION (FIELD 8)

A **new** application is one in which DOE support for the proposed research is being requested for the first time. Please use this option on your proposal.

Please answer "yes" to the question "Is this application being submitted to other agencies?" if substantially similar, identical, or closely related research objectives are being submitted to another Federal agency. Indicate the agency or agencies to which the similar objectives have been submitted.

#### PUBLIC POLICY REQUIREMENTS

The applicant assures DOE of its compliance with applicable public policy requirements, including the following:

Animal Welfare Act	7 USC 2131 et seq.,	
Buy American Act	41 USC 10 et seq.	
Cargo Preference Act	46 USC 55305, 46 CFR 381.7	
Civil Rights Protections	10 CFR 1040	
Debarment and Suspension	2 CFR 180, 2 CFR 901	
Drug-Free Workplace Act	41 USC 701, 10 CFR 607	
Environmental Protections	42 USC 7401, 33 USC 1251, 42 USC 4321	
False Claims Act	31 USC 3729, 18 USC 287, 18 USC 1001, 10 CFR	
	1013	
Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act	P.L. 109-282, 2 CFR 170	
Fly America Act	49 USC 40118	
Hatch Act	5 USC 1501 et seq.	
Human Research Subjects Protections	10 CFR 745	
Lobbying Disclosure Act	2 USC 1601 et seq.	
Lobbying Prohibitions	31 USC 1352, 10 CFR 601	
Metric System use	EO 12770	
Non-delinquency on Federal Debt	28 USC 3201	
Prohibition on benefitting Members of Congress	41 USC 6306	
Seat Belt Use	EO 13043	
Terrorist Financing	EO 13224, 66 FR 49079	
Text Messaging While Driving	EO 13513, 74 FR 51225	
Trafficking in Persons	22 USC 7104, 2 CFR 175	

#### 2. Research and Related Other Project Information

Complete questions 1 through 6 and attach files. The files must comply with the following instructions:

PROJECT SUMMARY/ABSTRACT (FIELD 7 ON THE FORM)

The project summary/abstract must contain a summary of the proposed activity suitable for dissemination to the public. It must be a self-contained document that identifies the name of the applicant, the Principal Investigator (PI), the project title, the objectives of the project, a description of the project, including methods to be employed, the potential impact of the project (i.e., benefits, outcomes). This document must not include any proprietary or sensitive business information as the Department may make it available to the public. The project summary must not exceed 1 page when printed using standard 8.5" by 11" paper with 1" margins (top, bottom, left and right) with font not smaller than 11 point. To attach a Project Summary/Abstract, click "Add Attachment."

The abstract may be used to prepare publicly accessible reports about DOE-supported research.

# DOE COVER PAGE (PART OF PROJECT NARRATIVE ATTACHED TO FIELD 8 ON THE FORM)

The following application cover page information may be placed on a plain page. No form is required. This cover page will not count in the project narrative page limitation.

- Institution:
- Street Address/City/State/Zip:
- Principal Investigator (PI):
- Position Title of PI:
- Business Mailing Address of PI:
- Telephone Number of PI:
- Email of PI:
- Funding Opportunity Announcement Number: DE-FOA-0001625
- DOE/Office of Science Program Office (ASCR, BER, BES, FES, HEP, or NP):
- Topic Area\*:
- Topic Area Program Manager:
- Year Doctorate Awarded:
- Is the PI in a Tenure-Track Appointment (Yes or No)?
- Does the PI have tenure (Yes or No)?
- Number of Times Previously Applied<sup>†</sup>:
- PAMS Preproposal Number:
- PECASE Eligible\*\*: (Yes or No)?
- Proposal Contains Biosketch in Appendix 1 (Yes or No)?
- Proposal Contains Data Management Plan in Appendix 6<sup>§</sup>: (Yes or No)?

\* The topic area can be found in Part I, Supplementary Information, of this funding opportunity announcement. For example, the topic area might be Synthesis and Processing Science or Magnetic Fusion Energy Science Theory and Simulation. Please select from the list in Part I.

† Indicate how many times the PI has previously submitted a full application in the Office of Science Early Career Research Program. The program has been offered in seven previous years, FY 2010 - FY 2016. Participation in the competition is defined as submission of a full, formal application. A PI who has participated in three past Office of Science Early Career Research Program competitions is not eligible.

\*\* The White House Office of Science and Technology Policy may ask federal agencies each year to nominate candidates for the Presidential Early Career Awards for Scientists and Engineers (PECASE). Investigators from the top applications in the Office of Science Early Career Research Award competition may be nominated for PECASE if they are eligible. A PI is PECASE-eligible if he or she is, as of the closing date of this FOA, a U.S. citizen, U.S. national or permanent resident and if she or he has not received a PECASE previously through any agency. PECASE eligibility is not required for an award under the current FOA.

§ The Office of Science will decline without review any proposal without a data management plan.

**Important Instructions to the Sponsored Research Office of Submitting Institutions**: The DOE Office of Science requires that you create one single PDF file that contains the DOE Cover Page, project narrative, biographical sketch, current and pending support, bibliography and references cited, facilities and other resources, equipment, data management plan, and other attachments. This single PDF file must be attached in Field 8 on the Grants.gov form. Do not attach any of the items listed in this paragraph separately in any other field on the form. If you do, these additional attachments will not become part of the application in PAMS. The application will then either be declined without merit review or reviewed in incomplete form.

#### PROJECT NARRATIVE (FIELD 8 ON THE FORM)

The project narrative **must not exceed 15 pages** of technical information, including charts, graphs, maps, photographs, and other pictorial presentations, when printed using standard 8.5" by 11" paper with 1 inch margins (top, bottom, left, and right). The font must not be smaller than 11 point. Merit reviewers will only consider the number of pages specified in the first sentence of this paragraph.

The Project Narrative comprises the research plan for the project. It should contain enough background material in the Introduction, including review of the relevant literature, to demonstrate sufficient knowledge of the state of the science. The narrative should provide a clear, concise statement of the specific objectives/aims of the proposed project. The major part of the narrative should be devoted to a description and justification of the proposed project, including details of the methods to be used. It should also include a timeline for the major activities of the proposed project.

Do not include any Internet addresses (URLs) that provide supplementary or additional information that constitutes a part of the application. Using Internet sites in an attempt to avoid page limits will fail: The content of those sites will not be reviewed. See Part VIII.D for instructions on how to mark proprietary application information. To attach a Project Narrative, click "Add Attachment."

Do not attach any of the requested appendices described below as files for fields 9, 10, 11, and 12 in Grants.gov. Follow the below instructions to include the information as appendices in the project narrative file. These appendices will not count toward the project narrative's page limitation. Do not attach any files to fields 9, 10, 11, or 12.

APPENDIX 1: BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH

- Provide the biographical sketch information as an appendix to your project narrative.
- Do not attach a separate file.
- This appendix will not count in the project narrative page limitation.

Provide a biographical sketch for the Principal Investigator (PI) as an appendix to your technical narrative. As part of the sketch, provide information that can be used by reviewers to evaluate the PI's potential for leadership within the scientific community. Examples of information of interest are invited and/or public lectures, awards received, scientific program committees, conference or workshop organization, professional society activities, special international or industrial partnerships, reviewing or editorship activities, or other scientific leadership experiences. The biographical information (curriculum vitae) must not exceed 3 pages when printed on 8.5" by 11" paper with 1 inch margins (top, bottom, left, and right) with font not smaller than 11 point and must include the following:

**Education and Training**: Undergraduate, graduate and postdoctoral training, provide institution, major/area, degree and year.

**Research and Professional Experience**: Beginning with the current position list, in chronological order, professional/academic positions with a brief description.

**Publications**: Provide a list of up to 10 publications most closely related to the proposed project. For each publication, identify the names of all authors (in the same sequence in which they appear in the publication), the article title, book or journal title, volume number, page numbers, year of publication, and website address if available electronically. Patents, copyrights and software systems developed may be provided in addition to or substituted for publications. An abbreviated style such as the Physical Review Letters (PRL) convention for citations (list only the first author) may be used for publications with more than 10 authors.

**Synergistic Activities**: List professional and scholarly activities related to the effort proposed. Some examples might be invited and/or public lectures, awards received, scientific program committees, conference or workshop organization, professional society membership and/or activities, special international or industrial partnerships, reviewing or editorship activities, or other scientific leadership experiences.

**Collaborators and Co-editors**: List in alphabetical order all persons, including their current organizational affiliation, who are, or who have been, collaborators or co-authors with you on a research project, book or book article, report, abstract, or paper during the 48 months preceding the submission of this application. For publications or collaborations with more than 10 authors or participants, only list those individuals in the core group with whom the Principal Investigator interacted on a regular basis while the research was being done. Also, list any individuals who are currently, or have been, co-editors with you on a special issue of a journal, compendium, or conference proceedings during the 24 months preceding the submission of this application. If there are no collaborators or co-editors to report, state "None."

**Graduate and Postdoctoral Advisors and Advisees**: List the names and current organizational affiliations of your graduate advisor(s) and principal postdoctoral sponsor(s). Also, list the names and current organizational affiliations of your graduate students and postdoctoral associates during the past 5 years.

**Personally Identifiable Information**: Do not include sensitive personally identifiable information such as a Social Security Number, date of birth, or city of birth. Do not include information that a merit reviewer should not make use of.

APPENDIX 2: CURRENT AND PENDING SUPPORT

Provide a list of all current and pending support (both Federal and non-Federal) for the Principal Investigator(s) (PI) for ongoing projects and pending applications.

List all sponsored activities or awards requiring a measurable commitment of effort, whether paid or unpaid.

For every activity, list the following items:

- The sponsor of the activity or the source of funding
- The award or other identifying number
- The title of the award or activity
- The total cost or value of the award or activity, including direct and indirect costs. For pending proposals, provide the total amount of requested funding.
- The person-months of effort per year being dedicated to the award or activity

Do not list start-up funds provided to the PI by the employing academic institution. If the PI has submitted a similar research application to an early career program at another agency or foundation, she or he should provide a few sentences explaining the similarities and/or differences with the current Early Career Research Program application. Provide the Current and Pending Support as an appendix to your project narrative. Concurrent submission of an application to other organizations for simultaneous consideration will not prejudice its review.

- Do not attach a separate file.
- This appendix will not count in the project narrative page limitation.

# APPENDIX 3: BIBLIOGRAPHY & REFERENCES CITED

Provide a bibliography of any references cited in the Project Narrative. Each reference must include the names of all authors (in the same sequence in which they appear in the publication), the article and journal title, book title, volume number, page numbers, and year of publication. For research areas where there are routinely more than ten coauthors of archival publications, you may use an abbreviated style such as the Physical Review Letters (PRL) convention for citations (listing only the first author). Include only bibliographic citations. Applicants should be especially careful to follow scholarly practices in providing citations for source materials relied upon when preparing any section of the application. Provide the Bibliography and References Cited information as an appendix to your project narrative.

- Do not attach a separate file.
- This appendix will not count in the project narrative page limitation.

#### APPENDIX 4: FACILITIES & OTHER RESOURCES

This information is used to assess the capability of the organizational resources, including subawardee resources, available to perform the effort proposed. Identify the facilities to be used (Laboratory, Animal, Computer, Office, Clinical and Other). If appropriate, indicate their capacities, pertinent capabilities, relative proximity, and extent of availability to the project. Describe only those resources that are directly applicable to the proposed work. Describe other resources available to the project (e.g., machine shop, electronic shop) and the extent to which they would be available to the project. Please provide the Facility and Other Resource information as an appendix to your project narrative.

- Do not attach a separate file.
- This appendix will not count in the project narrative page limitation.

#### APPENDIX 5: EQUIPMENT

List equipment already available for this project and, if appropriate, identify location and pertinent capabilities. Provide the Equipment information as an appendix to your project narrative.

- Do not attach a separate file.
- This appendix will not count in the project narrative page limitation.

#### APPENDIX 6: DATA MANAGEMENT PLAN

Provide a Data Management Plan (DMP) that addresses the following requirements:

- 1. DMPs should describe whether and how data generated in the course of the proposed research will be shared and preserved. If the plan is not to share and/or preserve certain data, then the plan must explain the basis of the decision (for example, cost/benefit considerations, other parameters of feasibility, scientific appropriateness, or limitations discussed in #4). At a minimum, DMPs must describe how data sharing and preservation will enable validation of results, or how results could be validated if data are not shared or preserved.
- 2. DMPs should provide a plan for making all research data displayed in publications resulting from the proposed research open, machine-readable, and digitally accessible to the public at the time of publication. This includes data that are displayed in charts, figures, images, etc. In addition, the underlying digital research data used to generate the displayed data should be made as accessible as possible to the public in accordance with the principles stated in the Office of Science Statement on Digital Data Management (<u>http://science.energy.gov/funding-opportunities/digital-data-management/</u>). This requirement could be met by including the data as supplementary information to the published article, or through other means. The published article should indicate how these data can be accessed.
- 3. DMPs should consult and reference available information about data management resources to be used in the course of the proposed research. In particular, DMPs that explicitly or implicitly commit data management resources at a facility beyond what is conventionally made available to approved users should be accompanied by written approval from that facility. In determining the resources available for data management at Office of Science

User Facilities, researchers should consult the published description of data management resources and practices at that facility and reference it in the DMP. Information about other Office of Science facilities can be found in the additional guidance from the sponsoring program.

- 4. DMPs must protect confidentiality, personal privacy, Personally Identifiable Information, and U.S. national, homeland, and economic security; recognize proprietary interests, business confidential information, and intellectual property rights; avoid significant negative impact on innovation, and U.S. competitiveness; and otherwise be consistent with all applicable laws, and regulations. There is no requirement to share proprietary data.
- 5. Applications must meet the published additional requirements of the program office to which the application is submitted, as identified on the DOE Cover Page of the application. Program office requirements will be considered during merit review and award selection. Advanced Scientific Computing Research (ASCR) and Biological and Environmental Research (BER) have published additional requirements, available through <u>http://science.energy.gov/funding-opportunities/digital-data-management/</u>. Applications will not be transferred between program offices.

DMPs will be reviewed as part of the overall Office of Science research proposal merit review process. Applicants are encouraged to consult the Office of Science website for further information and suggestions for how to structure a DMP: <u>http://science.energy.gov/funding-opportunities/digital-data-management/</u>

- Do not attach a separate file.
- This appendix will not count in the project narrative page limitation.

# APPENDIX 7: OTHER ATTACHMENTS

Information not easily accessible to a reviewer may be included in this appendix, but do not use this appendix to circumvent the page limitations of the application. Reviewers are not required to consider information in this appendix, and reviewers may not have time to read extensive appendix materials with the same care they would use with the application proper. Do not include scientific publications. Although the preference of this program is to support PI-led efforts without paid collaborators, if a funded or unfunded collaboration is proposed, an optional letter of collaboration may be included in this appendix. Letters of collaboration should state the intent to participate and nothing else. They should not be written as recommendation or endorsement letters, which are not allowed. Each optional letter of collaboration may contain two and only two sentences and must use the following format:

Dear < Principal Investigator Name>:

If your application entitled, "<Application Name>," is selected for funding under the DOE Office of Science Early Career Research Program, it is my intent to collaborate in this research by <Complete Sentence With a Very Short Description of What the Collaborator Offers to Do or Provide>. Thank you for the opportunity to participate.

Sincerely,

<Collaborator's Name and Signature Block>

- Do not attach a separate file.
- This appendix will not count in the project narrative page limitation.

Do not attach any of the requested appendices described above as files for fields 9, 10, 11, and 12 in Grants.gov. Follow the above instructions to include the information as appendices in the project narrative file. These appendices will not count toward the project narrative's page limitation. Do not attach any files to fields 9, 10, 11, or 12.

# 3. Research And Related Budget

Complete the Research and Related Budget form in accordance with the instructions on the form (Activate Help Mode to see instructions) and the following instructions. You must complete a separate budget for each year of support requested. The form will generate a cumulative budget for the total project period. You must complete all the mandatory information on the form before the NEXT PERIOD button is activated. You may request funds under any of the categories listed as long as the item and amount are necessary to perform the proposed work, meet all the criteria for allowability under the applicable Federal cost principles, and are not prohibited by the funding restrictions in this FOA (See PART IV, G).

A reasonable start date for use in completing the budget is 7/15/2017. The following budget period start and end dates may be used for proposals submitted to this FOA:

- Budget Period 1: 07/15/2017 07/14/2018
- Budget Period 2: 07/15/2018 07/14/2019
- Budget Period 3: 07/15/2019 07/14/2020
- Budget Period 4: 07/15/2020 07/14/2021
- Budget Period 5: 07/15/2021 07/14/2022

**Budget Fields** 

Section A Senior/Key Person	For each Senior/Key Person, enter the requested information. List personnel, base salary, the number of months that person will be allocated to the project, requested salary fringe benefits, and the total funds requested for each person. The requested salary must be the product of the base salary and the effort. Include a written narrative in the budget justification that justifies the
Section B	need for requested personnel. List personnel, the number of months that person will be allocated to
Other Personnel	the project, requested salary fringe benefits, and the total funds requested for each person. Include a written narrative in the budget justification that fully justifies
	the need for requested personnel.

Section C	For the purpose of this budget, equipment is designated as an item of
Equipment	property that has an acquisition cost of \$5,000 or more and an expected service life of more than one year. (Note that this designation applies for proposal budgeting only and differs from the DOE definition of capital equipment.) List <b>each</b> item of equipment separately and justify each in the budget justification section: Do not aggregate items of equipment. Allowable items ordinarily will be limited to research equipment and apparatus not already available for the conduct of the work. General-purpose office equipment is not eligible for support unless primarily or exclusively used in the actual conduct of scientific research.
Section D	For purposes of this section only, travel to Canada or to Mexico is
Travel	considered domestic travel. In the budget justification, list each trip's destination, dates, estimated costs including transportation and subsistence, number of staff traveling, the purpose of the travel, and how it relates to the project. Indicate the basis for the cost estimate (quotes from vendors or suppliers, past experience of similar items, or some other basis). To qualify for support, attendance at meetings or conferences must enhance the investigator's capability to perform the research, plan extensions of it, or disseminate its results. Domestic travel is to be justified separately from foreign travel.
Section E	If applicable, submit training support costs. Educational projects that
Participant/Trainee	intend to support trainees (precollege, college, graduate and post
Support Costs	graduate) must list each trainee cost that includes stipend levels and amounts, cost of tuition for each trainee, cost of any travel (provide the same information as needed under the regular travel category), and costs for any related training expenses. Participant costs are those costs associated with conferences, workshops, symposia or institutes and breakout items should indicate the number of participants, cost for each participant, purpose of the conference, dates and places of meetings and any related administrative expenses. Indicate the basis for the cost estimate (quotes from vendors or suppliers, past experience of similar items, or some other basis).
Section F	• <b>Materials and Supplies:</b> Enter total funds requested for
Other Direct Costs	<ul> <li>materials and supplies in the appropriate fields. In the budget justification, indicate general categories such as glassware, and chemicals, including an amount for each category (items not identified under "Equipment"). Categories less than \$1,000 are not required to be itemized. Indicate the basis for the cost estimate (quotes from vendors or suppliers, past experience of similar items, or some other basis).</li> <li>Publication Costs: Enter the total publication funds requested. The proposal budget may request funds for the costs of documenting, preparing, publishing or otherwise making</li> </ul>
	available to others the findings and products of the work
	conducted under the award. In the budget justification, include

Section G	<ul> <li>supporting information. Indicate the basis for the cost estimate (quotes from vendors or suppliers, past experience of similar items, or some other basis).</li> <li>Consultant Services: Enter total funds requested for all consultant services. In the budget justification, identify each consultant, the services he/she will perform, total number of days, travel costs, and total estimated costs. Indicate the basis for the cost estimate (quotes from vendors or suppliers, past experience of similar items, or some other basis).</li> <li>ADP/Computer Services: Enter total funds requested for ADP/Computer Services. The cost of computer services, including computer-based retrieval of scientific, technical and education information may be requested. In the budget justification, include the established computer service rates at the proposing organization if applicable. Indicate the basis for the cost estimate (quotes from vendors or suppliers, past experience of similar items, or some other basis).</li> <li>Subawards/Consortium/Contractual Costs: Enter total costs for all subawards/consortium organizations and other contractual costs proposed for the project. In the budget justification, justify the details.</li> <li>Equipment or Facility Rental/User Fees: Enter total funds requested for Equipment or Facility Rental/User Fees. In the budget justification, identify each rental/user fee and justify. Indicate the basis for the cost estimate (quotes from vendors or suppliers, past experience of similar items, or some other basis).</li> <li>Alterations and Renovations: Enter total funds requested for Alterations and Renovations. Enter total funds requested for Alterations and Renovations. In the budget justification, itemize by category and justify the costs of alterations and renovations, including repairs, painting, removal or installation of partitions, shielding, or air conditioning. Where applicable, provide the square footage and costs.</li> <li>Other: Add text to describe any other Di</li></ul>	
Direct Costs Section H	Enter the Indirect Cost information for each field. Only four general	
Other Indirect Costs	categories of indirect costs are allowed/requested on this form, so	
	please consolidate if needed. Include the cognizant Federal agency and	
	contact information if using a negotiated rate agreement.	
Section I	This is the total of Sections G and H	
Total Direct and		
Indirect Costs		

BUDGET JUSTIFICATION (FIELD K ON THE FORM)

Provide the required supporting information for the following costs (See R&R Budget instructions): equipment; domestic and foreign travel; participant/trainees; materials and supplies; publication; consultant services; ADP/computer services;

subaward/consortium/contractual; equipment or facility rental/user fees; alterations and renovations; and indirect cost type. Provide any other information you wish to submit to justify your budget request. Attach a single budget justification file for the entire project period in field K. The file automatically carries over to each budget year.

#### 4. R&R Subaward Budget Attachment(s) Form

Under the Early Career Research Program, preference will be given to applications without subawards with the exception of those that propose small subawards for essential supporting work such as sample analysis. Subawards that pay salary for scientific collaborators outside the proposing institution are discouraged.

**Budgets for Subawardees, other than DOE FFRDC Contractors**: You must provide a separate R&R budget for each subawardee. Download the R&R Budget Attachment from the R&R SUBAWARD BUDGET ATTACHMENT(S) FORM and e-mail it to each subawardee that is required to submit a separate budget. After the subawardee has e-mailed its completed budget back to you, attach it to one of the blocks provided on the form. Use up to 10 letters of the subawardee's name (plus.pdf) as the file name (e.g., ucla.pdf or energyres.pdf). Filenames must not exceed 50 characters.

If the project involves more subawardees than there are places in the SUBAWARD BUDGET ATTACHMENT(S) FORM, the additional subaward budgets may be saved as PDF files and appended to the Budget Justification attached to Field K.

Ensure that any files received from subawardees are the PDF files extracted from the SUBAWARD BUDGET ATTACHMENT(S) FORM. Errors will be created if a subawardee sends a prime applicant a budget form that was not extracted from the application package.

#### **5. Project/Performance Site Location(s)**

Indicate the primary site where the work will be performed. If a portion of the project will be performed at any other site(s), identify the site location(s) in the blocks provided.

Note that the Project/Performance Site Congressional District is entered in the format of the 2 digit state code followed by a dash and a 3 digit Congressional district code, for example VA-001. Hover over this field for additional instructions.

Use the Next Site button to expand the form to add additional Project/Performance Site Locations.

# 6. Summary of Required Forms/Files

Your application must include the following items:

Name of Document	Format	Attach to
SF 424 (R&R)	Form	N/A
<b>RESEARCH AND RELATED Other</b> <b>Project Information</b>	Form	N/A
Project Summary/Abstract	PDF	Field 7
Project Narrative, including required appendices	PDF	Field 8
<b>RESEARCH &amp; RELATED BUDGET</b>	Form	N/A
Budget Justification	PDF	Field K
PROJECT/PERFORMANCE SITE LOCATION(S)	Form	N/A
SF-LLL Disclosure of Lobbying Activities, if applicable	Form	N/A

# D. SUBMISSIONS FROM SUCCESSFUL APPLICANTS

If selected for award, DOE reserves the right to request additional or clarifying information for any reason deemed necessary, including, but not limited to:

- Indirect cost information
- Other budget information
- Name and phone number of the Designated Responsible Employee for complying with national policies prohibiting discrimination (See 10 CFR 1040.5)
- Representation of Limited Rights Data and Restricted Software, if applicable
- Commitment Letter from Third Parties Contributing to Cost Sharing, if applicable
- Environmental Information

# E. SUBMISSION DATES AND TIMES

# **1. Letter of Intent Due Date**

A letter of intent is not required.

# 2. Pre-application Due Date

09/08/2016, 5 PM Eastern Time

You are encouraged to submit your pre-application well before the deadline.

# **3. Application Due Date**

# 11/14/2016, 5 PM Eastern Time

You are encouraged to transmit your application well before the deadline.

Modifications to the application are not allowed after the application due date.

# 4. Late Submissions

Delays in submitting letters of intent, pre-applications, and applications may be unavoidable. DOE has accepted late submissions when applicants have been unable to make timely submissions because of technological disruptions, significant natural disasters, and severely incapacitating or life-threatening illnesses. Other circumstances may or may not justify late submissions. Unacceptable justifications include but are not limited to the following:

- Failure to begin submission process early enough.
- Failure to provide sufficient time to complete the process.
- Failure to understand the submission process.
- Failure to understand the deadlines for submissions.
- Failure to satisfy prerequisite registrations.
- Unavailability of administrative personnel.

The applicant is responsible for beginning the submission process in sufficient time to accommodate reasonably foreseeable incidents, contingencies, and disruptions.

Applicants must email early.career@science.doe.gov to discuss the option of a late submission in the case of unavoidable circumstances.

DOE notes that not all requests for late submission will be approved.

Changes to preapplications or applications after the deadline are not allowed.

# F. INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVIEW

This program is not subject to Executive Order 12372 Intergovernmental Review of Federal Programs.

# G. FUNDING RESTRICTIONS

Funding for all awards and future budget periods are contingent upon the availability of funds appropriated by Congress and the availability of future-year budget authority.

**Cost Principles**: Costs must be allowable, allocable and reasonable in accordance with the applicable Federal cost principles referenced in 2 CFR 200 as modified by 2 CFR 910 (DOE Financial Assistance Regulation).

**Pre-award Costs**: Recipients may charge to an award resulting from this FOA pre-award costs that were incurred within the ninety (90) calendar day period immediately preceding the effective date of the award, if the costs are allowable in accordance with the applicable Federal cost principles referenced in 2 CFR 200 as modified by 2 CFR 910 (DOE Financial Assistance Regulation). Recipients must obtain the prior approval of the contracting officer for any pre-award costs that are for periods greater than this 90 day calendar period.

Pre-award costs are incurred at the applicant's risk. DOE is under no obligation to reimburse such costs if for any reason the applicant does not receive an award or if the award is made for a lesser amount than the applicant expected.

Support for paid collaborators of the Principal Investigator will be considered only in rare cases where a collaborator (either early career or senior) brings something unique to the project. However, preference will be given to Principal-Investigator-led efforts without paid collaborators for which the budget covers research support staff (e.g., students and postdoctoral fellows), travel, supplies, equipment, and other expenses necessary for the Principal-Investigator-led project.

Preference will be given to applications without subawards with the exception of those that propose small subawards for essential supporting work such as sample analysis. Subawards that pay salary for scientific collaborators outside the proposing institution are discouraged.

# H. OTHER SUBMISSION AND REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS

#### 1. Systems to Register In

There are several one-time actions you must complete in order to submit an application in response to this FOA. Applicants not currently registered with SAM and grants.gov should allow **at least 44 days** to complete these requirements. You should start the process as soon as possible.

Applicants must obtain a DUNS number at http://fedgov.dnb.com/webform.

Applicants must register with the System for Award Management (SAM) at <u>http://www.sam.gov/</u>. If you had an active registration in the Central Contractor Registry (CCR), you should have an active registration in SAM. More information about SAM registration for applicants is found at <u>https://www.sam.gov/sam/SAM\_Guide/SAM\_User\_Guide.htm</u>.

Applicants must provide a Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN) to complete their registration in SAM.gov. An applicant's TIN is an Employer Identification Number (EIN) assigned by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). In limited circumstances, a Social Security Number (SSN) assigned by the Social Security Administration (SSA) may be used as a TIN. You may obtain an EIN from the IRS at <u>http://www.irs.gov/Businesses/Small-Businesses-%26-Self-</u> Employed/Apply-for-an-Employer-Identification-Number-(EIN)-Online. DOE discourages the use of a SSN as a TIN. You are encouraged to obtain a TIN from the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) using the website listed above.

Applicants must register with FedConnect at <u>www.fedconnect.net</u>. The full, binding version of assistance agreements will be posted to FedConnect.

Recipients must register with the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act Subaward Reporting System at <u>https://www.fsrs.gov</u>. This registration must be completed before an award may be made: you are advised to register while preparing your application.

#### 2. Registering in Grants.gov

Applicants must register with grants.gov.

For organizations, please follow the procedures detailed below, making use of the checklist provided below:

http://www.grants.gov/web/grants/applicants/organization-registration.html

For individuals, please follow the procedures detailed below: <u>http://www.grants.gov/web/grants/applicants/individual-registration.html</u>

Organizations and individuals must have an E-Business (E-Biz) Point of Contact (POC). You may find the checklist at <u>http://www.grants.gov/web/grants/applicants/organization-registration/step-4-aor-authorization.html</u> useful.

Grants.gov maintains a User Guide at

http://www.grants.gov/help/html/help/index.htm#t=Get\_Started%2FGet\_Started.htm and a list of Frequently Asked Questions at http://www.grants.gov/web/grants/applicants/applicant-faqs.html. Questions relating to the registration process, system requirements, or how an application form works must be directed to Grants.gov at 1-800-518-4726 or support@grants.gov.

FIRST-TIME REGISTRATION PROCESS IN GRANTS.GOV

You must complete the one-time registration process (all steps) before you can submit your first application through <u>www.grants.gov</u>. (See <u>http://www.grants.gov/web/grants/applicants/grant-application-process.html</u>). We recommend that you start this process at least six weeks before the application due date. It may take 44 days or more to complete the entire process. Use the Grants.gov Organizational Registration Checklists at

<u>http://www.grants.gov/web/grants/applicants/organization-registration.html</u> to guide you through the process. IMPORTANT: During the SAM registration process, you will be asked to designate an E-Business Point of Contact (EBIZ POC). The EBIZ POC must obtain a special password called "Marketing Partner Identification Number" (MPIN). When you have completed the process, you should call the Grants.gov Helpdesk at 1-800-518-4726 to verify that you have completed the final step (i.e., Grants.gov registration).3. Application Receipt Notices After an application is submitted, the Authorized Organization Representative (AOR) will receive a series of four e-mails. It is extremely important that the AOR watch for and save each of the emails. It may take up to two (2) business days from application submission to receipt of email Number 2. The titles of the four e-mails are:

- Number 1 Grants.gov Submission Receipt Number
- Number 2 Grants.gov Submission Validation Receipt for Application Number
- Number 3 Grants.gov Grantor Agency Retrieval Receipt for Application Number

Number 4 - Grants.gov Agency Tracking Number Assignment for Application Number

**IMPORTANT NOTICE:** When you have completed the grants.gov registration process, you should call the Grants.gov Helpdesk at 1-800-518-4726 to verify that you have completed the final step (i.e., grants.gov registration).

#### 3. Where to Submit an Application

Applications must be submitted through grants.gov to be considered for award.

Applicants must download the application package, application forms and instructions, from grants.gov at <u>http://www.grants.gov/</u> (Additional instructions are provided in Section IV A of this FOA.)

Submit electronic applications through the "Apply for Grants" function at <u>www.grants.gov</u>. If you have problems completing the registration process or submitting your application, call grants.gov at 1-800-518-4726 or send an email to <u>support@grants.gov</u>.

Please ensure that you have read the applicable instructions, guides, help notices, frequently asked questions, and other forms of technical support on grants.gov.

## 4. DOE Office of Science Portfolio Analysis and Management System (PAMS)

After you submit your application through grants.gov, the application will automatically transfer into the Portfolio Analysis and Management System (PAMS) for processing by the DOE Office of Science. Many functions for grants and cooperative agreements can be done in PAMS, which is available at <u>https://pamspublic.science.energy.gov</u>.

You will want to "register to" your application: a process of linking yourself to the application after it has been submitted through grants.gov and processed by DOE.

You must register in PAMS to submit a pre-application or a letter of intent.

You may use the Internet Explorer, Firefox, Google Chrome, or Safari browsers to access PAMS. For best results, we recommend the use of Internet Explorer 11.

Notifications sent from the PAMS system will come from the PAMS email address <<u>PAMS.Autoreply@science.doe.gov</u>>. Please make sure your email server/software allows delivery of emails from the PAMS email address to yours.

Registering to PAMS is a two-step process; once you create an individual account, you must associate yourself with ("register to") your institution. Detailed steps are listed below.

1. CREATE PAMS ACCOUNT:

To register, click the "Create New PAMS Account" link on the website <u>https://pamspublic.science.energy.gov/</u>.

- Click the "No, I have never had an account" link and then the "Create Account" button.
- You will be prompted to enter your name and email address, create a username and password, and select a security question and answer. Once you have done this, click the "Save and Continue" button.
- On the next page, enter the required information (at least one phone number and your mailing address) and any optional information you wish to provide (e.g., FAX number, website, mailstop code, additional email addresses or phone numbers, Division/Department). Click the "Create Account" button.
- Read the user agreement and click the "Accept" button to indicate that you understand your responsibilities and agree to comply with the rules of behavior for PAMS.
- PAMS will take you to the "Having Trouble Logging In?" page. (If you have been an Office of Science merit reviewer or if you have previously submitted an application, you may already be linked to an institution in PAMS. If this happens, you will be taken to the PAMS home page.)
- 2. REGISTER TO YOUR INSTITUTION:
- Click the link labeled "Option 2: I know my institution and I am here to register to the institution." (Note: If you previously created a PAMS account but did not register to an institution at that time, you must click the Institutions tab and click the "Register to Institution" link.)
- PAMS will take you to the "Register to Institution" page.
- Type a word or phrase from your institution name in the field labeled, "Institution Name like," choose the radio button next to the item that best describes your role in the system, and click the "Search" button. A "like" search in PAMS returns results that contain the word or phrase you enter; you do not need to enter the exact name of the institution, but you should enter a word or phrase contained within the institution name. (If your institution has a frequently used acronym, such as ANL for Argonne National Laboratory or UCLA for the Regents of the University of California, Los Angeles, you may find it easiest to search for the acronym under "Institution Name like." Many institutions with acronyms are listed in PAMS with their acronyms in parentheses after their names.)
- Find your institution in the list that is returned by the search and click the "Actions" link in the Options column next to the institution name to obtain a dropdown list. Select "Add me to this institution" from the dropdown. PAMS will take you to the "Institutions List" page.

- If you do not see your institution in the initial search results, you can search again by clicking the "Cancel" button, clicking the Option 2 link, and repeating the search.
- If, after searching, you think your institution is not currently in the database, click the "Cannot Find My Institution" button and enter the requested institution information into PAMS. Click the "Create Institution" button. PAMS will add the institution to the system, associate your profile with the new institution, and return you to the "Institutions List" page when you are finished.

For help with PAMS, click the "External User Guide" link on the PAMS website, <u>https://pamspublic.science.energy.gov/</u>. You may also contact the PAMS Help Desk, which can be reached Monday through Friday, 9AM – 5:30 PM Eastern Time. Telephone: (855) 818-1846 (toll free) or (301) 903-9610, email: <u>sc.pams-helpdesk@science.doe.gov</u>. All submission and inquiries about this Funding Opportunity Announcement should reference DE-FOA-0001625.

# **5. Viewing Submitted Applications**

Each grants.gov application submitted to the DOE Office of Science (SC) automatically transfers into PAMS and is subsequently assigned to a program manager. At the time of program manager assignment, the three people listed on the SF-424 (R&R) cover page will receive an email with the subject line, "Receipt of Proposal 0000xxxxxx by the DOE Office of Science." These three people are the Principal Investigator (Block 14), Authorized Representative (Block 19), and Point of Contact (Block 5). In PAMS notation, applications are known as proposals, the Principal Investigator is known as the PI, the Authorized Representative is known as the Sponsored Research Officer/Business Officer/Administrative Officer (SRO/BO/AO), and the Point of Contact is known as the POC.

There will be a period of time between the application's receipt at grants.gov and its assignment to a DOE Office of Science program manager. Program managers are typically assigned two weeks after applications are due at grants.gov: please refrain from attempting to view the proposal in PAMS until you receive an email providing the assignment of a program manager.

Once the email is sent, the PI, SRO/BO/PO, and POC will each be able to view the submitted proposal in PAMS. Viewing the proposal is optional.

You may use the Internet Explorer, Firefox, Google Chrome, or Safari browsers to access PAMS. For best results, we recommend the use of Internet Explorer 11.

Following are two sets of instructions for viewing the submitted proposal, one for individuals who already have PAMS accounts and one for those who do not.

If you already have a PAMS account, follow these instructions:

- 1. Log in to PAMS at <u>https://pamspublic.science.energy.gov/</u>.
- 2. Click the "Proposals" tab and click "Access Previously Submitted Grants.gov Proposal."
- 3. Enter the following information:
  - Proposal ID: Enter the ten-digit PAMS proposal ID, including the leading zeros (e.g., 00002xxxxx). Do not use the grants.gov proposal number. Use the PAMS number

previously sent to you in the email with subject line, "Receipt of Proposal ...".

- Email (as entered in grants.gov application): Enter your email address as it appears on the SF424(R&R) Cover Page.
- Choose Role: Select the radio button in front of the role corresponding to the SF-424 (R&R) cover page. If your name appears in block 19 of the SF-424 (R&R) cover page as the authorizing representative, select "SRO/BO/AO (Sponsored Research Officer/Business Officer/Administrative Officer)." If your name appears in block 14 of the SF424 R&R cover page as the PI, select "Principal Investigator (PI)." If your name appears in block 5 of the SF424 R&R as the point of contact, select "Other (POC)."
- 4. Click the "Save and Continue" button. You will be taken to your "My Proposals" page. The grants.gov proposal will now appear in your list of proposals. Click the "Actions/Views" link in the options column next to this proposal to obtain a dropdown list. Select "Proposal" from the dropdown to see the proposal. Note that the steps above will work only for proposals submitted to the DOE Office of Science since May 2012.

If you do not already have a PAMS account, follow these instructions:

- 1. To register, click the "Create New PAMS Account" link on the website <u>https://pamspublic.science.energy.gov/</u>.
- 2. Click the "No, I have never had an account" link and then the "Create Account" button.
- 3. You will be prompted to enter your name and email address, create a username and password, and select a security question and answer. Once you have done this, click the "Save and Continue" button.
- 4. On the next page, enter the required information (at least one phone number and your mailing address) and any optional information you wish to provide (e.g., FAX number, website, mailstop code, additional email addresses or phone numbers, Division/Department). Click the "Create Account" button.
- 5. Read the user agreement and click the "Accept" button to indicate that you understand your responsibilities and agree to comply with the rules of behavior for PAMS.
- 6. You will be taken to the Register to Institution page. Select the link labeled, "Option 1: My institution has submitted a proposal in grants.gov. I am here to register as an SRO, PI, or POC (Sponsored Research Officer, Principal Investigator, or Point of Contact)."
- 7. Enter the following information:
  - Proposal ID: Enter the ten-digit PAMS proposal ID, including the leading zeros (e.g., 00002xxxx). Do not use the grants.gov proposal number. Use the PAMS number previously sent to you in the email with subject line, "Receipt of Proposal ...".
  - Email (as entered in grants.gov proposal): Enter your email address as it appears on the SF424(R&R) Cover Page.
  - Choose Role: Select the radio button in front of the role corresponding to the SF-424 (R&R) cover page. If your name appears in block 19 of the SF-424 (R&R) cover page as the authorizing representative, select "SRO/BO/AO (Sponsored Research Officer/Business Officer/Administrative Officer)." If your name appears in block 14 of the SF424 R&R cover page as the PI, select "Principal Investigator (PI)." If your name appears in block 5 of the SF424 R&R as the point of contact, select "Other (POC)."
- 8. Click the "Save and Continue" button. You will be taken to your "My Proposals" page. The grants.gov proposal will now appear in your list of proposals. Click the "Actions/Views" link in the options column next to this proposal to obtain a dropdown list. Select "Proposal" from

the dropdown to see the proposal.

If you were listed as the PI on a prior submission but you have not previously created an account, you may already be listed in PAMS. If this is the case, you will be taken to the PAMS home page after agreeing to the Rules of Behavior. If that happens, follow the instructions listed above under "If you already have a PAMS account..." to access your grants.gov proposal.

The steps above will work only for proposals submitted to the DOE Office of Science since May 2012.

For help with PAMS, click the "External User Guide" link on the PAMS website, <u>https://pamspublic.science.energy.gov/</u>. You may also contact the PAMS Help Desk, which can be reached Monday through Friday, 9 AM – 5:30 PM Eastern Time. Telephone: (855) 818-1846 (toll free) or (301) 903-9610, Email: <u>sc.pams-helpdesk@science.doe.gov</u>. All submission and inquiries about this Funding Opportunity Announcement should reference **DE-FOA-0001625**.

# Section V - APPLICATION REVIEW INFORMATION

# A. CRITERIA

#### 1. Initial Review Criteria

Prior to a comprehensive merit evaluation, DOE will perform an initial review in accordance with 10 CFR 605.10(b) to determine that (1) the applicant is eligible for the award; (2) the information required by the FOA has been submitted; (3) all mandatory requirements are satisfied, including attachment of a biosketch and a data management plan; (4) the proposed project is responsive to the objectives of the funding opportunity announcement, and (5) the proposed project is not duplicative of programmatic work. Applications that fail to pass the initial review will not be forwarded for merit review and will be eliminated from further consideration.

An application declined without merit review by the DOE Office of Science will not count as one of the three allowed submissions to the Early Career Research Program. Likewise, an application withdrawn prior to being sent for merit review by the DOE Office of Science will not count as one of the three allowed submissions.

#### 2. Merit Review Criteria

Applications will be subjected to scientific merit review (peer review) and will be evaluated against the following criteria, listed in descending order of importance as found in 10 CFR 605.10 (d), the Office of Science Financial Assistance Program Rule.

- 1. Scientific and/or Technical Merit of the Project;
- 2. Appropriateness of the Proposed Method or Approach;
- 3. Competency of Applicant's Personnel and Adequacy of Proposed Resources; and
- 4. Reasonableness and Appropriateness of the Proposed Budget.

The following FOA-specific evaluation criteria will also be used during the scientific merit review (peer review):

- 5. Relevance to the mission of the specific program (e.g., ASCR, BER, BES, FES, HEP, or NP) to which the application is submitted.
- 6. Potential for leadership within the scientific community.

The evaluation process will include program policy factors such as the relevance of the proposed research to the terms of the FOA and the agency's programmatic needs. Note that external peer reviewers are selected with regard to both their scientific expertise and the absence of conflict-of-interest issues. Both Federal and non-Federal reviewers may be used, and submission of an application constitutes agreement that this is acceptable to the investigator(s) and the submitting institution.

The following questions will be posed to reviewers for each of the review criteria listed above:

#### 1. Scientific and/or Technical Merit of the Project

What is the scientific innovation of proposed research? How does the proposed research compare with other research in its field, both in terms of scientific and/or technical merit and originality? How might the results of the proposed research impact the direction, progress, and thinking in relevant scientific fields of research? What is the likelihood of achieving influential results? Is the Data Management Plan suitable for the proposed research and to what extent does it support the validation of research results?

#### 2. Appropriateness of the Proposed Method or Approach

Does the proposed research employ innovative concepts or methods? How logical and feasible are the research approaches? Are the conceptual framework, methods, and analyses well justified, adequately developed, and likely to lead to scientifically valid conclusions? Does the applicant recognize significant potential problems and consider alternative strategies?

#### 3. Competency of Applicant's Personnel and Adequacy of Proposed Resources

Does the proposed work take advantage of unique facilities and capabilities? What are the past performance and potential of the Principal Investigator (PI)? How well qualified is the research team to carry out the proposed research? Are the research environment and facilities adequate for performing the research?

#### 4. Reasonableness and Appropriateness of the Proposed Budget

Are the proposed budget and staffing levels adequate to carry out the proposed research? Is the budget reasonable and appropriate for the scope?

# **5.** Relevance to the mission of the specific program (e.g., ASCR, BER, BES, FES, HEP, or NP) to which the application is submitted

How does the proposed research contribute to the mission of the program in which the application is being evaluated?

#### 6. Potential for leadership within the scientific community

Scientific leadership can be defined very broadly and can include direct research contributions. How has the PI demonstrated the potential for scientific leadership and creative vision? How has the PI been recognized as a leader?

#### For criterion 5, the missions of the program areas are:

Advanced Scientific Computing Research (ASCR): To advance applied mathematics and computer science; deliver the most advanced computational scientific applications in partnership with disciplinary science; advance computing and networking capabilities; and develop future generations of computing hardware and software tools for science, in partnership with the research community, including U.S. industry. The strategy to accomplish this has two thrusts: developing and maintaining world-class computing and network facilities for science; and advancing research in applied mathematics, computer science and advanced networking.

**Biological and Environmental Research (BER):** To support fundamental research and scientific user facilities to achieve a predictive understanding of complex biological, climatic, and environmental systems for a secure and sustainable energy future.

**Basic Energy Sciences (BES):** To support fundamental research to understand, predict, and ultimately control matter and energy at the electronic, atomic, and molecular levels in order to provide the foundations for new energy technologies and to support DOE missions in energy, environment, and national security.

**Fusion Energy Sciences (FES):** To expand the fundamental understanding of matter at very high temperatures and densities and to build the scientific foundation needed to develop a fusion energy source. This is accomplished through the study of plasma, the fourth state of matter, and how it interacts with its surroundings.

**High Energy Physics (HEP):** To understand how the universe works at its most fundamental level by discovering the elementary constituents of matter and energy, probing the interactions between them, and exploring the basic nature of space and time.

**Nuclear Physics (NP):** To discover, explore, and understand all forms of nuclear matter. Although the fundamental particles that compose nuclear matter—quarks and gluons—are themselves relatively well understood, exactly how they interact and combine to form the different types of matter observed in the universe today and during its evolution remains largely unknown.

In addition to providing narrative comments associated with each of the six merit review criteria, each reviewer will be asked to provide an overall integer numerical rating between 1 and 6 for each proposal, where the scale follows:

Strongly Encourage Funding (5 or 6); Encourage Funding (3 or 4); or Discourage Funding (1 or 2).

# **B. REVIEW AND SELECTION PROCESS**

## 1. Merit Review

Applications that pass the initial review will be subjected to a formal merit review and will be evaluated based on the criteria codified at 10 CFR 605.10(d) in accordance with the guidance provided in the "Office of Science Merit Review System for Financial Assistance," which is available at: <u>http://science.energy.gov/grants/policy-and-guidance/merit-review-system/</u>.

## 2. Selection

The Selection Officials will consider the following items, listed in no order of significance:

- Scientific and technical merit of the proposed activity as determined by merit review
- Availability of funds
- Relevance of the proposed activity to Office of Science priorities

• Ensuring an appropriate balance of activities within Office of Science programs

# 3. Review of Risk

Pursuant to 2 CFR 200.205, DOE will conduct an additional review of the risk posed by applications submitted under this FOA. Such review of risk will include:

- Technical merit of the application,
- Reports and findings from audits performed under 2 CFR 200 or OMB Circular A-133, and
- Systems maintained under 2 CFR 180, including the SAM "Exclusions" and "Do Not Pay" systems.

DOE may make use of other publicly available information and the history of an applicant's performance under DOE or other Federal agency awards.

Applicants with no prior performance of DOE awards may be asked to provide information about their financial stability and or their ability to comply with the management standards of 2 CFR 200.

REPORTING OF MATTERS RELATED TO RECIPIENT INTEGRITY AND PERFORMANCE (DECEMBER 2015)

DOE, prior to making a Federal award with a total amount of Federal share greater than the simplified acquisition threshold, is required to review and consider any information about the applicant that is in the designated integrity and performance system accessible through SAM (currently FAPIIS) (see 41 U.S.C. 2313); The applicant, at its option, may review information in the designated integrity and performance systems accessible through SAM and comment on any information about itself that a Federal awarding agency previously entered and is currently in the designated integrity and performance system accessible through SAM; DOE will consider any written comments by the applicant, in addition to the other information in the designated integrity, business ethics, and record of performance under Federal awards when completing the review of risk posed by applicants as described in §200.205 Federal awarding agency review of risk posed by applicants.

## 4. Discussions and Award

The Government may enter into discussions with a selected applicant for any reason deemed necessary, including but not limited to the following: (1) the budget is not appropriate or reasonable for the requirement; (2) only a portion of the application is selected for award; (3) the Government needs additional information to determine that the recipient is capable of complying with the requirements in 2 CFR 200 as modified by 2 CFR 910 (DOE Financial Assistance Regulation); and/or (4) special terms and conditions are required. Failure to resolve satisfactorily the issues identified by the Government will preclude award to the applicant.

# C. ANTICIPATED NOTICE OF SELECTION AND AWARD DATES

DOE is striving to make **selections under this program within 6 months**. The time interval begins on the date applications are due. **Awards are expected to be made in Fiscal Year 2017**.

#### Section VI - AWARD ADMINISTRATION INFORMATION

Office of Science Early Career Research Program investigators intending to transfer to a new institution must submit a request for transfer along with a new application. If the scope of work has not changed, the award can be transferred. If the scope of work has changed, the new application will be subject to merit review as described above. Transfer awards will be for the remaining award period only, and the requested budget cannot exceed the remaining budget for the original award. While a transfer application can be submitted any time of the year, it should be submitted at least six months before the transfer to allow time for execution of merit review.

To transfer an award to an academic institution, the investigator must move into a tenure-track or tenured position at the academic institution.

To transfer an award to a DOE National Laboratory, the investigator must move into a full-time, permanent, non-postdoctoral national laboratory position. The transfer application must be accompanied by a letter from the national laboratory director to the technical point of contact confirming that the proposed research idea fits within the scope of Office-of-Science-funded programs at the national laboratory. Transferring research that falls within this category ensures that investigators have the opportunity to belong to or join, at the laboratory's discretion, funded research groups. Making sure that DOE National Laboratory investigators have potential connections with Office-of-Science funded programs encourages the laboratory to actively plan to address funding transition issues that may arise when an award ends. The DOE national laboratory employing the principal investigator has the primary responsibility to address funding transition issues that arise when the award ends.

To retain an award at an academic institution, the investigator must remain on the tenure track (e.g., be either tenured or untenured but on the tenure track).

#### A. AWARD NOTICES

#### **1. Notice of Selection**

**Selected Applicants Notification**: DOE will notify applicants selected for award. This notice of selection is not an authorization to begin performance. (See Part IV.G with respect to the allowability of pre-award costs.)

**Non-selected Notification**: Organizations whose applications have not been selected will be advised as promptly as possible. This notice will explain why the application was not selected.

#### 2. Notice of Award

An Assistance Agreement issued by the contracting officer is the authorizing award document. It normally includes, either as an attachment or by reference, the following items: (1) Special Terms and Conditions; (2) Applicable program regulations, if any; (3) Application as approved by DOE; (4) 2 CFR 200 as modified by 2 CFR 910 (DOE Financial Assistance Regulation); (5) National Policy Assurances To Be Incorporated As Award Terms; (6) Budget Summary; and (7)

Federal Assistance Reporting Checklist, which identifies the reporting requirements.

For grants and cooperative agreements made to universities, non-profits and other entities subject to Title 2 CFR, awards made under this funding opportunity should include the government-wide Research Terms and Conditions. A new version of the Terms and Conditions based on the changes to 2 CFR 200 is not yet available. Once the Terms and Conditions become available, they will be located at <u>http://www.nsf.gov/bfa/dias/policy/rtc/index.jsp</u> If an award is made under this funding opportunity before the Terms and Conditions are posted, alternative Terms and Conditions may be included in the award.

# **B. ADMINISTRATIVE AND NATIONAL POLICY REQUIREMENTS**

# 1. Administrative Requirements

The administrative requirements for DOE grants and cooperative agreements are contained in 2 CFR 200 as modified by 2 CFR 910 (DOE Financial Assistance Regulation).

For grants and cooperative agreements made to universities, non-profits and other entities subject to Title 2 CFR, awards made under this funding opportunity should include the government-wide Research Terms and Conditions. A new version of the Terms and Conditions based on the changes to 2 CFR 200 is not yet available. Once the Terms and Conditions become available, they will be located at <a href="http://www.nsf.gov/bfa/dias/policy/rtc/index.jsp">http://www.nsf.gov/bfa/dias/policy/rtc/index.jsp</a> If an award is made under this funding opportunity before the Terms and Conditions are posted, alternative Terms and Conditions may be included in the award.

# Nondisclosure and Confidentiality Agreements Representations (June 2015)

In submitting an application in response to this FOA the Applicant represents that:

(1) It **does not and will not** require its employees or contractors to sign internal nondisclosure or confidentiality agreements or statements prohibiting or otherwise restricting its employees or contactors from lawfully reporting waste, fraud, or abuse to a designated investigative or law enforcement representative of a Federal department or agency authorized to receive such information.

(2) It **does not and will not** use any Federal funds to implement or enforce any nondisclosure and/or confidentiality policy, form, or agreement it uses unless it contains the following provisions:

a. "These provisions are consistent with and do not supersede, conflict with, or otherwise alter the employee obligations, rights, or liabilities created by existing statute or Executive order relating to (1) classified information, (2) communications to Congress, (3) the reporting to an Inspector General of a violation of any law, rule, or regulation, or mismanagement, a gross waste of funds, an abuse of authority, or a substantial and specific danger to public health or safety, or (4) any other whistleblower protection. The definitions, requirements, obligations, rights, sanctions, and liabilities created by controlling Executive orders and statutory provisions are incorporated into this

#### agreement and are controlling."

b. The limitation above shall not contravene requirements applicable to Standard Form 312, Form 4414, or any other form issued by a Federal department or agency governing the nondisclosure of classified information.

c. Notwithstanding provision listed in paragraph (a), a nondisclosure or confidentiality policy form or agreement that is to be executed by a person connected with the conduct of an intelligence or intelligence-related activity, other than an employee or officer of the United States Government, may contain provisions appropriate to the particular activity for which such document is to be used. Such form or agreement shall, at a minimum, require that the person will not disclose any classified information received in the course of such activity unless specifically authorized to do so by the United States Government. Such nondisclosure or confidentiality forms shall also make it clear that they do not bar disclosures to Congress, or to an authorized official of an executive agency or the Department of Justice, that are essential to reporting a substantial violation of law.

#### **REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS**

Additional administrative requirements for DOE grants and cooperative agreements are contained in 2 CFR 25 (See: <u>http://www.ecfr.gov</u>). Prime awardees must keep their data at the System for Award Management (SAM) current at <u>http://www.sam.gov</u>. SAM is the government-wide system that replaced the Central Contractor Registry (CCR). If you had an active registration in the CCR, you have an active registration in SAM. Subawardees at all tiers must obtain DUNS numbers and provide the DUNS to the prime awardee before the subaward can be issued.

#### SUBAWARD AND EXECUTIVE REPORTING

Additional administrative requirements necessary for DOE grants and cooperative agreements to comply with the Federal Funding and Transparency Act of 2006 (FFATA) are contained in 2 CFR 170. (See: <u>http://www.ecfr.gov</u>). Prime awardees must register with the new FSRS database and report the required data on their first tier subawardees. Prime awardees must report the executive compensation for their own executives as part of their registration profile in the System for Award Management (SAM).

#### PROHIBITION ON LOBBYING ACTIVITY

By accepting funds under this award, you agree that none of the funds obligated on the award shall be expended, directly or indirectly, to influence congressional action on any legislation or appropriation matters pending before Congress, other than to communicate to Members of Congress as described in 18 USC 1913. This restriction is in addition to those prescribed elsewhere in statute and regulation.

## 2. Terms and Conditions

The DOE Special Terms and Conditions for Use in Most Grants and Cooperative Agreements are located at <u>http://energy.gov/management/office-management/operational-management/financial-assistance/financial-assistance-forms</u> under Award Terms.

The standard DOE financial assistance intellectual property provisions applicable to various types of recipients are located at:

http://energy.gov/gc/standard-intellectual-property-ip-provisions-financial-assistance-awards

# **3. National Policy Assurances**

The National Policy Assurances To Be Incorporated As Award Terms are located at <u>http://energy.gov/management/office-management/operational-management/financial-assistance/financial-assistance-forms</u> under Award Terms.

# 4. Additional Conditions

CONFERENCE SPENDING (FEBRUARY 2015)

The recipient shall not expend any funds on a conference not directly and programmatically related to the purpose for which the grant or cooperative agreement was awarded that would defray the cost to the United States Government of a conference held by any Executive branch department, agency, board, commission, or office for which the cost to the United States Government would otherwise exceed \$20,000, thereby circumventing the required notification by the head of any such Executive Branch department, agency, board, commission, or office to the Inspector General (or senior ethics official for any entity without an Inspector General), of the date, location, and number of employees attending such conference.

# CORPORATE FELONY CONVICTION AND FEDERAL TAX LIABILITY REPRESENTATIONS (MARCH 2014)

In submitting an application in response to this FOA the Applicant represents that:

- It is **not** a corporation that has been convicted of a felony criminal violation under any Federal law within the preceding 24 months,
- It is **not** a corporation that has any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability.

For purposes of these representations the following definitions apply:

• A Corporation includes any entity that has filed articles of incorporation in any of the 50 states, the District of Columbia, or the various territories of the United States [but not foreign corporations]. It includes both for-profit and non-profit organizations.

#### PUBLICATIONS

The recipient is expected to publish or otherwise make publicly available the results of the work conducted under any award resulting from this Funding Opportunity Announcement. Publications and other methods of public communication describing any work based on or developed under an award resulting from this Funding Opportunity Announcement must contain an acknowledgment of DOE Office of Science support. The format for such acknowledgments is provided at <a href="http://science.energy.gov/funding-opportunities/acknowledgements/">http://science.energy.gov/funding-opportunities/acknowledgements/</a>. The author's copy of any peer-reviewed manuscript accepted for funding must be announced to DOE's Office of Scientific and Technical Information and made publicly available in accordance with the instructions contained in the Reporting Requirements Checklist incorporated in all Assistance Agreements.

## **C. REPORTING**

Reporting requirements are identified on the Federal Assistance Reporting Checklist, DOE F 4600.2, attached to the award agreement. The checklist is available at <a href="http://energy.gov/management/office-management/operational-management/financial-assistance/financial-assistance-forms">http://energy.gov/management/office-management/operational-management/financial-assistance/financial-assistance-forms</a> under Award Forms.

Annual progress reports and a final technical report from the award investigator will be required.

## Section VII - QUESTIONS/AGENCY CONTACTS

#### **A. QUESTIONS**

Questions relating to the grants.gov registration process, system requirements, how an application form works, or the submittal process must be directed to Grants.gov at 1-800-518-4726 or <a href="mailto:support@grants.gov">support@grants.gov</a>. DOE cannot answer these questions.

Please only contact the grants.gov help desk for questions related to grants.gov.

For help with PAMS, click the "External User Guide" link on the PAMS website, <u>https://pamspublic.science.energy.gov/</u>. You may also contact the PAMS Help Desk, which can be reached Monday through Friday, 9AM – 5:30 PM Eastern Time. Telephone: (855) 818-1846 (toll free) or (301) 903-9610, Email: <u>sc.pams-helpdesk@science.doe.gov</u>. All submission and inquiries about this Funding Opportunity Announcement should reference **DE-FOA-0001625**. Please contact the PAMS help desk for technological issues with the PAMS system.

Questions regarding the specific program areas and technical requirements may be directed to the technical contacts listed for each program within the FOA.

Please contact the program staff with all questions not directly related to the grants.gov or PAMS systems.

Grants.gov	800-518-4726 (toll-free)
Customer Support	support@grants.gov
PAMS	855-818-1846 (toll-free)
Customer Support	301-903-9610
	sc.pams-helpdesk@science.doe.gov
Administrative Contact	Questions about program rules should be sent to
	early.career@science.doe.gov.
Program Manager	Questions regarding the specific program areas/technical
Scientific Contact	requirements can be directed to the program managers listed
	for each program within the FOA.

# **B. AGENCY CONTACTS**

# Section VIII - OTHER INFORMATION

# A. MODIFICATIONS

Notices of any modifications to this FOA will be posted on Grants.gov and the FedConnect portal. You can receive an email when a modification or an FOA message is posted by registering with FedConnect as an interested party for this FOA. It is recommended that you register as soon after release of the FOA as possible to ensure you receive timely notice of any modifications or other FOAs. More information is available at <u>http://www.fedconnect.net</u>.

# **B. GOVERNMENT RIGHT TO REJECT OR NEGOTIATE**

DOE reserves the right, without qualification, to reject any or all applications received in response to this FOA and to select any application, in whole or in part, as a basis for negotiation and/or award.

## C. COMMITMENT OF PUBLIC FUNDS

(a) A DOE financial assistance award is valid only if it is in writing and is signed, either in writing or electronically, by a DOE Contracting Officer.

(b) Recipients are free to accept or reject the award. A request to draw down DOE funds constitutes the Recipient's acceptance of the terms and conditions of this Award.

# **D. PROPRIETARY APPLICATION INFORMATION**

Patentable ideas, trade secrets, proprietary or confidential commercial or financial information, disclosure of which may harm the applicant, should be included in an application only when such information is necessary to convey an understanding of the proposed project. The use and disclosure of such data may be restricted, provided the applicant includes the following legend on the first page of the project narrative and specifies the pages of the application which are to be restricted:

"The data contained in pages \_\_\_\_\_\_ of this application have been submitted in confidence and contain trade secrets or proprietary information, and such data shall be used or disclosed only for evaluation purposes, provided that if this applicant receives an award as a result of or in connection with the submission of this application, DOE shall have the right to use or disclose the data herein to the extent provided in the award. This restriction does not limit the government's right to use or disclose data obtained without restriction from any source, including the applicant."

To protect such data, each line or paragraph on the pages containing such data must be specifically identified and marked with a legend similar to the following:

"The following contains proprietary information that (name of applicant) requests not be released to persons outside the Government, except for purposes of review and evaluation."

# E. EVALUATION AND ADMINISTRATION BY NON-FEDERAL PERSONNEL

In conducting the merit review evaluation, the Government may seek the advice of qualified non-Federal personnel as reviewers. The Government may also use non-Federal personnel to conduct routine, nondiscretionary administrative activities. The applicant, by submitting its application, consents to the use of non-Federal reviewers/administrators. Non-Federal reviewers must sign conflict of interest agreements prior to reviewing an application. Non-Federal personnel conducting administrative activities must sign a non-disclosure agreement.

# F. INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY DEVELOPED UNDER THIS PROGRAM

**Patent Rights:** The government will have certain statutory rights in an invention that is conceived or first actually reduced to practice under a DOE award. 42 USC 5908 provides that title to such inventions vests in the United States, except where 35 USC 202 provides otherwise for nonprofit organizations or small business firms. However, the Secretary of Energy may waive all or any part of the rights of the United States subject to certain conditions. (See "Notice of Right to Request Patent Waiver" in paragraph G below.)

**Rights in Technical Data**: Normally, the government has unlimited rights in technical data created under a DOE agreement. Delivery or third party licensing of proprietary software or data developed solely at private expense will not normally be required except as specifically negotiated in a particular agreement to satisfy DOE's own needs or to insure the commercialization of technology developed under a DOE agreement.

# G. NOTICE OF RIGHT TO REQUEST PATENT WAIVER

Applicants may request a waiver of all or any part of the rights of the United States in inventions conceived or first actually reduced to practice in performance of an agreement as a result of this FOA, in advance of or within 30 days after the effective date of the award. Even if such advance waiver is not requested or the request is denied, the recipient will have a continuing right under the award to request a waiver of the rights of the United States in identified inventions, i.e., individual inventions conceived or first actually reduced to practice in performance of the award. Any patent waiver that may be granted is subject to certain terms and conditions in 10 CFR 784. For more information, see <a href="http://energy.gov/gc/services/technology-transfer-and-procurement/office-assistant-general-counsel-technology-transf-1">http://energy.gov/gc/services/technology-transf-1</a>.

Domestic small businesses and domestic nonprofit organizations will receive the patent rights clause at 37 CFR 401.14, i.e., the implementation of the Bayh-Dole Act. This clause permits domestic small business and domestic nonprofit organizations to retain title to subject inventions. Therefore, small businesses and nonprofit organizations do not need to request a waiver.

## H. NOTICE REGARDING ELIGIBLE/INELIGIBLE ACTIVITIES

Eligible activities under this program include those which describe and promote the understanding of scientific and technical aspects of specific energy technologies, but not those which encourage or support political activities such as the collection and dissemination of information related to potential, planned or pending legislation.

# I. AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS

Funds are not presently available for this award. The Government's obligation under this award is contingent upon the availability of appropriated funds from which payment for award purposes can be made. No legal liability on the part of the Government for any payment may arise until funds are made available to the Contracting Officer for this award and until the awardee receives notice of such availability, to be confirmed in writing by the Contracting Officer.