

Clearing the Path to Commercialization of Fusion Energy

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DOE Workshop on Public-Private Partnerships for Accelerating Commercial

Fusion

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White House Fusion Summit Launches Bold Decadal Vision for Fusion Energy

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Council on Environmental Quality Chair

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Bipartisan House Fusion Caucus Member

Geraldine Richmond

DOE Under Secretary for Science and Innovation





Fusion Energy Could Address Urgent Global Climate and Energy Security Issues

- New carbon-free sources of primary energy are needed to meet global needs
- Urgent need in light of global climate and energy security concerns
- Accelerate technology development and clear the path to commercialization
- Pursue concurrent not sequential strategy for clearing the path to commercialization
- Plan for success in the development of fusion energy

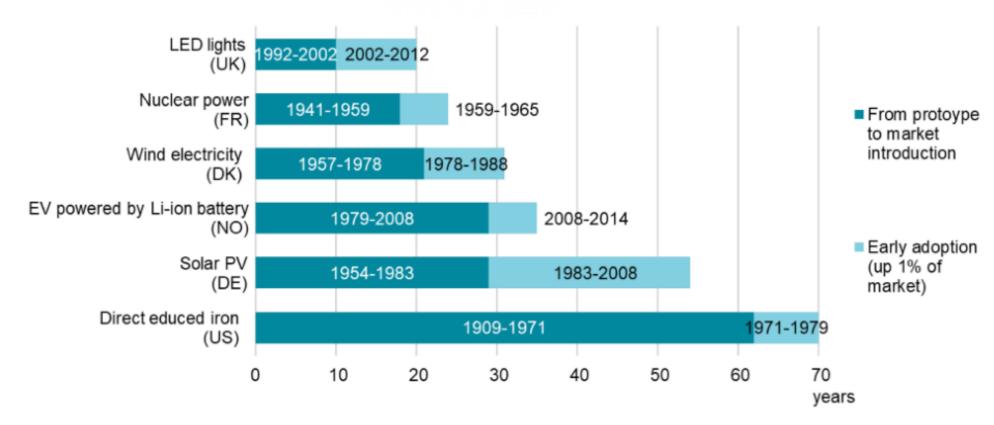
 ready to scale when the technology meets safety,
 cost, and reliability expected for energy technologies



Image Credit: NASA's Earth Observatory



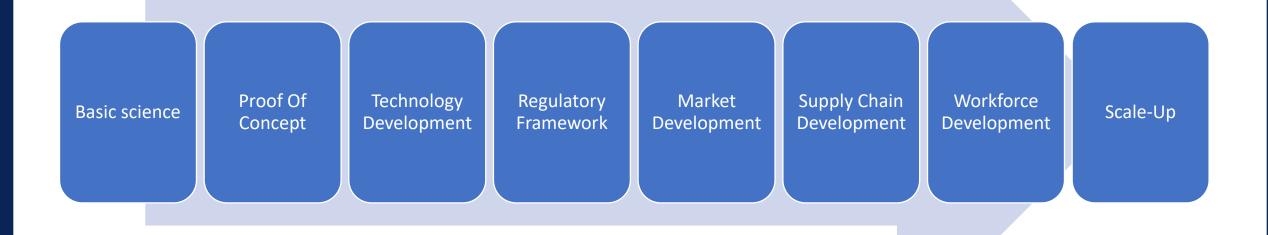
Commercialization and Scale-Up Times for New Energy Technologies Are Long



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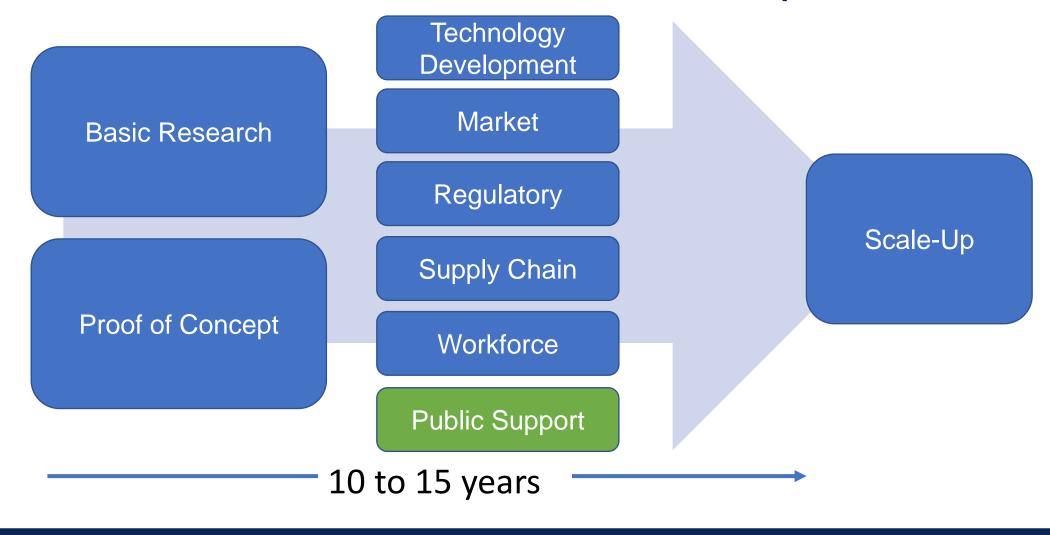
Typical Energy Technology Commercialization Pathway Takes Too Long



30 to 50 years



Accelerate the Time from Proof of Concept to Scale-Up

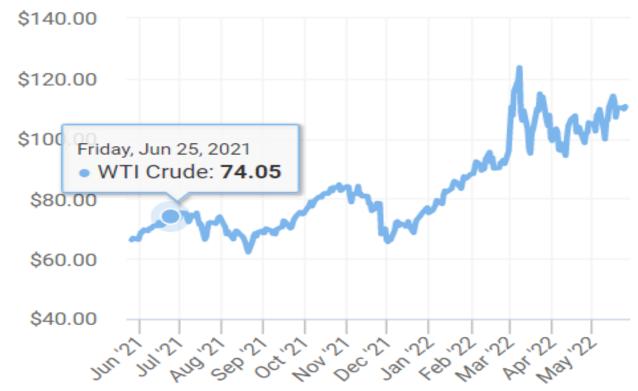




Market Development

- Making the case that we need fusion energy
- Developing end-use applications for fusion energy
 - Electricity, H₂, electrofuels, direct air capture, chemical production, & others
- Policy support for early deployments
- Enabling international markets

Russian Invasion of Ukraine Leads to Painful Oil Price Spikes

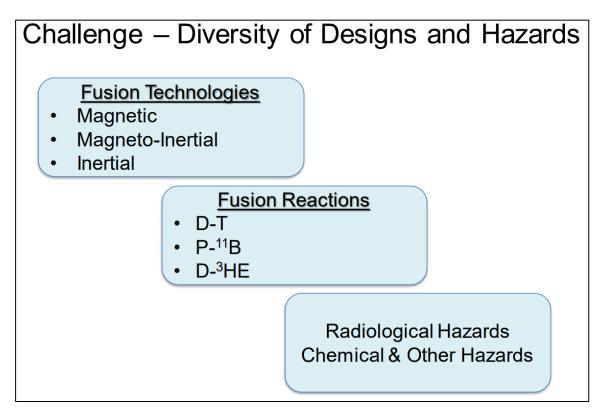






Regulatory Framework

- Fusion-specific NRC licensing construction and operation
- Harmonization with international licensing standards and processes
- Fuel cycle management for start-up and ongoing operations
- Nuclear safeguards and non-proliferation
- Export control regulations
- Low-level waste management and disposal
- Cybersecurity best practices and support



NRC, APPA-E Summit, 2021

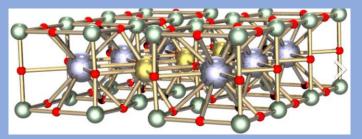


Securing Supply Chains

- Identifying critical supply chain vulnerabilities and bottlenecks
- Building a U.S. manufacturing base and supply chains
- International partnerships for supply diversification and security

High Temperature Super-Conducting Magnets Are Made with the Rare-Earth Element Yttrium

- U. S. Imports nearly 100% of our yttrium consumption
- 97% of yttrium imports come from China
- Supply chains need to be diversified, including increase U.S. domestic rare earth mining and processing

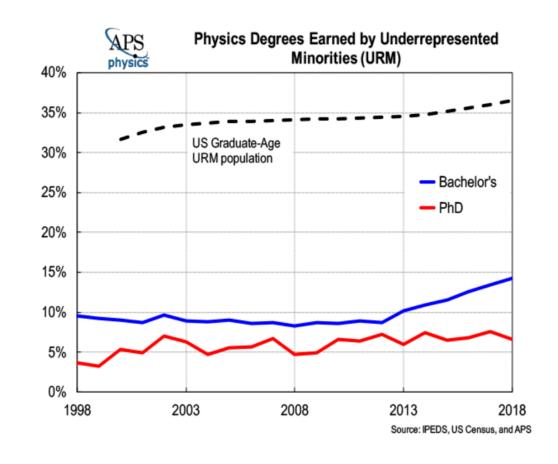


HTS: Yttrium-Barium-Copper-Oxide



Workforce Development

- Engaging prospective workforce and their families in high school
- Develop pipeline for skilled workers
- Multidisciplinary academic and technical training
 - Physics, engineering, material science, computer science, machine learning
- Increasing diversity in the fusion workforce





Building Public Support From the Bottom Up

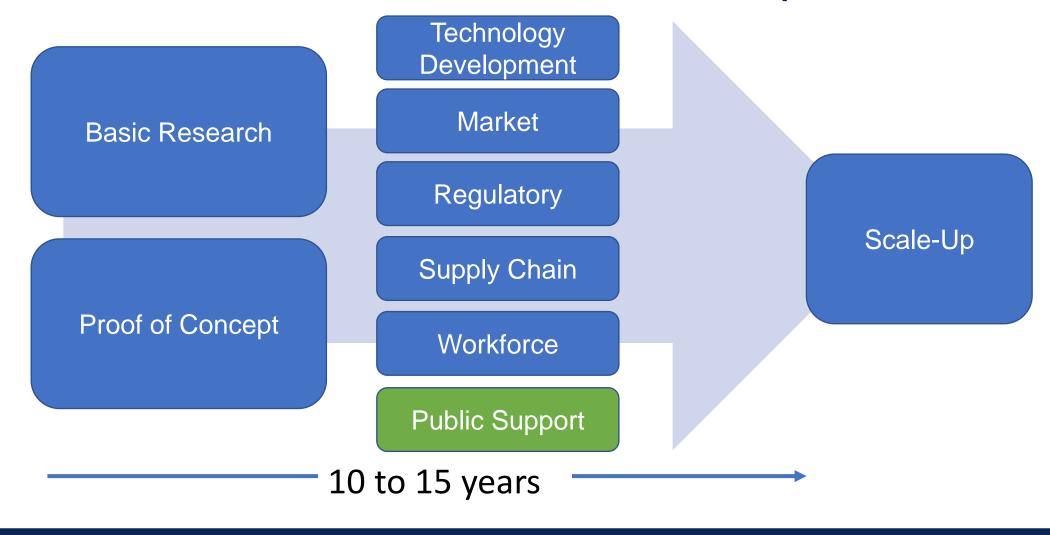
- Basic energy education and education about fusion energy
- Engaging and listening about risks and benefits of fusion in communities
- Integrate environmental justice at the beginning, to ensure fusion energy benefits all communities and does not repeat harmful mistakes of the past.
- Engaging with communities regarding potential siting and benefits of new projects
- Increasing diversity in the fusion community



Construction of CFS SPARC Prototype in Massachusetts



Accelerate the Time from Proof of Concept to Scale-Up







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