

U.S. Department of Energy's Office of Science

Advanced Scientific Computing Research Program

Partnerships with other Offices

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Partnership Overview

- Facilities: Allocations, interagency peer review, and acquisition coordination.
- Research: SciDAC science applications and Global Nuclear Energy Partnership



NERSC Allocations (CPU hours)

- 28 million (28%) Basic Energy Sciences.
- 25 million(25%) Fusion.
- 16 million (16%) Biological and Environmental Research.
- 16 million (16%) Nuclear Physics.
- 11 million (11%) High Energy Physics.
- 4 million (4%) ASCR.
- 100 million total.



Interagency Review of NERSC

- To determine "how well is NERSC Performing its mission"
- Reviewed planning, acquisition, budget/staffing (including skills mix), allocating, and DOE management
- May 17th, 18th, and 19th, 2005
- Favorable findings



Acquisition Coordination

- DoD and NSF to use some of the NERSC-5 benchmarks for their procurements
- DoD sent 1 observer to the NERSC-5
 proposal evaluations and NSF sent 3
 observers (from U of Illinois, Louisiana State,
 and U of Pittsburgh)



SciDAC

- 13 Science applications: Quantum ChromoDynamics (QCD), High Energy Physics (HEP), Nuclear Physics (NP), Radiation Transport, HEP and NP with Petabytes, Astrophysics, Accelerators, Fusion, Climate, Groundwater Modeling, Turbulence, Materials, and Biology
- Over 350 Letters of Intent (LOI)
- About 270 LOIs encouraged to submit proposals.
- 230 Proposals received (and counting)



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Quantum ChromoDynamics (QCD)

- Adapt to additional hardware architectures
- Manage very large data sets
- Visualize complex data
- SC High Energy Physics (HEP) and Nuclear Physics (NP) funding

High Energy Physics

- Test and refine the Standard Model
- Test and refine understanding of neutrinos
- SC HEP funding



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Nuclear Physics

- Stockpile stewardship
- Relativistic Heavy Ion Collider (RHIC)
- SC NP and NNSA funding

Radiation Transport

- Weapons, engines, and reactors
- 3D models
- NNSA funding with SC NP review

HEP and NP with Petabytes

- Petabytes per year after data selection and compression
- SC HEP and NP funding with the National Science Foundation (NSF) Review



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Astrophysics

- Supernovae (dark energy), gamma bursts (acceleration mechanism), core collapse (nucleosynthesis), dark matter, and Cosmic Microwave Background (gravity waves and inflation)
- SC HEP and NP funding with NNSA review

Accelerators

- International Linear Collider, Rare Isotope Accelerator, and Coherent Synchrotron Radiation (for nanotech)
- SC HEP and NP funding with SC Basic Energy Sciences (BES) review

Fusion

- Success of International Thermonuclear Test Reactor (ITER) depends on simulations and modeling
- SC Fusion Funding



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Climate

- El Nino Southern Oscillation (ENSO) and Artic Ocean
- SC Biological and Environmental Research (BER) and NSF funding

Groundwater Modeling

- Subsurface reactive transport to simulate mobility
- SC BER funding

Turbulence

- Large Eddy Simulations (LES) and viscosity modeling
- NNSA funding



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Materials

- Complex quantum systems; e.g., nanoscience
- NNSA funding with SC BES review

Biology

- Genomes To Life: Keep pace with sequencing; link gene, protein, and function catalogs to regulatory, structure, and metabolic relationships; and data from mass spec and FRET and cryoelectron microscopy
- SC BER funding



Global Nuclear Energy Partnership (GNEP)

- Europe, Japan, Russia, and probably India. Was GNEI
- President Bush briefed on Jan 26th
- \$10 billion DOE total over 5 years
- \$28 billion DOE total over 10 years
- ≤ 10 gigaflops previously to ≥ 100 TF
- Simulations for reprocessing, fuel fab, reactors, and Yucca Mountain



GNEP Purpose

- Energy security: 103 present U.S. reactors (100 GWe; 20% of capacity) to increase to 1,000 U.S. reactors (> 1 TWe) by 2100 (vs 2000)
- Mitigate climate change (sustainability)
- Enable hydrogen economy: 300 reactors
- Yucca: 10 X increase in present 128 kiloton tech capacity (reduce heat 100X and rad 10X): reduce 200°C at the walls and 96°C between tunnels
- Secretary Bodman: Also for the Global War on Terrorism: to provide energy for Nation building



GNEP Plan

- Reprocessing for IAEA Fuel Cycle States
- Advanced Burner Reactor (ABR): Na cooled, fast neutron, 90 MWe demo on-line 2014 (for 1.2 GWe commercial on-line 2023)
- International Reactor Innovative and Secure (IRIS): 0.3 GWe Light Water Reactor for IAEA Reactor States; on-line 2017



Reprocessing

- U for re-enrichment/breeder (was \$15 per ton, now \$40, may go to \$60)
- Tc to reduce Yucca rad (BES to assist).
- Cs/Sr for 300 year decay
- TRansUranics (TRU): Transmute/Energy recovery (3 TW-thermal-years X 10): Pu (1 kiloton X 10), Am, Np (rad), Cm
- Fission Products (100+ millirem per year for > 1 million years from 1,000 reactors)



U.S. Utility Companies

- ≥ 17 US reactors at 11 sites by 2015 (> 20 GWe; > \$26 billion), 15 passively safe: 100 X safer (1 core damage per 2.5 million reactor years).
- \$35 per MWHe bus-bar (capital, fuel, operating; v \$49 for coal), 93% online (v 70% for coal), 60 year service life (v 40 years for coal).
- Japan forge single source for \$100 million each reactor vessels: \$2 million each to enter 50 month queue.
- \$70 million each for NRC license.
- Up to \$3 billion now (not JPN).