## INTERNATIONAL HPC ACTIVITIES

Jack Dongarra University of Tennessee Oak Ridge National Laboratory

## State of Supercomputing Today

- Pflops (> 10<sup>15</sup> Flop/s) computing fully established with 95 systems.
- Three technology architecture possibilities or "swim lanes" are thriving.
  - Commodity (e.g. Intel)
  - Commodity + accelerator (e.g. GPUs) (93 systems)
  - Lightweight cores (e.g. ShenWei, ARM, Intel's Knights Landing)
- Interest in supercomputing is now worldwide, and growing in many new markets (around 50% of Top500 computers are used in industry).
- Exascale (10<sup>18</sup> Flop/s) projects exist in many countries and regions.
- Intel processors have largest share, 91% followed by AMD, 3%.



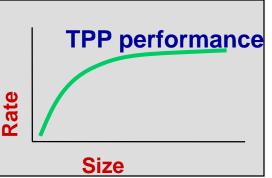


H. Meuer, H. Simon, E. Strohmaier, & JD

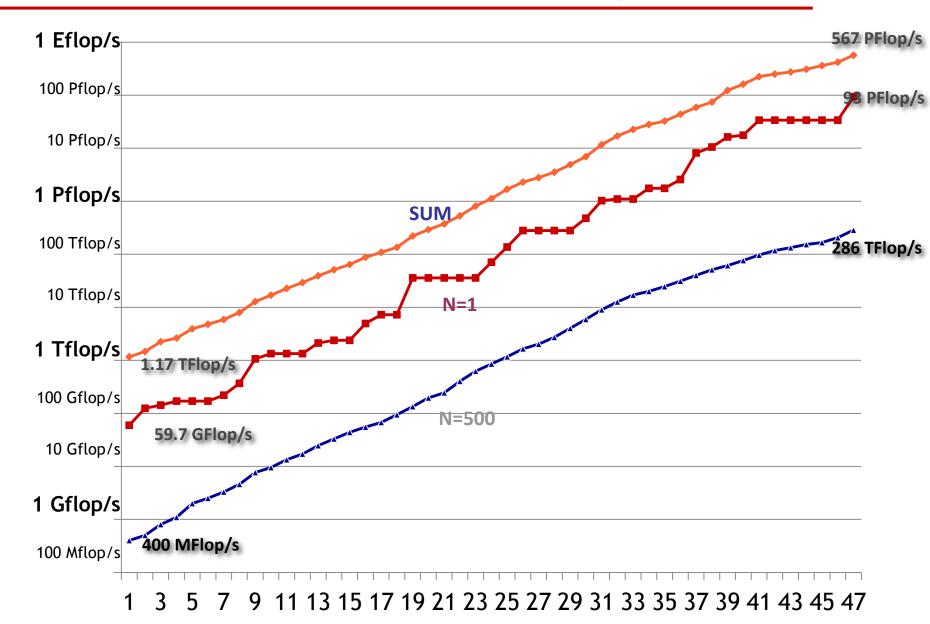
- Listing of the 500 most powerful Computers in the World
- Yardstick: Rmax from LINPACK MPP

Ax=b, dense problem

- Updated twice a year SC'xy in the States in November Meeting in Germany in June
- All data available from **www.top500.org** 3

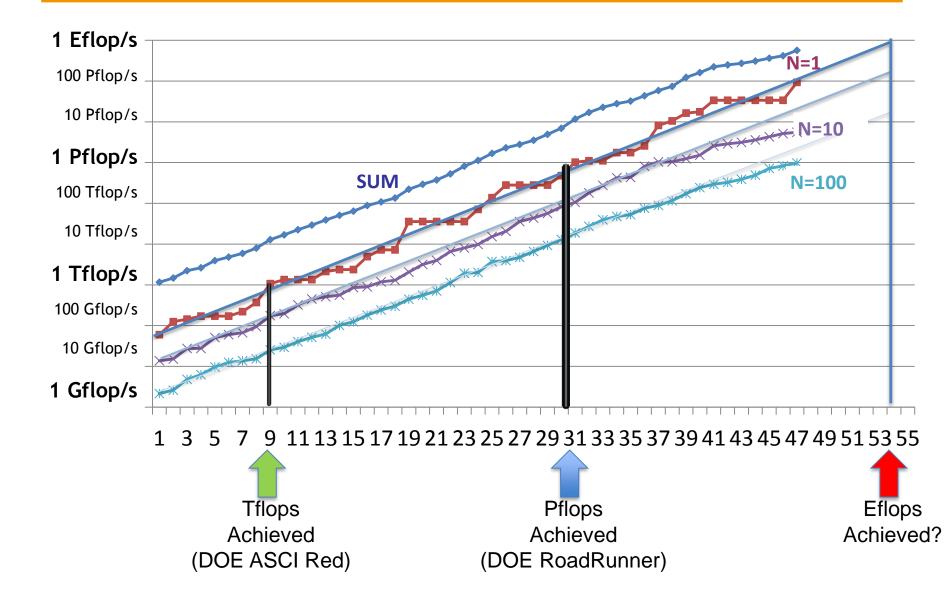


## Performance Development of HPC over the Last 24 Years from the Top500



### PERFORMANCE DEVELOPMENT

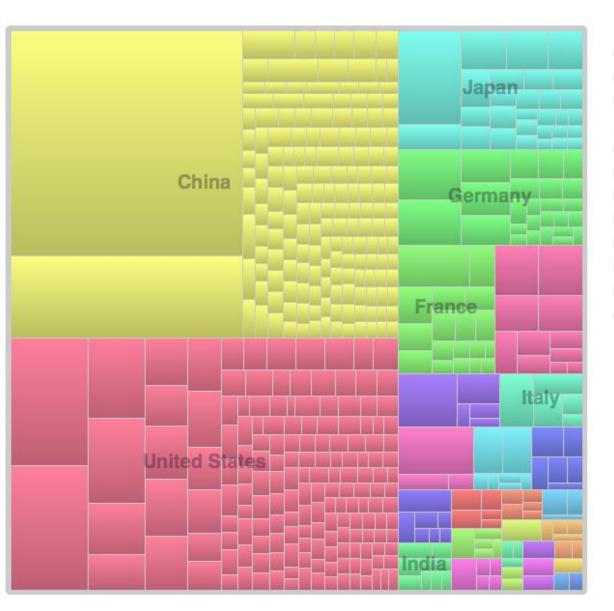




# June 2016: The TOP 10 Systems

Rank	Site	Computer	Country	Cores	Rmax [Pflops]	% of Peak	Power [MW]	GFlops/ Watt
1	National Super Computer Center in Wuxi	Sunway TaihuLight, SW26010 (260C) + Custom	China	10,649,000	93.0	74	15.4	6.04
2	National Super Computer Center in Guangzhou	Tianhe-2 NUDT, Xeon (12C) + <mark>IntelXeon Phi (57c)</mark> + Custom	China	3,120,000	33.9	62	17.8	1.91
3	DOE / OS Oak Ridge Nat Lab	Titan, Cray XK7, AMD (16C) + Nvidia Kepler GPU (14c) + Custom	USA	560,640	17.6	65	8.21	2.14
4	DOE / NNSA L Livermore Nat Lab	Sequoia, BlueGene/Q (16C) + custom	USA	1,572,864	17.2	85	7.89	2.18
5	RIKEN Advanced Inst for Comp Sci	K computer Fujitsu SPARC64 VIIIfx (8C) + Custom	Japan	705,024	10.5	93	12.7	.827
6	DOE / OS Argonne Nat Lab	Mira, BlueGene/Q (16C) + Custom	USA	786,432	8.16	85	<i>3.95</i>	2.07
7	DOE / NNSA / Los Alamos & Sandia	Trinity, Cray XC40,Xeon (16C) + Custom	USA	301,056	8.10	80	4.23	1.92
8	Swiss CSCS	Piz Daint, Cray XC30, Xeon (8C) + Nvidia Kepler (14c) + Custom	Swiss	115,984	6.27	81	2.33	2.69
9	HLRS Stuttgart	Hazel Hen, Cray XC40, Xeon (12C) + Custom	Germany	185,088	5.64	76	3.62	1.56
10	KAUST	Shaheen II, Cray XC40, Xeon (16C) + Custom	Saudi Arabia	196,608	5.54	77	2.83	1.96
500 .	Internet company	Inspur Intel (8C) + Nnvidia	China	5440	.286	71		



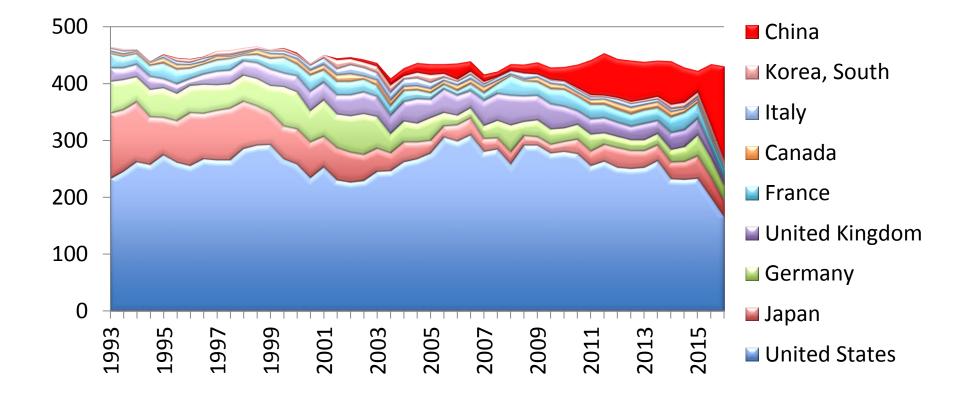


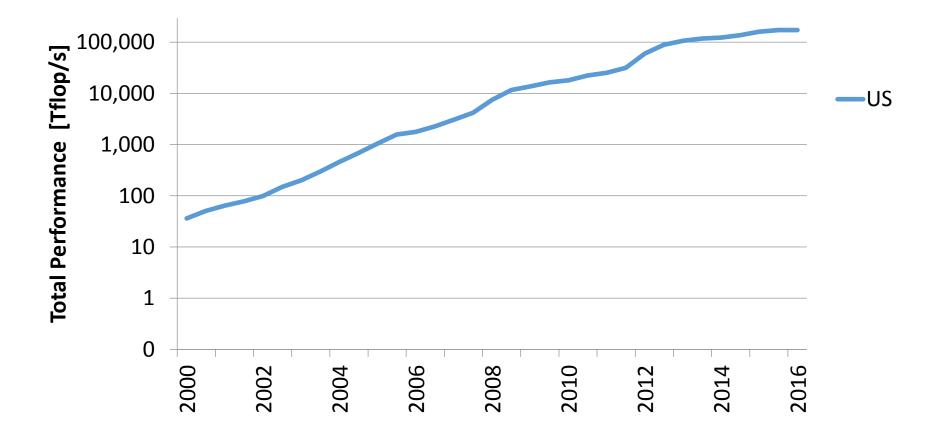
COUNTRY	NUME	BER OF SUPERCOMPUTERS
China	167	
United States	165	
Japan	29	
Germany	26	
France	18	
Britain	12	
India	9	
Russia	7	1
South Korea	7	1
Poland	6	L
other	54	

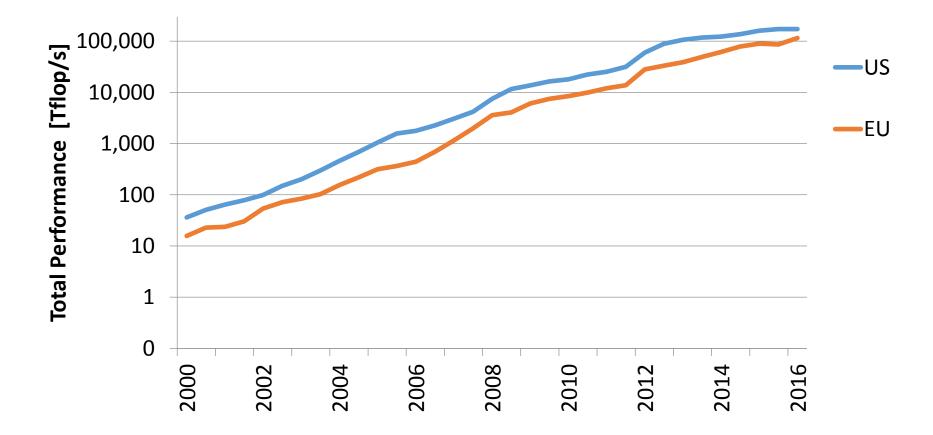
China has 1/3 of the systems, while the number of systems in the US has fallen to the lowest point since the TOP500 list was created.

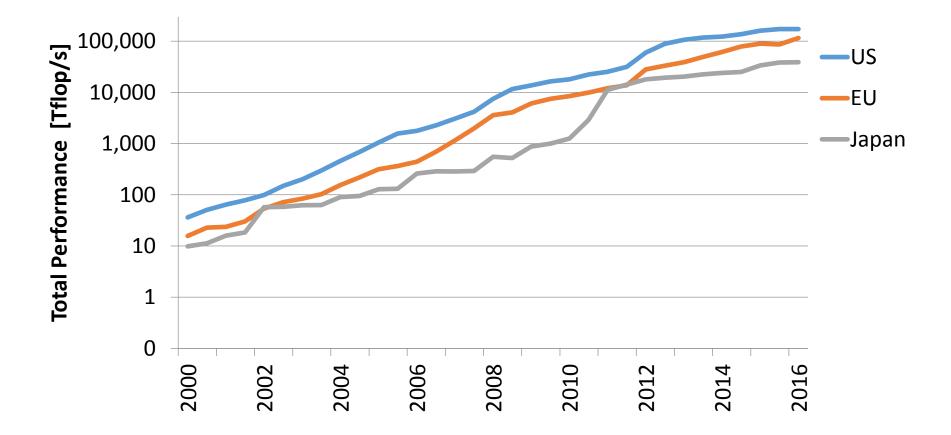
#### COUNTRIES

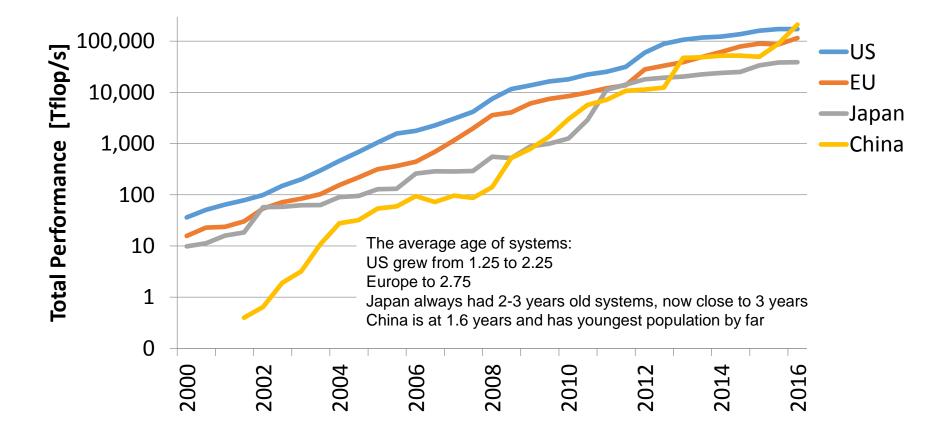




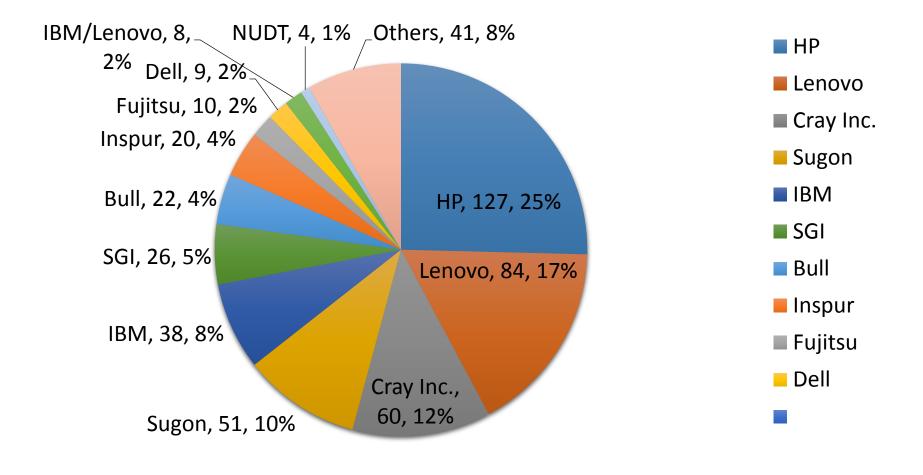






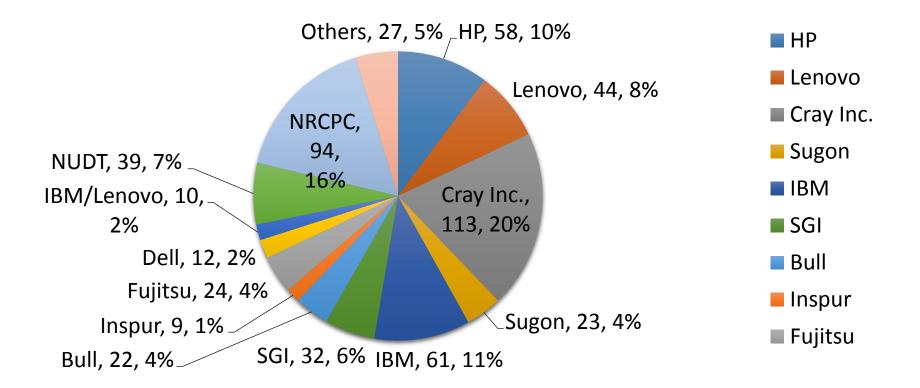


#### Vendors / System Share



Vendor, # of systems, % of Top500

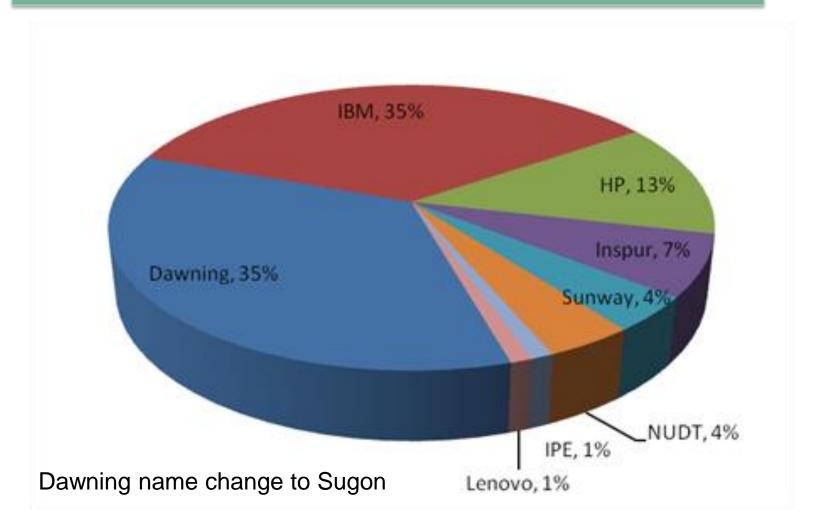
### Vendors / Performance Share



#### Vendor, Sum of Pflop/s, % of Top500

Sunway TaihuLight, was developed at the National Research Center of Parallel Computer Engineering and Technology (NRCPC)

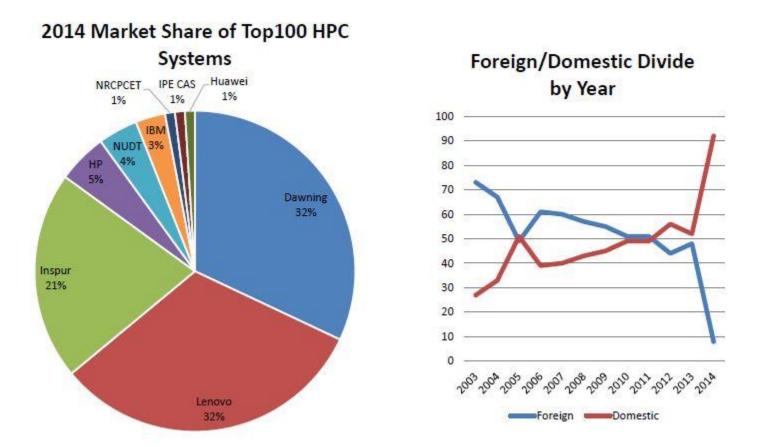
## 2013 CHINA TOP 100 (major US presence)





On-the-ground in Asia

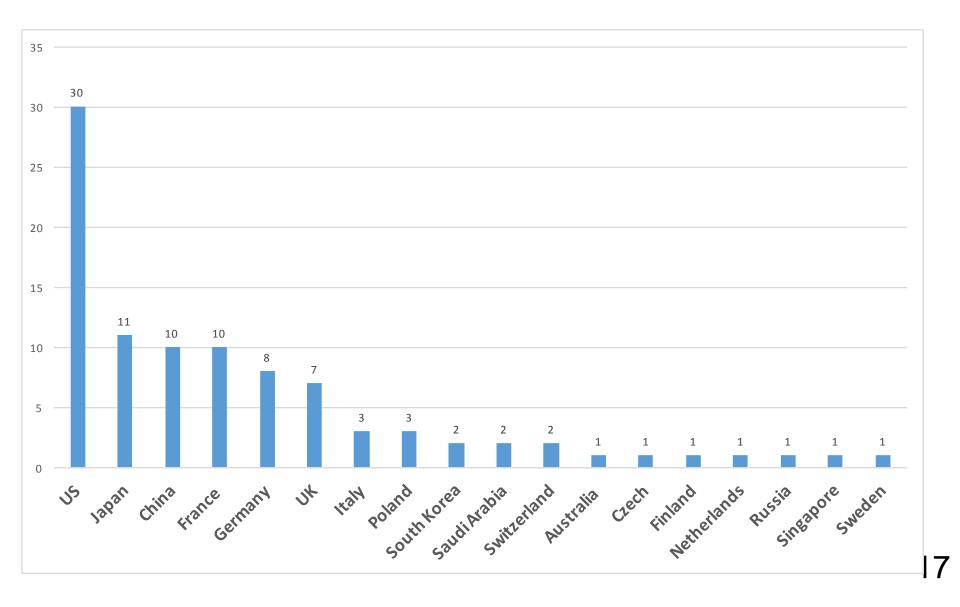
#### 2014 2015 Chinese Top100 (US is nearly eliminated)



→2015: Sugon (Dawning) 34; Lenovo 34; Inspur 23; Total 91% (IBM 2; HP 1) *atip asian technology*On-the-ground in Asia

information program

## System with HPL > 1 Pflop/s



## Recent Developments

- US DOE planning to deploy O(100) Pflop/s systems for 2017-2018 - \$525M hardware
- Oak Ridge Lab and Lawrence Livermore Lab to receive IBM, Nvidia, Mellanox based systems
- Argonne Lab to receive Intel and Cray based system
  - After this the next round of systems are an Exaflop
- US Dept of Commerce is groups from receiving In



## Since the Dept of Commerce Action ...

- Expanded focus on Chinese made HW and SW
  - "Anything but from the US"
- Three separate developments in HPC
  - Jiangnan
    - ShenWei O(100) Pflops all Chinese, June 2016
  - NUDT
    - Tianhe-2A O(100) Pflops will be Chinese ARM + accelerator, 2017
  - Sugon CAS ICT
    - AMD? new processors
- In the latest "5 Year Plan"
  - Govt push to build out a domestic HPC ecosystem.
  - Exascale system, will not use any US chips



## Rapid development of supercomputers

#### > Top 1 machines build by China.

#### Top 1 of 2010.11

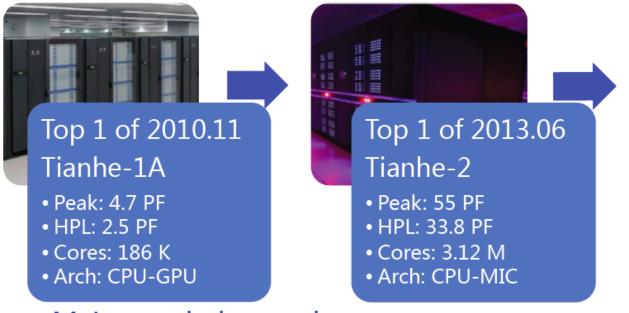
Tianhe-1A

- Peak: 4.7 PF
- HPL: 2.5 PF
- Cores: 186 K
- Arch: CPU-GPU
- Main trend observed
  - An abrupt performance jump at each announcement
  - A variety of heterogeneous archs: CPU-GPU, CPU-MIC, and beyond ...
  - Number of cores grows from O(100K) to O(10M) in only 6 years



## Rapid development of supercomputers

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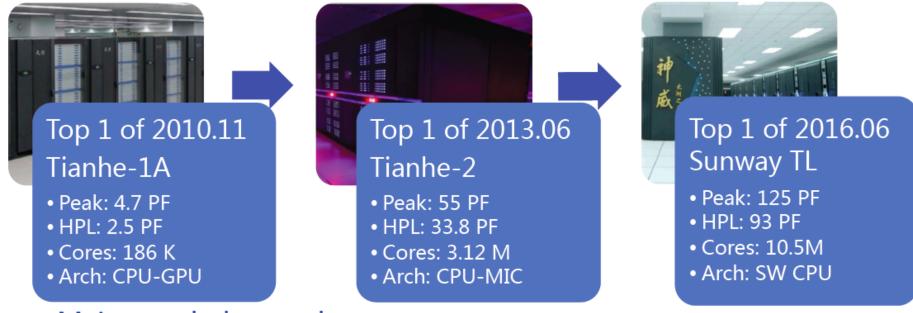


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### The Sunway Series Supercomputers



### Sunway TaihuLight

• System vendor: National Research Center Of Parallel Computer Engineering & Technology (NRCPC)

 CPU vendor: Shanghai High Performance IC Design Center

 Facility host: National Supercomputing Center in Wuxi, a joint team by Tsinghua University, City of Wuxi, and Jiangsu Province

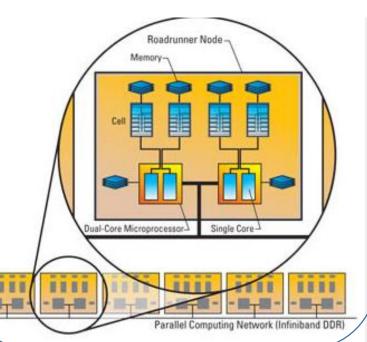
### SW26010 Processor

- China's first homegrown many-core processor
  - Vendor: Shanghai High Performance IC Design Center
  - supported by National Science and Technology Major Project (NMP): Core Electronic Devices, High-end Generic Chips, and Basic Software
  - 28 nm technology
  - 260 Cores
  - 3 Tflop/s peak

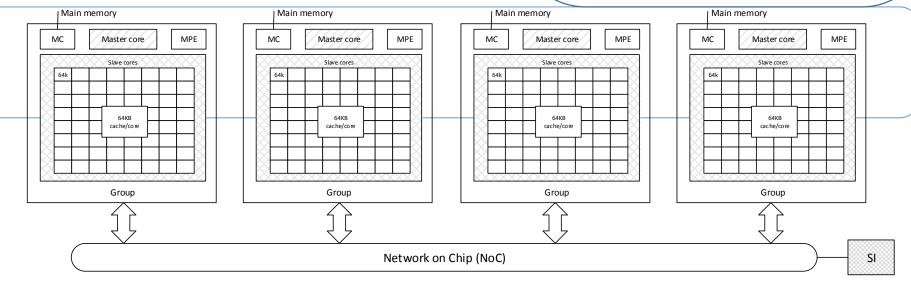


### SW26010: General Architecture

- •1 node
- 260 cores per processor
- •4 Core Groups (CGs), each of wh
  - 1 Management Processing Element
  - 64 (8x8) Computing Processing El



RoadRunner Node



## SW26010: MPE and CPE

- Management Processing Element (MPE)
  - 64-bit RISC core
  - support both user and system modes
  - 256-bit vector instructions
  - 32 KB L1 instruction cache, and 32 KB L1 data cache
  - 256 KB L2 cache
- Computing Processing Element (CPE)
  - 8x8 CPE mesh
  - 64-bit RISC core
  - support only user mode
  - 256-bit vector instructions
  - 16 KB L1 instruction cache, and 64 KB Scratch Pad Memory (total for the 64 CPE)

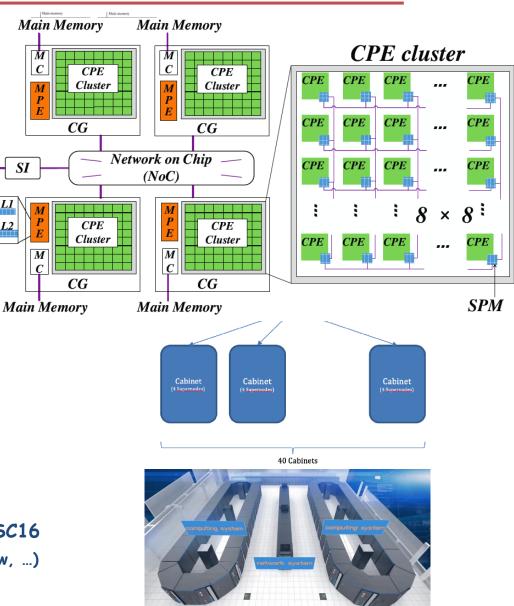
FEATURE	INTEL® XEON PHI™ COPROCESSOR	Intel® Xeon Phi <sup>TM</sup> Processor (codename Knights Landing)	Sunway TaihuLight Node
	7120P		
Processor Cores	Up to 61 enhanced	Up to 72 enhanced	260 cores / node
	P54C Cores	Silvermont cores	
Key Core	In order, 4 threads /	Out of order, 4	1 thread / core
Features	core, 2 wide	threads / core, 2 wide	
High Speed	Up to 16 32-bit	Eight 128-bit	Up to 4 128-bit channels
Memory	channels GDDR5 @	channels MCDRAM	
	up to 5.5GT/s	@ 7.2 GT/s	
Off Package	None	6 channels DDR4	4*128 channels DDR3 at
Memory		2400MHz	2133 MHz
Memory	Up to 181 GB/s	~ 490 GB/s STREAM	136 GB/s 128-bit DDR3-
Bandwidth	STREAM Triad	Triad (to	2133
	(GDDR5)	MCDRAM) + ~	
	Ϋ́ΥΫ́ΥΫ́ΥΫ́ΥΫ́ΥΫ́ΥΫ́ΥΫ́ΥΫ́ΥΫ́	90GB/s STREAM	
		Triad (to DDR4)	
Memory Capacity	Up to 16 GB on-	16 GB on package	32 GB off package DDR3
	package GDDR5	memory	1 0
		(MCDRAM) + Up to	
		384 GB off package	
		DDR4	
Peak FLOPS	SP: 2.416 TFLOPs;	Up to SP 6.912 TFs	DP: 3.06 Tflop/s
	DP: 1.208 TFLOPs	(at 1.5GHz TDP freq)	SP: Same as DP
		Up to DP 3.456 TFs	
		(at 1.5GHz TDP freq)	
FLOPS/Byte	1.208 Tflop/s / 181	3.456 TFLOP/s at	3.06 Tflop/s / 136.51 GB/s
(from memory)	GB/s = 6.67	490  GB/s = 7.05	= 22.4 Flops/Byte
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Flops/Byte	Flops/Byte	~ ~

## Sunway TaihuLight http://bit.ly/sunway-2016

- SW26010 processor
- Chinese design, fab, and ISA
- 1.45 GHz

ICLUT

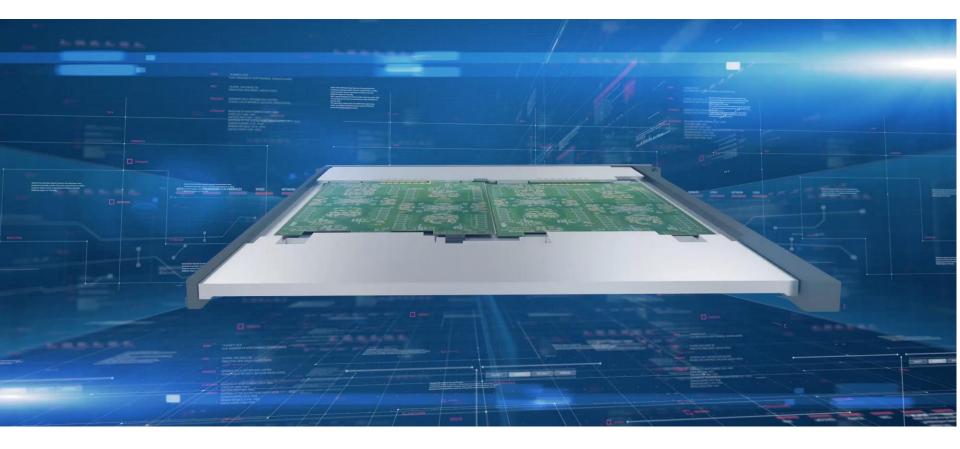
- Node = 260 Cores (1 socket)
  - 4 core groups
    - 64 CPE, No cache, 64 KB scratchpad/CG
    - 1 MPE w/32 KB L1 dcache & 256KB L2 cache
  - 32 GB memory total, 136.5 GB/s
  - ~3 Tflop/s, (22 flops/byte)
- Cabinet = 1024 nodes
  - 4 supernodes=32 boards(4 cards/b(2 no
  - ~3.14 Pflop/s
- 40 Cabinets in system
  - 40,960 nodes total
  - 125 Pflop/s total peak
- 10,649,600 cores total
- 1.31 PB of primary memory (DDR3)
- 93 Pflop/s for HPL, 74% peak
- 0.32 Pflop/s for HPCG, 0.3% peak
- 15.3 MW, water cooled
  6.07 Gflop/s per Watt
- 3 of the 6 finalists Gordon Bell Award@SC16
- 1.8B RMBs ~ \$280M, (building, hw, apps, sw, ...)



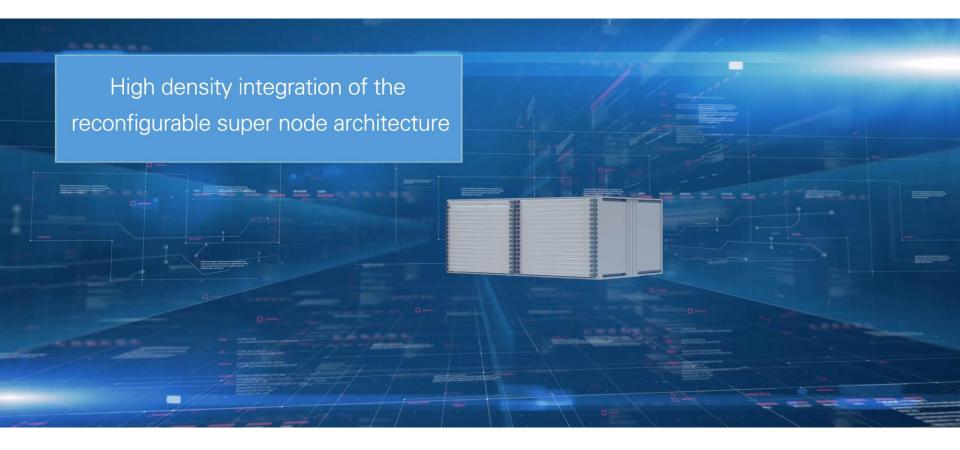
#### Socket = 1 Node = 260 Cores, 3.06 Tflop/s Card = 2 Nodes = 6.12 Tflop/s Board = 4 Cards = 24.48 Tflop/s Board is water cooled



#### Supernode = 32 Boards = 256 Nodes = 783.97 Tflop/s



#### Cabinet = 4 Supernodes = 3.1359 Pflop/s



#### System = 40 Cabinets = 160 Supernodes = 40,960 Nodes = 10,649,600 cores = 125.4359 Pflop/s



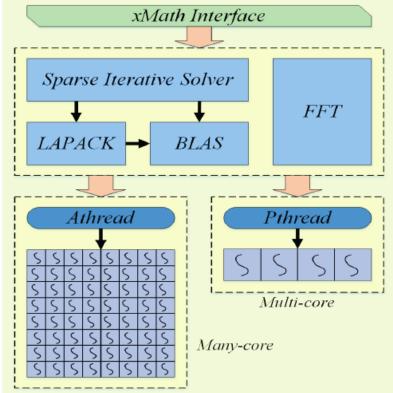
### Software System

	Parallel Application	
	el Program Development Enviro Parallel Debug	
	Parallel Compiling Environment	
•OpenACC	●OpenMP	●MPI
Compiling System • C/C++、Fortran • SIMD	Many-Core Basic Software Basic Libs •C Lib •ACC Thread Lib •Math Lib	Auto-vectorization •C、C++、Fortran •Loop Vectorization •Code Optimization
Parallel OS Environmer	nt HP	C Storage Management
•Job •Resource •Power •Network	•LWFS	Management Platform

#### Sunway TaihuLight System

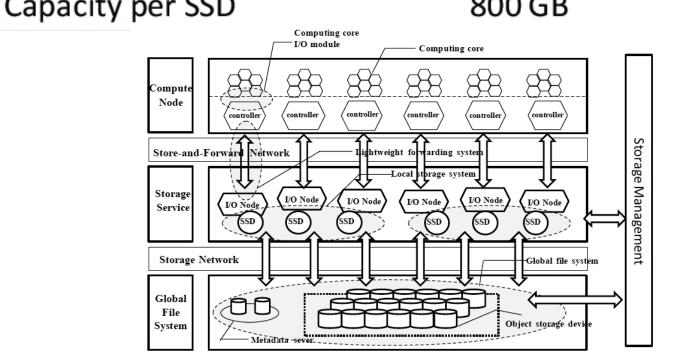
#### > xMath: a high-performance extended math library

- Compatible with commercial libs
  - MKL, ACML, ESSL, etc
- Four major modules
  - BLAS, LAPACK, FFT, Sparse
- Tailored for the Sunway CPU
  - Assemble-level optimization
  - Instruction-level optimization
  - Data-movement reduction by LDM/DMA
  - Pthreads parallelism for MPEs
  - Athread parallelism for CPEs
- Version history
  - V0.9a released on 01/01/2016
  - V1.0b released on 06/20/2016
- We use xMath for optimized BLAS1 ops.



#### Sunway TaihuLight Storage System

Total Capacity	Over 10 PB
Peak I/O Throughput	Over 288 GB/s
# of Storage Nodes	288
# of Disk Arrays	144
# of SSD	288
Canacity per SSD	800 GB



#### Business Software ht

#### http://www.nsccwx.cn/wxcyw/soft.php?word=soft&i=47

Software Type	Software Title	Software Description
	ANSYS.Fluent	Computational Fluid Dynamics Analysis
	ANSTSTFLUETC	Software
	ANSYS.CFX	Computational Fluid Dynamics Analysis Software
	STAR-CCM+	Computational Fluid Dynamics Analysis Software
	ABAQUS	Computational Structure Dynamics Analysis Software
Solver	LS-DYNA	Computational Structure Dynamics Analysis Software
	Radioss	Computational Structure Dynamics Analysis Software
	ANSYS.Mechanical	Computational Structure Dynamics Analysis Software
	MSC.NASTRAN	Computational Structure Dynamics Analysis Software
	FEKO	High Electromagnetic Field Analysis Software
	OptiStruct	Structural Mechanics Analysis and Optimization Software
	MSC.PATRAN	FEM Pre/Post Processing Software
Pre/Post	HyperMesh	FEM Pre/Post Processing Software
processing	ICEM-CFD	CFD Pre/Post Processing Software
	GAMBIT	Computational Fluid Pre-Processing Software

### Scientific Computing Software

Software Title	Software Description
WRF	Mesoscale Weather Forecast Model
OpenFOAM	Fluid Dynamics Software
Gaussian	Hyperchem
ABINIT	Computational Chemistry Software
NWChem	Computational Chemistry Software
Q-Chem	Computational Chemistry Software
СР2К	Material Science Software
CPMD	Material Science Software
VASP	Material Science Software
AMBER	Computational Biology Software
GROMACS	Computational Biology Software
LAMMPS	Computational Biology Software
NAMD	Computational Biology Software
DOCK	Molecular Docking Program
BLAST	Column Similarity Search Program

## **Sunway TaihuLight: Applications**

Key application domains:

# Earth system modeling / weather forecasting

Advanced manufacturing (CFD/CAE)

Life science

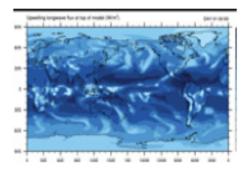
Big data analytics



## Applications on the TaihuLight

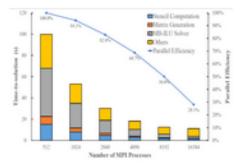
- 35 apps running on the system
  - 6 of them are running at full scale
  - 18 of them are running on half the machine
  - 20 applications on million cores
- Apps will typically run "out of the box"
  - No use of CPEs, just on MPE, with poor performance
  - Codes needs to be refactored to use CPE
- The Center has 20 people to help with optimizing apps to run on the system.
- CAM code 20K lines of code to start, ended with 100K lines, 10 people.
- Phase field 12K lines of code to start, ended with 20K, 3 people + help





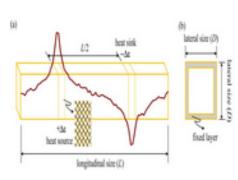
#### CAM: Community Atmosphere Model

Refactoring and Optimizing the CAM on the New Sunway Many-core Supercomputer ...



#### Nonhydrostatic Atmospheric Dynamics

Peta-Scale Fully-Implicit Solver for Nonhydrostatic Atmospheric Dynamics with 8.5M Cores ...



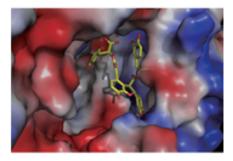
#### Silicon Nanowires

Large-scale Molecular Dynamics Simulation of Thermal Conductivity of Silicon Nanowires. ...

	ls(g	Iz(z
Gail size (M)	605	605
Procestagies	4	4
Tosloses	4	39
Ter()	54L377	15111

#### **3D Parallel Numerical Simulation**

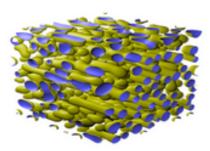
3D Parallel Numerical Simulation for Seismic Forward Modeling



#### Drugs

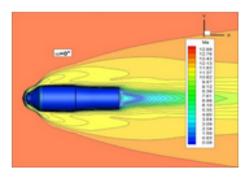
. . .

Binding Affinity Prediction of Drugs and Molecular Dynamic Simulations of Biomacromolecules ...



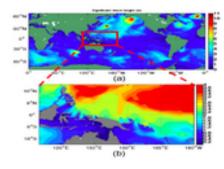
#### **Coarsening Dynamics**

Large Scale Phase Field Simulation for Coarsening Dynamics Based on Cahn-Hilliard Equation with Degenerated Mobility ...



#### The Aerospace-craft Unification Algorithm

Numerical Simulation of the Aerospace-craft Unification Algorithm ...



#### **Global Surface Wave Numerical Simulation**

A Highly Effective Global Surface Wave Numercial Simulation with Ultra-high Resolution ...

## For SC16 Five Gordon Bell Submissions From China running on the TaihuLight System

A Fully-Implicit Nonhydrostatic Dynamic Solver for Cloud-Resolving Atmospheric Simulation

A highly effective global surface wave numerical simulation with ultra-high resolution

Large Scale Phase-Field Simulation for Coarsening Dynamics

Peta-scale Atomistic Simulation of Silicon Nanowires

Time-parallel molecular dynamics simulations

## Gordon Bell Finalists at SC16

- "Modeling Dilute Solutions Using First-Principles Molecular Dynamics: Computing More than a Million Atoms with Over a Million Cores,"
  - Lawrence-Livermore National Laboratory (Calif.)
- "Towards Green Aviation with Python at Petascale,"
  - Imperial College London (England)
- "Simulations of Below-Ground Dynamics of Fungi: 1.184 Pflops Attained by Automated Generation and Autotuning of Temporal Blocking Codes,"
  - RIKEN (Japan), Chiba University (Japan), Kobe University (Japan) and Fujitsu Ltd. (Japan)
- "Extreme-Scale Phase Field Simulations of Coarsening Dynamics on the Sunway Taihulight Supercomputer,"
  - Chinese Academy of Sciences, the University of South Carolina, Columbia University (New York), the National Research Center of Parallel Computer Engineering and Technology (China) and the National Supercomputing Center in Wuxi (China)
- "A Highly Effective Global Surface Wave Numerical Simulation with Ultra-High Resolution,"
  - First Institute of Oceanography (China), National Research Center of Parallel Computer Engineering and Technology (China) and Tsinghua University (China)
- "10M-Core Scalable Fully-Implicit Solver for Nonhydrostatic Atmospheric Dynamics,"
  - Chinese Academy of Sciences, Tsinghua University (China), the National Research Center of Parallel Computer Engineering and Technology (China) and Beijing Normal University (China)

## Sunway TaihuLight is Available ...

- The TaihuLight was put on the internet last week.
- If you would like to use the TaihuLight, go to...
  - http://www.nsccwx.cn/wxcyw/process.php?word=process&i=54

国家超级计算无锡中则 National Supercomputing Center in Wuxi	Login: "Telecom ‱Unicom ⊚China Mobile CN   EN About Us   News   Resource   Business   Guide   Application Domains
User Guide	Current Location:Guide> User Guide
	User Guide FAQ
<b>1. Application</b> Downloading the application form, and Emailing to infe feedback. The regular users please contact the sales.	o@nsccwx.cn. NSCCWX will evaluate the project and giving
Download	
NSCCWX User Application Form 2016	Download

## **Key Points Re Chinese HPC**

Expanded focus on Chinese made HW and SW Anything but from the US

Three separate threads developing HPC Jiangnan (Shenwei), NUDT (Tianhe), CAS-ICT (Godson/Sugon)

Govt push to build out a domestic HPC ecosystem

Coupling this with indigenous semiconductor development and acquisition



On-the-ground in Asia

## Some Plans

- Planning a smaller version of the system
  - One rack maybe by the end of the year
  - Air cooled version
- Sunway is interested in marketing the system

## Worldwide

- Quickly look at
  - Japan
  - Europe

AICS

#### An Overview of Flagship 2020 project

 Developing the next Japanese flagship computer, so-called "post K"

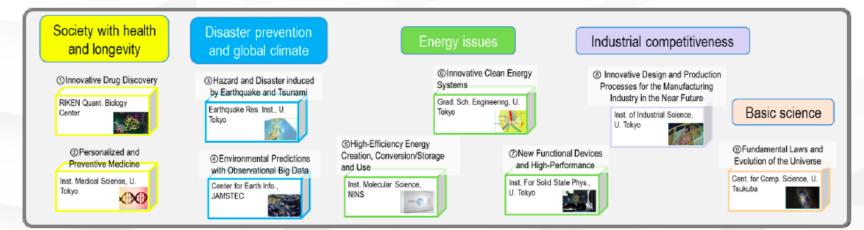


Vendor partner

 Developing a wide range of application codes, to run on the "post K", to solve major social and science issues



The Japanese government selected 9 social & scientific priority issues and their R&D organizations.



#### Instruction Set Architecture

#### ARM V8 HPC Extension

- Fujitsu is a lead partner of ARM HPC extension development
- Detailed features were announced at Hot Chips 28 2016 http://www.hotchips.org/program/ SVE (Scalable Vector Extension) Mon 8/22 Day1 9:45AM GPUs & HPCs ARMv8-A Next Generation Vector Architecture for HPC
   Post-K: Fujitsu HPC CPU to Support ARM v8 ARM FUTTSU

#### Fujitsu's inheritances

- FMA
- Math acceleration primitives
- Inter core barrier
- Sector cache
- Hardware prefetch assist

Post-K fully utilizes Fujitsu's Fujitsu, as a "lead partner' working to realize an ARM				
application performance	rowered 3	apercompute	n w/ mg	
ARM v8 brings out the rea	I strength of	Fujitsu's mici	roarchit	ecture
		1 and 1 and 1		
HPC apps acceleration feature	Post-K	FX100	FX10	K computer
HPC apps acceleration feature FMA: Floating Multiply and Add	Post-K	FX100	FX10	K computer
	A REAL PROPERTY AND A REAL	V200000000		IN NAVADAGAGAGAGAGAGAGAGAGAGAGAGAGAGAGAGAGAG
FMA: Floating Multiply and Add	~	v	~	v
FMA: Floating Multiply and Add Math. acceleration primitives*	✓ ✓Enhanced	✓ ✓ Enhanced	* *	~ ~
FMA : Floating Multiply and Add Math. acceleration primitives* Inter core barrier	✓ ✓Enhanced	✓ ✓Enhanced ✓	2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2

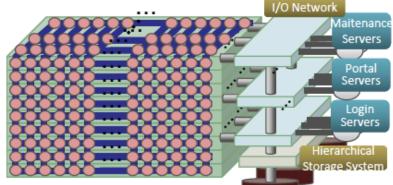
\* Mathematical acceleration primitives include trigonometric functions, sine & cosines, and exponential function



53

### FLAGSHIP2020 Project

- Missions
  - Building the Japanese national flagship supercomputer, Post K, and
  - Developing wide range of HPC applications, running on Post K, in order to solve social and science issues in Japan
- Budget
  - 110 Billion JPY (about 0.91 Billion USD in case of 120 JPY/\$)
  - including research, development and acquisition, and application development
- Hardware and System Software
  - Post K Computer
    - RIKEN AICS is in charge of development
    - Fujitsu is vendor partnership

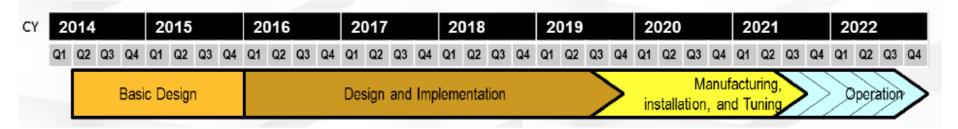


20	14			20	015			20	016			20	017			2	018			20	019			2	020			20	021			2	022	
Q1 (	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
_		I	Basic Design Design and Implementation							>	in	stalla			iactu d Tu			$\geq$	$\geq$	per	ation													



## Post K system

- 50 times the K computer for capability computing
- 100 times the K computer for capacity computing
- Power consumption 30-40 MW
- Post K system will go in the same location as K computer
- K computer will have to be dismantled then the Post K system can be installed



#### **Deployment plan of 9 supercomputing center (Oct. 2015 + latest)**

Fiscal Year	2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 202	24 2025
Hokkaido	HITACHI SR16000/M1 (172TF, 22TB)         3.2 PF (UCC + CFL/M)         0.96MW         30 PF (UCC + M)           Cloud System BS2000 (44TF, 14TB)         Data Science Cloud / Storage HA8000 / WOS7000         0.3 PF (Cloud) 0.36MW         CFL-M)	ICC + 2MW
Tohoku	NEC SX- 9他 (60TF) SX-ACE(707TF,160TB, 655TB/s) LX406e(31TF), Storage(4PB), 3D Vis, 2MW ~30PF, ~30PB/s Mem BW (CFL-D/ ~3MW	CFL-M)
Tsukuba	HA-PACS (1166 TF) PACS-X 10PF (TPF) 2MW COMA (PACS-IX) (1001 TF) Oakforest-PACS 25 PF 100+ PF 4.5	iMW
Tokyo	(UCC + TPF)         4.2 MW         (UCC + TPF)           Fujitsu FX10         Reedbush 1.8~1.9 PF 0.7 MW         (UCC + TPF)           (1PFlops, 150TiB, 408 TB/s),         50+ PF (FAC) 3.5MW         (UCC + TPF)	PF) 200+ PF (FAC) 6.5MW
Tokyo Tech.	TSUBAME 2.5 (5.7 PF, 110+ TB, 1160 TB/s),         TSUBAME 2.5 (3~4 PF, extended)           1.4MW         TSUBAME 3.0 (20 PF, 4~6PB/s) 2.0MW           (3.5, 40PF at 2018 if upgradable)         >10PB/s, ~2.0MW)	
Nagoya	FX10(90TF)         Fujitsu FX100 (2.9PF, 81 TiB)         50+ PF (FAC/UCC + CFL-M)         100           CX400(470T         Fujitsu CX400 (774TF, 71TiB)         50+ PF (FAC/UCC + CFL-M)         100	0+ PF AC/UCC+CFL- p to 4MW
Kyoto	Cray:         XE6 + GB8K + XC30 (983TF)         7-8 PF(FAC/TPF + UCC)         50-100+ PF           Cray XC30 (584TF)         1.5 MW         (FAC/TPF + UCC) 1.8-2.4 MW	
Osaka		25.6 PB/s, 50- 100Pflop/s,1.5- 2.0MW
Kyushu	HA8000 (712TF, 242 TB)         15-20 PF (UCC/TPF) 2.6MW         100-150 PF           SR16000 (8.2TF, 6TB)         FX10 (272.4TF, 36 TB)         FX10 (272.4TF, 36 TB)         FX10 (FAC/TPF) 2.6MW           CX400 (966.2 TF, 183TB)         FX10 (90.8TFLOPS)         FX10 (90.8TFLOPS)         FX10 (FAC/TPF) 2.6MW	) )
	Power consumption indicates maximum of power supply (includes cooling facility)	
5 6	2016/09/17 Wuxi Workshop 2016, Wuxi China Center for Computational Sciences, U	niv. of Tsuku



## **Specification of Oakforest-PACS**

Total peak	performanc	e	25 PFLOPS								
Total numb	per of compu	ite nodes	8,208								
Compute node	Product		Fujitsu Next-generation PRIMERGY server for HPC (under development)								
	Processor		Intel® Xeon Phi™ (Knights Landing) Xeon Phi 7250 (1.4GHz TDP) with 68 cores								
	Memory	High BW	16 GB, > 400 GB/sec (MCDRAM, effective rate)								
		Low BW	96 GB, 115.2 GB/sec (DDR4-2400 x 6ch, peak rate)								
Inter-	Product		Intel® Omni-Path Architecture								
connect	Link speed		100 Gbps								
	Topology		Fat-tree with full-bisection bandwidth								
Login	Product		Fujitsu PRIMERGY RX2530 M2 server								
node	# of server	S	20								
	Processor		Intel Xeon E5-2690v4 (2.6 GHz 14 core x 2 socket)								
	Memory		256 GB, 153 GB/sec (DDR4-2400 x 4ch x 2 socket)								



Wuxi Workshop 2016, White Going



## Schedule

- 2013/7 RFI
- 2015/1 RFC
- 2016/1 RFP
- 2016/3/30 Proposal deadline
- 2016/4/20 Bid opening
- 2016/10/1 1<sup>st</sup> step system operation (~410 nodes)
- 2016/12/1 2<sup>nd</sup> step, full system operation
- 2017/4 National open use starts including HPCI
- 2022/3 System shutdown (planned)



Center for Computational Sciences, Univ. of Tsukuba

#### PARTNERSHIP FOR ADVANCED COMPUTING IN EUROPE

### Partnership for Advanced Computing in Europe

**PRACE** is an international not-for-profit association under Belgian law, with its seat in Brussels.

**PRACE** counts 25 members and 2 observers.

The **PRACE** Hosting Members are France, Germany, Italy and Spain.

**PRACE** is governed by the **PRACE** Council in which each member has a seat. The daily management of the association is delegated to the Board of Directors.

**PRACE** is funded by its members as well as through a series of implementation projects supported by the European Commission.



#### PARTNERSHIP FOR **ADVANCED COMPUTING IN EUROPE**

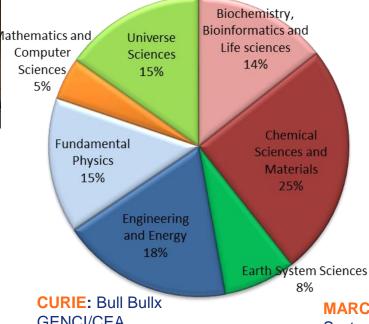
## **4** Hosting Members offering core hours on



MareNostrum: IBM BSC, Barcelona, Spain



## **6 world-class machines**



**JUQUEEN: IBM** BlueGene/Q GAUSS/FZJ Jülich, Germany





Hazel Hen: Crav GAUSS/HLRS. Stuttgart, Germany

SuperMUC: IBM

Garching, Germany

GAUSS/LRZ

**GENCI/CEA** Bruvères-le-Châtel, France

**MARCONI:** Lenovo System ,CINECA, Bologna, Italy

8%



PARTNERSHIP FOR ADVANCED COMPUTING IN EUROPE

465 scientific projects enabled

**12.2 thousand million** core hours awarded since 2010 with peer review, main criterion is **scientific excellence**. **Open R&D** access for **industrial users** with **>50 companies** supported

>7 350 people trained by 6 PRACE Advanced Training Centers and others events

21 Pflop/s of peak performance on 6 world-class systems

530 M€ of funding for 2010-2015, access free at the point of usage

**25 members**, including **4 Hosting Members** (France, Germany, Italy, Spain)

## PARTNERSHIP FOR ADVANCED COMPUTING IN EUROPE Criterion:

Scientific

Excellence

### **Access through PRACE Peer Review**



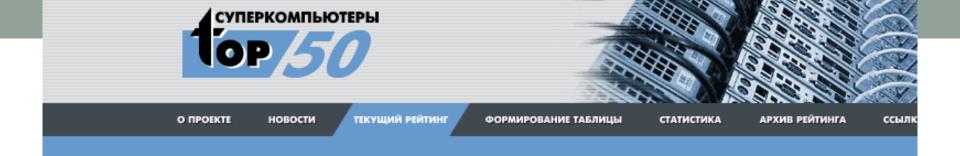
Free-of-charge required to publish results at the end of the award period Open to **international** projects



**Project Access** (every 6 months) **award period 1 to 3 years** Individual researchers and groups No restriction on nationality for both researcher and centre Required to demonstrate technical feasibility of project



**Preparatory Access** (cut-off date every 3 months) Optional support from PRACE experts Prepare proposals for Project Access



Current rating The 24th edition of 03.29.2016

N	<u>A place</u>	Max CPU / core	Architecture ( <u>Processor type</u> / <u>network</u> )		nce (Tflop s) <u>Peak</u>	developer
1	Moscow Moscow State University named after MV Lomonosov 2014	1280/37120	units: 1280 (Xeon E5-2697v3 [Acc: Tesla K40M ] 2.6 64 GB RAM GHz) Network: FDR Infiniband / FDR Infiniband / Gigabit Ethernet	1,849.00	2,575.87	T-Platforms
2	Moscow Moscow State University named after MV Lomonosov 2012	12422/82468	units: 4160 (2xXeon 5570 2.93 GHz 12 GB RAM) units: 777 (2xXeon E5630 [Acc: 2xTesla X2070 ] 2.53 GHz 12 GB RAM) units: 640 (2xXeon 5670 2.93 GHz 24 GB RAM) units: 288 (2xXeon E5630 [Acc: 2xTesla X2070 ] 2.53 GHz 24 GB RAM) units: 260 (2xXeon 5570 2.93 GHz 24 GB RAM) units: 40 (2xXeon 5670 2.93 GHz 48 GB RAM) units: 30 (2xPowerXCell 8i 3.2 GHz 16 GB RAM) Bathrooms: 4 (4xXeon E7650 2.26 GHz 512 GB RAM) network: Infiniband QDR / Gigabit Ethernet / Gigabit Ethernet	901.90	1,700.21	T-Platforms
3	St. Petersburg Supercomputer center of St. Petersburg Polytechnic University " 2014	1424/19936	units: 612 (2xXeon E5-2697v3 2.6 64 GB RAM GHz) units: 56 (2xXeon E5-2697v3 [Acc: 2x NVIDIA K40] 2.6 64 GB RAM GHz) units: 28 (2xXeon E5-2697v3 2.6 GHz 128 GB RAM) Bathrooms: 8 (2xXeon E5-2697v3 [Acc: NVIDIA K1 ] 2.6 GHz 128 GB RAM) Bathrooms: 8 (2xXeon E5-2697v3 [Acc: NVIDIA K2 ] 2.6 GHz 128 GB RAM) Network: FDR Infiniband / Gigabit Ethernet / Gigabit Ethernet	658.11	829.34	RSK Group companies

#### MSU Supercomputer "Lomonosov-2"



1 rack = 256 nodes: Intel (14c) + NVIDIA = 515 Tflop/s "Lomonosov-2" Supercomputer = 2.9 Pflop/s



- David Kahaner, ATIP
- Taisuki Boku, U of Tsukuba
- Yutaka Isakawa, RIKEN
- Dieter Kranzlmueller, LRZ
- Vladimir Voevodin, Moscow State U
- Stephane Requena, GENCI
- Mateo Valero, Barcelona
- The people at the Wuxi Computing Center